



Medicaid Innovation Accelerator Program (IAP)

Substance Use Disorders (SUD) Targeted Learning Opportunities (TLO)

TLO3: Developing a Continua of Care in Rural Environments and Other Areas with Low Provider Capacity

05/11/15



Presenters

- Colette Croze, Private Consultant
- Teri Keklak, Behavioral Health Program Administrator,
 Alaska Department of Health and Human Services
- Sosunmolu Shoyinka, M.D., Medical Director, Behavioral Health, Cenpatico Behavioral Health
- Mary Zelazny, Chief Executive Officer, Finger Lake Community Health
- Kathy Hoppe, Vice President, Treatment Services,
 Preferred Family Healthcare





Agenda

- Purpose and Learning Objectives
- Overview of approaches to network development and rural access
- Medicaid coverage of telehealth for substance use disorders
 - Alaska's experience
 - Cenpatico's experience in Kansas
- Substance use disorder treatment providers experience with telehealth
 - Finger Lake Community Health
 - Preferred Family Healthcare





Purpose and Learning Objectives

- Become more knowledgeable about using telemedicine to treat SUD in Medicaid
- Discuss common challenges in using advanced telemedicine and review avenues to address those challenges





Developing a Rural Continua of Care

- Methods for creating access:
 - Telehealth as the typical approach
 - Integration as a rural strategy
 - Virtual services as another alternative









Alaska

Medicaid Experience with Telehealth for SUD

Teri Keklak, Behavioral Health Program
Administrator, Medicaid and Quality Section
Manager



AK Medicaid Coverage of Substance Use Services

- Covered as a State Plan Benefit for all Eligibility Categories
- Services include outpatient, residential, detox
- Services are provided through an integrated delivery model with mental health services
- All agencies are expected to operate as dual diagnosis capable programs





AK Medicaid Coverage of Telemedicine

- Covered as a State Plan Service since 2002
- Allows all eligible Health Care providers not specifically excluded to deliver diagnostic, treatment and consultative services via telemedicine
- Coverage includes interactive, store-and-forward and remote monitoring
- Behavioral Health Services are included





AK Medicaid Coverage of Telemedicine (continued)

- Additional payment is made for facilitating a telemedicine service
- Professional standards dictate appropriateness of a telemedicine modality
- Can be used for clinical supervision and to facilitate discharges





Alaska Telemedicine History

- Medicaid Coverage was a product of the Alaska Telehealth Advisory Council (ATAC)
- ATAC was a group of private and public stakeholders with interest in promoting telehealth in Alaska
- Goals included establishing a framework for development of statewide capacity and ways to improve access





Utilization of Behavioral Health Telemedicine Services

 Does not distinguish between mental health service and substance use treatment







Alaska Behavioral Health Telemedicine Sites







Alaska Telemedicine Video Vignettes

Training video examples with volunteer actors





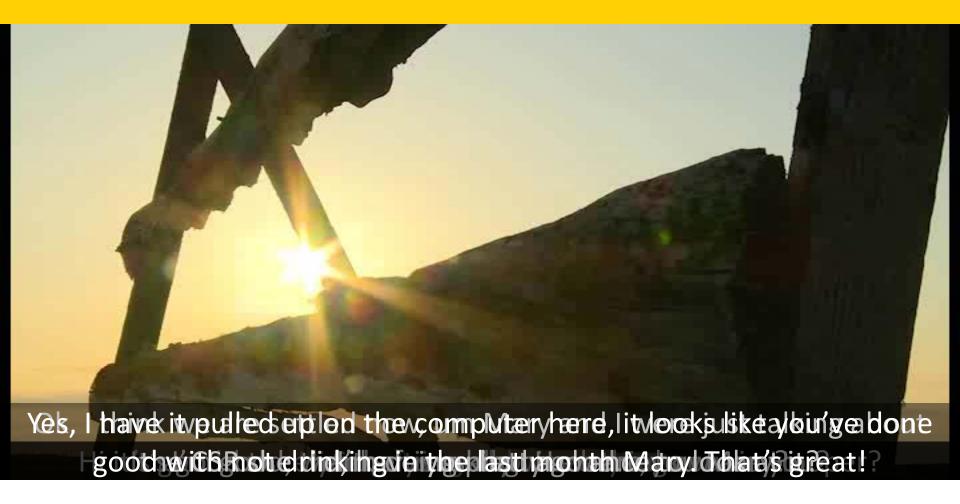
Video 1

Yes, it hewlet to me Athison / eo ynes goad of home. We shave so he do le dy hier an appoint ment, and that is vy high to we are herente talk about.





