

Medicaid and CHIP MAAC Learning Collaboratives

Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment Trends Snapshot through August 2020



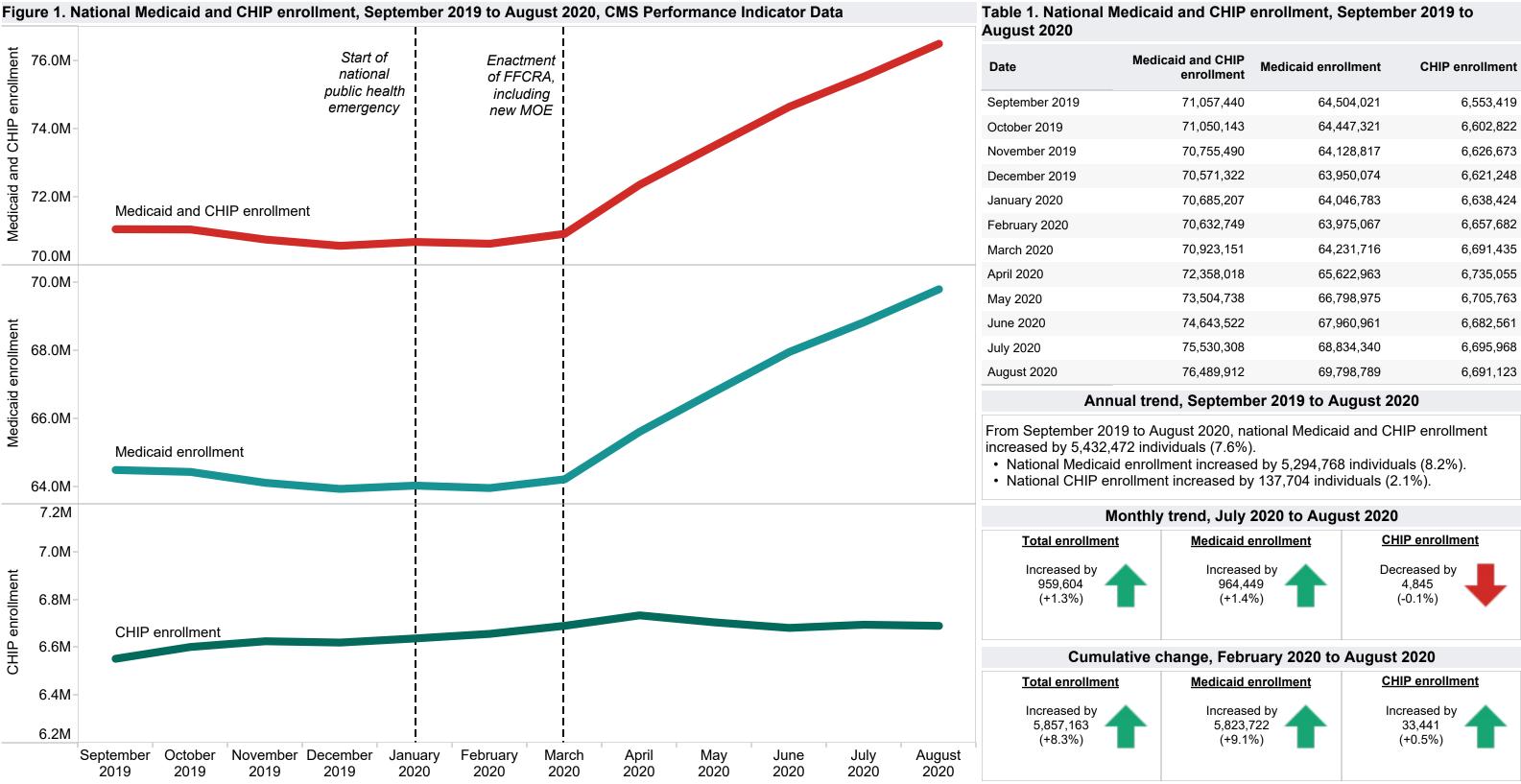
Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services

