APPENDIX A: IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Milestone 1. Access to Critical Levels of Care for OUD and other SUDs

- 1. Please also see <u>"Available SUD Services" table</u> in "Section IV: Comprehensive Evidence-Based Benefit Design".
- 2. The links to all applicable licensing regulations for the levels of care covered under each milestone criterion are provided at the end of this milestone.
- 3. Information on "Required Services and Support Systems" and "Recommended Services and Support Systems" discussed in this milestone is derived from Pennsylvania Client Placement Criteria (PCPC), the link to which is provided at the end of this milestone.
- 4. Specific staffing requirements for each level of care also come from PCPC.

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
Coverage of	Covered by the state plan (see " <i>Clinic</i>	Pennsylvania	None needed.
outpatient	Services" – "Drug and Alcohol and	has completed	Service already
services	Methadone Maintenance Clinic Services" on	the cross walk	provided.
	Attachment 3.1A/3.1B, Page 4b of the state	of the ASAM	
	plan).	criteria with our	
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28	current system	
	§ 704, 705, 709, 711.	of care,	
	g 704, 703, 703, 711.	including types	
	Required Services and Support Systems	of service,	
	include:	hours of clinical	
	Biopsychosocial Assessment	care and	
	Specialized professional medical	credentials of	
	consultation, and tests such as a physical	staff. Additiona	
	examination, psychiatric evaluation, HIV	lly, to assist the	
	and TB testing, and other laboratory work,	field in	
	as needed	correctly	
	Individualized treatment planning, with	applying	
	reviews at least every 60 days	ASAM, DDAP	
		has developed	

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	• Psychotherapy, including individual, group,	an application	
	and family (per clinical evaluation)	guidance for	
	Aftercare planning and follow-up	PA's current	
	Transportation to treatment services,	substance use	
		system. While	
	Recommended Services and Support Systems	PA will begin to	
	include the following:	utilize The	
	Occupational and vocational counseling	ASAM	
	(non-Medicaid funds)	Criteria's for	
	Case management [under 1915(b) in-lieu	admission	
	of authority]	determination	
	Social services that allow the staff to assist	of level of care	
	with attendance monitoring, child care, and	on July 1,	
	the provision of shelter and other basic	2018, other	
	needs (non-Medicaid funds)	details of	
	Structured positive social activities	aligning PA's	
	available within non-program hours,	SUD system of	
	including evenings and weekends (non-	care (services,	
	Medicaid funds)	hours of	
	Access to more intensive LOC as clinically	service, staff	
	indicated (Medicaid and non-Medicaid)	credentials,	
	 Collaboration between the treatment team 	etc.) with the	
	and various agencies for the coordinated	ASAM Criteria	
	provision of services (non-Medicaid)	will be an	
		ongoing	
	Required Staff: The required Staff at an	process	
	outpatient care facility include a director and	beyond July	
	counselor(s), and a clinical supervisor for every	2018 and is	
	eight full-time counselors or counselor	expected to be	
	assistants, or both. The State of PA recognizes	completed	
	that, based on the agency size and profile, a	within 24	
	single person may hold one or more of the	months of the	
	above positions. Additional staff may include a		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	clinical supervisor or lead counselor, social	demonstration	
	services counselor, a psychiatrist, a	approval.	
	psychologist, a medical consultant, and any		
	other health and human services staff or		
	consultants (i.e. SUD counselors or other		
	certified SUD clinicians) who may more		
	effectively serve the facility's population.		
Coverage of	Covered by the state plan (see "Clinic	Already	None needed.
intensive	Services" – "Drug and Alcohol and	provided	Service already
outpatient	Methadone Maintenance Clinic Services" on		provided
services	Attachment 3.1A/3.1B, Page 4b of the state		
	plan).		
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28		
	§ 704, 705, 709, 711.		
	Required Services and Support Systems		
	include:		
	Biopsychosocial Assessment		
	Specialized professional medical		
	consultation, and tests such as a physical		
	examination, psychiatric evaluation, HIV		
	and TB testing, and other laboratory work,		
	as needed		
	Individualized treatment planning, with		
	reviews at least every 60 days		
	(recommended: every 30 days)		
	• Psychotherapy, including individual, group,		
	and family (per clinical evaluation)		
	Aftercare planning and follow-up		
	Development of discharge plan and plan		
	for referral into continuum of care		
	Transportation to treatment services		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	Recommended Services and Support Systems		
	include:		
	Psychoeducational seminars (non-		
	Medicaid)		
	Structured positive social activities		
	available within non-program hours,		
	including evenings and weekends (non-		
	Medicaid)		
	Access to more intensive LOC, as clinically		
	indicated(Medicaid and non-Medicaid)		
	Emergency telephone line available when		
	program is not in session (non-Medicaid)		
	Collaboration between the treatment team		
	and various agencies for the coordinated		
	provision of services (non-		
	Medicaid)Occupational and vocational		
	counseling (non-Medicaid)		
	Case management (under in-lieu-of		
	authority), and social services that allow		
	the staff to assist with attendance		
	monitoring, child care, and the provision of		
	stable shelter and other basic care needs		
	(non-Medicaid).		
	<u>Required Staff:</u> The required Staff at an		
	intensive outpatient care facility include a		
	director and counselor(s), and a clinical		
	supervisor for every eight full-time counselors		
	or counselor assistants, or both. The State of		
	PA recognizes that, based on the agency size		
	and profile, a single person may hold one or		
	more of the above positions. Additional staff		
	may include a clinical supervisor or lead		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	counselor, social services counselor, a		
	psychiatrist, a psychologist, a medical		
	consultant, and any other health and human		
	services staff or consultants (i.e. SUD		
	counselors or other certified SUD clinicians)		
	who may more effectively serve the facility's		
	population.		
Coverage of	Counseling and methadone maintenance	Already	None needed.
medication	covered by the state plan under " <i>Clinic</i>	provided	Service already
assisted	Services" – "Drug and Alcohol and		provided
treatment	Methadone Maintenance Clinic Services" on		
(medications as	Attachment 3.1A/3.1B, Page 4b of the state		
well as	plan.		
counseling and	Methadone maintenance clinics are licensed by		
other services	DDAP under Pennsylvania regulations, Title 28		
with sufficient	§ 715, Standards for Approval of Narcotic		
provider	Treatment Program, which includes		
capacity to meet	requirements for medication management and		
needs of	counseling. This chapter is available at:		
Medicaid	https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chap		
beneficiaries in	ter715/chap715toc.html		
the state)			
	Other medications (buprenorphine, vivitrol)		
	covered under " Prescribed Drugs " - see		
	Attachment 3.1A/3.1B, Page 5a of the state		
	plan.		
	Please also see Medication Assisted		
	Treatment in Section IV: Comprehensive		
	Evidence-Based Benefit Design" of this		
	application as well as the Medicaid formulary		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	available at		
	https://papdl.com/sites/default/files/ghs-		
	files/Penn%20PDL%2007252017%20v2017_1		
	g.pdf (see Opiate Dependence Treatments		
	on page 35 of this Formulary list)		
Coverage of	Medically Managed Inpatient Residential -	Already	None needed.
intensive levels	(corresponding to ASAM Level 4) covered by	provided	Service already
of care in	the state plan under "Inpatient Services" -		provided
residential and	see Attachment 3.1A/3.1B, Page 1b of the		
inpatient	state plan.		
settings	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28		
	§ 704, 710.		
	Required Services and Support Systems		
	include:		
	 24-hour observation, monitoring, and treatment 		
	Full resources of an acute care general		
	or psychiatric hospital, or a medically		
	managed intensive inpatient treatment		
	service		
	Treatment for SUD and for coexisting		
	medical and/or psychiatric disorders		
	Access to detoxification or other more		
	intensive medical/psychiatric services		
	for related emotional/behavioral		
	problems or family conditions which		
	could jeopardize recovery		
	Assistance in accessing support		
	services		
	Emergency medical services available		
	 Referral to detox, if clinically necessary 		

