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State/Territory Name: FL

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: 22-0011

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) CMS 179 Form/Summary Form (with 179-like data)
- 3) Approved SPA Pages

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Center for Medicaid & CHIP Services 233 North Michigan Ave., Suite 600 Chicago, Illinois 60601



Financial Management Group

April 26, 2023

Mr. Thomas Wallace Deputy Secretary for Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration 2727 Mahan Drive, MS #8 Tallahassee, Florida 32308

RE: TN 22-0011

Dear Mr. Wallace,

We have reviewed the proposed Florida State Plan Amendment (SPA) 22-0011 which was submitted to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) on September 30, 2022. This plan amendment updates language regarding payments within the Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Methodology.

Based upon the information provided by the State, we have approved the amendment with an effective date of July 1 2022. We are enclosing the approved CMS-179 and a copy of the new state plan pages.

If you have any additional questions or need further assistance, please contact Debi Benson at 312-886-0360 or Deborah.Benson@CMS.HHS.gov.

Sincerely,

Todd McMillion
Director
Division of Reimbursement Review

Enclosures

TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN MATERIAL	2 2 — 0 0 11 FL	
FOR: CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES	3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)	
TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	July 1, 2022	
5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check One)		
□ NEW STATE PLAN □ AMENDMENT TO BE CON	SIDERED AS NEW PLAN	
COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AM	ENDMENT (Separate transmittal for each amendment)	
6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION	7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT	
42 CFR 447	a. FFY ²¹⁻²² \$ 770,780 b. FFY ²²⁻²³ \$ 2,312,340	
8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT	9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION	
Att. 4.19-B Exhibit I	OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable)	
	Att. 4.19-B Exhibit I	
10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT		
Outpatient Reimbursement Methodology		
,		
11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One)		
_	OTHER AS OPENIED	
☐ GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT☐ COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED	OTHER, AS SPECIFIED	
NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL		
12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL	16. RETURN TO	
TECHNIA THE CASHALL AND NOT OFFICIAL	Mr. Tom Wallace	
13. TYPED NAME	Deputy Secretary for Medicaid	
Tom Wallace	Agency for Health Care Administration	
14. TITLE	2727 Mahan Drive, Mail Stop #8	
Deputy Secretary for Medicaid	Tallahassee, FL 32301	
15. DATE SUBMITTED 9/29/22	Attention: Cole Giering	
	OFFICE USE ONLY	
17. DATE RECEIVED September 30, 2022	18. DATE APPROVED April 26, 2023	
	ONE COPY ATTACHED	
19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL July 1, 2022	20. SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL	
July 1, 2022	The real region of the second	
21. TYPED NAME	22. TITLE Director, Division of Reimbursement Review	
Todd McMillion	Director, Division of Reimbursement Review	
23. REMARKS		
STATE AUTHORIZED PEN AND INK CHANGE FOR DATE		
SUBMITTED		
FORM CMS-179 (07/92) Instruction	ns on Back	

Instructions on Back

FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL

REIMBURSEMENT PLAN

VERSION XXXIV

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2022

I. Purpose of the Plan

This Title XIX Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan establishes the methodology for calculating the

reimbursement rates for covered Florida Medicaid outpatient hospital services. Title XIX provides grants

to states for Medicaid medical assistance programs as specified in the Social Security Act, certified in 42

U.S.C. 1396-1396(p).

II. Standard

A. Each hospital participating in the Florida Medicaid program shall be paid based on a prospective

payment system for outpatient services.

B. The Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) shall implement a methodology for

establishing base reimbursement rates for each hospital. The base reimbursement rate is defined

in Section III.

C. The list of covered revenue codes is attached as Appendix A. Certain revenue codes are not

reimbursed by Florida Medicaid. Service rendered under these codes shall not be billed to Florida

Medicaid. Revenue code 510 Clinic/General is reimbursable by Florida Medicaid for health care

services, in outpatient clinic facilities where a non-state government owned or operated facility

assumed the fiscal and operating responsibilities of one or more primary care centers previously

operated by the Florida Department of Health or the local county government. Public hospital

providers that have assumed the fiscal and operating responsibilities of one or more primary care

centers previously operated by the Florida Department of Health or the local county government

must include revenue code 510 to be reimbursed for clinic services using the UB-04 claim form

or 837I electronic claim.

Amendment: 2022-0011 Effective Date: 7/1/2022 Supersedes: 2022-0008

III. Enhanced Ambulatory Patient Group (EAPG) Reimbursement

This section defines the methods used by the Florida Medicaid Program for reimbursement of hospital

outpatient visits using a prospective payment system based on EAPGs. The EAPG payment methodology

categorizes for purposes of calculating reimbursement the amount and type of outpatient services used in

ambulatory visits by grouping together procedures, medications, and materials that share similar

characteristics and resource utilization. Each category is assigned an EAPG code and each EAPG code is

assigned a relative weight used in calculating payment. EAPG grouping and payment is used for all

services and items furnished during a hospital outpatient visit, unless otherwise specified in this plan.

A. Applicability

AHCA calculates reimbursement for hospital outpatient visits using an EAPG-based methodology.

