Table of Contents

State/Territory Name: CA

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: 22-0043

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

1) Approval Letter
2) Summary Form (with 179-like data)
3) Approved SPA Pages
July 20, 2023

Jacey Cooper, Chief Deputy Director
California Department of Health Care Services
1501 Capitol Avenue, MS 0000
P.O. Box 997413
Sacramento, CA 95899-7413

Re: California State Plan Amendment (SPA) 22-0043

Dear Ms. Cooper:

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reviewed your Medicaid State Plan Amendment (SPA) submitted under transmittal number (TN) 22-0043. This amendment proposes to add qualifying community-based mobile crisis intervention services authorized by Section 9813 of the American Rescue Plan of 2021 (Pub. L. 117-2) as rehabilitative mental health and substance use disorder services.

We conducted our review of your submittal according to statutory requirements in Title XIX of the Social Security Act and implementing regulations at 42 CFR 440.130 and 42 CFR Part 447. This letter is to inform you that California Medicaid SPA 22-0043 was approved on July 20, 2023, with an effective date of January 1, 2023.

If you have any questions, please contact Cheryl Young at 415-744-3598 or via email at Cheryl.Young@cms.hhs.gov.

Sincerely,

James G. Scott, Director
Division of Program Operations

c: Lindy Harrington, California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)
Rafael Davtian, DHCS
Tyler Sadwith, DHCS
Jacob Lam, DHCS
Brian Fitzgerald, DHCS
Ivan Bhardwaj, DHCS
TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN MATERIAL
FOR: CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES

TO: CENTER DIRECTOR
CENTERS FOR MEDICAID & CHIP SERVICES
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER 22-0043
2. STATE CA
3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT XIX
4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE January 1, 2023

5. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION
Section 9813 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021
42 CFR 440.130 and 42 CFR Part 447

6. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT (Amounts in WHOLE dollars)
a. FFY 2022-2023 $61,474,000
b. FFY 2023-2024 $92,211,000

7. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT
Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A, page 6t-6w
Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-B, page 4t-4w
Attachment 4.19-B, pages 38-41w
Attachment 4.19-B, pages 39, 40, 41, 41a, 41b, 41c, 41d, 41e, 41f, 41g, 41h, 41i, 41j, 41k, 41l, 41m, 41n, 41o, 41p, 41q, 41r, 41s, 41t, 41u, 42 (new)

8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable)
Attachment 4.19-B, pages 38-41w
Attachment 4.19-B, pages 39, 40, 41, 41a, 41b, 41c, 41d, 41e, 41f, 41g, 41h, 41i, 41j, 41k, 41l, 41m, 41n, 41o, 41p, 41q, 41r, 41s, 41t, 41u, 42 (new)

9. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT
To add qualifying community-based mobile crisis intervention services, as authorized by section 9813 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, to the Medicaid State Plan as a Rehabilitative Mental Health Service, Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Treatment Service, and Expanded SUD Treatment Service.

10. GOVERNOR’S REVIEW (Check One)
○ GOVERNOR’S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT
○ COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR’S OFFICE ENCLOSED
○ NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL

11. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL
Jacey Cooper

12. TYPED NAME
State Medicaid Director

13. TITLE
State Medicaid Director

14. DATE SUBMITTED
October 24, 2022

FOR CMS USE ONLY
16. DATE RECEIVED
October 24, 2022
17. DATE APPROVED
July 20, 2023

PLAN APPROVED - ONE COPY ATTACHED
18. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL
January 1, 2023

19. SIGNING OFFICIAL
Digitally signed by James G. Scott
Date: 2023.07.20 09:39:47 -05'00'

20. TYPED NAME OF APPROVING OFFICIAL
James G. Scott

21. TITLE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL
Director, Division of Program Operations

22. REMARKS
Box 6: CMS pen and ink changes made on 7/14/23 with authorization from the state via email.
Boxes 7 & 8: CMS pen and ink changes made on 7/14/23 with authorization from the state via email.

Instructions on Back
LIMITATION ON SERVICES

13.d.7 Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services

Community-based mobile crisis intervention services are covered as a Rehabilitative Mental Health Service, Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Treatment Service, and Expanded SUD Treatment Service.

Community-based mobile crisis intervention services (“mobile crisis services”) provide rapid response, individual assessment and community-based stabilization to Medi-Cal beneficiaries who are experiencing a mental health and/or SUD (“behavioral health”) crisis. Mobile crisis services are designed to provide relief to beneficiaries experiencing a behavioral health crisis, including through de-escalation and stabilization techniques; reduce the immediate risk of danger and subsequent harm; and avoid unnecessary emergency department care, psychiatric inpatient hospitalizations, and law enforcement involvement. Mobile crisis services include warm handoffs to appropriate settings and providers when the beneficiary requires additional stabilization and/or treatment services; coordination with and referrals to appropriate health, social and other services and supports, as needed, and short-term follow-up support to help ensure the crisis is resolved and the beneficiary is connected to ongoing care. Mobile crisis services are directed toward the beneficiary in crisis, but may include contact with a family member(s) or other significant support collateral(s) if the purpose of the collateral’s participation is to assist the beneficiary in addressing their behavioral health crisis and restoring the beneficiary to the highest possible functional level.

Mobile crisis services are provided by a multidisciplinary mobile crisis team at the location where the individual is experiencing the behavioral health crisis. Locations may include, but are not limited to, the individual’s home, school or workplace, on the street, or where an individual socializes. Mobile crisis services cannot be provided in hospitals or other facility settings. Mobile crisis services must be available to beneficiaries experiencing behavioral health crises 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and 365 days a year.
Service Components
Mobile crisis teams must be able to perform all mobile crisis service components. Service components include:

- **Crisis assessment** to evaluate the current status and environment of the beneficiary experiencing the behavioral health crisis with the goal of mitigating any immediate risk of danger, determining a short-term strategy for restoring stability, and identifying appropriate follow-up care.

- **Mobile crisis response** consisting of an expedited on-site intervention with a beneficiary experiencing a behavioral health crisis with the goal of stabilizing the individual within a community setting and de-escalating the crisis.

- **Crisis planning** to develop a plan to avert future crises, including identifying conditions and factors that contribute to a crisis, reviewing alternative ways of responding to such conditions and factors, and identifying steps that the beneficiary can take to avert or address a crisis.

- **Facilitation of a warm handoff** if the beneficiary requires urgent treatment in an alternative setting. The mobile crisis team must identify an appropriate facility or provider, and provide or arrange for transportation, as needed.

- **Referrals to ongoing supports** by identifying and connecting a beneficiary to ongoing behavioral health treatment, community-based supports, social services, and/or other supports that could mitigate the risk of future crises. This may include identifying appropriate services, making referrals or appointments, and otherwise assisting a beneficiary to secure ongoing support.

- **Follow up check-ins** to continue resolution of the crisis, provide further crisis planning, check on the status of referrals, and provide further referrals to ongoing supports.

Mobile Crisis Team Requirements and Provider Qualifications
Mobile crisis services are provided by a multidisciplinary Mobile Crisis Team. All members of the Mobile Crisis Team must meet the State’s training requirements. Mobile crisis teams must include at least two behavioral health professionals as listed in Table 1 below, including at least one provider who is qualified to provide a crisis assessment, in accordance with their permitted scope of practice under California law. Any team member included in Table 1 below that has been trained to conduct a crisis assessment in accordance with the Department of Health Care Services’ training requirements may provide the crisis assessment.
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### Rehabilitative Mental Health Treatment Providers*

- Nurse Practitioner
- Pharmacist
- Occupational Therapist
- Other Qualified Provider
- Peer Support Specialist

### SUD Treatment Providers**

### Expanded SUD Treatment Providers**

### Other Provider Types***

- Community Paramedics. Community paramedics must be licensed, certified, and accredited in accordance with applicable State of California licensure requirements.

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*Defined in the “Provider Qualifications” subsection of the “Rehabilitative Mental Health Services” section of this supplement. Rehabilitative Mental Health Treatment services are provided by certified mental health organizations or agencies and by mental health professionals who are credentialed according to state requirements or non-licensed providers who agree to abide by the definitions, rules, and requirements for Rehabilitative Mental Health Services established by the Department of Health Care Services, to the extent authorized under state law.

**Defined in the “Provider Qualifications” subsection of the “SUD Treatment” and “Expanded SUD Treatment” sections of this supplement. SUD and Expanded SUD Treatment services are provided by DMC certified providers that: 1) are licensed, registered, enrolled, and/or approved in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations; 2) abide by the definitions, rules, and requirements for stabilization and rehabilitation services established by the Department of Health Care Services; and 3) sign a provider agreement with a county or the Department of Health Care Services.

***Other Provider Types are eligible to participate on mobile crisis teams delivering Rehabilitative Mental Health Treatment, SUD Treatment, or Expanded SUD Treatment services as defined above.