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions
			Needed
	 Specialized professional/medical consultation, and testing such as HIV and TB tests, and other laboratory work if needed Biopsychosocial Assessment Individualized treatment planning, with review at least every 30 days (where treatment is less than 30 days, the review shall occur every 15 days) Individual therapy Group therapy (group size: no larger than 12) Couples therapy and/or family therapy (if appropriate) Occupational and vocational counseling Monitoring of medication, as needed Physical exam Development of discharge plan and plan for referral into continuum of care 		
	Required Staff: The required Staff in a Medically Managed Inpatient Residential facility are appointed according to the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospital Organization's (JCAHO's) standard hospital practices. In addition, they must comply with DDAP staffing requirements. Additional staff may include SUD counselors or registered, certified SUD clinicians able to administer planned interventions according to the assessed needs of the individual.		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	Other SUD residential services listed below		
	are currently provided under the 1915(b) "in-		
	lieu" of authority for all ages, including children,		
	in non-IMD settings (16 or less beds), and for		
	permissible ages (under 21, and 65 and above		
	years of age) in IMD settings.		
	Halfway House (corresponding to ASAM	Already	None needed,
	Level 3.1).	provided	service already
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28	/available	provided/
	§ 704, 705, 709.	(Expenditure	available
		authority	(Expenditure
	Required Services and Support Systems	requested	authority
	include:	under this 1115	requested
	Physical exam	Demonstration	under this 1115
	Regularly scheduled psychotherapy		Demonstration)
	Biopsychosocial Assessment		
	Specialized professional/medical		
	consultation, and tests such as a		
	psychiatric evaluation, HIV and TB		
	testing, and other laboratory work, as		
	needed		
	Individualized treatment planning, with		
	reviews at least every 30 days		
	Development of a discharge plan and a		
	plan for referral into continuum of care		
	Access to services for: vocational		
	assessment, job readiness and job		
	placement, GED preparation and		
	testing, literacy and basic education		
	tutoring, legal, medical and dental		
	care, general health education (esp.		
	AIDS awareness and support),		
	budgeting, credit restoration, housing		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions Needed
	assistance, income support, and		
	recreational/social activities (e.g.		
	fitness, games, peer interaction).		
	Recommended Services and Support		
	Systems include (these services need to		
	be provided in order for a halfway house		
	to receive state/grant funds):		
	Peer group meetings (non-Medicaid)		
	• Family therapy, if indicated by the		
	individual's treatment plan (under in-		
	lieu-of authority)		
	Educational or instructional groups		
	(non-Medicaid)		
	Required Staff: The Required Staff in a		
	halfway house include a director and		
	counselor(s), and a clinical supervisor for every		
	eight full-time counselors or counselor		
	assistants, or both. The State of PA recognizes		
	that, based on the agency size and profile, a		
	single person may hold one or more of the		
	above positions. Additional staff may include a		
	clinical supervisor or lead counselor, social		
	services counselor, a psychiatrist, a		
	psychologist, a medical consultant, and any		
	other health and human services staff or		
	consultants (i.e. SUD counselors or other		
	certified SUD clinicians) who may more		
	effectively serve the facility's population.		

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions Needed
	 Medically Monitored Short Term Residential (corresponding to ASAM Level 3.5 or 3.7) Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28 § 704, 705, 709, 710, 711. Note: While there are some population specific programs that would meet ASAM level 3.3, they are not widely available in the state at this time. Required Services and Support Systems include: 24-hour observation, monitoring, and treatment Emergency medical services available Referral to detoxification, if clinically needed Specialized professional/medical consultation, and tests such as HIV and TB testing, and other laboratory work, as needed Biopsychosocial Assessment Individualized treatment planning, with reviews at least every 30 days (where treatment is less than 30 days, review shall occur every 15 days) Individual therapy Group therapy (group size: no more than 12 members) Couples therapy (if appropriate) Family therapy (if appropriate) Access to occupational and vocational counseling Monitoring of medication, if necessary 	Already provided/availa ble (Expenditure authority requested under this 1115 Demonstration)	None needed, service already provided/availa ble (Expenditure authority requested under this 1115 Demonstration)