This methodology applies to all in-state and out-of-state general acute care hospitals, rural hospitals,

children's specialty hospitals, teaching hospitals, cancer specialty hospitals, rehabilitation specialty

hospitals, long term acute care specialty hospitals, critical access hospitals, and state-owned psychiatric

specialty hospitals.

For hospitals reimbursed via the EAPG-based methodology, all outpatient services provided at these

facilities and billed on a UB-04 paper claim form or an 837I electronic claim are covered by the EAPG

payment with the following exceptions: global transplant services, infant and newborn hearing

screening, vagus nerve stimulator devices, and clinic services billed on the CMS 1500 claim form.

B. EAPG Codes and Relative Weights

1. AHCA utilizes EAPGs created by 3M Health Information Systems (HIS) for assigning

classifications to services and materials identified on outpatient claims.

2. Services included in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) inpatient

only (IPO) procedure list are assigned to non-payable EAPG codes.

3. The EAPG relative weights utilized are national EAPG relative weights calculated by 3M HIS

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using a database containing millions of hospital outpatient visits. The relative weights are available on the AHCA website at the following link:

http://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/Finance/finance/institutional/hoppps.shtml

 EAPG version 3.17 codes and national relative weights are being used for hospital outpatient pricing in State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2022-2023. The Florida State Fiscal Year is July 1 through June 30.

C. Hospital Base Rates

- 1. Separate standardized EAPG hospital base rates are calculated for:
 - a. Hospitals that previously received outpatient Automatic Rate Enhancement (ARE) payments and did not participate in the Year 1 Directed Payment Program (DPP) have hospital-specific base rate adjustments
 - b. All other hospitals with signed agreements to participate in the Florida Medicaid program
 - c. Hospitals that do not have signed agreements to participate in the Florida Medicaid program.

The Provider EAPG Rate Worksheet can be found at the following link:

https://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/Finance/finance/institutional/docs/SFY 2022-2023 EAPG Provider Worksheet Eff 2022-07-01-20220722.xlsx

- Provider policy adjustors allow for payment adjustments to specific providers. The Rural Hospital Provider Adjustor is 1.5560 and the High Medicaid Outpatient Utilization Hospital Adjustor is 2.1213.
- 3. Base rates and other EAPG pricing methodology parameters are established by AHCA to achieve neutrality cost projections and to be compliant with federal upper payment limit requirements.
- 4. EAPG base rates and projected changes in hospital Medicaid outpatient reimbursement are calculated using historical claims data from a period, referred to as the "base period". Claim data from the base period is used to simulate future outpatient Medicaid claim payments for the purpose of setting the new rate year EAPG base rates and other EAPG payment parameters.
 Baseline payment is calculated by applying rates from the year immediately preceding the upcoming rate year to the claims in the base period dataset. The new rate year EAPG base rate and associated EAPG payment parameters are set to an approximate baseline payment to achieve

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Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan Attachment 4.19-B

Exhibit I

cost projections. The claim payments from the base period may be adjusted for Medicaid volume,

inflation, and legislative direction so that the base period data approximates the upcoming rate

year as closely as possible.

5. Because most Florida Medicaid recipients are enrolled in statewide Medicaid managed care, the

base period historical claims dataset includes claims from both the fee-for-service and managed

care programs. A Florida Medicaid recipient is any individual whom the Florida Department of

Children and Families, or the Social Security Administration on behalf of AHCA, determines is

eligible, pursuant to federal and state law, to receive medical or allied care, goods, or services for

which the department may make payments under the Florida Medicaid program and is enrolled in the

Florida Medicaid program.

6. For SFY 2022-2023, base historical claims used to calculate the EAPG base rates had a claim

first date of service between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2019.

7. For SFY 2022-2023 rates, standardized EAPG base rates and provider policy adjustors were initially

calculated to achieve a simulated budget neutral effect relative to the SFY 2021-2022 EAPG-based

payment system for the base historical claims.

8. Hospitals that previously received outpatient Automatic Rate Enhancement (ARE) payments and

did not participate in the Year 1 Directed Payment Program (DPP) have hospital-specific base rate

adjustments that were calculated targeting increases in simulated payments at least equal to the

value of each hospital's annual outpatient ARE payments, relative to simulated payments using the

initial new rate year EAPG base rate and associated EAPG payment parameters.

9. The new rate year EAPG base rates and associated EAPG payment parameters for hospitals with

signed agreements to participate in the Florida Medicaid program were updated to target an increase

in approximate simulated payments of \$10,943,724 for the purpose of raising wages to at least \$15

for employees of Medicaid providers.

10. The hospital EAPG base rates are available on the AHCA website at the following link:

http://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/Finance/finance/institutional/hoppps.shtml.

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D. Children's Hospital Add-On Payments

1. Children's hospital per-service add-on payments are paid to nonprofit hospitals that as of January 1,

2022, are separately licensed by the state as specialty hospitals providing comprehensive acute care

services to children and remain so licensed and qualify for the High Medicaid Inpatient Utilization

Policy Adjustor. The outpatient EAPG per-service add-on payments were calculated by distributing

\$84,886,650 to qualifying hospitals proportionately based on each hospital's total of simulated DRG

and Trauma hospital rate enhancement payments and simulated EAPG payments from the budget

neutral simulations. A hospital's eligibility to receive these add-on payments is contingent on the

hospital having full network contracts with each applicable Medicaid managed care plan in the state.