**Limitations**

In accordance with Section 1947(b)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (Title 42 of the United States Code section 1396w-6(b)(1)(A)), added by Section 9813 of the American Rescue Plan Act, and applicable CMS guidance, mobile crisis services cannot be provided to beneficiaries in a hospital or other facility setting.
LIMITATION ON SERVICES

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TN No. 22-0043
Supersedes
TN No. NEW

Approval Date: July 20, 2023
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TN No. 22-0043
Supersedes
TN No. NEW
Approval Date: July 20, 2023
Effective Date: January 1, 2023
REIMBURSEMENT OF REHABILITATIVE MENTAL HEALTH AND TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

A. GENERAL APPLICABILITY
Reimbursement of rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by eligible private providers will be limited to the lower of the provider’s reasonable and allowable cost, as determined in the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report, or usual and customary charge for the type of service provided for the reporting period. Reimbursement of rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county owned and operated providers and county owned and operated hospital-based providers will be based upon the provider’s certified public expenditures pursuant to Section 433.51 of Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations.

B. DEFINITIONS
“Service coordinating organization” means a privately operated entity that contracts with eligible providers and arranges with those providers for the delivery of rehabilitative mental health services and/or targeted case management services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. A service coordination organization does not provide rehabilitative mental health services and/or targeted case management services.

“Cognizant agency” means the single federal agency that represents all other federal agencies in dealing with a grantee within common areas, such as the development of an indirect cost rate.

“County owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider” means a hospital that is owned and operated by a county government and that provides rehabilitative mental health or targeted case management services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries on an outpatient basis.

“County owned and operated provider” means a provider of rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services that is owned and operated by a county government, which provides services through employed or contracted licensed mental health professionals, waivered/registered professionals and other qualified provider as those providers are defined in Supplement 1 and Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of the State plan. County government provider does not include a county government hospital-based outpatient provider, individual provider, group provider, or service coordinating organization.

“Eligible Provider” means a county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider, private hospital-based outpatient provider, county owned and operated provider, state owned and operated provider, private organizational provider, individual provider, group provider, or other qualified provider.
“Group provider” means an organization that provides rehabilitative mental health services through two or more individual providers, such as independent practice associations. Group providers do not include hospital-based outpatient providers, county owned and operated providers, private organizational providers, or administrative service organizations.

“Individual provider” means a licensed mental health professional whose scope of practice permits the practice of psychotherapy without supervision. Individual provider includes licensed physicians, licensed psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed professional clinical counselors, and registered nurses with a master’s degree.

“Mobile Crisis Intervention Service Encounter” means the provision of one or more service component, except for Follow Up Check In, as defined on Page 6u of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this State Plan.

“Private hospital-based outpatient provider” means a hospital that is owned and operated by a private entity that provides rehabilitative mental health or targeted case management services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries on an outpatient basis.

“Private Organizational provider” means a provider of rehabilitative mental health services and/or targeted case management that is owned and operated by a private entity, which provides services through employed or contracted licensed mental health professionals, waivered/registered professionals and other staff who are qualified to provide rehabilitative mental health and/or targeted case management services as described in Supplement 1, pages 8 through 17, and Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of the State Plan.

“Professional services contract” means a contract between a county owned and operated provider and an individual providers, group provider, service coordinating organization, or other qualified provider of rehabilitative mental health and/or targeted case management services.

“Psychiatric inpatient hospital professional services” means services provided to a beneficiary by a licensed mental health professional with hospital admitting privileges while the beneficiary is in a hospital receiving psychiatric inpatient hospital services. Psychiatric inpatient hospital professional services do not include all services that may be provided in an inpatient setting. Psychiatric inpatient hospital professional services include only those services provided for the purpose of evaluating and managing the mental disorder that resulted in the need for psychiatric inpatient hospital services. Psychiatric inpatient hospital professional services to not include routine hospital services or hospital-based ancillary services.
“Rehabilitative Mental Health Services” means any of the following: mental health services, medication support services, day treatment intensive, day rehabilitation, crisis intervention, community-based mobile crisis intervention services, crisis stabilization, adult residential treatment services, crisis residential treatment services, psychiatric health facility services, and peer support services, provided to individuals who meet medical necessity criteria as defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of the State plan; and services provided in a treatment foster home.

“Relative value statistic” means a statistic that has been developed from dissimilar elements that acts as a common basis for the purpose of allocating a pool of costs.

“Schedule of Maximum Rates (SMR)” means a schedule of maximum rates per unit of service, as defined in Section G of this Segment, which will be paid for each type of service.

“SD/MC hospital” means a hospital as defined in Attachment 3.19-A, Pages 38-40 of the State Plan. A SD/MCC hospital may be a UC hospital, may be owned and operated by a county government, or may be owned and operated by a private entity.

“State Owned and Operated Provider” means a provider that is owned and operated by the Regents of the University of California.

“Targeted Case Management” has the meaning defined in supplement 1 to attachment 3.1-A, pages 8-17 of the State Plan.

“Services Provided in a Treatment Foster Home” means a bundle of rehabilitative mental health services provided to children and youth up to 21 years of age who have been placed in a Residential Treatment Foster Home and who meet medical necessity criteria for those services as established by the State. The bundle of rehabilitative mental health services includes plan development, rehabilitation, collateral, and crisis intervention, as those services are defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of the State Plan. The bundle of services are provided by another qualified provider under the direction of a licensed mental health professional as those provider types are defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of the State Plan.

“Third party revenue” means revenue collected from an entity other than the Medi-Cal program for a service rendered.

“UC Hospital” means a hospital that is owned and operated by the University of California Regents.
C. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY AND PROCEDURES – COUNTY OWNED AND OPERATED PROVIDERS AND PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONAL PROVIDERS

The following steps will be taken to determine reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs and associated reimbursements for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county owned and operated providers and private organizational providers.

1. Interim Payments
   Interim payments to county owned and operated providers and private organizational providers are intended to approximate the allowable Medicaid (Medi-Cal) costs incurred by the provider for services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. Interim payments for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county government providers and private organizational providers will be based upon interim rates that are established by the State on an annual basis. The State will follow the process described below to calculate an interim rate for each rehabilitative mental health service and targeted case management for each county government and private organizational provider when cost report data is available.
   - Include the gross costs allocated to each type of service from the most recently filed CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report.
   - Include the total units of service for each type of service from the most recently filed CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report.
   - Divide the gross costs by the total units of service to calculate the cost per unit for each service.
   - Multiply the cost per unit by one plus the percentage change in the CMS approved cost of living index.

   When cost report data is not available for a rehabilitative mental health service or targeted case management, the State will set the interim rate at the SMIR calculated for the service as described in Section G of this segment.

2. Cost Report Submission
   Each county owned and operated provider and private organizational provider that receives reimbursement for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services pursuant to this section is required to file a CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report by December 31st following the close of the State Fiscal Year (i.e., June 30th). Each county owned and operated provider must certify that its cost report is based on actual, total expenditures as necessary for claiming Federal Financial Participation pursuant to all applicable requirements of state and federal law including Sections 430.30 and 433.51 of Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations.

3. Cost Determination
   The reasonable and allowable cost of providing rehabilitative mental health and
targeted case management services for each county owned and operated provider and private organizational provider will be determined in the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report pursuant to the following methodology.

- Total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and Title 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by the United State Department of Health and Human Services at 45 CFR Part 75 and CMS Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy.

- Allowable direct costs will be limited to the costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, medical supplies, and other costs, such as professional service contracts, that can be directly charged to rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services.

- Indirect costs may be determined by applying the cognizant agency specific approved indirect cost rate to its net direct costs. If the Legal Entity does not have an approved indirect cost rate, it may allocate indirect costs based upon the allocation process in the agency’s cost allocation plan approved by the State Controller’s Office. If the Legal Entity does not have an approved indirect cost rate or an approved cost allocation plan, the costs and related basis used to determine the allocated indirect costs must be in compliance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

For the following subset of rehabilitative mental health services – Adult Residential Treatment Services, Crisis Residential Treatment Services, services provided in a treatment foster home and Psychiatric Health Facility Services – allowable costs are determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (Pub 15-1), 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and Title 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by the United States Department of Health and Human Services at 45 CFR Part 75 and CMS Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy. Allowable direct costs will be limited to the costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, and medical supplies for providing the service. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide Specialty Mental Health Services as defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this State Plan.

Indirect costs are determined by applying the cognizant agency approved indirect cost rate to the total direct costs or derived from the provider’s approved cost allocation plan. In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416, when there is not an approved indirect cost rate, the Legal Entity must determine indirect costs as the
difference between total costs and direct costs and allocate indirect costs to each
Rehabilitative Mental Health and Targeted Case Management Service based
upon each services percentage of direct costs. As stated in Title 2, CFR §
200.56 “indirect costs means those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose
benefiting more than one cost objective, and not readily assignable to the cost
objectives specifically benefitted, without effort disproportionate to the results
achieved.” Specifically and in accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416 and 2 CFR Part
200, App. VII., ¶ A.1, indirect costs that are directly attributable to the provision of
medical services but would generally be incurred at the same level if the medical
service did not occur will not be allowable. For these facilities, allowable costs
are only those costs that are “directly attributable” to the professional component
of providing the medical services and are in compliance with Medicaid non-
institutional reimbursement policy. In accordance with Title 2 CFR § 200.405,
costs incurred that benefit multiple purposes and would be incurred at the same
level if the medical services did not occur are not allowed (e.g., room and board,
allocated costs from other related organizations).