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	Physical exam		
	Development of discharge plan and		
	plan for referral into continuum of care		
	Access to services for: vocational		
	assessment, job readiness and job		
	placement, GED preparation and		
	testing, literacy and basic education		
	tutoring, legal, medical and dental		
	care, general health education (esp.		
	AIDS awareness and support),		
	budgeting, credit restoration, housing		
	assistance, income support, and		
	recreational/social activities (e.g.		
	fitness, games, peer interaction)		
	Recommended Services and Support		
	Systems include:		
	Case management (under in-lieu of		
	authority),		
	Social services that allow the staff to		
	assist with attendance monitoring, child		
	care, transportation to treatment		
	services, and the provision of stable		
	shelter and other basic care needs		
	(non-Medicaid)		
	Availability of conjoint treatment		
	(Medicaid or in-lieu of)		
	Collaboration between the treatment		
	team and various agencies for the		
	coordinated provision of services (non-		
	Medicaid).		
	Required Staff: The required Staff in Medically		
	Monitored Short Term Residential treatment		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	include a director and counselor(s), and a		
	clinical supervisor for every eight full-time		
	counselors or counselor assistants, or both.		
	The State of PA recognizes that, based on the		
	agency size and profile, a single person may		
	hold one or more of the above positions.		
	Additional staff may include a clinical		
	supervisor or lead counselor, social services		
	counselor, a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a		
	medical consultant, and any other health and		
	human services staff or consultants (i.e. SUD		
	counselors or other certified SUD clinicians)		
	who may more effectively serve the facility's		
	population.		
	Medically Monitored Long Term	Already	None needed,
	Residential (corresponding to ASAM Level	provided/availa	service already
	3.5)	ble	provided/availa
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28	(Expenditure	ble
	§ 704, 705, 709, 711.	authority	(Expenditure
	Required Services and Support Systems include:	requested under this 1115	authority requested
	Regular, scheduled psychotherapy	Demonstration)	under this 1115
	Biopsychosocial Assessment		Demonstration)
	Specialized professional/medical		
	consultation, and testing such as a		
	psychiatric evaluation, HIV and TB		
	tests, and other laboratory work, as		
	needed		
	Individualized treatment planning, with		
	reviews at least every 30 days		
	Access to services for: vocational		
	assessment, job readiness and job		
	placement, GED preparation and		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	testing, literacy and basic education		
	tutoring, medical and dental care,		
	general health education (especially		
	AIDS awareness and support),		
	budgeting, credit restoration, housing		
	assistance, income support, and		
	recreational and social activities (e.g.		
	fitness, games, peer interaction)		
	Monitoring of medication, as needed		
	• 24-hour observation, monitoring, and		
	treatment		
	Emergency medical services available		
	Referral to detoxification, if clinically		
	necessary		
	Individual therapy		
	Couples therapy (if appropriate)		
	• Family therapy (if appropriate)		
	Physical exam (within 48 hours		
	expected, but no later than 7 days)		
	Development of discharge plan and		
	plan for referral into continuum of care		
	Recommended Services and Support		
	Systems include:		
	 Peer groups (non-Medicaid) 		
	Educational/instructional groups (non-		
	Medicaid)		
	Required Staff: The required Staff in Medically		
	Monitored Long Term Residential treatment		
	include a director and counselor(s), and a		
	clinical supervisor for every eight full-time		
	counselors or counselor assistants, or both.		
	The State of PA recognizes that, based on the		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	agency size and profile, a single person may		
	hold one or more of the above positions.		
	Additional staff may include a clinical		
	supervisor or lead counselor, social services		
	counselor, a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a		
	medical consultant, and any other health and		
	human services staff or consultants (i.e. SUD		
	counselors or other certified SUD clinicians)		
	who may more effectively serve the facility's		
	population.		
Coverage of	This is provided in Medically Managed	Already	None needed.
medically	Inpatient Detoxification (corresponding to	provided	Service already
supervised	ASAM Level 4 WM) covered by the state plan		provided
withdrawal	under "Inpatient Services" - see Attachment		
management	3.1A/3.1B, Page 1b of the state plan.		
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28		
	§ 704, 710. Required Services and Support		
	Systems include:		
	Assessment and treatment of adults		
	with SUDs or addicted individuals with		
	concomitant acute biomedical and/or		
	emotional/behavioral disorders.		
	Clinicians in this setting must be		
	knowledgeable about the		
	biopsychosocial dimensions of SUDs,		
	biomedical problems, and		
	emotional/behavioral disorders.		
	 24-hour physician availability 		
	 24-hour primary nursing care and 		
	observation		
	 Professional therapeutic services 		
	Referral agreements among different		
	LOC		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions Needed
	 Biopsychosocial Assessment Monitoring of medication, as needed Health care education services Services for families and significant others Medication administered in accordance 		
	 with the substance-specific withdrawal syndrome(s), other biomedical or psychiatric conditions, and recognized detoxification procedures Comprehensive nursing exam upon admission 		
	 Physician-approved admission Physician who is responsible for a comprehensive history (including drug and alcohol) and a physical examination within 24 hours following admission 		
	 Specific assessments performed on an individualized basis, with consideration of risk guiding the evaluation (because this population frequently suffers from communicable, infectious, or transmittable diseases). Furthermore, 		
	the facility must have appropriate policies and procedures for identification, treatment, and referral of individuals found to have such illnesses, in order to protect other individuals and staff from acquiring		
	these diseases. <u>Required Staff:</u> The required Staff in a Medically Managed Inpatient Detox facility is		

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	chosen according to the Joint Commission on		
	the Accreditation of Hospital Organization's		
	(JCAHO's) standard hospital practices. In		
	addition, they must comply with DDAP staffing		
	requirements. Additional staff may include		
	trained clinicians, SUD counselors, or		
	registered, certified SUD clinicians able to		
	administer planned interventions according to		
	the assessed SUD needs of the individual.		
	This service is also provided in Medically	Alvest	None needed.
	Monitored Inpatient Detoxification	Already	Service already
	(corresponding to ASAM Level 3.7 WM) –	provided/availa	provided/availa
	provided under the 1915(b) "in-lieu" of authority	ble	ble
	for all ages in non-IMD settings, and for	(Expenditure	(Expenditure
	permissible ages (under 21, and 65 and above	authority	authority
	years of age) in IMD settings as discussed	requested	requested
	below:	under this 1115 Demonstration)	under this 1115
	Applicable licensing regulations: Title 28	Demonstration	Demonstration)
	§ 704, 705, 709, 711.		
	Required Services and Support Systems		
	include:		
	• 24-hour observation, monitoring, and		
	treatment		
	Emergency medical services available		
	Referral to medically managed detox, if		
	clinically appropriate		
	Specialized professional/medical		
	consultation, and tests such as HIV		
	and TB testing, and other laboratory		
	work, as needed		
	Biopsychosocial Assessment		
			<u> </u>

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
	Monitoring of medication, as needed		
	• Development of discharge plan, and		
	plan for referral into continuum of care		
	Medications ordered by a licensed		
	physician and administered in		
	accordance with the substance-specific		
	withdrawal syndrome(s), other		
	biomedical or psychiatric conditions,		
	and recognized detoxification		
	procedures		
	Physical examination by a physician		
	within 24 hours following admission, or		
	a physical examination which was		
	conducted within 7 days prior to		
	admission, and was evaluated by the		
	facility physician within 24 hours		
	following admission		
	Specific assessments performed on an		
	individualized basis, with consideration		
	of risk guiding the evaluation (because		
	population frequently suffers from		
	communicable, infectious, or		
	transmittable diseases). Furthermore,		
	the facility must have appropriate		
	policies and procedures for		
	identification, treatment, and referral of		
	individuals found to have such		
	illnesses, in order to protect other		
	individuals and staff from acquiring		
	these diseases.		
	Access to services for: vocational		
	assessment, job readiness and job		
	placement, GED preparation and		

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions
ontona			Needed
	testing, literacy and basic education		
	tutoring, legal, medical and dental		
	care, general health education (esp.		
	AIDS awareness and support),		
	budgeting, credit restoration, housing		
	assistance, income support, and		
	recreational/social activities (e.g.		
	fitness, games, peer interaction)		
	Recommended Services and Support Systems include:		
	24-hour physician available by		
	telephone (non-Medicaid)		
	Alcohol- or drug-focused nursing		
	assessment by a registered nurse		
	upon admission (in-lieu-of)		
	Professional counseling services		
	available 12 hours a day, provided by		
	appropriately qualified staff (in-lieu-of)		
	 Health education services (non- 		
	Medicaid)		
	,		
	 Clinical program activities designed to enhance the individual's understanding 		
	of his/her SUD (in-lieu-of)		
	Family/significant other services, as		
	appropriate (non-Medicaid).		
	Required Staff: The required Staff at a		
	medically monitored inpatient detox facility		
	include a director and counselor(s), and a		
	clinical supervisor for every eight full-time		
	counselors or counselor assistants, or both.		
	The State of PA recognizes that, based on the		
	agency size and profile, a single person may		
	hold one or more of the above positions.		

	Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
	Criteria			Actions
				Needed
		Additional staff may include a clinical		
		supervisor or lead counselor, social services		
		counselor, a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a		
		medical consultant, and any other health and		
		human services staff or consultants (i.e. SUD		
		counselors or other certified SUD clinicians)		
		who may more effectively serve the facility's		
		population.		
	https://www.pag	code.com/secure/data/028/chapter709/chap709toc	<u>c.html</u>	
	https://www.pa	- Drug and Alcohol Services (Inpatient Hospital): code.com/secure/data/028/chapter710/chap710toc	<u>o.html</u>	ant of a line life
	https://www.page Title 28 § 711 -		<u>c.html</u> vities Which Are P	
	https://www.par Title 28 § 711 - Care Facility: J Title 28 § 715 -	code.com/secure/data/028/chapter710/chap710toc – Standards for Certification of Treatment Activ https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7 – Standards for Approval of Narcotic Treatment	<u>c.html</u> rities Which Are P 7 <u>11/chap711toc.htr</u> t Programs:	
•	https://www.par Title 28 § 711 - Care Facility: J Title 28 § 715 -	code.com/secure/data/028/chapter710/chap710tod - Standards for Certification of Treatment Activ https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7	<u>c.html</u> rities Which Are P 7 <u>11/chap711toc.htr</u> t Programs:	

Milestone 2: Use of Evidence-based, SUD-specific Patient Placement Criteria

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions
			Needed
Implementation of requirement that providers assess treatment needs based on SUD- specific, multi- dimensional	Pennsylvania currently uses PCPC ¹ , which is a set of guidelines designed to provide clinicians with a basis for determining the most appropriate care for individuals with SUDs. PCPC uses a multidimensional (six dimensions – Acute Intoxication and	The state is replacing PCPC with ASAM effective July 1 st , 2018. DDAP has	Here's a timeline/summary of the actions that have already been taken/or remain to be taken in order to transition to ASAM by July 1 st , 2018:
assessment tools that reflect evidence-based clinical treatment guidelines	Withdrawal; Biomedical Conditions and Complications; Emotional/Behavioral Conditions and Complications; Treatment Acceptance/Resistance; Relapse Potential; Recovery Environment) approach in interpreting the information gathered through assessment.	published on their website all information and timelines pertaining to transition to ASAM. Behavioral Managed Care contracts effective July 1, 2018 will contain language affirming this requirement.	February/March 2017: Pennsylvania made the decision to transition from PCPC to The ASAM Criteria and stakeholders were notified. April – present: Initiated an FAQ for the field regarding transition updates and concerns. Posted to DDAP's website. April – May 2017: Conducted a training survey to the field to determine impact and training need for the state. April – May 2017:

¹ "Pennsylvania's Client Placement Criteria," Third Edition (2014). Available at:

http://www.ddap.pa.gov/Manuals/PA%20Client%20Placement%20Criteria%20(PCPC)%20Edition%203%20Manual.pdf

discontinuation of the
PCPC training.
May 2017: Summarized
survey data for training
considerations and
planning purposes.
May 2017: Convened the
ASAM Transition
Workgroup with various
subcommittees to
explore the implications
of the transition.
June 2017: PA's ASAM
Transition Workgroup
participated in a 2-day,
in-person ASAM training
with <i>The Change</i>
Company.
August – Present:
Ongoing internal reviews
of Pennsylvania Web
Infrastructure for
Treatment Services (PA
WITS) screening and
assessment tools,
licensing regulations,
contractual language
(DDAP's Treatment
Manual) to determine any
conflicts or areas of
concern to address as a
department or with the
ASAM Transition
Workgroup.
Current: OMHSAS, in
collaboration with DDAP
is exploring options to

			support providers in the
			transition to the use of
			ASAM. This includes
			reviewing funding
			sources that may be
			utilized to support the
			training costs,
			recommending to
			providers that they
			identify the key staff that
			need to be trained, and
			collaborating regionally to
			schedule trainings for
			cost effectiveness.
			May 2018: Guidance for
			application of ASAM in
			PA released.
			July 1, 2018: Target date
			for transition to ASAM.
Implementation of	HealthChoices Managed Care	Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania will
a utilization	contracts have access standards for	will continue	continue to contractually
management	services in all of the MCO	to	enforce the current
approach such that	agreements. These access	contractually	access standards. No
(a) beneficiaries	standards will apply to 1115	enforce	other action needed.
have access to	Demonstration Waiver services as	current	
SUD services at	well:	access	
the appropriate	The provider petwork must provide	standards.	
level of care	The provider network must provide face-to-face treatment intervention		
	within one hour for emergencies,		
	-		
	within twenty-four (24) hours for		
	urgent situations, and within seven (7) days for routine appointments		
	(7) days for routine appointments		
	and for specialty referrals.		

Implementation of a utilization management approach such that (b) interventions are appropriate for the diagnosis and level of care	Please also see "Utilization Management" under Section X: Benefit Management. Pennsylvania statute, Act 152 of 1988 requires the utilization of placement criteria approved by DDAP to address the type, level, and length of stay in treatment for individuals SUD. HealthChoices contracts and DDAP Treatment Manual require that assessment be done within 7 days, and mandates the use of PCPC to determine the level of care. Please also see "Utilization Management" under Section X: Benefit Management.	Pennsylvania will be replacing PCPC with ASAM effective July 1 st , 2018. Beginning July of 2018, Pennsylvania will replace PCPC with ASAM as the tool to determine the level of care and interventions needed.	Please see the actions outlined in the beginning of this table.
Implementation of	The BH-MCO is required to	Will continue	No action needed
a utilization	coordinate service planning and de-	to follow the	
management approach such that	livery with human services agencies. The BH-MCO is required to have a	current processes.	
(c) there is an	letter of agreement with the county	P1000030005.	
independent	Drug & Alcohol agency that include		
process for	procedures for coordination with the		
reviewing	SCA for placement and payment for		
placement in	care provided to members in		
residential	residential treatment facilities		
treatment settings	outside the HC zone.		

Managed Care contracts require	
prior approval for residential	
services, independently reviewed by	
a clinician and medical director.	
Please also see "Utilization	
Management" under Section X:	
Benefit Management.	

Milestone 3: Use of Nationally Recognized SUD-specific Program Standards to Set Provider Qualifications for Residential Treatment Facilities

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions
Criteria			Needed
Implementation	Pennsylvania regulations, Title 28 § 704 available	Will provide	Pennsylvania has
of residential	at	residential	completed the cross
treatment	https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7	services to	walk of the ASAM
provider	04/chap704toc.html outlines the staffing	comply with	criteria with our current
qualifications	requirements and qualifications of various staff	ASAM criteria.	system of care,
in licensure	positions for drug and alcohol treatment activities.		including types of
requirements,			service, hours of
policy	Required full-time equivalents (FTE) for Medically		clinical care and
manuals,	Monitored Residential settings is one FTE		credentials of
managed care	counselor for every eight clients.		staff. Additionally, to
contracts, or			assist the field in
other	Pennsylvania regulations, Title 28 § 709 –		correctly applying
guidance.	Subchapter E: Standards for Inpatient Nonhospital		ASAM, DDAP has
Qualification	Activities – Residential Treatment and		developed an
should meet	Rehabilitation outlines the standards for licensure		application guidance
program	of all Medically Monitored Residential Treatment		for PA's current
standards in	settings (comparable to ASAM levels 3.1 through		substance use
the ASAM	3.7). Available at:		system. While PA will
Criteria or	https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7		begin to utilize The
other	09/subchapEtoc.html		ASAM Criteria's for
nationally			admission
recognized,			determination of level
SUD-specific			of care on July 1,
program			2018, other details of
standards			aligning PA's SUD
regarding, in			system of care
particular, the	I residential facilities operate 24/7 and provide		(services, hours of
types of	clinical treatment on a structured schedule,		service, staff
services, hours	including individual, group, family therapy,		credentials, etc.) with
of clinical care,	medication monitoring, psychoeducational groups,		the ASAM Criteria will
and credentials	recovery support services.		be an ongoing process
-			