2. For each qualifying hospital, the total appropriated add-on payment amount is

translated into an average per-service amount by dividing the total appropriated amount

by the number of qualifying services in the base period historical claims dataset.

3. Children's hospital per-service add-on payment amounts are included in the provider

rate worksheets available on the AHCA website at the following link:

http://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/Finance/finance/institutional/hoppps.shtml

E. Policy Adjustors

1. Policy adjustors are numerical multipliers included in the EAPG claim service line payment

calculation that allow AHCA to increase or decrease payments to categories of services and/or

categories of providers.

2. Only one policy adjustor, a provider policy adjustor, has been built into the EAPG-based payment

method and is applied to two categories of hospitals - rural hospitals and hospitals with very high

Medicaid outpatient utilization.

a. The Rural Hospital Provider Adjustor is 1.5560. Rural hospitals are acute care hospitals with

100 or fewer licensed beds, an emergency room and, must meet one of the following criteria:

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Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan Attachment 4.19-B

Exhibit I

i. The sole provider within a county with a population density of up to 100 persons per

square mile;

ii. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population density of up to 100 persons per

square mile, which is at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads

under normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital within the same

county;

iii. A hospital supported by a tax district or sub-district whose boundaries encompass a

population of up to 100 persons per square mile;

iv. A hospital classified as a sole community hospital under 42 C.F.R. s. 412.92,

regardless of the number of licensed beds;

v. A hospital with a service area that has a population of up to 100 persons per square

mile. Service area means the fewest number of zip codes that account for 75 percent

of the hospital's discharges for the most recent 5-year period, based on information

available from the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center for

Health Information and Transparency at the Agency; or

vi. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital.

vii. A hospital that received Medicaid funds for a quarter beginning no later than July 1,

2002, is deemed to have been and shall continue to be a rural hospital from that date

through June 30, 2023, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds and

an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not previously been designated

as a rural hospital and that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such

designation upon application, including supporting documentation, to the Agency. A

hospital that was licensed as a rural hospital during the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012

fiscal year shall continue to be a rural hospital from the date of designation through

June 30, 2023, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds and an

emergency room.

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Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan Attachment 4.19-B Exhibit I

b. High Medicaid outpatient utilization hospitals are those who have 50 percent or more of their

total annual outpatient charges resulting from care provided to Medicaid recipients. The High

Medicaid Outpatient Utilization Hospital Adjustor is 2.1213. Florida Medicaid outpatient

charges are the hospital's usual and customary charges for outpatient services rendered to

patients excluding charges for laboratory and pathology services.

c. All other hospitals receive a provider policy adjustor of 1.0, which generates no payment

adjustment.

F. EAPG Service Line Payment Adjustments

1. Under the EAPG payment methodology some claim service lines will pay in full, in which case

the Payment Adjustment Factor gets set to 1.0.

2. Other lines may bundle indicating that payment for these lines is included in payment for other

lines on the claim. For bundled lines, the Payment Adjustment Factor gets set to zero.

3. Still other service lines on the claim may pay at a discounted rate. For all except bilateral services,

the Payment Adjustment Factor gets set to 0.50 on discounting claim lines. For bilateral

procedures, the Payment Adjustment Factor gets set to 1.50.

G. Recipient Annual Benefit Limit

1. Reimbursement for hospital outpatient care to adults is annually limited to \$1,500 per SFY per

recipient.

2. Exempt from this annual limit are Medicaid recipients under the age of 21, renal dialysis services,

labor and delivery services, surgical procedures, dialysis services, chemotherapy services which

are covered when medically necessary, and services provided under revenue codes noted in

Appendix A.

3. The \$1,500 annual limit is applied only to services provided to recipients enrolled in the Medicaid

fee-for-service program.

H. EAPG Payment Calculation

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Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan Attachment 4.19-B Exhibit I

1. EAPG Payment:

a. EAPG Base Payment is calculated with the following formula:

EAPG Payment = Hospital Base Rate * EAPG Relative Weight * Policy Adjustor

* Payment Adjustment Factor

b. Claim service line allowed amount is calculated with the following formula:

Line Item Allowed Amount = (EAPG Payment + Children's Hospital Add-On Payment)

- Reduction for Annual Benefit Limit

i. If the recipient's annual hospital outpatient reimbursement has exceeded the annual limit

and a given service is subject to the benefit limit, then the "Reduction for Annual Benefit

Limit" will be set equal to the (EAPG Payment + Children's Hospital Add-On Payment)

so that the Medicaid allowed amount is \$0.

ii. If the sum of (EAPG Payment + Children's Hospital Add-On Payment) on the service line

being processed is an amount that will put the recipient over his/her annual benefit limit,

then the value for field "Reduction for Annual Benefit Limit" will get set so that the

Medicaid allowed amount on the claim service line is enough to set total hospital

outpatient reimbursement to the annual limit for the recipient.

2. Charge cap: No charge cap will be applied under the EAPG payment method. Thus, the full EAPG

payment will be applied even if the Medicaid allowed amount is greater than the submitted charges

on an individual service line or overall, for the outpatient claim.