4. Allocating Costs to Services
Allowable direct and indirect costs will be allocated to each type of rehabilitative
mental health services and targeted case management services using one of
the following three methods:
- Time study: All Eligible Providers with a CMS-approved time study
  methodology must allocate allowable direct and indirect costs among
  services based upon the results of that time study.
- Direct assignment: All Eligible Providers that do not have a CMS-
  approved time study and are able to determine costs at the service level
  must directly assign allowable direct and indirect costs.
- Relative value: All Eligible Providers that do not have a CMS-approved
  time study methodology and render multiple types of services may
  allocate allowable direct and indirect costs among services by multiplying
  the allowable direct and indirect costs for all services by the relative value
  statistic for each service. The relative value statistic for each service is
  calculated using the following methodology:
  i. Multiply the total units of service rendered for each type of service
     by the usual and customary charge for each type of service to
     calculate the total value of the services rendered.
  ii. Calculate the sum of the result in step i. across all types of service.
  iii. For each type of service, divide the result in step i. by the result in
       step ii to calculate the relative value statistic for each type of
       service.

5. Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)
Total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to a type of service will be
apportioned to the Medi-Cal program based upon units of service. For each
type of rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management service, the
provider will report on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report, the total
units of service it provided to all individuals. Units of service will be measured in
increments of time as defined in Section H below. The total direct and indirect
costs allocated to a particular type of rehabilitative mental health service or to
targeted case management will be divided by the total units of service reported
for the same type of service to determine the cost per unit of service.

For each type of rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management
service, the provider will report the total units of service provided to Medi-Cal
beneficiaries. The cost per unit calculated for each rehabilitative mental health
service and for targeted case management will be multiplied by the total units of
that service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries to apportion costs to the Medi-
Cal program.

For each type of rehabilitative mental health service and for targeted case
management, the provider will also report all third party revenue and patient
share of cost collected for the services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. The
costs apportioned to the Medi-Cal program for each type of rehabilitative mental
health service and for targeted case management will be reduced by the total
third party revenue and patient share of cost the provider collected for each type
of service rendered to determine the cost eligible for reimbursement.

6. Reconciliation
No later than eighteen months after the close of the State Fiscal Year,
each county government provider and private organizational provider will
reconcile the units of service that were provided to Medi-Cal
beneficiaries as reported in its filed CMS-reviewed state-developed cost
report with the provider’s records received from the State regarding the
result of the State’s claims adjudication.

7. Interim Settlement
Not later than twenty-four months after the close of the State Fiscal
Year, the State will complete the interim settlement of each county
government provider's and private organizational provider's reconciled
cost report. The interim settlement will compare interim payments made
to each provider with the total reimbursable costs as determined in the
CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report. Total reimbursable costs
for private organizational providers are equal to the lower of the
provider's reasonable and allowable costs or usual and customary
charge for the services provided for the reporting period. Total
reimbursable costs for county government providers are equal to the
provider's reasonable and allowable costs for the services provided for
the reporting period. If the total reimbursable costs are greater than the
total interim payments, the State will pay the provider the difference. If
the total interim payments are greater than the total reimbursable costs,
the State will recoup the difference and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316.

8. Final Settlement
The State will complete the audit of the interim settled State-developed cost report, as described in Section C.7, within three years of the date the certified reconciled state-developed cost report is submitted. The audit performed by the State will determine whether the income, expenses, and statistical data reported on the CMS-reviewed state-developed cost report are reasonable, allowable and in accordance with State and Federal rules and regulations, including Medicare principles of reimbursement issued by CMS and CMS' Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy. The audit will also determine that the provider's CMS-reviewed state-developed cost report represents the actual cost of providing rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services in accordance with the program’s Cost and Financial Reporting System (CFRS), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (42 CFR), Title 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by the United States Department of Health and Human Services at 45 CFR Part 75, CMS’ Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy, Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS) as published by the Comptroller General of the United States and other State and Federal regulatory authorities. The State will recoup any overpayments and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316. If the total reimbursable costs are greater than the total interim payments, the state will pay the provider the difference.

D. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY AND PROCEDURES – COUNTY OWNED AND OPERATED HOSPITAL-BASED OUTPATIENT PROVIDERS AND PRIVATE HOSPITAL-BASED OUTPATIENT PROVIDERS
The following steps will be taken to determine reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs and associated reimbursements for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers and private hospital-based outpatient providers.

1. Interim Payments
Interim payments to county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers and private hospital-based outpatient providers are intended to approximate the Medicaid (Medi-Cal) costs incurred by the provider for services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. Interim payments for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, and private hospital-based outpatient providers are intended to approximate the Medicaid (Medi-Cal) costs incurred by the provider for services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. Interim payments for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided by county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers, and private hospital-based outpatient providers are intended to approximate the Medicaid (Medi-Cal) costs incurred by the provider for services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries.
outpatient providers and private hospital-based outpatient providers will be based upon interim rates that are established by the State on an annual basis. The State will follow the process described below to calculate an interim rate for each rehabilitative mental health service and targeted case management for each county owned and operated and private hospital-based outpatient provider.

- Include the gross costs allocated to each type of service from the most recently filed CMS 2552 and supplemental schedules.
- Include the total units of service for each type of service from the most recently filed CMS 2552 and supplemental schedules.
- Divide the gross costs by the total units of service to calculate the cost per unit for each type of service.
- Multiply the cost per unit by one plus the percentage change in a CMS approved cost of living index.

When cost report data is not available for a rehabilitative mental health service or targeted case management, the State will set the interim rate at the SMIR calculated for the service as described in Section G of this segment.

2. Cost Report Submission
Each county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider and private hospital-based outpatient provider that receives reimbursement for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services pursuant Section D will be required to file a CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules by December 30th following the close of the State Fiscal Year (i.e., June 30th). Each county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider must certify that its cost report is based on actual, total expenditures as necessary for claiming Federal Financial Participation pursuant to all applicable requirements of state and federal law including Sections 430.30 and 433.51 of Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations.

3. Cost Determination
The reasonable and allowable cost of providing outpatient services for each county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider and private hospital-based outpatient provider will be determined on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules.

4. Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)
The reasonable and allowable cost of providing outpatient services as determined on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report will be apportioned to rehabilitative mental health services (except for adult residential treatment,
crisis residential treatment, services provided in a treatment foster home, and psychiatric health facilities) and targeted case management, as described under

Section H, provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries based upon a cost-to-charge ratio. Each hospital-based outpatient provider will transfer the total costs for each outpatient cost center as determined on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report to a supplemental schedule. Each hospital will report its total charges for outpatient services provided in each outpatient cost center on the supplemental schedule. The supplemental schedule will divide the total costs by the total charges for each outpatient cost center to calculate the cost-to-charge ratio. Each hospital-based outpatient provider will report on the supplemental schedules, the total charges for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services provided in each outpatient cost center to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. The supplemental schedules will multiply the Medi-Cal charges for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services by the cost-to-charge ratio for each outpatient cost center to calculate the outpatient costs apportioned to the Medi-Cal program for each outpatient cost center.

5. Reconciliation

No later than eighteen months after the close of the State Fiscal Year, each hospital-based outpatient provider will reconcile the Medi-Cal charges it reported on the supplemental schedules for rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services. Each hospital-based outpatient provider will reconcile the Medi-Cal charges it reported with records it received from the State regarding the results of claims adjudication.

6. Interim Settlement

No later than twenty-four months after the close of the State Fiscal Year, the State will complete the interim settlement of the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules submitted by each county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider, state owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider and private hospital-based outpatient provider. The interim settlement will compare interim payments made to each county owned and operated hospital-based outpatient provider and private hospital-based outpatient provider with the total reimbursable costs. The CMS 2552 and supplemental schedules is used to calculate total reimbursable costs. Total reimbursable costs for private hospital-based outpatient providers and state-owned and operated hospital-based outpatient providers are equal to the lower of the provider's allowable costs determined in the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules or usual and customary charge for the services provided. Total reimbursable costs for county owned and operated hospital-based providers.
outpatient providers are equal to the provider's reasonable and allowable costs determined in the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules for the services provided for the reporting period. The State will pay the provider an additional amount if the total reimbursable cost is more than the interim payments made to the provider. Any overpayments will be recouped and returned to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316.

7. Final Settlement

The State will complete its audit of the interim settled CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules within three years of the date the certified reconciled CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules are submitted. The audit performed by the State will determine whether the income, expenses, and statistical data reported on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules are reasonable, allowable, and in accordance with State and Federal rules, regulations, and Medicare principles of reimbursement issued by the CMS. The audit will also determine that the provider's CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules represent the actual cost of providing rehabilitative mental health and targeted case management services in accordance with the program's Cost and Financial Reporting System (CFRS), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (42 CFR), Title 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by the United States Department of Health and Human Services at 45 CFR Part 75, Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS) as published by the Comptroller General of the United State and other State and Federal regulatory authorities. The State will pay the provider an additional amount if the total reimbursable cost is more than the interim payments made to the provider. Any overpayments will be recouped and returned to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316.

E. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY AND PROCEDURES – PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITAL PROFESSIONAL SERVICES PROVIDED IN SD/MC HOSPITALS

The following steps will be taken to determine reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs and associated reimbursements for psychiatric hospital professional services provided in SD/MC hospitals.