Background

- This is a Center for Medicaid & CHIP Services (CMCS) Medicaid and CHIP Coverage Learning Collaborative (MAC LC) project that monitors Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) enrollment trends, primarily using the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Performance Indicator Data.
- The MAC LC is a CMCS project that provides a forum for facilitated discussion and learning across CMS and states, with the goal of implementing and improving the programs, tools, and systems needed to ensure high-performing state health insurance programs. The MAC LC has enabled CMS to more effectively identify issues and also monitor and improve program performance.
- This snapshot is a companion to the monthly Medicaid & CHIP August 2020 Application, Eligibility, and Enrollment Data posted on <u>Medicaid.gov</u>.
- The Enrollment Trends project primarily relies on Performance Indicator Data. All states—including the District of Columbia—provide data each month about their Medicaid and CHIP eligibility and enrollment activity. These data reflect a range of indicators related to key application, eligibility, and enrollment processes within the state Medicaid and CHIP agency. The complete data set is available on <u>Data.Medicaid.gov.</u>

Enrollment Snapshot

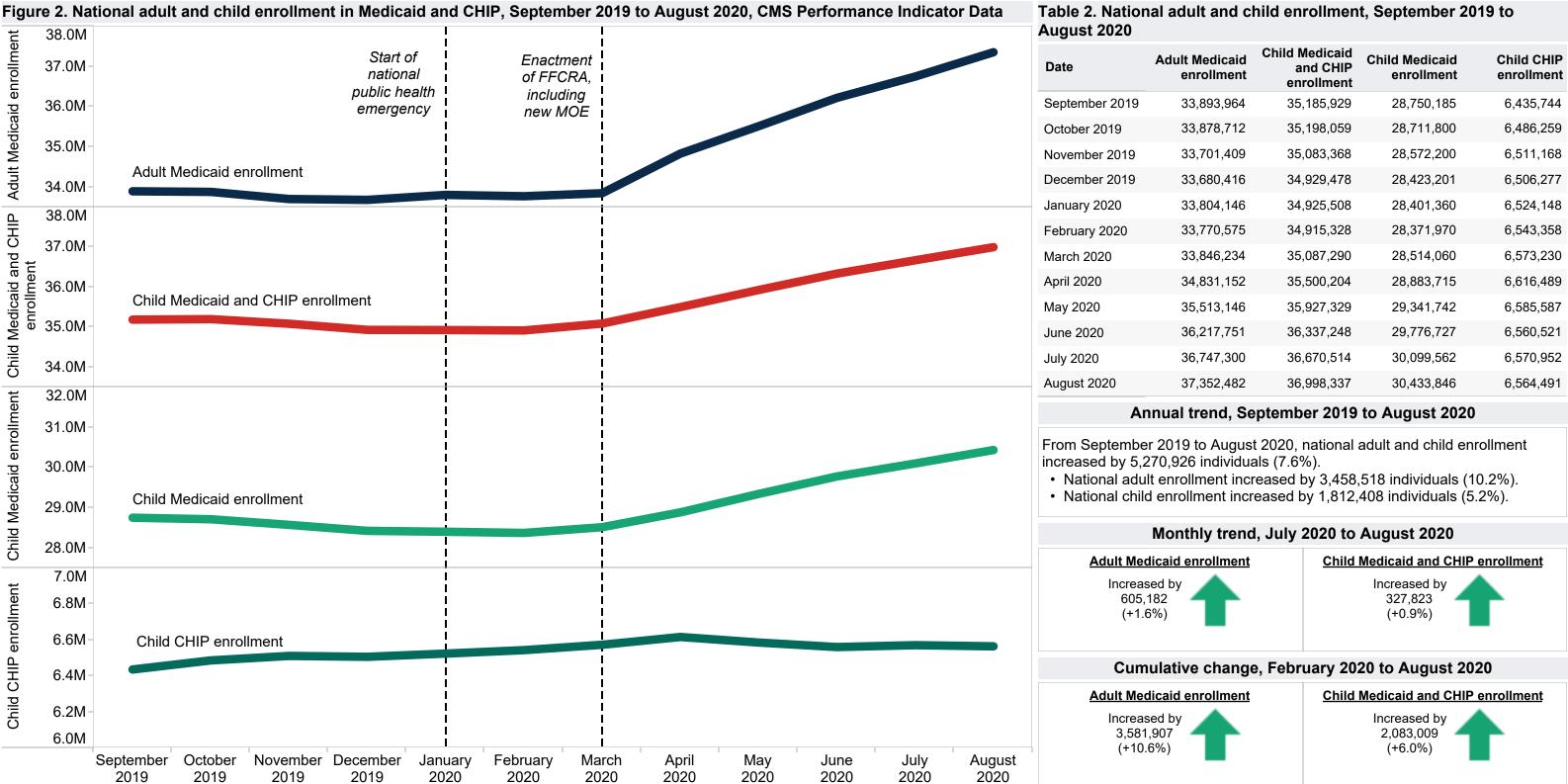
- To be responsive to questions on Medicaid and CHIP enrollment, particularly given the impact of the COVID-19 public health emergency (PHE), this Enrollment Snapshot captures high level information on the most recently submitted month of Performance Indicator Data within the context of the previous 12 months, focusing on:
 - Total Medicaid and CHIP enrollment
 - Medicaid enrollment
 - CHIP enrollment
 - Adult enrollment
 - Child enrollment
 - Medicaid and CHIP applications received
- We are also looking at trends in the number of unemployed people compared to enrollment using state unemployment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.