3. Third party liability: EAPG reimbursement shall be limited to an amount, if any, by which the rate

calculation for an allowable claim exceeds the amount of a third-party recovery during the Florida

Medicaid benefit period. The Medicaid benefit period is the period of time where medical benefits

for services covered by the Florida Medicaid program, with certain specified maximum limitations,

are available to the Florida Medicaid beneficiary. For the purposes of determining third party

liability, a Florida Medicaid recipient includes an individual formerly determined to be eligible for

Florida Medicaid, an individual who has received medical assistance under the Florida Medicaid

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Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan Attachment 4.19-B Exhibit I

program, or an individual on whose behalf Florida Medicaid has become obligated.

I. Frequency of EAPG Payment Parameter Updates

1. New versions of EAPGs are released annually and include a new set of relative weights. AHCA

will install a new version of EAPGs no more frequently than onceper year and no less frequently

than once every two years. Installation of new versions of EAPGs and associated relative weights

will occur at the beginning of a SFY and will coincide with a recalculation of hospital base rates

and EAPG policy adjustors. When installing new versions of EAPG codes and relative weights,

AHCA will install the most current version that is available at the time the annual rate setting

process is performed.

2. Hospital EAPG Base Rate:

An EAPG base rate is the reimbursement rate assigned to each hospital that is multiplied by

an EAPG relative weight and policy adjustor in the calculation of the EAPG base payment. A

new hospital base rate is calculated annually based on historical claim data and becomes

effective at the beginning of each SFY. The base rate is calculated to meet cost projections

which get applied to a base year dataset including claims with dates of admission within a

minimum of a 6-month and most often a 12-month timeframe (referred to as the "base year").

3. New values for the policy adjustors are calculated annually and become effective at the beginning

of each SFY.

IV. Medicare Crossover Pricing

For hospital outpatient Medicare crossover claims, the Medicaid allowed amount will be determined using

the EAPG pricing methodology. Florida Medicaid reimbursement for crossover claims is up to the

Medicaid rate, less any amount paid by Medicare. If this amount is negative, no Medicaid reimbursement

is made. If this amount is positive, Medicaid reimburses: the deductible plus the coinsurance or

copayment; or the Medicaid rate, whichever is less.

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APPENDIX A TO FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL

REIMBURSEMENT PLAN

OUTPATIENT REVENUE CODES**

CODE	DESCRIPTION	
250	Pharmacy/General	
251	Pharmacy/Generic	
252	Pharmacy/Non-Generic	
254	Drugs Incident to Other Diagnostic Services	
255	Drugs Incident to Radiology	
258	Pharmacy/IV Solutions	
259	Other Pharmacy	
260	IV Therapy	
261	Infusion Pump	
262*	IV Therapy/Pharmacy Services	
264*	IV Therapy/Supplies	
269*	Other IV Therapy	
270	General Classification	
271	Medical Surgical- Nonsterile supplies	
272	Medical/Surgical - Sterile Supplies	
273*	Burn Pressure Garment	
275	Pacemaker	
276*	Intraocular Lens	
278	Subdermal Contraceptive Implant	
279*	Burn Pressure Garment Fitting	
300	Laboratory/General	
301	Laboratory/Chemistry	
302	Laboratory/Immunology	
304	Laboratory/Non-Routine Dialysis	
305	Laboratory/Hematology	
306	Laboratory/Bacteriology and Microbiology	
307	Laboratory/Urology	
310	Pathological Laboratory/General	
311	Pathological Laboratory/Cytology	
312	Pathological Laboratory/Histology	
314	Pathological Laboratory/Biopsy	
320	Diagnostic Radiology/General	
321	Diagnostic Radiology/Angiocardiography	
322	Diagnostic Radiology/Arthrography	
323	Diagnostic Radiology/Arteriography	
324	Diagnostic Radiology/Chest	
329	Other Radiology Diagnostic	
330*	Therapeutic Radiology/General	
331*	Therapeutic Radiology/Injected	
332*	Therapeutic Radiology/Oral	
333*	Therapeutic Radiology/Radiation Therapy	
335*	Therapeutic Radiology/Chemotherapy - IV	

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220*	Out In It I I III is	
339*	Other Radiology Therapeutic	
340	Nuclear Medicine/General	
341	Nuclear Medicine/Diagnostic	
342	Nuclear Medicine/Therapeutic	
343	Diagnostic Radiopharmaceuticals Theorem putical Radiopharmaceuticals	
344	Therapeutic Radiopharmaceuticals Other Nuclear Medicine	
349 350		
351	Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/General Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/Head	
352	Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/Body	
359	Other CT Scans	
360*	Operating Room Services/General	
361*	Operating Room Services/Minor Surgery	
362*	Operating Room Services/Bone Marrow Transplant	
367	Kidney Transplant	
369*	Other Operating Room Services	
370	Anesthesia/General	
371	Anesthesia Incident to Radiology	
372	Anesthesia Incident to Other Diagnostic Services	
374	Acupuncture	
379	Other Anesthesia	
380	Blood/General	
381	Blood/Packed Red Cells	
382	Blood/Whole	
383	Blood/Plasma	
384	Blood/Platelets	
385	Blood/Leucocytes	
386	Blood/Other Components	
387	Blood/Other Derivatives	
389	Other Blood	
390	Blood Storage and Processing/General	
391	Blood Storage and Processing/Administration	
399	Other Processing and Storage	
400	Imaging Services/General	
401	Imaging Services/Mammography	
402	Imaging Services/Ultrasound	
403	Screening Mammography	
404	Positron Emission Tomography	
409	Other Imaging Services	
410	Respiratory Services/General (All Ages)	
412	Respiratory Services/Inhalation (All Ages)	
413	Respiratory Services/Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy (All Ages)	
419	Other Respiratory Services	
421	Physical Therapy/Visit Charge (All Ages)	
424	Physical Therapy/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (All Ages)	
431	Occupational Therapy/Visit Charge (Under 21 only)	
434	Occupation Therapy/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (Under 21)	
441	Speech-Language Pathology/Visit Charge (Under 21 only)	
444	Speech-Language Pathology/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (Under 21)	
450*	Emergency Room/General	
451	EMTALA Emergency Medical Screening Services	
460	Pulmonary Function/General	