of staff for			beyond July 2018 and
residential			is expected to be
treatment			completed within 24
settings	Pennsylvania regulations, Title 28 § 711 outlines		months of the
Settings	the Standards for Certification of Treatment		demonstration
	Activities which are a Part of a Health Care Facility.		approval.
	Available at:		
	https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7		PCPC to ASAM
	11/chap711toc.html		Crosswalk available at:
			http://www.ddap.pa.go
			v/Professionals/Docu
			ments/ASAM%20Cros
			swalk%20final.pdf.
			Guidance for
			application of ASAM
			in PA's SUD system
			of care:
			http://www.ddap.pa.go
			v/Professionals/Docu
			ments/ASAM%20Appli
			cation%20Guidance%
			<u>20Final.pdf</u> .
Implementation	All residential settings are licensed by DDAP on an	DDAP will	Aligning PA's SUD
of a state	annual basis. Complaints regarding facilities	continue to	system of care
process for	require an immediate onsite review by DDAP.	license the	(services, hours of
reviewing	Annual site inspections are conducted for all levels	residential	service, staff
residential	of care. The inspections include but not limited to	settings and	credentials, etc.) with
treatment	the follow:	ensure	the ASAM criteria will
providers to	a. Physical plant inspection	compliance with	be an ongoing process
ensure	b. Client chart review (hours of care, services	the standards.	beyond July 2018 and
compliance	provided included here among other		is expected to be
with these	things)		completed within 24
standards	c. Personnel (staffing) chart review		months of the
	(credentials of staff included here)		demonstration
			approval.

	e. Medication review (if applicable)		
	f. Direct observation of services		
	g. Staff and client interviews		
	g. Clair and clicit, incritions		
	Licensing procedures are outlined in Pennsylvania		
	regulations, Title 28 § 709 – Subchapter B		
	available at:		
	https://www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter7		
	09/subchapBtoc.html		
	Clicking on any county on the map in this link		
	will show the providers in the county and the		
	licensing surveys associated with each		
	provider and other related information:		
	http://sais.health.pa.gov/commonpoc/Content/Publi		
	<u>cWeb/DAFind.aspx</u>		
Implementation	Facilities may be licensed to provide treatment	The current	DDAP has revised the
of requirement	approaches using a primary medication other than	regulations,	Treatment Manual to
that residential	for detoxification. Licensing regulations also	which are the	reflect the guidance
treatment	require the facilities to coordinate in obtaining other	minimum	referenced in the
facilities offer	benefits as needed.	standards, will	second column.
MAT on-site or	As per the revised language in the DDAP	stay in place.	
facilitate	Treatment Manual, Medication and clinical,	Additionally, as	
access off site	therapeutic interventions should be available in all	outlined in the	
	levels of care across the continuum, even if the	"Guidance for	
	SUD treatment provider is not the prescriber of the	Application of	
	medication. If MAT is needed, the provider will	ASAM in	
	ensure that the clients' needs are met directly or	Pennsylvania's	
	through an appropriate referral to a prescriber and	SUD System of	
	may not preclude the admission of individuals on	Care" issued in	
	MAT into services.	May 2018, it is	
		DDAP's	
	In May 2018, DDAP issued "Guidance for	expectation that	
	Application of ASAM in Pennsylvania's SUD	clients will be	
	System of Care" that addresses the availability of	treated as	
1		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	

MAT across the continuity of care, including	if medication is
residential treatment (please see page 25, bullets 3	needed, that the
and 4). This documents is available at	provider will
http://www.ddap.pa.gov/Professionals/Documents/	ensure that the
ASAM%20Application%20Guidance%20Final.pdf.	clients' needs
	are met. (please
	see the link to
	this document in
	the previous
	column).
	DDAP has
	revised the
	Treatment
	Manual to reflect
	this guidance.

Milestone 4: Sufficient Provider Capacity at Critical Levels of Care including for Medication Assisted Treatment for OUD

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions Needed
Completion of	This is a link to a searchable database of all D&A	Will	None
assessment of	facilities in the Commonwealth:	continue to	needed
the availability of	http://sais.health.pa.gov/commonpoc/Content/	ensure that	
providers	PublicWeb/DAFind.aspx	access	
enrolled in		standards	
Medicaid and	HealthChoices Managed Care contracts will	are met	
accepting new	require the following access standards for	and	
patients in the	1115 Demonstration Waiver services: The	required	
following critical	Provider network must provide face-to-face	capacity is	
levels of care	treatment intervention within one hour for	available.	
throughout the	emergencies, within twenty-four (24) hours for		
state (or at least	urgent situations, and within seven (7) days for		
in participating	routine appointments and for specialty referrals.		
regions of the	The BH-MCOs monitor their provider network to		
state) including	ensure capacity to serve their members, and		
those that offer	expand their network as needed.		
MAT:			
Outpatient	The Commonwealth has 802 licensed Outpatient		
Services;	and Intensive Outpatient facilities with capacity to		
Intensive	serve 91863 individuals.		
Outpatient	Additionally, there are 177 SUD Partial		
Services;	Hospitalization programs that can serve 4738		
	individuals.		
Medication	In November 2017, outpetient meintenense was		
Assisted	In November 2017, outpatient maintenance was		
Treatment	provided by 75 providers serving 30291		
(medications as well as	individuals.		
counseling			

and other	Since 2002 till January 2018, 3717 Pennsylvania	
services);	physicians have been certified under DATA	
	2000, with 2725 of those certified to treat up to	
	30 patients and the remaining 992 certified to	
	treat up to 100 patients ^{Error! Bookmark not defined.} .	
	Vivitrol can be administered by any licensed physician.	
	physician.	
 Intensive Care in Residential and Inpatient Settings; 	Pennsylvania has 250 licensed facilities that provide intensive care in residential and inpatient settings, with a capacity to serve 10,071 individuals.	
• Medically Supervised Withdrawal Management	Pennsylvania has 87 licensed Detoxification facilities in various levels of care serving 1783 individuals.	