Source: Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility and Enrollment Performance Indicators as of November 3, 2020.

Note: This analysis includes preliminary enrollment data from 50 states and the District of Columbia. "FFCRA" refers to the Families First Coronavirus Response Act. "MOE" refers to the FFCRA's maintenance of effort requirement, which makes available a temporary 6.2 percentage point increase to each state or territory's federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) during the EMAP increase, states must meet several requirements pertaining to eligibility and maintenance of enrollment.

edicaid and CHIP enrollment	Medicaid enrollment	CHIP enrollment
71,057,440	64,504,021	6,553,419
71,050,143	64,447,321	6,602,822
70,755,490	64,128,817	6,626,673
70,571,322	63,950,074	6,621,248
70,685,207	64,046,783	6,638,424
70,632,749	63,975,067	6,657,682
70,923,151	64,231,716	6,691,435
72,358,018	65,622,963	6,735,055
73,504,738	66,798,975	6,705,763
74,643,522	67,960,961	6,682,561
75,530,308	68,834,340	6,695,968
76,489,912	69,798,789	6,691,123

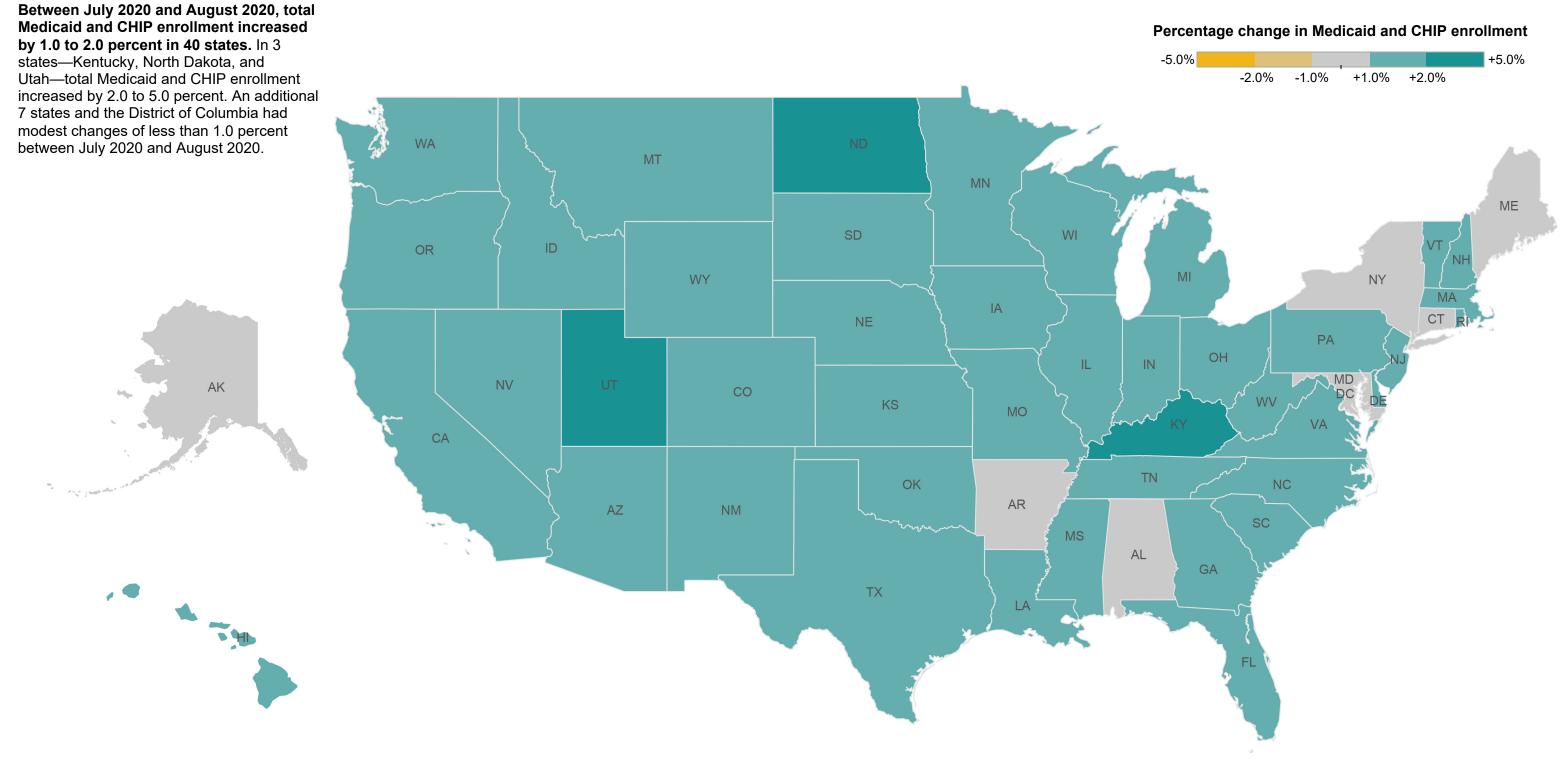


Source: Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility and Enrollment Performance Indicators as of November 3, 2020.