460	Others Bullian and Franchism
469	Other Pulmonary Function
471	Audiology/Diagnostic
472	Audiology/Treatment
480	Cardiology/General
481	Cardiology/Cardiac Cath Laboratory
482	Cardiology/Stress Test
483	Cardiology/Echocardiology
489	Other Cardiology
490	Ambulatory Surgical Care
510	Clinic/General
	Note: Please reference the most recent version of the Medicaid Outpatient Hospital Coverage and
	Limitations Handbook
513	Psychiatric Clinic
313	Note: Use code 513, psychiatric clinic, with code 914, psychiatric individual therapy services, or with
(10	918, psychiatric testing, when either of these codes is appropriate and applicable.
610	MRI Diagnostic/General
611	MRI Diagnostic/Brain
612	MRI Diagnostic/Spine
614	MRI - Other
615	Magnetic Resonance Angiography (MRA) - Head & Neck
616	MRA - Lower Extremities
618	MRA – Other
619	Other MRT
621	Supplies Incident to Radiology
622	Dressings Supplies Incident to Other Diagnostic Services Surgical Dressings
623	Surgical Dressings
634*	Erythropoietin (EPO) less than 10,000 units
635*	Erythropoietin (EPO) 10,000 or more units
636	Pharmacy/Coded Drugs
637	Self-Administered Drugs
037	
	Note: Use code 637 exclusively to bill self-administered drugs not covered by Medicare for dually-
	eligible Medicare and Medicaid recipients. Code 637 must only be billed with the Total Charge 001
700	revenue code. Payment will be made for 637 only.
700	Cast Room/General
710	Recovery Room/General
721	Labor - Delivery Room/Labor
722*	Labor - Delivery Room/Delivery
730	EKG - ECG/General
731	EKG - ECG/Holter Monitor
732	Telemetry
739	Other EKG – ECG
740	EEG/General
749	Other EEG
750	Gastro-Intestinal Services/General
759	Other Gastro - Intestinal
761	Treatment Room
762	Observation Room
790*	Lithotripsy/General
820*	OPH-Hemodialysis/General
820* 821*	·
	Hemodialysis Outpatient/Composite
824*	Hemodialysis-Maintenance 100%
829*	OPH-Hemodialysis/Other
830*	Peritoneal Dialysis/General

831*	Peritoneal Dialysis Outpatient/Composite Rate	
834*	Peritoneal Dialysis-Maintenance 100%	
839*	OPH-Peritoneal Dialysis/Other	
840*	Continuous Capo General	
841*	CAPD Composite or Other Rate	
844*	CAPD OP/Home-Maintenance 100%	
849*	CAPD/Other	
850*	Continuous Cycling Dialysis CCPD General	
851*	CCPD Composite or Other Rate	
854*	CCPD OP/Home-Maintenance 100%	
859*	CCPD/Other	
880*	Miscellaneous Dialysis/General	
881*	Ultrafiltration	
901*	Psychiatric/Psychological - Electroshock Treatment	
914	Psychiatric/Psychological - Clinic Visit/Individual Therapy	
918	Psychiatric/Testing	
	Note: Bill 513, psychiatric clinic, with this service,	
920	Other Diagnostic Services/General	
921	Other Diagnostic Services/Peripheral Vascular Lab	
922	Other Diagnostic Services/Electromyelgram	
924	Other Diagnostic Services/Allergy Test	
940	General	
943	Other Therapeutic Services/Cardiac Rehabilitation	
944	Other Therapeutic Services/Drug Rehabilitation	
945	Other Therapeutic Services/Alcohol Rehabilitation	

^{*}Exempt from \$1,500 outpatient cap limit.

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APPENDIX B TO FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL REIMBURSEMENT PLAN

UPPER PAYMENT LIMIT (UPL) METHODOLOGY

Overview of UPL Analyses

This document describes the methodology used by the Florida Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) for calculating the outpatient hospital upper payment limit (UPL) demonstration for Florida Medicaid services. AHCA develops UPL demonstrations in accordance with UPL guidance set forth by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Effective AHCA's SFY 2017-2018 conversion to hospital outpatient payment based on Enhanced Ambulatory Patient Groupings (EAPGs), the hospital outpatient UPL includes all services billed on hospital outpatient claims, including clinical diagnostic lab services.