1. Interim Payments

Interim payments for psychiatric hospital professional services provided in SD/MC hospitals are intended to approximate the Medicaid (Medi-Cal) costs incurred by the SD/MC hospital for the services rendered to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. Interim payments for psychiatric hospital professional services provided in SD/MC hospitals will be based upon interim rates that are established by the State on an annual basis. The State will follow the process described below to calculate an interim rate for psychiatric hospital

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Supersedes
TN No. 09-004
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professional services provided in each SD/MC hospital.

- Include the gross costs allocated to each type of service from the most recently filed CMS 2552 and supplemental schedules.
- Include the total units of service for each type of service from the most recently filed CMS 2552 and supplemental schedules.
- Divide the gross costs by the total units of service to calculate the cost per unit for each type of service.
- Multiply the cost per unit by one plus the percentage change in a CMS approved cost of living index.

2. Cost Report Submission
Each SD/MC hospital that receives reimbursement for psychiatric hospital professional services pursuant to this section will be required to file a CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules by December 31st following the close of the State Fiscal Year (i.e., June 30th). Each SD/MC hospital that is owned and operated by a county government must certify that its cost report is based on actual, total expenditures as necessary for claiming Federal Financial Participation pursuant to all applicable requirements of state and federal law including Sections 430.30 and 433.51 of Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations.

3. Cost Determination
The reasonable and allowable cost of providing psychiatric hospital professional services for each SD/MC hospital will be determined on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules.

4. Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)
The reasonable and allowable cost of providing psychiatric hospital professional services as determined on the SD/MC hospital's CMS 2552 hospital cost report will be apportioned to the Medi-Cal program based upon a cost-to-charge ratio. Each SD/MC hospital will transfer the total costs for hospital professional services as determined on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report to a supplemental schedule. Each hospital will report its total professional services charges for each cost center on the supplemental schedule. The supplemental schedule will divide the total costs by the total charges for each cost center containing hospital professional service costs and charges. Each SD/MC hospital will report, on another supplemental schedule, the total charges for psychiatric hospital professional services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries in each cost center. The supplemental schedule will multiply the Medi-Cal charges for psychiatric hospital professional services by the cost-to-charge ratio for each cost center to calculate the hospital professional service costs apportioned to the Medi-Cal

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program for psychiatric hospital services.

5. Reconciliation
No later than eighteen months after the close of the State Fiscal Year, each SD/MC hospital will reconcile the Medi-Cal charges it reported on the supplemental schedules for psychiatric hospital professional services. Each SD/MC hospital will reconcile the Medi-Cal charges it reported with records it received from the State regarding the results of claims adjudication.

6. Interim Settlement
No later than twenty-four months after the close of the State Fiscal Year, the State will complete the interim settlement of the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules submitted by each SD/MC hospital. The interim settlement will compare interim payments made to each SD/MC hospital with the total reimbursable cost. The CMS-reviewed state developed cost report is used to calculate the total reimbursable costs. Total reimbursable costs for SD/MC hospitals that are owned and operated by a private entity are equal to the lower of the SD/MC hospital's allowable costs determined in the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules or usual and customary charge for the psychiatric hospital professional services provided. Total reimbursable costs for SD/MC hospitals that are a UC hospital or owned and operated by a county government are equal to the provider's reasonable and allowable costs determined in the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules.

The State will pay the SD/MC hospital an additional amount if the total reimbursable costs are more than the interim payments made to the provider. Any overpayments will be recouped and returned to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316.

7. Final Settlement Process
The State will complete its audit of the interim settled CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules within three years of the date the certified reconciled CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules are submitted. The audit performed by the State will determine whether the income, expenses, and statistical data reported on the CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules are reasonable, allowable, and in accordance with State and Federal rules, regulations, and Medicare principles of reimbursement issued by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The audit will also determine that the provider's CMS 2552 hospital cost report and supplemental schedules represent the actual cost of providing rehabilitative and targeted case management services in accordance with the program's Cost and Financial Reporting System (CFRS), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
(GAAP), Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (42 CFR), Title 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by the United States Department of Health and Human Services at 45 CFR Part 75, Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS) as published by the Comptroller General of the United State and other State and Federal regulatory authorities. The State will pay the provider an additional amount if the total reimbursable costs is more than the interim payments made to the provider. Any overpayments will be recouped and returned to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR 433.316.

F. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY AND PROCEDURES – INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP PROVIDERS AND OTHER QUALIFIED PROVIDERS
Individual and group providers and other eligible provider that render rehabilitative mental health services and/or targeted case management services will be reimbursed based upon the SMIR.

a. Community Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services – Assurances

The State will reimburse Eligible Paragraph F Providers that render Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services a bundled rate for each Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Service encounter and will not reimburse Eligible Providers for each service separately. The bundled rate for each Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Service Encounter includes all Service Components as defined on Page 6u in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A. The State will reimburse Eligible Providers that render Rehabilitative Mental Health and Targeted Case Management Services outside of a Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention encounter separately in accordance with the reimbursement methodology described in Sections C, D, E, and F.

Eligible Providers must deliver, on site, at least one Service Component defined on Page 6u in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this State plan in order to be reimbursed for a Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Service Encounter. The state will monitor the actual provision of services rendered on site to ensure that beneficiaries receive the types, quantity, and intensity of services required to meet their medical needs, and to ensure the rates remain economic and efficient based on the services that are actually provided.

G. SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM RATES
The State originally calculated the Schedule of Maximum Interim Rates (SMIR) for targeted case management services and rehabilitative mental health services, except crisis stabilization, crisis residential treatment, adult residential treatment, peer support services, and community-based mobile crisis intervention services using data from state fiscal year 1998-99 cost reports. These rates are updated on an annual basis and published in an information notice that is posted to the single state agency's website. The following
describes the methodology the State used to calculate the original SMIR and the methodology the state will use to annually update those rates.

1. Extract from each provider’s cost report the reported gross costs for each type of service and reported units of service for each type of service. Gross costs do not include county administrative and utilization review costs.
2. Divide gross costs by units of service for each type of service.
3. Remove from the data set those providers that have a cost per unit that is one standard deviation above the mean.
4. After completing step 3, remove those providers that have a cost per day in the top ten percent of the remaining providers.
5. From the remaining providers, calculate the sum of gross costs reported for each type of service.
6. From the remaining providers, calculate the sum of the units of service reported for each type of service.
7. Divide the sum of gross costs determined in step 5 by the sum of the units of service as determined in step 6 to calculate the statewide average cost per unit for each type of service.
8. The statewide average cost per unit calculated in step 7 will be increased on an annual basis, effective the first day of each state fiscal year, using the change in the home health agency market basket index.

The State calculates that the SMIR for peer support services will be equal to the interim rate set for targeted case management services. The statewide average cost per unit for peer support services will be increased on an annual basis, effective the first day of each state fiscal year, using the change in the home health agency market basket index. The annually updated cost per unit for peer support services will be published in an annual information notice that is posted to the single state agency’s website.

The SMIR for community-based mobile crisis intervention services is equal to the SMIR for crisis intervention services multiplied by six hours.

The State originally calculated the SMIR for crisis stabilization using a cost survey of fourteen county programs that provided services for up to 24 hours in an emergency room setting. The statewide average cost per unit for crisis stabilization services will be increased on an annual basis, effective the first day of each fiscal year, using the change in the home health agency market basket index. The annually updated cost per unit for crisis stabilization services will be published in an annual information notice that is posted to the single state agency’s website.

The State originally calculated the SMIR for crisis residential treatment and adult residential treatment services based on a cost survey from approximately sixty facilities. The survey distinguished between the cost of treatment from the cost for room and board, which is excluded from the SMIR for crisis residential treatment.
and adult residential treatment. The statewide average cost per unit for crisis residential treatment and adult residential treatment will be increased on an annual basis, effective the first day of each fiscal year, using the change in the home health agency market basket index. The annually updated cost per unit for crisis residential treatment and adult residential treatment will be published in an annual information notice that is posted to the single state agency’s website.

The SMIR for services provided in a treatment foster home will initially be set at $87.40 per day and the State will annually increase this SMIR based upon the change in the home health agency market basket index. The $87.40 daily rate is based upon the existing rate the State pays providers for a similar service called intensive treatment foster care. The treatment component of these rates are based upon an hourly rate of $23 for an in-home support counselor multiplied by the number of hours the in-home support counselor is likely to provide treatment to the child. The most intensive level of treatment expects the in-home support counselor to provide 114 hours of treatment per month, which is 3.8 hours per day. The hourly rate of $23 multiplied by 3.8 hours per day of treatment equals the daily rate of $87.40.

H. ALLOWABLE SERVICES (ALSO USED IN THE COST REPORT)

Allowable Rehabilitative Mental Health and Targeted Case Management Services and units of service are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Units of Service</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Services</td>
<td>One Minute Increments</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medication Support Services</td>
<td>One Minute Increments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day Treatment Intensive</td>
<td>Half-Day or Full-Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day Rehabilitation</td>
<td>Half-Day or Full-Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Intervention</td>
<td>One Minute Increments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Stabilization</td>
<td>One-Hour Blocks</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adult Residential Treatment</td>
<td>Day (Excluding room and</td>
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<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>board)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Residential Treatment</td>
<td>Day (Excluding room and</td>
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<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>board)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Service</td>
<td>Interval</td>
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<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychiatric Health Facility Services</td>
<td>Day (Excluding room and board)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Targeted Case Management Services</td>
<td>One Minute Increments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services provided in a treatment home</td>
<td>Day (Excluding room and board)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peer Support Services</td>
<td>15 Minute Increments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services</td>
<td>Encounter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REHABILITATIVE SERVICES: REIMBURSEMENT FOR DRUG MEDI-CAL PROGRAM

Section 1: Reimbursement for Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services

This segment of the State Plan describes the reimbursement methodology for Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services covered under the rehabilitation benefit and rendered by qualified providers as described in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1 A to this State Plan. Qualified providers are DMC certified providers that must be licensed, registered, enrolled, and/or approved in accordance with all applicable state laws and regulations; abide by the definitions, rules, and requirements for stabilization and rehabilitation services established by the Department of Health Care Services; and sign a provider agreement with a county or the Department of Health Care Services. During the period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2025, MAT for OUD services are exclusively covered and reimbursed under the 1905(a)(29) benefit.