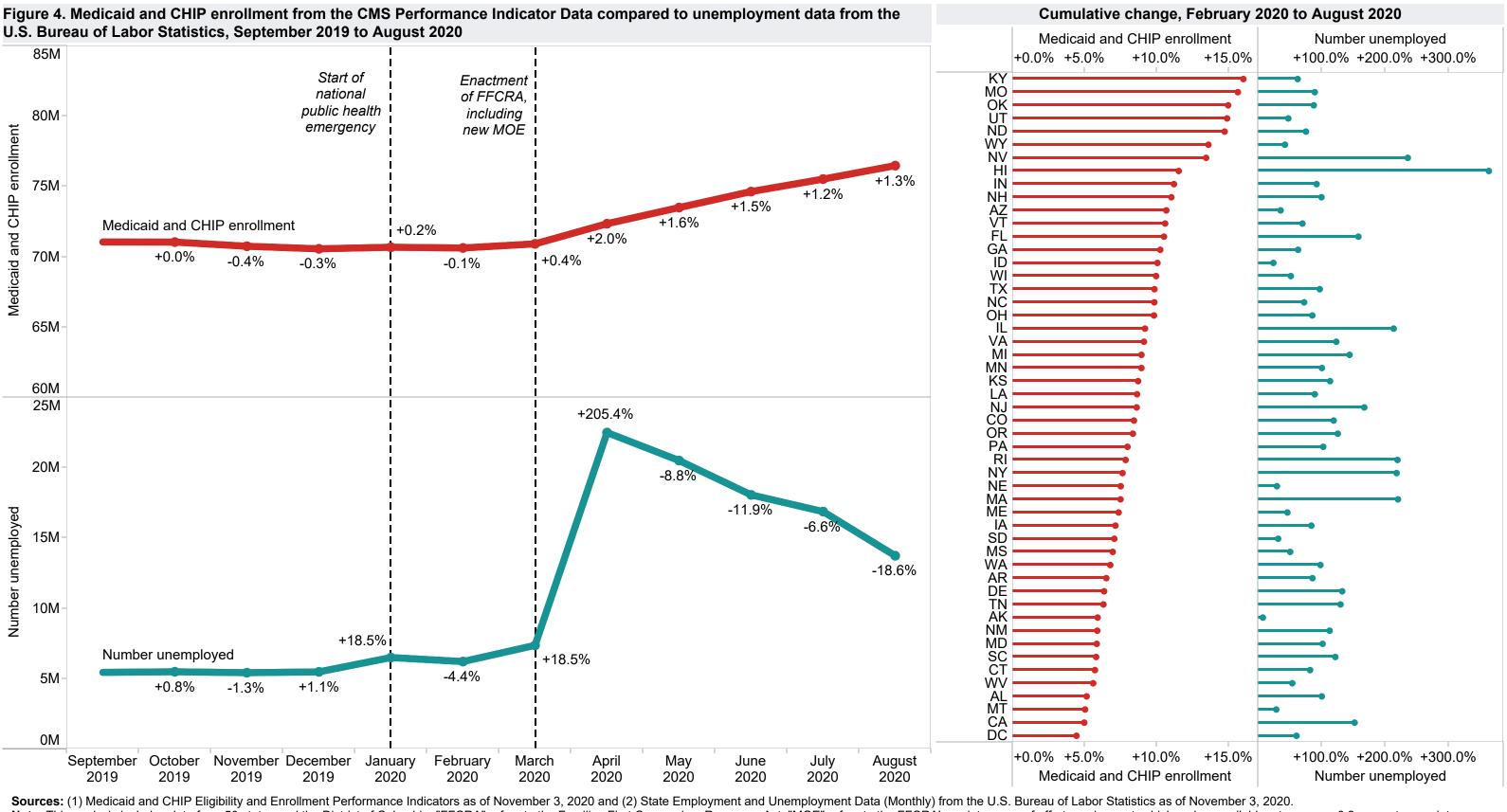
Note: This analysis includes preliminary enrollment data from 49 states. Arizona is excluded because the state did not report the breakouts for adult and child enrollment between September 2019 and August 2020. The District of Columbia began reporting the breakouts for adult and child enrollment in August 2020, but is excluded from this analysis because the breakouts are missing for previous months. "FFCRA" refers to the Families First Coronavirus Response Act. "MOE" refers to the FFCRA's maintenance of effort requirement, which makes available a temporary 6.2 percentage point increase to each state or territory's federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) during the emergency. As a condition of receiving the FMAP increase, states must meet several requirements pertaining to eligibility and maintenance of enrollment.

ult Medicaid enrollment	Child Medicaid and CHIP enrollment	Child Medicaid enrollment	Child CHIP enrollment
33,893,964	35,185,929	28,750,185	6,435,744
33,878,712	35,198,059	28,711,800	6,486,259
33,701,409	35,083,368	28,572,200	6,511,168
33,680,416	34,929,478	28,423,201	6,506,277
33,804,146	34,925,508	28,401,360	6,524,148
33,770,575	34,915,328	28,371,970	6,543,358
33,846,234	35,087,290	28,514,060	6,573,230
34,831,152	35,500,204	28,883,715	6,616,489
35,513,146	35,927,329	29,341,742	6,585,587
36,217,751	36,337,248	29,776,727	6,560,521
36,747,300	36,670,514	30,099,562	6,570,952
37,352,482	36,998,337	30,433,846	6,564,491