Milestone 5: Implementation of Comprehensive Treatment and Prevention Strategies to Address Opioid Abuse and OUD

Milestone	Current State	Future State	Summary of
Criteria			Actions
			Needed
Implementation	The Commonwealth has taken significant steps to	Will continue	None needed
of opioid	improve prescribing practices for opioids. DOH	to ensure the	at this time.
prescribing	and the DDAP have lead roles in the Safe and	efficacy of the	
guidelines	Effective Prescribing Practices Task	opioid	
along with	Force. The task force membership is drawn from	prescribing	
other	various state agencies, representatives from	guidelines.	
interventions	medical associations, provider advocates and		
to prevent	community members. The task force developed		
opioid abuse	and adopted guidelines for ten medical		
	specialties on the safe and effective use of		
	opioids in the treatment of pain. The following		
	link provides those guidelines:		
	http://www.health.pa.gov/My%20Health/Diseases%		
	20and%20Conditions/M-		
	P/opioids/Pages/Prescribing-		
	Guidelines.aspx#.WIZm5K8o5iz		
	Pennsylvania's Medical Assistance fee for service		
	(FFS) system requires prior authorization of all		
	short acting opioids for prescriptions that exceed a		
	3 day supply for children under 21 (within the past		
	year) or a 5 day supply for adults 21 and older		
	(within the past 6 months). All long acting opioids		
	require prior authorization. Quantity limits are		
	based on 50 MME (morphine milligram		
	equivalents) per day. The Department requires		
	that the managed care organizations implement		
	the same prior authorization guidelines for certain		
	drug classes, including opioids. All other prior		
	authorization policies developed by the MCOs		

must be reviewed and approved by the Department
prior to implementation and at least annually.
Automated approval applies at the pharmacy point
of sale for beneficiaries with diagnosis of active
cancer, sickle cell crisis, neonatal abstinence
syndrome, or if the beneficiary is receiving
palliative care or hospice services. If the conditions
are not identified in the claims history, approval is
issued for the opioid through the prior authorization
process. These guidelines for medical necessity
apply in both the Medicaid FFS and MCO delivery
systems.
Pennsylvania's Medical Assistance FFS Preferred
Drug List is available at
https://papdl.com/sites/default/files/ghs-
files/Penn%20PDL%2007252017%20v2017_1g.p
df (see page 33 for Oncology Agents and page
35 for Opiate Dependence Treatments). This
also contains links to Prior Authorization
Guidelines, Quantity Limits Lists, and Prior
Authorization Forms. Managed care organizations
can develop their own formulary/preferred drug list
that must be submitted to the Department for
review and approval prior to implementation.
Additionally, the following link provides a
searchable database for all drugs available in the
Medical Assistance Preferred Drug List, with
information on any prior authorization
requirements, preferred/non-preferred, quantity
limits
etc.: http://www.dhs.pa.gov/publications/forpro
viders/schedules/drugfeeschedule/index.htm.
waars/seliedules/aragreeseliedule/index.html

Expanded	Pennsylvania's Act 139 of 2014 allows first	This order will	None needed
coverage of,	responders including law enforcement, fire fighters,	be reviewed	at this time.
and access to,	EMS or other organizations the ability to administer	and updated	
naloxone for	naloxone to individuals experiencing an opioid	as needed, if	
overdose	overdoes. The law also allows individuals such as	there is	
reversal	friends or family members that may be in a position	relevant new	
	to assist a person at risk of experiencing an opioid	science about	
	related overdose to obtain a prescription for	Naloxone	
	naloxone. This legislation also provides immunity	administration.	
	from prosecution for those responding to and	Even if no new	
	reporting overdoses.	science on	
		this becomes	
	The Commonwealth has made naloxone available	available, the	
		standing order	
	for any Pennsylvanian. Individuals can go to	will be	
	a participating pharmacy and secure naloxone for	reviewed and	
	themselves or a family member under	updated if	
	Commonwealth's Physician General's <u>standing</u>	needed, in at	
	order for prescription available at:	least in 4	
	http://www.health.pa.gov/My%20Health/Diseases%	years from the	
	20and%20Conditions/M-	effective date	
	P/opioids/Documents/General%20Public%20Stand	of 01/10/2018.	
	ing%20Order-001-2018.pdf	This standing	
		order does not	
		specifically	
		address if it	
		will be	
		renewed every	
		4 years after	
		that or not.	
Implementation	The following is a discussion of the activities	The seven	The
of strategies to	undertaken by Pennsylvania's PDMP office:	education	Commonwealt
increase		modules	will continue to
utilization and	Mass communication and Outreach	discussed in	monitor
improve		the previous	practices and

functionality of	Starting May 2016, PDMP office conducted several	column under	needs and take
prescription	communication and outreach activities to all the	PDMP and	steps as
drug	prescribers and dispensers in PA. Additionally, the	Opioid	needed.
monitoring	office partnered with the professional medical	Prescriber	
programs	societies and associations, and executive	Education	
	leadership of the health care entities to send	Initiative	
	communications about the launch of the PDMP	will be	
	system, tutorials on how to use the PDMP system	available early	
	and identify red flags, etc. With the continued	Q1 2018 for	
	efforts, PA PDMP saw uptake in the registration	prescriber and	
	and use of the system. As of Dec 2017, there are	dispenser face	
	about 97,000 registered users of the system and	to face	
	on an average about 52,000 patient queries are	education as	
	conducted each day, with over 1.1 million patient	well as	
	searches completed by the users each month. The	through online	
	outreach activities included:	training, and	
	E-mail blasts	continuing	
	Online tutorials	medical	
	Mass mailings	education	
	Online video resources	units (CME)	
	Conference booths at various professional	will be	
	societies	provided.	
	Social media, radio and TV PSAs	More	
	Webinars	information	
	Outreach through medical professional	will be posted	
	societies and state licensing boards	on	
	• PA – Health Alerts Network (PA-HAN)	www.doh.pa.g	
	County and municipal health department	ov/PDMP	
	outreach		
	Ensuring all authorized users can assign		
	delegates		
	To ease the burden on the licensed medical		
	professionals such as the prescribers and		
	dispensers, PA PDMP allowed the authorized		
	users to assign delegates that can run the patient		
	searches on behalf of them. This is a very		

busy addressing patient health concerns. This feature has overall improved the clinical workflows for the providers. Interstate data sharing capability Right after the launch of the PA PDMP system, the Commonwealth worked towards interstate data sharing with the neighboring states. This allows users of the PA PDMP system to search for their patients across state lines. The states that are now connected also allow their respective states to search PA PDMP system for their patients. This functionality is especially critical for the health care practices where they are closely bordered to another state and their patients are traveling across state line to locate multiples providers and pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 54 prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	T	
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connected also allow their respective states to search PA PDMP system for their patients. This functionality is especially critical for the health care practices where they are closely bordered to another state and their patients are traveling across state line to locate multiples providers and pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	users of the PA PDMP system to search for their	
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functionality is especially critical for the health care practices where they are closely bordered to another state and their patients are traveling across state line to locate multiples providers and pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	connected also allow their respective states to	
practices where they are closely bordered to another state and their patients are traveling across state line to locate multiples providers and pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	search PA PDMP system for their patients. This	
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across state line to locate multiples providers and pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	practices where they are closely bordered to	
pharmacies for controlled substances. These multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	another state and their patients are traveling	
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be reduced or eliminated if providers have access to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	pharmacies for controlled substances. These	
to their patient's prescription history from bordering states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	multiple provider episodes (doctor shopping) can	
states. In Pennsylvania, patients that went to 5+ prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	be reduced or eliminated if providers have access	
prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been reduced to 86% since the launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	to their patient's prescription history from bordering	
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launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally, patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	prescribers and 5+ pharmacies in the span of 3	
patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+ pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	months have been reduced to 86% since the	
pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	launch of the PA PDMP system. Additionally,	
completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	patients that went to 10+ prescribers and 10+	
PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	pharmacies in the span of 3 months have been	
MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV and Washington D.C.	completely eliminated. As of December 2017, PA	
and Washington D.C.	PDMP is now connected with CT, DE, IL, LA, MA,	
	MD, ME, MN, NJ, NY, OH, OK, SC, TX, VA, WV	
Registration and query requirements of PA	and Washington D.C.	
Registration and query requirements of PA		
registration and query requirements of LA	Registration and query requirements of PA	
PDMP	PDMP	
Achieving Better Care by Monitoring All	Achieving Better Care by Monitoring All	
Prescriptions Program (ABC-MAP) Act 191 of 2014	Prescriptions Program (ABC-MAP) Act 191 of 2014	
legislation required prescribers to query the PDMP	legislation required prescribers to query the PDMP	

