

**MEDICAID SECTION 1115 DEMONSTRATION FACT SHEET
IOWA FAMILY PLANNING NETWORK (IFPN)**

Name of Medicaid Section 1115 Demonstration: Iowa Family Planning Network (IFPN)

Date Initial Proposal Submitted:	February 13, 2004
Date Initial Proposal Approved:	January 10, 2006
Date Implemented:	February 1, 2006
Date Expired:	January 31, 2011

Operated under Temp Extension	
Temp Extension Approved	December 6, 2010
Temp Extension Expired	July 31, 2011

Temp Extension Approved	August 1, 2011
Temp Extension Expired	August 31, 2011

Temp Extension Approved	August 31, 2011
Temp Extension Expired	September 30, 2011

Temp Extension Approved	September 30, 2011
Temp Extension Expired	October 31, 2011

Temp Extension Approved	October 31, 2011
Temp Extension Expired	November 30, 2011

Temp Extension Approved	November 30, 2011
Temp Extension Expired	December 31, 2011

Date Renewal Proposal Submitted:	April 7, 2011
Date Renewal Proposal Approved:	December 15, 2011
Date Expired:	December 31, 2013

Date Renewal Proposal Submitted:	June 28, 2013
Date Renewal Proposal Approved:	December 20, 2013
Date Expired:	December 31, 2016

Date Renewal Proposal Submitted:	June 30, 2016
Date Renewal Proposal Approved:	December 30, 2016
Date Expired:	December 31, 2019

Program Terminated June 30, 2017

PROGRAM SUMMARY

On January 6, 2006, CMS approved this Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration proposal titled “Iowa Family Planning Network” (IFPN), designed to expand the availability of Medicaid-supported contraceptive management services to a wider population base. The program was implemented on February 1, 2006.

The Iowa Family Planning Network (IFPN) demonstration expanded Medicaid eligibility for a limited family planning benefit package to women and men ages 12 through age 54, who were capable of reproducing, had countable income of no more than 300 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) for their household size, and not otherwise enrolled in Medicaid with the exception that individuals enrolled in Iowa’s Children Health Insurance Program (CHIP) could receive family planning demonstration services.

On February 3, 2017, the state informed CMS about state legislation (Iowa SF 2) that passed prohibiting the state from covering or paying for services provided by any entity that performs abortions or that maintains or operates a facility where abortions are performed. This restriction was not permissible under the CMS Special Terms and Conditions that governed the approval of the demonstration. Thereby, Iowa determined it would continue the program with state-only funding and not continue with the federal demonstration program. The state established its state-only funded version of the family planning program effective July 1, 2017; and terminated the federal family planning demonstration effective June 30, 2017. See the administrative record on Medicaid.gov for additional information on the orderly close-out of this demonstration program.

SERVICES AND BENEFITS

IFPN offered family planning services and supplies such as approved methods of contraception, sexually transmitted infection (STI)/sexually transmitted disease (STD) testing, Pap smears and pelvic exams, contraceptive management, patient education and counseling. The state also provided family planning-related services and supplies provided as part of or as follow-up to a family planning visit. Examples of these type of services included drugs/treatment for STIs/STDs.

AMENDMENTS

The state had one amendment over the course of the demonstration. The amendment was submitted on September 3, 2015 and approved on February 23, 2016. This amendment established a managed care delivery system under concurrent authority with the 1915(b) managed care waiver. Previously, the demonstration services were provided through a fee-for-service delivery system.

EVALUATION

The state’s evaluation plan for this family planning demonstration was guided by the following objectives: improve birth outcomes by increasing child spacing intervals at least 18 months apart; decrease expenditures for prenatal, delivery, newborn and infant care; reduce unintended/unwanted pregnancies; reduce teen pregnancies in Iowa, and measure cumulative Medicaid savings and return on investment.

Last Updated: January 2, 2018