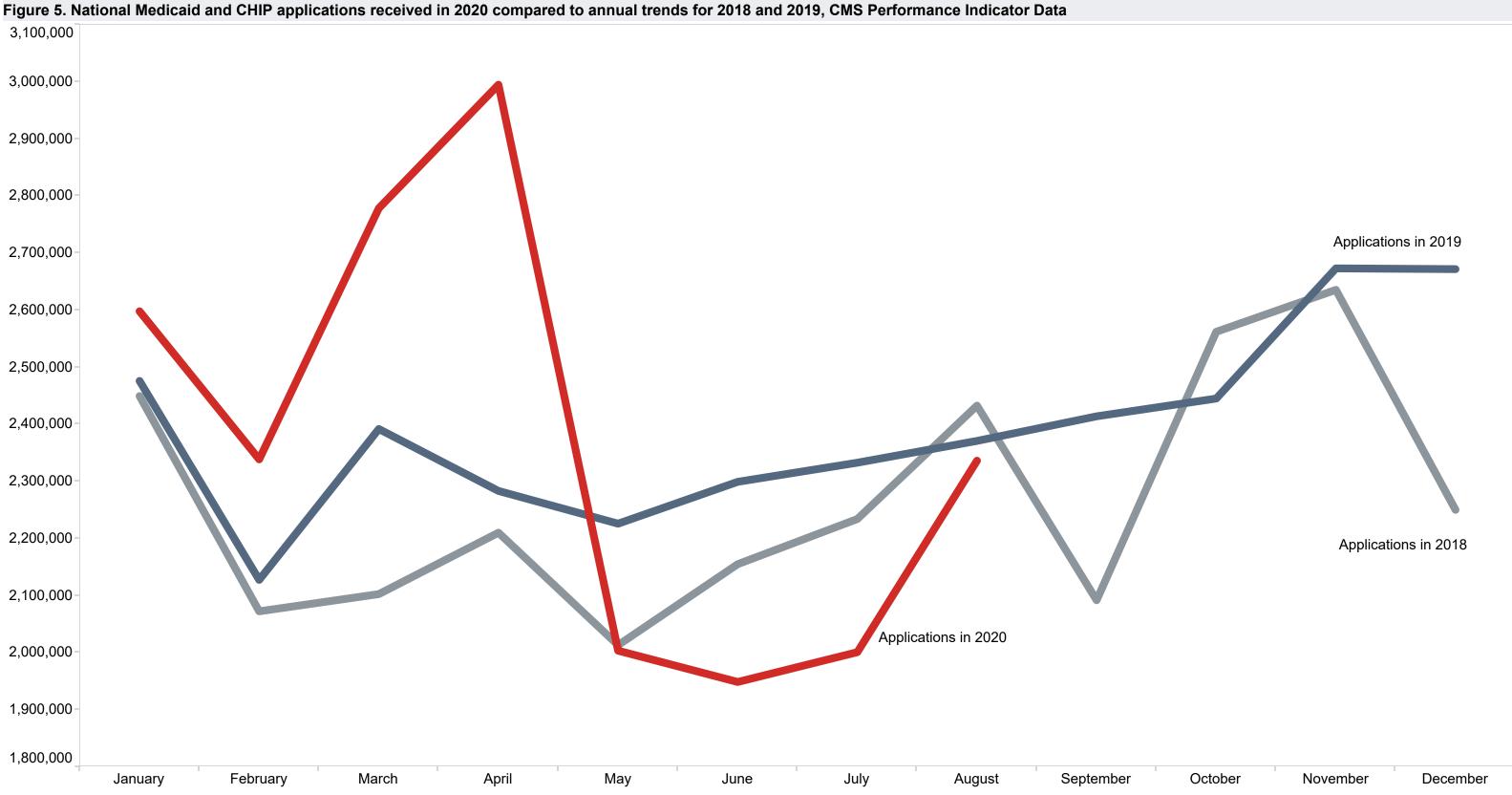
Figure 3. Change in total Medicaid and CHIP enrollment, July 2020 to August 2020, CMS Performance Indicator Data



Source: Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility and Enrollment Performance Indicators as of November 3, 2020. **Note:** This analysis includes preliminary enrollment data from 50 states and the District of Columbia.

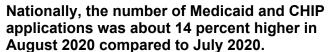


Note: This analysis includes data from 50 states and the District of Columbia. "FFCRA" refers to the Families First Coronavirus Response Act. "MOE" refers to the FFCRA's maintenance of effort requirement, which makes available a temporary 6.2 percentage point increase to each state or territory's federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) during the emergency. As a condition of receiving the FMAP increase, states must meet several requirements pertaining to eligibility and maintenance of enrollment.