Video 2







Challenges

- Technology
- Reimbursement
- Patient acceptance
- Practice transition
- Training/Continuing education
- MMIS





Success Factors

- Collaboration/Partnerships
- Champions
- Technology
- Acceptance as a practice standard by providers and payers









Cenpatico in Kansas

Medicaid Experience with Telehealth for SUD

Dr. Sosunmolu Shoyina, Medical Director, Behavioral Health, Cenpatico Behavioral Health, Sunflower Health Plan



Substance Use Disorder in Kansas

- Substance use disorders are chronic, often life long behavioral health disorders that can dramatically impact an individual's functioning and health outcomes
- In the Kansas Cenpatico market, as in other markets, the prevalence of SUD in the Medicaid population is significant and leads to
 - Poor health outcomes
 - Increased expenditure on use of health services





Substance Use Disorder in Kansas (continued)

- An analysis of expenditure in the Kansas Cenpatico membership shows the presence of a SUD diagnosis significantly increases
 - Medical co-morbidity
 - Physical co-morbidity
 - Use of expensive services
 - Emergency rooms
 - Inpatient medical and psychiatry units





Addiction Comprehensive Health Enhancement Support System (ACHESS) (1 of 3)

- ACHESS is a recovery-support smart-phone application that helps individuals with SUDs achieve and maintain sobriety
- ACHESS provides support, monitoring, communications and information to individuals in a simple, user-friendly format that can be accessed at any time
- In initial studies (REF), the intervention group showed a significant drop in risky drinking days as compared to the control group





Addiction Comprehensive Health Enhancement Support System (ACHESS) (2 of 3)

- Cenpatico in Kansas is piloting a project aimed at reducing spending and improving health outcomes for members with additions and disproportionate use of the ER and hospitals
- Individuals with a SUD diagnosis will be provided the ACHESS app and connected to outpatient service providers





Addiction Comprehensive Health Enhancement Support System (ACHESS) (3 of 3)

 At the conclusion of the project, it is expected that members will show increased engagement in outpatient services with a concomitant reduction in the use of costly ER and inpatient services, leading to reduced healthrelated spending





Questions or Reactions?











Finger Lake Community Health

New Models for Substance Use Services in FQHC's

Mary Zelazny, CEO



Multi-Faceted Approach

- Substance Use Counselor Embedded in FQHC Sites
- Integrated Care Physical health and behavioral health in FQHC sites
- Use of Telehealth technology
- Tele-supervision of staff at distant sites





Substance Use Disorder Counselor Embedded in FQHC Sites

- Substance Use Disorder Counselor embedded into FQHC sites
 - Substance Use Counselor:
 - Participates in daily huddles (PCMH III)
 - Completes CAGE screenings on patients (12,144 CAGES completed in 2014)
 - Provides SBIRT as needed
 - SUD Counselor can refer back to home agency for outpatient or inpatient services
 - Organizes and runs group activities at FQHC





Integrated Care for Better Access

- Offering Licensed Clinical Social Worker services in FQHC sites
- Offering suboxone treatment in FQHC as a part of primary care services
- Using expertise of Substance Use Counselor embedded at FQHC site to educate providers and staff of health center
- Collaborative partnership with SUD agency to ensure completed referrals for SUD and primary care





Telehealth Technologies to Provide Services

- Use of Telehealth technology to bridge geographic distances
 - Provide access to specialty care providers including:
 - Tele-psychiatrist
 - Hepatitis C specialist
 - Case conferencing between SUD Care Coordinators and primary care providers
 - SUD Counselor reaching patients at remote locations





Challenges In Implementing Telehealth

- Difficulty in developing clinical and staff champions within the program, must see the benefits of the program for patients
 - Find Your Provider Champions!
- Need for seamless integration of broadband, systems, equipment, applications and program development into a cohesive and sustainable model
 - Invest in planning and in educating before implementation





Challenges In Implementing Telehealth (continued)

- General fear of new technology
 - Plan to offer ongoing "help desk" support and training very important!
- Start up costs for equipment/broadband
 - Grants
 - USDA Telemedicine Program
 - FCC Broadband Program





Financing Telehealth

- NYS passed a telemedicine reimbursement parity law effective 1/1/16
- Finger Lakes CHC has paid providers a pre-negotiated rate to see patients via telehealth. The ROI for us was that access to comprehensive care, including SU services and mental health services, justified the cost of the visit.
- Savings realized by not having to transport patients to services as well as using technology for interpretation/care management services