A. DEFINITIONS

“Allowable cost” is reasonable and allowable cost, determined based on year-end cost reports and in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Publication 15-1), 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR Part 75, and Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policies.

“Implicit Price Deflator for the Costs of Goods and Services to Governmental Agencies” means the percentage change in the Index for State and Local Purchases contained in the National Deflators Fiscal Year Averages workbook published by the Department of Finance to the following website: https://www.dof.ca.gov/Forecasting/Economics/Indicators/Inflation/

“Legal Entity” means each county alcohol and drug department or agency and each of the corporations, sole proprietors, partnerships, agencies, or individual practitioners providing Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services under contract with the county alcohol and drug department or agency or with DHCS.

“Medication for Addiction Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder (MAT for OUD)” has the same meaning as the term is defined in 13.d.5 of Attachment 3.1-A to this State Plan.

“Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Service” is a Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service as defined in 13.d.7 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this State Plan.

“Narcotic Treatment Program (NTP) Level of Care” include Daily Dosing services and Individual and Group Counseling services and has the same meaning as defined in 13.d.5 of Attachment 3.1 A to this State Plan.
“Non-Narcotic Treatment Program (non-NTP) Levels of Care” include Outpatient Treatment Level of Care, Intensive Outpatient Treatment Level of Care, and Perinatal Residential Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care as defined in 13.d.5 of Attachment 3.1 A to this State Plan.

“Peer Support Services” means peer support services as defined in 13.d.5 of Attachment 3.1 A to this State Plan.

“Provider of Services” means any private or public agency that provides direct substance use disorder services and is certified by the State as meeting applicable standards for participation in the DMC Program, as defined in the Drug Medi-Cal Certification Standards for Substance Use Disorder Clinics.

“Published charges” are usual and customary charges prevalent in the alcohol and drug treatment services sector that are used to bill the general public, insurers, and other non-Title XIX payers. (42 CFR § 447.271, and § 405.503(a)).

“Statewide maximum allowance” (SMA) is established for each type of non-NTP service, for a unit of service.

“Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services” are substance use disorder treatment services, except for Peer Support Services and Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, as described under Section 13.d.5 in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1 A to this State plan. Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services includes all services, except for Peer Support Services and Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, provided in the Narcotic Treatment Program Level of Care and Non-Narcotic Treatment Program Levels of Care.

“Unit of Service” (UOS) means a face-to-face or telehealth contact on a calendar day (for non-NTP services). Only one unit of each non-NTP service per day is covered by Medi-Cal except when additional face-to-face contact may be covered for Medication Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder and/or unplanned crisis intervention. To count as a unit of service, the subsequent contacts shall not duplicate the services provided on the first contact, and the contact shall be clearly documented in the beneficiary’s patient record. For NTP services, “Unit of Service” means each calendar day a client receives services, including take-home dosing.

B. ALLOWABLE LEVELS OF CARE, SERVICES AND UNITS

Allowable services and units of service are as follows:
### Non-NTP Levels of Care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Levels of Care</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intensive Outpatient Treatment</td>
<td>One face-to-face contact per calendar day to provide one or more Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service, except for crisis intervention and MAT for OUD. One additional face-to-face or telehealth contact per calendar day for crisis intervention services and one additional face-to-face or telehealth contact per calendar day for MAT for OUD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient Drug Free Treatment</td>
<td>One face-to-face or telehealth contact per calendar day to provide one or more Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service, except for crisis intervention and MAT for OUD. One additional face-to-face or telehealth contact per calendar day for crisis intervention services and one additional face-to-face or telehealth contact per calendar day for MAT for OUD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perinatal Residential Substance Use Disorder Treatment</td>
<td>24-hour structured environment per day (excluding room and board)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Narcotic Treatment Program Level of Care (consist of two components)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Daily Dosing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily bundled service which includes the following components:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Core: Intake assessment, treatment planning, physical evaluation, drug screening, and supervision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Laboratory Work: Tuberculin and syphilis tests, monthly drug screening, and monthly pregnancy tests of female methadone patients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Dosing: Ingredients and labor cost for administering MAT for OUD and Disulfiram daily doses to patients.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
b) Counseling Individual and/or Group  
A patient must receive a minimum of fifty (50) minutes of face-to-face counseling sessions with a therapist or counselor up to a maximum of 200 minutes per calendar month, although additional services may be provided and reimbursed on medical necessity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peer Support Services</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services</td>
<td>Encounter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY

1. The reimbursement methodology for county and non-county operated providers of non-NTP Levels of Care and Peer Support Services is the lowest of the following:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for providing the same or similar level of care or service;
   b. The provider’s allowable costs of providing the level of care or service;
   c. The SMA, established in Section D.1.a below; or.
   d. The SMA established in Section D.1.a below for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2009-10 adjusted for the cumulative growth in the California Implicit Price Deflator for the Costs of Goods and Services to Governmental Agencies, as reported by the Department of Finance.

2. The reimbursement methodology for non-county operated NTP providers of the NTP Level of Care is the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for the same or similar level of care,
   b. The uniform statewide daily reimbursement rate (USDR) established in Section D.1.b below, or.
   c. The USDR established in Section D.1.b below for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2009-10 adjusted for the cumulative growth in the California Implicit Price Deflator for the Costs of Goods and Services to Governmental Agencies, as reported by the Department of Finance.
3. Reimbursement for county-operated NTP providers of the NTP Level of Care is at the lowest of:

   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for providing the same or similar level of care;
   b. The provider’s allowable costs of providing the level of care as described in Section D below;
   c. The USDR established in Section D.1.b below, or.
   d. The USDR established in Section D.1.b below for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2009-10 adjusted for the cumulative growth in the California Implicit Price Deflator for the Costs of Goods and Services to Governmental Agencies, as reported by the Department of Finance.

4. Reimbursement for Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services is the provider’s allowable cost of providing the service as described in Section D.2 and D.3 below.

D. COST DETERMINATION PROTOCOL FOR NON-NTP LEVELS OF CARE, PEER SUPPORT SERVICES, COMMUNITY-BASED MOBILE CRISIS INTERVENTION SERVICES AND COUNTY-OPERATED PROVIDERS OF THE NTP LEVEL OF CARE

The following steps will be taken to determine the reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs for providing Peer Support Services, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services in Non-NTP Levels of Care, and Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services in the NTP Level of Care.

1. Interim Payments

Interim payments for non-NTP Levels of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services and Peer Support Services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries are reimbursed up to the SMA. Interim payments for the NTP Level of Care daily dosing service, individual counseling service, and group counseling service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries are reimbursed up to the USDR.

a. SMA METHODOLOGY FOR THE NON-NTP LEVEL OF CARE, COMMUNITY-BASED MOBILE CRISIS INTERVENTION SERVICES AND PEER SUPPORT SERVICES

“SMAs” are based on the statewide median cost of each level of care or service, as described in Section C above, as reported in the most recent interim settled cost reports submitted by providers. Until providers have submitted cost reports for Peer Support Services and Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services and
the State has completed the interim settlement of those cost reports, SMAs for Peer Support Services and Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services are the statewide median rate based upon rates submitted by counties. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. The SMAs are updated annually with the rate effective July 1 of each State fiscal year. SMAs are effective as of January 1, 2023 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx.

b. **UNIFORM STATEWIDE DAILY REIMBURSEMENT RATE METHODOLOGY FOR THE NARCOTIC TREATMENT PROGRAMS LEVEL OF CARE**

The uniform statewide daily reimbursement (USDR) rate for the daily dosing service is calculated by the State annually based on the average daily estimated cost of providing dosing and ingredients, core and laboratory work services as described in Section C. The daily estimated cost does not include room and board and is determined based on the annual estimated cost per patient and a 365-day year, using the most recent and accurate data available. The USDR is paid to county operated and non-county operated NTP providers each day a dose is administered to a beneficiary. NTPs may contract with other entities to perform some work services, such as laboratory work. NTPs pay those outside entities for that work. Those outside entities may not submit claims to the state for reimbursement of work services for which they were paid by the NTP. Outside entities may continue to claim for reimbursement for those services if they are not provided as part of NTP. The State will periodically monitor the services provided by the NTP for which the USDR was paid to ensure that beneficiaries receive the types, quantity, and intensity of services required to meet their medical needs and to ensure that the rates remain economic and efficient based on the services that are actually provided as part of the USDR.

Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. The USDR rates are effective as of July 1, 2021 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx.

The uniform statewide daily reimbursement rates for NTP Individual and Group Counseling are based on the median cost, as reported in the most recently submitted cost reports, for individual counseling and group counseling provided in the Outpatient Level of Care as described under Section D.1.a above. The USDR for NTP Individual and Group Counseling are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx.