system 1) before they prescriber any new	
controlled substances to their patients or 2) if they	
have reason to believe that their patients are	
involved in abuse, misuse or diversion of controlled	
substances. In November 2016, the legislation	
required all the licensed prescribers and	
dispensers to register with the program. With the	
effective date of Jan 1, 2017, PA PDMP system	
registrants increased. The use of the system	
almost doubled since the effective date. Additional	
query requirements were included for both	
prescribers and dispensers. Prescribers were now	
required to check the PDMP system each time they	
prescribe opioids or benzodiazepine. Dispensers	
shall query the PDMP before dispensing an opioid	
drug product or a benzodiazepine prescribed to a	
patient if any of the following apply: 1) The patient	
is a new patient of the dispenser. 2) The patient	
pays cash when they have insurance. 3) The	
patient requests a refill early. 4) The patient is	
getting opioid drug products or benzodiazepines	
from more than one prescriber.	
Integrate the PA PDMP system with Electronic	
Health Record (EHR) and Pharmacy	
Management System (PMS)	
The Pennsylvania Department of Health (DOH) is	
integrating the Prescription Drug Monitoring	
Program (PDMP) system into electronic health	
records and pharmacy systems across the	
commonwealth. The goal is to minimize any	
workflow disruption by providing near-instant and	
seamless access to critical prescription history	
information to both prescribers and pharmacists.	
All health care entities in Pennsylvania legally	
authorized to prescribe, administer or dispense	
 controlled substances are eligible to apply for	

integration. This includes ambulatory care units, acute care facilities, emergency care units, physician practices, pharmacies, drug treatment facilities and others. Once the integration with the health care entities that use the Certified Electronic Health Record Technology (CEHRT) is successfully completed, the Eligible Professionals (Eps) and Eligible Hospitals (EHs) also meet the definition of a Meaningful Use (MU) Stage 2 specialized registry.

PDMP and Opioid Prescriber Education Initiative

PA PDMP Office developed an Education Workgroup that consisted of PA Physician General's Office, staff from Department of Drug and Alcohol Programs, members of the ABC-MAP Advisory Committee, members of two Single county authority that help refer patients to treatment programs, health care administrators, pharmacists and physicians. The purpose of this workgroup was to provide recommendations to the PA PDMP office on the creation and development of innovative and evidence-based education materials for prescribers and dispensers. The workgroup prioritized four topics that consisted of 1) how to effectively build the PDMP system into clinical workflows, 2) how to effectively use the PDMP data to make informed clinical decisions and refer patient to treatment, 3) how to safely taper high doses of opioids to recommended levels, and 4) how to create a culture of change and promote the above strategies in their respective clinical settings. Using these topics, the PDMP Office partnered with University of Pittsburgh and developed seven education

	modules that consisted of pocket cards, flow diagrams, resource flyers and guide documents.	
Other	Please see Section XII: Strategies to Address Prescription Drug Abuse and Section XIII: Strategies to Address Opioid Use Disorder	

Milestone Criteria Implementation of policies to ensure residential and inpatient facilities link beneficiaries with community- based services and supports following stays in these facilities	Current State Please see Section VII: Care Coordination Design Additionally, Pennsylvania regulations Tittle 28 § 709.52. Treatment and Rehabilitation services is available at https://www.pacode.com/secure/dat a/028/chapter709/s709.52.html require that the Individual Treatment and Rehabilitation Plan include information about the various support services needed.	Already meeting the requirement	Summary of Actions Needed None needed
Additional policies to ensure coordination of care for co- occurring physical and mental health conditions	Please see the discussion on <u>CCBHCs</u> Based on a person and family- centered plan of care aligned with the requirements of Section 2402(a) of the ACA and aligned with state regulations and consistent with best practices, the CCBHC coordinates care across the spectrum of health services, including access to high- quality physical health (both acute and chronic) and behavioral health care, as well as social services,	The Commonwealth will review data from CCBHCs and decide on any future steps. The evaluation of Pennsylvania's CCBHC Demonstration is accomplished in two ways. A quality dashboard has been developed to allow the CCBHCs to submit data on three identified goals	The Commonwealth will review data from CCBHCs.

Milestone 6: Improved Care Coordination and Transitions between Levels of Care

housing, educational systems, and	(30+ measures). This	
employment opportunities as	data is reviewed on a	
necessary to facilitate wellness and	quarterly basis and	
recovery of the whole person.	shared with all the clinics	
	and stakeholders at	
	quarterly meetings. Data	
	is also collected through	
	encounter submission	
	for the 21 CCBHC	
	measures required by	
	the Demonstration. The	
	External Quality Review	
	Organization will assist	
	Pennsylvania in	
	validating these	
	measures. This data will	
	also be shared with	
	stakeholders.	

Attachment A – Template for SUD Health Information Technology (IT) Plan

Section I.

Milestone Criteria	Current State	Future State	Summary of Actions Needed
5. Implementation of	Provide an overview	Provide an overview	Specify a list of
comprehensive treatment	of current PDMP	of plans for	action items needed
and prevention strategies	capabilities, health IT	enhancing the state's	to be completed to
to address Opioid Abuse	functionalities to	PDMP, related	meet the HIT/PDMP
and OUD, that is:	support the PDMP,	enhancements to its	milestones identified
Enhance the state's	and supports to	health IT	in the first column.
health IT functionality to	enhance clinicians'	functionalities, and	Include persons or
support its PDMP; and	use of the state's health IT	related enhancements to	entities responsible
Enhance and/or support clinicians in their usage of	functionality to	support clinicians'	for completion of each action item.
the state's PDMP.	achieve the goals of	use of the health IT	Include timeframe
the state 5 i Divir.	the PDMP.	functionality to	for completion of
		achieve the goals of	each action item
		the PDMP.	
Prescription Drug Monitor	ing Program (PDMP) Fu	nctionalities	
Enhanced interstate data	The PDMP is connected	PDMP routinely	None needed at this
sharing in order to better	to an interstate sharing	analyzes data to see if	time.
track patient specific	hub (PMP Interconnect)	patients are traveling	
prescription data	and is actively sharing	from other states to	
	with 16 other states and	Pennsylvania for	
	Washington DC.	prescriptions. As this	
		analysis continues, and	
		if patients are coming	
		from other states, the	
		Commonwealth will	
		work towards	
		interconnecting with	
		those states.	
Enhanced "ease of use" for	The PDMP has a user-	Already in place	None needed at this
prescribers and other state	friendly web portal for		time.
and federal stakeholders	prescribers, dispensers		
	and their delegates.		