In general, the UPL analysis involves estimating Medicare payment for a set of Medicaid claims and comparing those payments to actual payments made by Medicaid. Medicare payment can be estimated by re-pricing Medicaid claims using Medicare rules and rates, or by estimating hospital cost for the services identified on the claims. Hospital cost may be used as a proxy for Medicare payment.

The claim data used in a UPL analysis is historical data, usually from a twelve (12) month period. The period for which claims are selected is referred to as the "base" year. The UPL analysis is performed for a specific SFY referred to as the "rate" year. Often the rate year is a current or present-day timeframe. In contrast, the base year is a timeframe in the past because the data needed for a UPL analysis, hospital cost reports and billed claims, are only available for services performed in the past. For example, the UPL analysis for SFY2017/2018 (the "rate" year) was performed at the beginning of the fiscal year – September 2017. That UPL analysis could not utilize claim data from SFY 2017/2018 (7/1/2017 – 6/30/2018) because the year was not yet complete. Instead, historical claim data that had been received and processed prior to September 2017 was used for the analysis.

Comparisons of Florida Medicaid payments to the upper payment limits are made separately for hospital inpatient and outpatient services. Also, the comparisons are made for three categories of providers, 1) state owned; 2) non-state government owned; and 3) privately owned hospitals.

Florida Medicaid Hospital Outpatient UPL Analysis Method

Estimated Medicare payments are calculated using hospital outpatient costs as a proxy for the upper payment limit. The costs are calculated by multiplying each hospital's outpatient cost-to-charge ratio times each claim service line's submitted charge and summing the resulting estimated hospital cost for all claims in the base-year dataset. The costs are then inflated to the midpoint of the UPL rate year. This analysis uses the same "base"-year dataset that was used to calculate EAPG base rates and payment system parameters for the state fiscal year for which the UPL analysis is performed (referred to as the "rate" year).

Medicaid payments are calculated by applying EAPG pricing using UPL rate year payment rules and parameters to the same twelve (12) months of historical claim data as used for the cost calculations.

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Source of Hospital Cost Data

Hospital cost data is retrieved from Medicare cost reports from the CMS Healthcare Cost Report Information System (HCRIS) that align with the base year claims experience. From these cost reports, an outpatient cost-to-charge ratio (CCR) is calculated using the cost and charge information in Worksheet C Part I for included ancillary cost centers. Specifically, costs and charges are retrieved from cost centers in the following ranges:

'05000' through '07699' '09000' through '09399' '09600' through '09999'

For each of these cost centers, total hospital costs are retrieved from column 5 and total hospital charges are retrieved from column 8. For each hospital, the costs and charges are summed and then an outpatient CCR iscalculated as (total ancillary cost center cost) divided by (total ancillary cost center charges). If, for a given hospital, costs are not reported in Worksheet C Part I, Column 5, the above calculations are performed using costs reported in Worksheet B Part I, Column 26. Cost report experience impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic (i.e. cost reports with fiscal year end dates on or after 3/1/2020) was excluded from the calculation of cost-to-charge ratios.

Source of Medicaid Pricing Parameters and Claim Data

EAPG pricing parameters for the UPL rate year are retrieved from the "EAPG Calculator" published by AHCA for the rate year. EAPG rates are updated annually and become effective on the first day of each SFY.

Medicaid claims data used in UPL demonstrations is extracted from a data warehouse fed from the Florida MMIS. For each hospital, claims are selected if they contain a first date of service within the base year. The base year is the calendar year ending 18 months prior to the rate effective date.

Initially, all in-state Florida hospitals with signed agreements to participate in the Florida Medicaid fee-for-service program, including Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs), are included in the demonstration. However, a small number of hospitals drop out of the analysis because they did not bill any Medicaid outpatient claims with date of service in the UPL base year.

In addition, only Medicaid fee-for-service claims are included in the claims extract. Medicare crossover claims and Medicaid managed care encounter claims are excluded. Also, all professional services are excluded. Professional services are identified as claim lines with revenue code between "0960" and "0989." Lastly, all recipients eligible for Florida Medicaid are included, independent of place of residence. However, only services payable by Florida Medicaid are included, as only paid claim lines are included.

Calculation of Upper Payment Limit

The upper payment limits for each of the three UPL categories are calculated using an estimate of hospital cost. Hospital cost is calculated by multiplying a hospital-specific cost-to-charge ratio times the billed charges on each claim line. The costs on each line are then summed to get total Medicaid outpatient costs per hospital.

The costs are inflated forward from the mid-point of the base year to the mid-point of the UPL rate year. The inflation multiplier is calculated as a ratio of the IHS Markit Hospital Market Basket inflation factor from the midpoint of rate year divided by the inflation factor for the midpoint of base year.

As a final step, the Medicaid FFS portion of the outpatient hospital assessment is added, which is the total outpatient assessment multiplied by the percentage of Medicaid revenue relative to total revenue, and then multiplied by the percentage of base year FFS Medicaid outpatient charges relative to total Medicaid outpatient charges.

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To get the percentages of Medicaid and total revenue, data is used from the base year cost reports. The percentage of Medicaid revenue is calculated as Medicaid revenue from Worksheet S-10, Column 1, Lines 2, 5 and 9, divided by Net Patient Revenues from Worksheet G-3, Column 1, Line 3.