2. **Cost Determination Protocol**
The reasonable and allowable cost of providing Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services in each non-NTP Level of Care, Peer Support Services, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services and the NTP Level of Care will be determined in the CMS-reviewed cost report pursuant to the following methodology. Total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR Part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR Part 75, and CMS Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policies.

Allowable direct costs will be limited to the costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, medical supplies, and other costs, such as professional service contracts, that can be directly charged in providing the specific non-NTP Levels of Care, the NTP Level of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, and Peer Support Services. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide DMC Medi-Cal Services as defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A.

Indirect costs may be determined by either applying the cognizant agency specific approved indirect cost rate to its net direct costs or allocated indirect costs based upon the allocation process in the Legal Entities approved cost allocation plan. If the Legal Entity does not have a plan, the costs and related basis used to determine the allocated indirect costs must be in compliance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

When the legal entity does not have a cost allocation plan, the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report also allocates indirect costs to each NTP Level of Care and Non-NTP Level of Care based upon each level of care’s percentage of direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-Developed cost report allocates allowable indirect costs allocated to each level of care to Peer Support Services and Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services provided within the Level of Care based upon staff hours.

For the Perinatal Residential Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care, total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.
Allowable direct costs are costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, and medical supplies for providing the service. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide DMC Medi-Cal Services as defined in Section 13.d.5 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A.

Indirect costs are determined by applying the cognizant agency approved indirect cost rate to the total direct costs or derived from the provider’s approved cost allocation plan. In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416, when there is not an approved indirect cost rate, the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs and allocates indirect costs to each Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care based upon each level of care’s percentage of direct costs. As stated in Title 2, CFR, § 200.56 “indirect costs means those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective, and not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefitted, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved.” Specifically and in accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416 and 2 CFR part 200, App. VII., ¶ A.1, indirect costs that are directly attributable to the provision of medical services but would generally be incurred at the same level if the medical service did not occur will not be allowable. For those facilities, allowable costs are only those costs that are “directly attributable” to the professional component of providing the medical services and are in compliance with Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy. In accordance with Title 2 CFR § 200.405, costs incurred that benefit multiple purposes and would be incurred at the same level if the medical services did not occur are not allowed (e.g., room and board, allocated cost from other related organizations).

The total allowable cost for providing the specific Non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, or Peer Support Services by each Legal Entity is further reduced by any third parties payments received for the service provided. This netted amount is apportioned to the Medi-Cal program using a basis that must be in compliance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

The Legal Entity specific non-NTP Level of Care or NTP Level of Care service unit rate is calculated by dividing the Medi-Cal allowable cost for providing the specific non-NTP Level of Care or NTP Level of Care service by the total number of UOS for the specific non-NTP or NTP service for the applicable State fiscal year.
3. **Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)**

Total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to Non-NTP Levels of Care, the NTP Level of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, and Peer Support Services are apportioned to the Medi-Cal program based upon units of service. For each level of care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, and Peer Support Services, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report, the total units of service it provided to all individuals. Units of service are measured in the increments defined in Section C. The total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to a particular Non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, or to Peer Support Services is divided by the total units of service reported for the same level of care or service to determine the cost per unit.

For each Non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, and Peer Support Service, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report the total units of service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. The cost per unit calculated for each level of care or service is multiplied by the total units for that level of care or service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries to apportion costs to the Medi-Cal program.

The total allowable cost for providing the level of care or service is further reduced by any third parties’ payments received for the level of care or service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries.

4. **Cost Report Submission**

Each Legal Entity that receives reimbursement for Non-NTP Levels of Care, Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services, or Peer Support Services is required to file a CMS reviewed State-developed cost report by November 1 following the end of each State fiscal year. Each county Legal Entity that receives reimbursement for the NTP Level of Care is required to file a CMS reviewed State-developed cost report by November 1 following the end of each State fiscal year. An extension to submit the cost report may be granted by the State.

5. **Interim Settlement**

The interim settlement will compare interim payments made to each provider with the total reimbursable costs as determined in the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report for the reporting period. Total reimbursable costs are specified under Section C.1 for Non-NTP Levels of Care, and Peer Support Services.
Services, under C.3 for the NTP Level of Care provided by county operated providers, under Section C.2 for the NTP Level of Care provided by non-county operated providers, and under Section C.4 for Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services. If the total reimbursable costs are greater than the total interim payments, the State will pay the provider the difference. If the total interim payments are greater than the total reimbursable costs, the State will recoup the difference and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316.

6. Final Settlement Process

The State will perform financial compliance audit to determine data reported in the provider’s State-developed cost report represents the allowable cost of providing non-NTP or NTP services in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75; and the statistical data used to determine the unit of service rate reconcile with the State’s record. If the total audited reimbursable cost based on the methodology as described under Section B(1) is less than the total interim payment and the interim settlement payments, the State will recoup any overpayments and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316. If the total reimbursable cost is greater than the total interim and interim settlement payments, the State will pay the provider the difference.
Section 2: Reimbursement for Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Levels of Care

This segment of the State Plan describes the reimbursement methodology for Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services covered under the rehabilitation benefit and rendered by qualified providers as described in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1 A to this State Plan. Qualified providers are DMC certified providers that must be licensed, registered, enrolled, and/or approved in accordance with all applicable state laws and regulations; abide by the definitions, rules, and requirements for stabilization and rehabilitation services established by the Department of Health Care Services; and sign a provider agreement with a county. During the period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2025, MAT for OUD services are exclusively covered and reimbursed under the 1905(a)(29) benefit.

A. DEFINITIONS

"Allowable cost" is reasonable and allowable cost, determined based on year-end cost reports and Medicare cost reimbursement principles in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

"Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services" are expanded substance use disorder treatment services as described under section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State plan.

"Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care" include Recovery Services, Peer Support Services, Care Coordination Services, Medication for Addiction Treatment (MAT) for Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) and MAT for Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD) as those services are described under section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State plan.

"Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care", as described under Section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this state plan, includes Non-Narcotic Treatment Program Levels of Care and Narcotic Treatment Program Level of Care.
“Intensive Outpatient Treatment Level of Care” has the same meaning as defined in section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State Plan.

“Legal Entity” means each county alcohol and drug department or agency and each of the corporations, sole proprietors, partnerships, agencies, or individual practitioners providing Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services under contract with the county alcohol and drug department or agency or with DHCS.

“Medication for Addiction Treatment for Alcohol Use Disorder and Other Non-Opioid Use Disorders (MAT for AUD)” includes services to treat alcohol use disorder (AUD) and other non-opioid substance use disorders (SUD) involving FDA-approved medications to treat AUD and non-opioid SUDs. MAT for AUD does not include the FDA approved medication.

“Medication for Addiction Treatment for Alcohol Use Disorder and Other Non-Opioid Use Disorders (MAT for AUD) Medications” include all FDA approved medications to treat alcohol use disorders and other non-opioid use disorders.

“Medication for Addiction Treatment for Opioid Use Disorders (MAT for OUD)” includes services to treat Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) involving FDA-approved medications to treat OUD. MAT for AUD does not include the FDA approved medication.

“Medication for Addiction Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder (MAT for OUD) Medications” include all forms of drugs approved to treat opioid use disorder under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355) and all biological products licensed to treat opioid use disorder under section 351 of the Public Health Services Act (42 U.S.C. 262).

“Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Service” is a Rehabilitative Substance Use Disorder Service as defined in Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A of this State plan.

“Narcotic Treatment Program (NTP) Level of Care” is a subset of Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care and includes Daily Dosing services as described in Section C below and Individual and Group Counseling services as described under section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State plan.

“Non-Narcotic Treatment Program (non-NTP) Levels of Care” is a subset of Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care and includes Outpatient Treatment Services Level of Care, Intensive Outpatient Treatment Level of Care, Partial Hospitalization Level of Care, Residential Treatment Level of Care, and Withdrawal Management Level of Care as described under section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State plan.
“Non-Regional Counties” means those counties listed in Section H of this segment to this State plan.

“Outpatient Treatment Services Level of Care” has the same meaning as defined in section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State Plan.

“Partial Hospitalization Level of Care” has the same meaning as defined in Section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State Plan.

“Provider of Services” means any private or public agency that provides Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services and is certified by the State as meeting applicable standards for participation in the DMC Program, as defined in the Drug Medi-Cal Certification Standards for Substance Use Disorder Clinics.

“Published Charges” are usual and customary charges prevalent in the alcohol and drug treatment services sector that are used to bill the general public, insurers, and other non-Title XIX payers. (42 CFR §§ 447.271 and 405.503(a)).

“Regional Counties” means those counties listed in Section G of this segment to this State plan.

“Residential Treatment Level of Care” has the same meaning as defined in Section 13.d of Supplement 3 to attachment 3.1-A to this State Plan.

“Statewide Maximum Allowance” (SMA) is an interim rate established for each type of non-NTP Level of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care per unit.

“Withdrawal Management Level of Care” has the same meaning as defined in section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A to this State plan.