Use of Telehealth Technologies to Supervise Staff

- Telehealth technology is perfect for many administrative/training uses:
 - Ability to conduct supervisory sessions with staff regardless of distance
 - Precepting of midlevel providers by MD's using telehealth technologies
 - Meetings possible by multiple FQHC site staff without traveling,
 which reduces liability issues as well as lost productivity
 - Ability to offer educational sessions to multiple FQHC site staff
 - Ability to case conference difficult cases with physical and behavioral health providers regardless of location





Impact of Using Telehealth for Supervision

- Immediate access to SU Counselors by multiple sites of our FQHC system
- Ability to case conference with PCPs, SU Counselors and behavioral health providers together
- Improved communication between SU Counselors and supervisors – eliminates any travel/distance barriers









Preferred Family Health Care

SUD Treatment Providers Experience with Telehealth

Kathy Hoppe, Vice President of Treatment Services, Preferred Family Health Care



Virtual Services Make Treatment a Reality for Those Without Access to Services

- By creating realistic and immersive virtual office spaces online, clinicians and consumers can meet collaboratively in real time as "avatars," removing barriers such as:
 - Geography
 - Psychosocial issues
 - Competing work schedules
 - Family responsibilities
 - Physical limitation
 - Those that want anonymity





How Do We Reach Those In Need?

Internet users in the world (Growth 2000-2014)

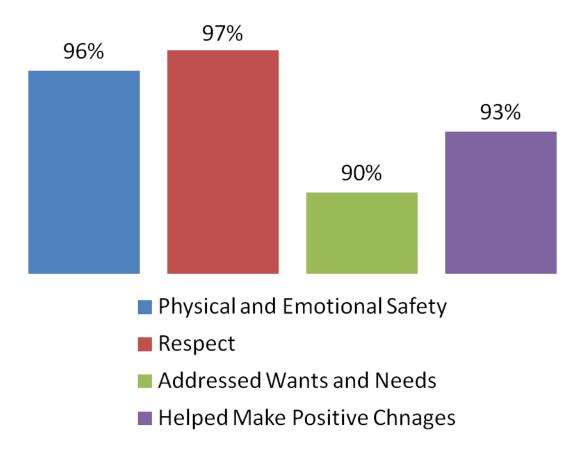
YEAR	Population	Users	% Pop.
2000	281,421,906	124,000,000	44.1 %
2001	285,317,559	142,823,008	50.0 %
2002	288,368,698	167,196,688	58.0 %
2003	290,809,777	172,250,000	59.2 %
2004	293,271,500	201,661,159	68.8 %
2005	299,093,237	203,824,428	68.1 %
2007	301,967,681	212,080,135	70.2 %
2008	303,824,646	220,141,969	72.5 %
2009	307,212,123	227,719,000	74.1 %
2010	310,232,863	239,893,600	77.3 %
2014	318,892,103	277,436,130	<u>87.0 %</u>





Results

Satisfaction







Results (continued)

- These results are based on averages from Portal I, Portal II and Portal Plus projects
 - Effectiveness
 - 91% reduced use or abstinence (6 months)
 - 73% higher retention rate than traditional counseling
 - 85% continued use of online support services 90 days post discharge





The Three-Dimensional "Virtual" Environment

- Hosted on a private, protected server
 - HIPPA and 42 CPR Part 2 compliant
 - Participants given access to the private webpage and create a user name and password
- Accessible from anywhere via the Internet by most computers and reliable high-speed internet
 - 84% of the world has access!
 - Participants log on to engage via their avatar in their individual and group treatment sessions





The Three-Dimensional "Virtual" Environment (continued)

- Participants and clinicians interact in real time from their locations
 - Removes distance, disability, conflicting responsibilities, and other barriers
 - Communication is typically conducted in a chat room type format although voice is available





Portal Demo







Questions or Reactions??







Resources (1 of 5)

State Telehealth Laws and Reimbursement Policies,
 Center for Connected Health Policy

 State Telemedicine Gaps Analysis, American Telemedicine Association





Resources (2 of 5)

 State Coverage for Telehealth Services, National Conference of State Legislatures

 State Medicaid Best Practice: Telemental and Behavioral Health, American Telemedicine Association





Resources (3 of 5)

Telemedicine Terms and Reimbursement, Medicaid

<u>Telebehavioral Health Training and Technical Assistance</u>,
 <u>SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions</u>





Resources (4 of 5)

 Rural Mental Health and Substance Abuse Toolkit, Rural Assistance Center

 States Use Technology to Go the Distance for Rural Populations, StateReforum





Resources (5 of 5)

National Frontier and Rural Additions Technology
 Transfer Center as a resources on rural access and telehealth: (nattc.org), Nancy Roget, Director (755-784-6265)





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