CMS regulations state that each Section 1115 demonstration’s Terms and Conditions “will detail any notice and appeal rights for the State for a termination, suspension or withdrawal of waivers or expenditure authorities.” 42 CFR § 431.420(d) (3). While the precise language in each demonstration’s Terms and Conditions varies slightly, these documents set forth only a general outline of the procedure to apply, for example: “CMS will promptly notify the State in writing of the determination and the reasons for the amendment and withdrawal, together with the effective date, and afford the State an opportunity to request a hearing to challenge CMS’ determination prior to the effective date.” This letter agreement sets forth the procedures that CMS commits to applying prior to the effective date of any amendment or withdrawal of a demonstration.

If CMS determines that it will either (1) suspend or terminate a demonstration in whole or in part because the State has materially failed to comply with the terms of the demonstration project, or (2) withdraw waivers or expenditure authorities based on a finding that the demonstration project is not likely to achieve the statutory purposes, see 42 CFR § 431.420(d)(1)–(2), CMS will promptly notify the affected State in writing of its determination and the reasons for the suspension, termination, amendment, or withdrawal. CMS will also provide an effective date for its determination and a schedule for a hearing to challenge CMS’ determination.

In order to ensure that affected states have adequate notice and opportunity to be heard, CMS shall make the effective date for its determination no sooner than 9 months after the date on which CMS transmits its determination to the affected State. The hearing and associated briefing shall adhere to the following schedule:

- Within 15 days of the date of CMS’ determination, the affected State shall provide notice in writing to CMS that it disagrees with CMS’ determination and plans to invoke its right to a hearing as part of a preliminary appeal.
- Within 90 days of the date of CMS’ determination, the affected State shall submit a written brief to CMS outlining the bases for its disagreement.
- Within 90 days of the date the State submits its written brief, CMS shall send a written response to the affected State responding to the major arguments raised by the State.
- Within 60 days of the date that CMS sends its written response, the State shall submit a written rebuttal responding to the major arguments raised by CMS.
- Within 45 days of the date that the State sends its written rebuttal, CMS shall hold a hearing and provide the State with an opportunity to be heard regarding its disagreement with CMS’ determination.
- Following the hearing, CMS shall issue a written decision either modifying or finalizing its initial determination.
The decision resulting from this preliminary appeals process shall be appealable to the Departmental Appeals Board using the procedures at 45 CFR Part 16. See Appendix A to 45 CFR Part 16, C. (b). Monetary damages cannot remedy a breach of this preliminary appeals process. Any breach constitutes irreparable harm and final agency action.

The preliminary appeals process set forth above applies to the following demonstration:

**Alaska SUD & Behavioral Health Program**

Albert E. Wall  
Deputy Commissioner for Medicaid & Health Care Policy  
Alaska Department of Health and Social Services  
State of Alaska  
Date: 1/8/2021

Seema Verma  
Administrator  
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services  
Date: January 4, 2021

RESCINDED