B. ALLOWABLE EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT LEVELS OF CARE AND UNITS OF SERVICE – REGIONAL AND NON-REGIONAL COUNTIES

1. Allowable Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care and units of service are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-NTP Levels of Care</th>
<th>Unit of Service (UOS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intensive Treatment Outpatient Services</td>
<td>15-Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient Treatment Services (also known as</td>
<td>15-Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient Drug Free or ODF)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Treatment</td>
<td>24-hour structured environment per day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(excluding room and board)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Partial Hospitalization Daily

Withdrawal Management ASAM Levels 1 and 2 Daily

Withdrawal Management ASAM Level 3.2, 3.7, and 4.0 24-hour structured environment per day (excluding room and board)

Narcotic Treatment Program Level of Care (consist of two components):

a) Daily Dosing Daily bundled service which includes the following components:
   A. Core: Assessment, medication services, treatment planning, physical evaluation, drug screening, and supervision.
   B. Laboratory Work: Tuberculin and syphilis tests, monthly drug screening, and monthly pregnancy tests of female methadone patients.
   C. Dosing: Ingredients and labor cost for Medication for Addiction Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD) and MAT for Opioid Use Disorder (OUD).

b) Counseling Individual and/or Group 10-Minutes

2. The following Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services are reimbursed separately from the Level of Care payment when provided in a Non-NTP Level of Care or outside of any Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services and Drugs</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recovery Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peer Support Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care Coordination Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT for AUD</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT for AUD Medication</td>
<td>Dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT for OUD</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT for OUD Medication</td>
<td>Dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community-Based Mobile Crisis</td>
<td>Encounter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intervention Services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. The following Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services are
reimbursed separately from the Level of Care payment when provided in a NTP Level of Care:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recovery Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peer Support Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care Coordination Service</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services</td>
<td>Encounter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY – NON-REGIONAL COUNTIES

1. The reimbursement methodology for Non-NTP Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Provided Outside a Level of Care rendered by county operated providers is equal to the provider’s allowable cost of providing the level of care or service pursuant to Section D below.

2. The reimbursement methodology for Non-NTP Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Provided Outside a Level of Care rendered by non-County operated providers is equal to the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for the same or similar level of care, or
   b. The provider’s allowable cost of providing the level of care or service.

3. The reimbursement methodology for NTP levels of care for non-county operated NTP providers is the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for the same or similar level of care, or
   b. The uniform statewide daily reimbursement rate (USDR) established in Section D.1.b below.

4. The reimbursement methodology for NTP Levels of Care for county-operated providers is the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for providing the same level of care;
   b. The provider’s allowable cost of providing the level of care as described in Section D below; or
   c. The USDR established in Section D.1.b below.

5. The reimbursement methodology for unbundled prescribed physician administered drugs and biologicals used for the treatment of opioid use disorders and alcohol use disorders is the provider’s invoice cost or the methodology described in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-B, Page 10.

D. COST DETERMINATION PROTOCOL FOR COUNTY OPERATED PROVIDERS THAT
PROVIDE EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER LEVELS OF CARE, NON-COUNTY OPERATED PROVIDERS THAT PROVIDE NON-NTP LEVELS OF CARE, AND ALL PROVIDERS THAT PROVIDE EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT SERVICES REIMBURSED OUTSIDE A LEVEL OF CARE – NON-REGIONAL COUNTIES

The following steps will be taken to determine the reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs for county operated providers that provide Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care, non-county operated providers that provide non-NTP Levels of Care, and all providers that provide Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care.

1. **Interim Payments**

   Interim payments for all providers that provide non-NTP Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care to Medi-Cal beneficiaries are made up to the SMA described below. Interim payments for all providers that provide the NTP Level of Care are made up to the USDR described below.

   a. **SMA METHODOLOGY FOR ALL PROVIDERS OF NON-NTP LEVELS OF CARE AND EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT SERVICES REIMBURSED OUTSIDE A LEVEL OF CARE**

      SMA rates are established by counties and submitted to the State on an annual basis. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. SMA rates for Expanded Substance Use Disorder Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Provided Outside a Level of Care are effective as of January 1, 2023 and are published at (please note SMA rates are labeled County Interim Rates):

      https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx

   b. **UNIFORM STATEWIDE DAILY REIMBURSEMENT RATE METHODOLOGY FOR ALL PROVIDERS OF THE NTP LEVEL OF CARE**

      The uniform statewide daily reimbursement (USDR) rate for the daily dosing service is calculated by the State on an annually based on the average daily estimated cost of providing dosing and ingredients, core and laboratory work services as described in Section C. The daily estimated cost does not include room and board and is determined based on the annual estimated cost per patient and a 365-day year, using the most recent and accurate data available. The USDR is paid to county operated and non-county operated NTP providers each day a dose is administered to a beneficiary. NTPs may contract with other entities to perform some work services, such as laboratory work. NTPs pay those outside entities for that work. Those outside entities may not submit claims to the state for reimbursement of work services for which they were paid by the NTP. Outside entities may continue to claim for reimbursement for those services if they are not
Provided as part of the NTP Level of Care. The State will periodically monitor the services provided by the NTP for which the USDR was paid to ensure that beneficiaries receive the types, quantity, and intensity of services required to meet their medical needs and to ensure that the rates remain economic and efficient based on the services that are actually provided as part of the USDR.

Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. The USDR rates are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx

The uniform statewide daily reimbursement rates for NTP Individual and Group Counseling are based on the median cost, as reported in the most recently submitted cost reports, for individual counseling and group counseling provided in the Outpatient Level of Care as described under Section D.1.a above. The USDR for NTP Individual and Group Counseling are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx

2. Cost Determination Protocol

The reasonable and allowable cost of providing each non-NTP Level of Care, the NTP Level of Care, and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care will be determined in the CMS-reviewed cost report pursuant to the following methodology. Total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

Allowable direct costs will be limited to the costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, medical supplies, and other costs, such as professional service contracts, that can be directly charged in providing the specific non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursable Outside a Level of Care. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services as defined in Section 13.d.6 of Supplement j3 to Attachment 3.1-A.

In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416, indirect costs may be determined by either applying the cognizant agency specific approved indirect cost rate to its total direct costs or allocated indirect costs based upon the allocation process in the Legal Entity’s approved cost allocation plan. If the Legal Entity does not have a plan, the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report allocates indirect costs to each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care based upon each level of care’s
percentage of direct costs.

For the Residential Treatment Level of Care, total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

Allowable direct costs are costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, and medical supplies for providing the service. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services as defined in Section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A.

Indirect costs are determined by applying the cognizant agency approved indirect cost rate to the total direct costs or derived from the provider’s approved cost allocation plan. In accordance with 2 CFR §200.416, when there is not an approved indirect cost rate, the provider may allocate those overhead costs that are not directly attributable to the provision of the medical services using a CMS reviewed cost allocation methodology. The CMS-reviewed cost allocation methodology, as implemented in the state-developed cost report, determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report allocates indirect costs to each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care based upon each level of care’s percentage of direct costs. As stated in Title 2, CFR § 200.56 “indirect costs means those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective, and not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefitted, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved.” Specifically and in accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416 and 2 CFR part 200, App. VII., ¶ A.1, indirect costs that are directly attributable to the provision of medical services but would generally be incurred at the same level if the medical service did not occur will not be allowable. For those facilities, allowable indirect costs are only those costs that are “directly attributable” to the professional component of providing the medical services and are in compliance with Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy. Costs incurred that “benefit” multiple purpose and would be incurred at the same level if the medical services did not occur are not allowed (e.g., room and board, allocated cost from other related organizations).

The total allowable cost for providing the specific non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care by each Legal Entity is further reduced by any third parties’ payments received for the services provided in the non-NTP or NTP Level of Care to Medicaid beneficiaries.

The Legal Entity specific unit rate for each non-NTP Level of Care, NTP Level of Care, or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is calculated by dividing the Medi-Cal allowable cost for
providing the specific non-NTP or NTP Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care by the total number of Units of Service for the Specific non-NTP or NTP Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care for the applicable State fiscal year.

3. **Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)**

Total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to an Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care are apportioned to the Medi-Cal program based upon units of service. For each Expanded Substance use Disorder Level of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report, the total units of service it provided to all individuals. Units of service are measured in the increments defined in Section C. The total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to a particular Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is divided by the total units of service reported for the same level of care or service to determine the cost per units of service.

For each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report the total units of service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. The cost per unit calculated for each level of care or service is multiplied by the total units of that service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries to apportion costs to the Medi-Cal program.

The total allowable cost for providing the specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care by each Legal Entity is further reduced by any third parties’ payments received for the services provided in the non-NTP or NTP Level of Care to Medicaid beneficiaries.

4. **Cost Report Submission**

Each Legal Entity that receives reimbursement for non-NTP Level of Care, county operated NTP Level of Care, or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is required to file a CMS reviewed cost report by November 1 following the end of each State fiscal year. An extension to submit the cost report may be granted by the State.

5. **Interim Settlement**

The interim settlement will compare interim payments made to each provider
with the total reimbursable costs as determined in the State-developed cost report for the reporting period. Total reimbursable costs are specified under Section B for non-NTP Levels of Care and county operated providers of the NTP Level of Care. If the total reimbursable costs are greater than the total interim payments, the State will pay the provider the difference. If the total interim payments are greater than the total reimbursable costs, the State will recoup the difference and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316.