Calculation of Medicaid Payment

Medicaid payment is calculated using the UPL rate year EAPG-based payment rules and payment parameters. Claims in the dataset are re-priced using these parameters. Because these parameters are applicable to the UPL rate year, there is no need to apply a forward trending to the claim payments.

Non-Claim Payments and other Adjustments to Medicaid Payment

The FFS portion of rate year indirect medical education (IME) outpatient supplemental payments are added to this estimate of EAPG claims-based payments for each hospital.

No adjustments are made to estimate changes in Medicaid utilization between the base year and the UPL rate year. Similarly, no attempt is made to adjust Medicaid payments based on a prediction of future cost settlements resulting from audits of hospital cost reports as there are no cost settlements performed for claims paid via the EAPG-based method.

Comparison of Medicaid Payment to Upper Payment Limit

Final comparison of Florida Medicaid payments to the upper payment limits is performed by grouping each provider into one of the three UPL categories and summing the dollar amounts for each provider within a UPL category. Hospitals are assigned to a UPL category based on a mapping of the thirteen provider categories included in the HCRIS data (electronic version of Medicare cost report data) to the three UPL categories. This mapping is shown below:

Type	Control
	1='1 - Voluntary Nonprofit, Church'
	2='2 - Voluntary Nonprofit, Other'
Private	3='3 - Proprietary, Individual'
Private	4='4 - Proprietary, Corporation'
	5='5 - Proprietary, Partnership'
	6='6 - Proprietary, Other'
State owned	10='10 - Governmental, State'
Government owned, non-state	7='7 - Governmental, Federal'
	8='8 - Governmental, City-County'
	9='9 - Governmental, County'
	11='11 - Governmental, Hospital District'
	12='12 - Governmental, City'
	13='13 - Governmental, Other'

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APPENDIX C TO FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL REIMBURSEMENT PLAN

Indirect Graduate Medical Education (IME) Payments

IME payments are made directly to eligible teaching hospitals based on the hospital's IME costs for services provided. These payments recognize the increased use of ancillary services associated with the educational process and the higher case-mix intensity of teaching hospitals. The managed care IME payments which are based in part on managed care outpatient payments and utilization shall not be included in the capitation rates paid to Medicaid Managed Care plans. In accordance with provisions under 42 CFR 438.60, states are permitted to make Medicaid GME payments for managed care services as direct payments to providers outside of managed care capitation rates. The state shall use the Enhanced Ambulatory Patient Group (EAPGs) payment , plus the outpatient state directed payment arrangements allowed under 42 (C.F.R.) Section (§) 438.6(c) approved pre-prints and made through managed care plans ("Outpatient EAPG Rate") in calculating the annual IME payments. Annual IME payments will be calculated using the most recently filed and available Medicare Cost Report (CMS Form 2552) extracted from the Healthcare Cost Report Information System (HCRIS). One fourth of the annual computed IME payment will be paid to eligible teaching hospitals on a quarterly basis. The quarterly payments are considered final and shall not be reconciled or amended due to updated or amended Medicare Cost Reports.

1. Eligible Teaching Hospitals

An eligible teaching hospital must meet at least one of the five criteria below as of July 1, 2020 and have a resident to bed ratio between 0.1% and 100% as calculated from data reported in FYE 2019 CMS Form 2552.

- A. Statutory teaching hospital with greater than 650 beds per license as recorded in the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) licensure file and greater than 500 FTEs as referenced in in FYE 2019 CMS Form 2552. These eligible teaching hospitals shall be known as Academic Medical Centers Group 1 (AMC 1).
- B. Public hospital with residents in approved ACGME training programs and does not meet the eligibility criteria in 1.a. These eligible teaching hospitals shall be known as Public Teaching Hospitals
- C. Statutory teaching hospital with greater than 650 beds per license as recorded in the AHCA licensure file and does not meet the eligibility criteria in 1.a. or 1.b. These eligible teaching hospitals shall be known as Academic Medical Centers Group 2 (AMC 2).
- D. Children's hospital as indicated as provider type 7, on CMS Form 2552, Worksheet S_2, Part I, Column 4, that are excluded from the Medicare prospective payment system under 42 CFR 412.23, or Regional Perinatal Intensive Care Center, that does not meet the eligibility criteria in 1a, 1b, or 1c. These eligible teaching hospitals shall be known as Children's Teaching Hospitals.

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E. Statutory teaching hospital with greater than 200 beds per license as recorded in the AHCA licensure file that does not qualify as Academic Medical Centers, and does not meet the eligibility criteria in 1a, 1b, 1c or 1d. These eligible teaching hospitals shall beknown as Statutory Teaching Hospitals.

2. Determination of IME Payments

On or before October 1 of each year, AHCA shall calculate IME payments for eligible teaching hospitals by computing each hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payment as described below.