Table 1. State Health IT / PDMP Assessment & Plan

	Additionally, it has the			
	option to integrate one's			
	EHR or pharmacy			
	management system with			
	the PDMP to minimize			
	any workflow disruption. It			
	provides near-instant and			
	seamless access to			
	critical prescription history			
	information to both			
	prescribers and			
	pharmacists.			
Enhanced connectivity	The PDMP Office is not	The PDMP Office is	1.	Establish
between the state's PDMP	yet connected to an HIE.	actively working with the		connection from
and any statewide, regional		PA eHealth Partnership		PHG to PDMP (3
or local health information		to establish a		weeks)
exchange (HIE)		connection to the Public		Configure (1
		Health Gateway (PHG).		week)
		The pilot is expected to		Test (1 week)
		be implemented in the		Production (1
		Spring of 2018.		week)
			2.	Establish
				connection from
				HIO to PHG (8
				weeks)
				Evaluate
				options and
				determine
				scope of work
				(2 weeks)
				Design and
				Develop (4
				weeks)
				Test (1 week)
				Production (1
				week)

			Responsible
			organization: PA
			eHealth Partnership
Enhanced identification of	The PDMP Office does	The PDMP Office will	The epidemiologist and
long-term opioid use	not currently utilize	evaluate the feasibility	statistician from the
directly correlated to	predictive analytic	of utilizing predictive	PDMP Office will
clinician prescribing	capabilities relating to	analytics to forecast	evaluate the feasibility
patterns ¹ (see also "Use of	predicting long-term	increased risk of long-	of this by Q2 2018.
PDMP" #2 below)	opioid use.	term opioid use based	
		on initial prescribing	
		characteristics.	
Current and Future PDMP	Query Capabilities		
Facilitate the state's ability		N/A	N/A
to properly match patients	The PDMP vendor uses		
receiving opioid	an algorithm that		
prescriptions with patients	automatically links patient		
in the PDMP (i.e. the state's	records (coming from		
master patient index (MPI)	pharmacies) based on		
strategy with regard to	name, DOB, zip code,		
PDMP query)	and street address.		
Use of PDMP – Supporting	Clinicians with Changin	g Office Workflows / B	usiness Processes
Develop enhanced provider	The PDMP Office	See the previous	None needed at this
workflow / business	partnered with a	column.	time.
processes to better support	university to develop		
clinicians in accessing the	evidence-based		
PDMP prior to prescribing	educational materials		
an opioid or other	including a module on		
controlled substance to	integrating the PDMP into		
address the issues which	the provider workflow.		
follow	These materials will soon		
	be available online (with		
	continuing education		
	credits offered) and		
	taught during in-person		
	sessions at hospitals,		
	clinics, and provider		
	offices.		
L			1

EHR Integration
The PDMP Office has a
contract with Appriss to
integrate the PDMP
system into electronic
health records and
pharmacy systems across
the commonwealth. The
goal is to minimize any
workflow disruption by
providing near-instant and
seamless access to
critical prescription history
information to both
prescribers and
pharmacists. DOH is
covering the subscription
fees associated with
using the integration
service for every health
care entity in
Pennsylvania that elects
to connect its health IT
system to the PDMP until
August 31, 2019. All
health care entities in
Pennsylvania legally
authorized to prescribe,
administer or dispense
controlled substances are
eligible to apply for
integration. As of
5/11/2018, we have
integrated with 23
pharmacy stores as well
as 65 private practices, 4
health systems, and 1

independent hospital, representing over 8835 providers.

Education Milestones accomplished to date:

May 2017: Contracted with University of Pittsburgh to develop prescriber education curriculum.

July 2017: Beta testing and presentation of materials to education workgroup for review and feedback.

October 2017 – January 2018: Review of all created education materials: multiple edits, updates and revisions completed.

February 2018:

- Finalized curriculum titled: Evidence-Based Prescribing: Tools You Can Use to Fight the Opioid Epidemic consisting of seven modules.
 CME accreditation secured through
- secured through University of Pittsburgh Medical Center – each

	18 in 7 out of		
	the first 15		
	priority		
	counties		
	b. Number of		
	providers		
	educated: 58		
	c. Total number		
	of		
	participants		
	educated: 96		
	(includes		
	providers,		
	other		
	licensed		
	healthcare		
	professionals		
	and		
	administrative		
	staff)		
Develop enhanced supports	The PDMP system	The PDMP system will	Requirements were
for clinician review of the	currently provides a	soon generate email	finalized and send to
patients' history of	patient's controlled	alerts to prescribers and	the PDMP system
controlled substance	substance history and	dispensers when their	vendor on 1/3/2017.
prescriptions provided	calculates the patient's	patients meet any of the	Awaiting a change
through the PDMP—prior to	total morphine milligram	following: multiple	order. No specific
the issuance of an opioid	equivalence (MME) per	provider threshold, daily	timeline has been
prescription	day as well as the MME	MME threshold, or has	established yet. Target
	for every medication.	active concurrent opioid	is Q2 2018.
		& benzodiazepine	
		prescriptions. These	
		alerts will also be	
		prominently displayed	
		on PDMP reports.	
Master Patient Index / Iden	tity Management		

Enhance the master patient	The PDMP system	See the previous	No action needed at	
index (or master data	already uses an algorithm	column	this time	
management service, etc.)	that automatically links			
in support of SUD care	patient records (coming			
delivery.	from pharmacies) based			
	on name, DOB, zip code,			
	and street address.			
Overall Objective for Enha	naing DDMD Functionali	ty & Intoronorphility		
Overall Objective for Enha	0	<u>v 1 v</u>	None needed at this	
Leverage the above	The PDMP Office is	ty & Interoperability Already in place.	None needed at this time.	
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective controls to minimize the	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement effective controls to	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid overprescribing and to	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid overprescribing and to ensure that Medicaid does	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid overprescribing—and to	<u>v 1 v</u>		
Leverage the above functionalities / capabilities / supports (in concert with any other state health IT, TA or workflow effort) to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid overprescribing and to ensure that Medicaid does not inappropriately pay for	The PDMP Office is cooperating with the Department of Human Services to provide them with data to aid them in their efforts to implement effective controls to minimize the risk of inappropriate opioid overprescribing—and to ensure that Medicaid	<u>v 1 v</u>		

Attachment A - Section II – Implementation Administration

Please provide the contact information for the state's point of contact for the SUD Health IT Plan.

Name and Title:Meghna Patel, Director PDMP Office.Telephone Number:717-547-3144Email Address:megpatel@pa.gov

Attachment A - Section III – Other Relevant Documents

Pennsylvania is providing additional information below as requested by the Office of the National Coordinator for health Information Technology (ONC):

- 1. Pennsylvania has a sufficient health IT infrastructure/ecosystem at every appropriate level (i.e. state, delivery system, health plan/MCO and individual provider) to achieve the goals of the demonstration.
- 2. Pennsylvania's SUD Health IT Plan is aligned with the state's broader State Medicaid Health IT Plan (SMHP).
- 3. Pennsylvania will include in its July 2019 behavioral health managed care contract amendments the requirement to use health IT standards referenced in 45 CFR 170 Subpart B and the Interoperability Standards Advisory (ISA).
- 4. Within 90 days of the approval of this Implementation Plan, Pennsylvania will adopt, as mutually agreed upon with the federal government, appropriate performance metrics to monitor the SUD HIT Plan.