6. Final Settlement Process

The State will perform financial compliance audits to determine data reported in the provider’s State developed cost report represents the allowable cost of providing non-NTP or NTP Levels of Care in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75; and the statistical data used to determine the unit of service rate reconcile with the State’s record. If the total audited reimbursable cost based on the methodology described under Section B(1) is less than the total interim payment and the interim settlement payments, the State will recoup any overpayments and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316. If the total reimbursable cost is greater than the total interim and interim settlement payments, the State will pay the provider the difference.

E. REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY – REGIONAL COUNTIES

1. For county-operated providers, the reimbursement methodology for non-NTP Levels of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is equal to the allowable costs incurred by the county-operated provider as determined Pursuant to Section F below.

2. For non-county-operated providers, the reimbursement methodology for non-NTP Levels of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is equal to the prevailing charges for the same or similar non-NTP Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care in the county where the provider is located. If prevailing charges are not available, the State will use the best available alternative data, subject to CMS review, that would serve as a reasonable proxy, including the use of trended historical cost data.

3. The reimbursement methodology for the NTP Level of Care provided by non-county operated providers is the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for the same or similar level of care, or
   b. The uniform statewide daily reimbursement rate (USDR) established in Section D.1.b above. The uniform statewide daily reimbursement (USDR)
rates for the daily dosing service, individual counseling and group counseling are calculated by the State on an annual basis. The USDR rates are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx

4. Reimbursement for county-operated providers of the NTP Level of Care is the lowest of:
   a. The provider’s usual and customary charge to the general public for providing the same or similar level of care;
   b. The provider’s allowable costs of providing the level of care as described in Section F above; or
   c. The USDR established in Section D.1.b above. The uniform statewide daily reimbursement (USDR) rates for the daily dosing service, individual counseling and group counseling are calculated by the State on an annual basis. The USDR rates are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx.

5. The reimbursement methodology for county-operated providers for the payment of prescribed unbundled physician administered drugs and biologicals used for the treatment of opioid use disorders and alcohol use disorders will be reimbursed at the provider’s invoice cost or the methodology described in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-B, Page 10.

6. The reimbursement methodology for non-county operated providers for the payment of prescribed unbundled physician administered drugs and biologicals used for the treatment of opioid use disorders and alcohol use disorders will be reimbursed per the methodology described in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-B, Page 10.

F. COST DETERMINATION PROTOCOL FOR EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT LEVELS OF CARE AND EXPANDED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT SERVICES REIMBURSED OUTSIDE A LEVEL OF CARE PROVIDED BY COUNTY LEGAL ENTITIES – REGIONAL COUNTIES

The following steps will be taken to determine the reasonable and allowable Medicaid costs for Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care provided by county-operated providers.

1. Interim Payments

   Interim payments for all Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries are reimbursed at the lower of the billed amount or the SMA, per D.1.a, or USDR, per D.1.b, as applicable for services rendered by a county Legal Entity. The Uniform

TN No: 22-0043
Supersedes
TN No: 21-0058  Approval Date: July 20, 2023  Effective Date: January 1, 2023
Statewide Daily Reimbursement (USDR) rates for the daily dosing service, individual counseling, and group counseling are calculated by the State on an annual basis. The USDR rates are effective as of January 1, 2022 and are published at: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/provgovpart/Pages/DMC-Medi-Cal-Rates.aspx.

2. Cost Determination Protocol – County Legal Entity

The reasonable and allowable cost for a county Legal Entity to provide each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care will be determined in the State-developed Regional County cost report pursuant to the following methodology. The cost pools include Outpatient Treatment Services, Intensive Outpatient Treatment, Narcotic Treatment Programs, Partial Hospitalization, Residential Treatment, Withdrawal Management, Peer Support Services, Care Coordination Services, MAT for OUD, and MAT for AUD. Total allowable costs include direct and indirect costs that are determined in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

Allowable direct costs will be limited to the costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, medical supplies, and other costs, such as professional service contracts, that can be directly charged to provide the specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care. Direct practitioners include individuals who are qualified to provide Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services as defined in Section 13.d.6 of Supplement 3 to Attachment 3.1-A.

In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416, indirect costs may be determined by either applying the cognizant agency specific approved indirect cost rate to its net direct costs, or allocated indirect costs based upon the allocation process in the Legal Entity’s approved cost allocation plan. If the Legal Entity does not have a cost allocation plan, the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report allocates indirect costs to each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of care based upon each level of care’s percentage of direct costs.

For the Residential Treatment level of care, allowable costs are determined in accordance with Medicare cost principles, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75. Allowable direct costs are costs related to direct practitioners, medical equipment, and medical supplies for providing the service. Indirect costs are determined by applying the cognizant
agency approved indirect cost rate to the total direct costs or derived from the provider’s approved cost allocation plan. In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416, when there is not an approved indirect cost rate, the provider may allocate those overhead costs that are directly attributable to the provision of the medical services using a CMS reviewed cost allocation methodology. The CMS-reviewed cost allocation methodology, as implemented in the state-developed cost report, determines indirect costs as the difference between total costs and direct costs. The CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report allocates indirect costs to each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of care based upon each level of care’s percentage of direct costs. As stated in Title 2, CFR § 200.56 “indirect costs means those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective, and not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefitted, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved.” Specifically and in accordance with 2 CFR § 200.416 and 2 CFR part 200, App. VII., ¶ A.1. Specifically indirect costs that are directly attributable to the provision of medical services but would generally be incurred at the same level if the medical service did not occur will not be allowable. For those facilities, allowable costs are only those costs that are “directly attributable” to the professional component of providing the medical services and are in compliance with Medicaid non-institutional reimbursement policy. Costs incurred that “benefit” multiple purposes and would be incurred at the same level if the medical services did not occur are not allowed (e.g., room and board, allocated cost from other related organizations.)

The total allowable cost for providing the specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Levels of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care by each county Legal Entity is further reduced by any third parties payments received for the Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care provided. This netted amount is apportioned to the Medi-Cal program using a basis that must be in compliance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75.

The Legal Entity specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care unit rate is calculated by dividing the Medi-Cal allowable cost for providing the specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Level of Care by the total number of UOS, as defined in Section C, for the specific Expanded Substance use Disorder Treatment Level of Care for the applicable State Fiscal Year.

3. Apportioning Costs to Medicaid (Medi-Cal)

Total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to an Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment
Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care are apportioned to the Medi-Cal program based upon units of service. For each Substance Use Disorder Level of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report, the total units of service it provided to all individuals. Units of service are measured in the increments defined in Section C. The total allowable direct and indirect costs allocated to a particular Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care is divided by the total units of service reported for the same level of care or service to determine the cost per unit.

For each Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Service Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care, the provider reports on the CMS-reviewed State-developed cost report the total units of service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries. The cost per unit calculated for each level of care or service is multiplied by the total units of that service provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries to apportion costs to the Medi-Cal program.

The total allowable cost for providing the specific Expanded Substance Use Disorder Level of Care or Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care by each Legal Entity is further reduced by any third parties’ payments received for the services provided in the non-NTP or NTP Level of Care to Medicaid beneficiaries.

4. Cost Report Submission

Each Regional County is required to file a State-developed, and CMS-reviewed, cost report by November 1 following the close of the State fiscal year.

5. Interim Settlement

The interim settlement will compare interim payments made to each county operated provider with the total reimbursable costs as determined in the Regional County State-developed cost report for the reporting period. Total reimbursable costs for county-operated Legal Entities are specified under Section F.2 for all Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Levels of Care and Expanded Substance Use Disorder Treatment Services Reimbursed Outside a Level of Care.

If the total reimbursable costs are greater than the total interim payments, the State will pay the county operated provider the difference. If the total interim payments are greater than the total reimbursable costs, the State will recoup the difference and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316.
6. **Final Settlement Process**

The State will perform a financial compliance audit to determine if the data reported in the Regional County State-developed cost report represent the allowable cost of providing Expanded Substance Uses Disorder Treatment Levels of Care in accordance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS Pub 15-1), CMS non-institutional reimbursement policies, 45 CFR § 75.302, 42 CFR § 447.202, and 2 CFR part 200 as implemented by HHS at 45 CFR part 75, and the statistical data used to determine the unit of service rate reconciled with State’s records. If the total audited reimbursable cost is less than the total interim payment and the interim settlement payments, the State will recoup any overpayments and return the Federal share to the Federal government in accordance with 42 CFR § 433.316. If the total reimbursable cost is greater than the total interim and interim settlement payments, the State will pay the provider the difference.

**G. REGIONAL COUNTIES**

Humboldt  
Lassen  
Mendocino  
Modoc  
Shasta  
Siskiyou  
Solano

**H. NON REGIONAL COUNTIES**

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REIMBURSEMENT FOR 1905(a)(29) MEDICATION ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR OPIOID USE DISORDERS

1. Payment for a) unbundled and bundled services; and b) bundled services and prescribed drugs and biologicals administered by a provider for the treatment of opioid use disorders are reimbursed per the Drug Medi-Cal Program methodologies described in Attachment 4.19-B, starting on page 38.

2. Payment for unbundled prescribed drugs and biologicals used for the treatment of opioid use disorders are reimbursed per the methodology described in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-B, Pages 1-10 for drugs that are dispensed or administered.

3. For Regional Counties and Non-Regional Counties, payment for unbundled prescribed physician administered drugs and biologicals used for the treatment of opioid use disorders are reimbursed per the methodology described in Attachment 4.19-B, Page 41i, 41j, 41o, and 41p.