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State/Territory Name: Ohio

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: 22-0029

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) CMS 179 Summary Page
- 3) Approved SPA Pages



Medicaid and CHIP Operations Group

October 3, 2022

Maureen M. Corcoran, Director Ohio Department of Medicaid P.O. Box 182709 50 West Town Street, Suite 400 Columbus, Ohio 43218

Re: Ohio State Plan Amendment (SPA) Transmittal Number 22-0028

Dear Ms. Corcoran:

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reviewed your Medicaid State Plan Amendment (SPA) submitted under transmittal number 22-0028. This amendment proposes to rescind the temporary third-party liability bypass for behavioral health providers who bill a third party but do not receive a response after 30 days. The bypass was a temporary measure put in place until Ohio's new managed care procurement was completed.

We conducted our review of your submittal according to statutory requirements in Title XIX of the Social Security Act and implementing regulations. This letter is to inform you that Ohio Medicaid SPA 22-0028 was approved on September 29,2022 with an effective date of July 1, 2022.

If you have any questions, please contact Christine Davidson at (312) 886-3642 or via email at christine.davidson@cms.hhs.gov.

Sincerely,



James G. Scott, Director Division of Program Operations

Enclosure

cc: Rebecca Jackson, ODM Gregory Niehoff, ODM Tiffany Williams, ODM Trista Chester, CMCS

CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES	OMB No. 0938-0193
TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN MATERIAL FOR: CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES	3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE OF THE SOCIAL
	SECURITY ACT O XIX O XXI
TO: CENTER DIRECTOR CENTERS FOR MEDICAID & CHIP SERVICES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE 7/1/2022
5. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION	6. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT (Amounts in WHOLE dollars)
42 CFR 433.139	a FFY 2022 \$ 0 b. FFY 2023 \$ 0
7. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT	8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable)
Attachment 4.22-B Pages 1 & 2	Attachment 4.22-B Pages 1 & 2 (TN 21-034)
9. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT	
Rescind Temporary Bypass for Behavioral Health Provider Third F	Party Liability
10. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One)	
O GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL	OTHER, AS SPECIFIED: The State Medicaid Director is the Governor's designee
11. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIA	15. RETURN TO Greg Niehoff Ohio Department of Medicaid P.O. BOX 182709 Columbus, Ohio 43218
12. TYPED NAME MAUREEN M. CORCORAN	
13. TITLE STATE MEDICAID DIRECTOR	
14. DATE SUBMITTED September 2, 2022	
FOR CMS U	SEONLY
16. DATE RECEIVED September 2, 2022	17. DATE APPROVED 09/29/2022
PLAN APPROVED - ON	IE COPY ATTACHED
18. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL July 1, 2022	19. SIGN
20. TYPED NAME OF APPROVING OFFICIAL James G. Scott	21. TITLE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL Director, Division of Program Operations
22. REMARKS	

Requirements for Third Party Liability - Payment of Claims

ODM's TPL program is designed to function primarily as a cost avoidance system. This method was chosen as the most efficient and cost effective option. Claims for medical services, unless excluded by federal law, are cost-avoided when a third party liability policy exists within ODM's claims payment system. Claims paid prior to the third party coverage being entered into the claims system are pursued by a vendor for post-payment recovery as described in this attachment.

1. <u>Monitoring provider compliance (42 CFR 433.139(b)(3)(ii)(C))</u>:

The State Plan as referenced herein requires providers to bill third parties. When the probable liability of a third party is established, ODM notifies the provider that the claim was cost avoided due to the existence of TPL. Cost avoided services are identified with an Explanation of Benefits Code which provides the third party payor information that is transmitted to the provider with non-payment remittance advice. ODM further certifies that our claim payment system enforces cost avoidance for prenatal services. The only exceptions to the cost avoidance requirements are as follows:

- a. Under the exemption authority found in 42 CFR 433.139(b) and 42 CFR 433.147(c), children that have been legally placed in the custody of an Ohio county Public Children's Services Agency (PCSA) or related entities are excluded from TPL cooperation and are exempt from post-payment recovery unless it is confirmed that the child will not be put at risk for doing so (e.g. medical support order).
- b. Under exemption authority found in 42 CFR 433.139(b)(3)(i), ODM makes payments without regard to potential third party liability for preventive pediatric services, including early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment services (EPSDT), except that the State may, if the State determines doing so is cost-effective and will not adversely affect access to care, only make such payment if a third party so liable has not made payment within 90 days after the date of service.

Providers are monitored for compliance with insurance billing requirements through a post payment recovery process by a vendor. The vendor is responsible for identifying claims with potential third party liability where Medicaid has paid primary. The vendor will either directly bill the primary insurance or involve the provider to recoup the amount Medicaid has paid.

If a provider has billed a third party and has not received payment, the provider will be required to submit proof that they have attempted to bill the third party three times within a 90-day period and not received payment. The provider must have waited 90 days from the date of service and not received payment from the third party before the state will pay.

If the claim is related to medical support enforcement, providers must submit proof they billed the third party three times within a 100-day period and not received payment. The provider must have waited 100 days from the date of service and not received payment from the third party before the state will pay, except that the State may make such payment within 30 days after such date if the State determines so is cost-effective and necessary to ensure access to care.

2. <u>Guidelines Used to Determine When to Seek Reimbursement from a Liable Third Party (42 CFR 433.139(f)(2))</u>:

TN: <u>22-028</u> Supersedes TN: 21-034 Approval Date <u>09/29/2022</u>

Effective Date <u>07/01/2022</u>

a. <u>Health Insurance</u>

For medical claims that were paid by ODM prior to the TPL policy being entered into the eligibility system or claims system, recovery is pursued by a vendor from the provider for amounts greater than \$25 within three years of the claim from date of service. The timeframe is only one year from date of service if the provider would need to bill Medicare.

For medical claims that were paid by ODM prior to the TPL policy being entered into the eligibility system or claims system, recovery is pursued by a vendor from the liable third party payer for amounts greater than \$0.01 within a timeframe of six years of the claim from date of service.

b. Casualty Recovery

ODM uses a \$250 threshold in determining whether to pursue casualty recovery after a liable third party payer has been identified. Personal injury investigative action occurs when hospital bills with trauma diagnoses having billed amounts equal to or greater than \$250 that are accumulated over a one year timeframe from date of service. Audits of past claim recoveries have shown when a tort case totals less than \$250 and no response has been received from recipient, it is not cost effective to pursue these cases after sending one letter unless recipient or attorney makes contact to the State Medicaid Agency.

3. Dollar amount or timeframe for seeking recovery (42 CFR 433.139(f)(3)):

Health insurance recovery action on claim types likely to be covered by insurance occurs when payments made by the ODM are greater than \$0.01.

Personal injury investigative action occurs when hospital bills with trauma diagnoses having billed amounts equal to or greater than \$250 that are accumulated over a one year timeframe from date of service. Investigative resources which would be required to pursue smaller bills can be used more productively to carry out tasks that yield much higher rates of return.