The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.a) Academic Medical Centers Group 1 (AMC 1), is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payments as follows:

A. Calculate each hospital's IME Percentage:

$$(2.27 \text{ x} ((1 + (\text{Residents/Beds}))^{0.405} - 1)) \text{ x } 1.35$$

Residents – The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) interns and residents in approved training programs for an eligible teaching hospital as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 10, Column 1 plus Worksheet E, Part A, Line 11, Column 1

Beds - The total number of bed days available as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 4, Column 1

B. Calculate the IME adjustment amount for each hospital in 2.A. Multiply the IME percentage computed in 2.A. for each hospital, by the hospital's Medicaid outpatient payments. Medicaid outpatient payments is defined as the estimated total payments for reimbursing a hospital for outpatient services for the fiscal year in which the adjustment amount is calculated based on the hospital outpatient appropriation and the parameters for the Outpatient EAPG Rate, specified in the General Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency.

The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.b) Public Teaching Hospitals above, is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payments as follows:

C. Calculate each hospital's IME Percentage:

$$(2.27 \text{ x} ((1 + (Residents/Beds))^{0.405} - 1)) \text{ x } 1.35$$

Residents - The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) interns and residents in approved training programs for an eligible teaching hospital as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 10, Column 1 plus Worksheet E, Part A, Line 11, Column 1. For hospitals with FTE counts from Worksheet E, Part A, Lines 10 and 11 that equal 0, use FTEs as

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reported in Worksheet E, Part A, Line 16.

Beds - The total number of bed days available as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 4, Column 1.

D. Calculate the IME adjustment amount for each hospital in 2.C. Multiply the IME percentage computed in 2.C. for each hospital, by the hospital's Medicaid outpatient payments. Medicaid outpatient payments is defined as the estimated total payments for reimbursing a hospital for outpatient services for the fiscal year in which the adjustment amount is calculated based on the hospital outpatient appropriation and the parameters for the Outpatient EAPG Rate, specified in the General Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency.

The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.c) Academic Medical Centers group 2 (AMC 2) above, is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payments as follows:

E. Calculate each hospital's IME Percentage:

$$(2.27 \text{ x} ((1 + (\text{Residents/Beds}))^{0.405} - 1)) \text{ x } 0.3$$

Residents - The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) interns and residents in approved training programs for an eligible teaching hospital as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 10, Column 1 plus Worksheet E, Part A, Line 11, Column 1.

Beds - The total number of bed days available as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 4, Column 1.

F. Calculate the IME adjustment amount for each hospital in 2.E. Multiply the IME percentage computed in 2.E. for each hospital, by the hospital's Medicaid outpatient payments. Medicaid outpatient payments is defined as the estimated total payments for reimbursing a hospital for outpatient services for the fiscal year in which the adjustment amount is calculated based on the hospital outpatient appropriation and the parameters for the Outpatient EAPG Rate, specified in the General Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency.

The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.d) Children's Teaching Hospitals above, is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payments as follows:

G. Calculate each hospital's IME Percentage:

$$(2.27 \text{ x} ((1 + (Residents/Beds))^{0.405} - 1)) \text{ x } 0.1$$

Residents – The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) interns and residents in approved training programs as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E-4, line 6 for children's hospital as indicated as provider type 7 or Worksheet E, Part A, Line 10, Column 1 plus Worksheet E, Part A, Line 11, Column 1 for a Regional Perinatal Intensive Care Center.

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Beds – The total number of bed days available is determined by dividing the number of bed days available from CMS Form 2552 Worksheet S-3, Part I, Column 3, Line 14 by the number of days in the cost reporting period for children's hospital as indicated as provider type 7 or Worksheet E, Part A, Line 4, Column 1 for a Regional Perinatal Intensive Care Center.

H. Calculate the IME adjustment amount for each hospital in 2.G. Multiply the IME percentage computed in 2.G. for each hospital, by the hospital's Medicaid outpatient payments. Medicaid outpatient payments is defined as the estimated total payments for reimbursing a hospital for outpatient services for the fiscal year in which the adjustment amount is calculated based on the hospital outpatient appropriation and the parameters for the Outpatient EAPG Rate, specified in the General Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency. The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.e) Statutory Teaching Hospitals above, is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid outpatient payments as follows:

The IME payment amount for eligible teaching hospitals in accordance with section 1.e) Statutory Teaching Hospitals above, is calculated using the hospital's ratio of residents to beds and Medicaid inpatient payments as follows:

I. Calculate each hospital's IME Percentage:

$$(2.27 \text{ x} ((1 + (\text{Residents/Beds}))^{0.405} - 1)) \text{ x } 0.2$$

Residents - The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) interns and residents in approved training programs for an eligible teaching hospital as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 10, Column 1 plus Worksheet E, Part A, Line 11, Column 1. For hospitals with FTE counts from Worksheet E, Part A, Lines 10 and 11 that equal 0, use FTEs as reported in Worksheet E, Part A, Line 16.

Beds - The total number of bed days available as reported on the most recent CMS Form 2552, Worksheet E, Part A, Line 4, Column 1.

J. Calculate the IME adjustment amount for each hospital in 2.I. Multiply the IME percentage computed in 2.I. for each hospital, by the hospital's Medicaid outpatient payments. Medicaid outpatient payments is defined as the estimated total payments for reimbursing a hospital for outpatient services for the fiscal year in which the adjustment amount is calculated based on the hospital outpatient appropriation and the parameters for the Outpatient EAPG Rate, specified in General Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency.

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