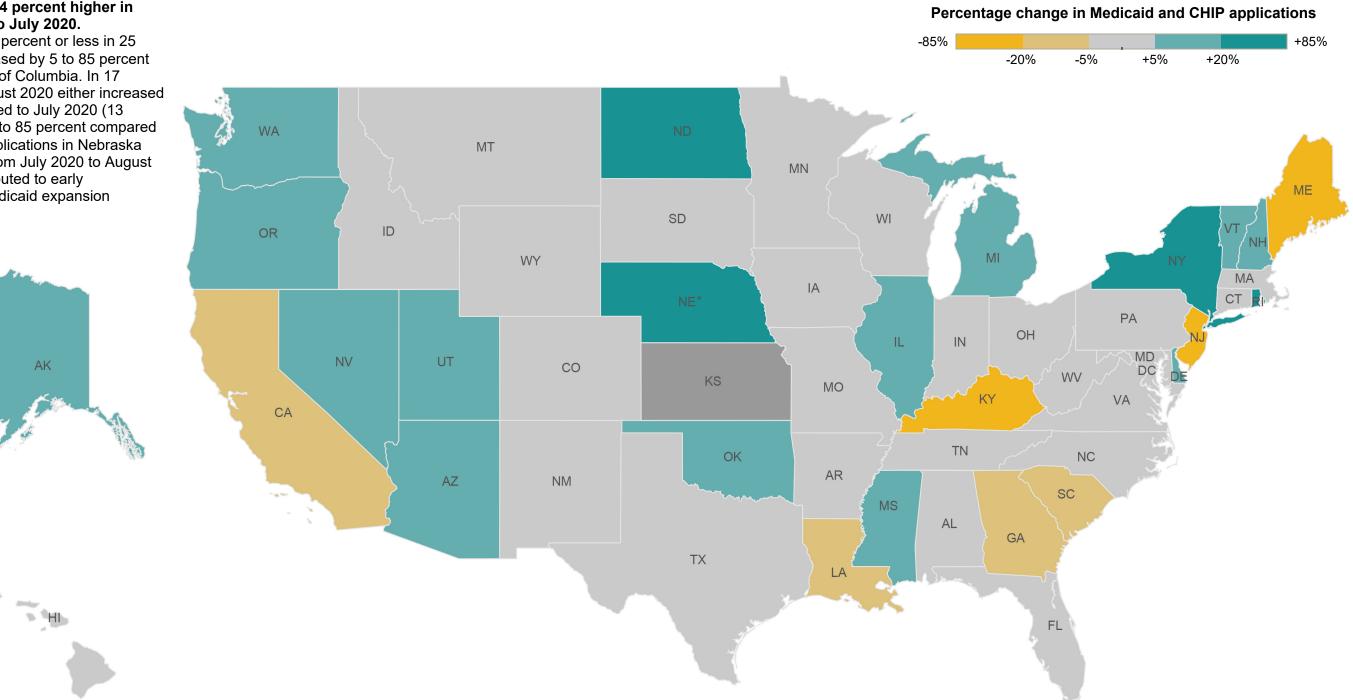
Source: Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility and Enrollment Performance Indicators as of November 3, 2020.

Note: This analysis includes preliminary applications data from 41 states and the District of Columbia. Arkansas, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Kansas, Maine, Rhode Island, and Tennessee did not report applications data for one or more months between January 2018 and August 2020.



Applications changed by 5 percent or less in 25 states. Applications decreased by 5 to 85 percent in 7 states and the District of Columbia. In 17 states, applications in August 2020 either increased by 5 to 20 percent compared to July 2020 (13 states) or increased by 20 to 85 percent compared to July 2020 (4 states). Applications in Nebraska increased by 84 percent from July 2020 to August 2020, which the state attributed to early applications for its new Medicaid expansion program.

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Source: Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility and Enrollment Performance Indicators as of November 3, 2020.

Note: This analysis includes preliminary applications data from 49 states and the District of Columbia. Kansas is excluded because the state did not report applications data for July 2020 and August 2020. * State context: In Nebraska, Medicaid and CHIP applications increased by 84 percent from July 2020 to August 2020. The state attributed this increase to early applications for its new Medicaid expansion program, Heritage Health Adult, for which it began accepting applications on August 1, 2020. Coverage for eligible adults will begin on October 1, 2020.

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