
Table of Contents

State/Territory Name: Rgppu(ncplc

State Plan Amendments (SPA) #: RC/3;/2223/EJ KR

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) State Plan Pages

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop S2-01-16 Baltimore, MD 21244-1850



Children and Adults Health Programs Group

NOV 2 7 2019

Patricia Allan
Executive Director
Office of Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
Pennsylvania Department of Human Services
1142 Strawberry Square Tower
P.O. Box 2675
Harrisburg, PA 17105-2675

Dear Ms. Allan:

Your title XXI Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) state plan amendment (SPA), PA-19-0001-CHIP, has been approved. PA-19-0001-CHIP demonstrates compliance with the CHIP managed care regulations at 42 CFR 457, Subpart L for utilization of a managed care delivery system. This SPA has an effective date of July 1, 2018.

Sections 2101(a), 2103(f)(3), 2107(b), and 2107(e) of the Social Security Act, as implemented through regulations at 42 CFR 457 Subpart L, describe the application of managed care requirements to CHIP. Pennsylvania has provided the necessary assurances indicating that the state complies with the managed care requirements in the delivery of CHIP services and benefits covered under the state's separate child health plan as of July 1, 2018, with the following exception: effective March 1, 2020, the state will come into compliance with the managed care program sanctions requirement related to pre-termination hearings as described in section 3.11.6 of the state plan and 42 CFR 457.1270.

This SPA approval does not substitute for CMS review of any contracts between the state and managed care entities that serve the state's CHIP populations. All managed care contracts for CHIP populations in effect as of the state fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018 must comply with the CHIP managed care regulations and be submitted for CMS review.

Your title XXI project officer is Ticia Jones. She is available to answer questions concerning this amendment and other CHIP-related issues. Her contact information is as follows:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services 7500 Security Blvd., Mail Stop: S2-01-16 Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

Telephone: (410) 786-8145

E-mail: Ticia.Jones@cms.hhs.gov

Official communication regarding program matters should be submitted simultaneously to Ticia Jones and Francis McCullough, Director, Division of Medicaid Field Operations East. Francis McCullough's contact information is as follows:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Division of Medicaid Field Operations East JFK Federal Building, Suite 2325 Boston, MA 02203-0003

We look forward to continuing to work with you and your staff.

Sincerely,

/signed Anne Marie Costello/

Anne Marie Costello Director

cc: Francis McCullough, Director, Division of Medicaid Field Operations East

TEMPLATE FOR CHILD HEALTH PLAN UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

(Required under 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (New section 2101(b)))

State/Territory: Pennsylvania

As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the Social Security Act, (42 CFR 457.40(b))

(Signature of Governor, or designee, of State/Territory, Date Signed)

submits the following Child Health Plan for the Children's Health Insurance Program and hereby agrees to administer the program in accordance with the provisions of the approved Child Health Plan, the requirements of Title XXI and XIX of the Act (as appropriate) and all applicable Federal regulations and other official issuances of the Department.

The following State officials are responsible for program administration and financial oversight (42 CFR 457.40(c)):

Name: Teresa Miller Position/Title: Secretary, Human Services

Name: Leesa Allen Position/Title: Executive Deputy Secretary, Human Services

Name: Patricia Allan Position/Title: Executive Director, CHIP

*Disclosure. According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148 (CMS-10398 #34). The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 80 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, write to: CMS, 7500 Security Blvd., Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

| Section 1. | Requirements |
|------------|---|
| 1.1. | The state will use funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box) (Section 2101)(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.70): |
| 1.1.1. 🖂 | Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a separate child health program (Sections 2101(a)(1) and 2103); OR |
| 1.1.2. | Providing expanded benefits under the State's Medicaid plan (Title XIX) (Section 2101(a)(2)); OR |
| 1.1.3. | A combination of both of the above. (Section 2101(a)(2)) |
| 1.1-DS | The State will provide dental-only supplemental coverage. Only States operating a separate CHIP program are eligible for this option. States choosing this option must also complete sections 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, 6.2-DS, 8.2-DS, and 9.10 of this SPA template. (Section 2110(b)(5)) |
| 1.2. 🖂 | Check to provide an assurance that expenditures for child health assistance will not be claimed prior to the time that the State has legislative authority to operate the State plan or plan amendment as approved by CMS. (42 CFR 457.40(d)) |
| 1.3. 🖂 | Check to provide an assurance that the State complies with all applicable civil rights requirements, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 28 CFR part 35. (42 CFR 457.130) |
| 1.4. | Provide the effective (date costs begin to be incurred) and implementation (date services begin to be provided) dates for this SPA (42 CFR 457.65). A SPA may only have one effective date, but provisions within the SPA may have different implementation dates that must be after the effective date. |
| | Original Plan Effective Date: May 28, 1998 |
| | Implementation Date: June 1, 1998 |
| | SPA #19-0001 Purpose of SPA: This amendment includes Section 3, assurances to meet the managed care rules published in 2016. |

Proposed effective date: July 1, 2018

Proposed implementation date: June 30, 2018

1.4- TC Tribal Consultation (Section 2107(e)(1)(C)) Describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment, when it occurred and who was involved.

TN No: Approval Date Effective Date

| Transmittal Number | SPA Group | <u>PDF</u> | Description | Superseded Plan |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | Section(s) |
| PA-14-0001 | <u>MAGI</u> | <u>CS7</u> | <u>Eligibility –</u> | <u>Sections 4.1.1,</u> |
| | Eligibility | | Targeted Low | <u>4.1.2, 4.1.3:</u> |
| Effective/Implementation | & Methods | | Income Children | Supersede all |
| Date: July 1, 2014 | | | | |
| | | <u>CS10</u> | Children Who Have | <u>Section 4.4.1:</u> |
| | | | Access to Public | <u>Supersede</u> |
| | | | Employee Coverage | information on |
| | | | | dependents of |
| | | | | employees of a |
| | | | | public agency |
| | | | | Appendix: |
| | | CS10 | Hardship Exemption | Supersede Supersede |
| | | 0010 | <u> </u> | current |
| | | | | documentation |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Section 4.3: Add |
| | | <u>CS13</u> | <u>Deemed Newborns</u> | new subsection; |
| | | | | <u>supersedes</u> |
| | | | | <u>information in</u> |
| | | | | section 4.1.9 on |
| | | | | CHIP deeming |
| | | | | Section 4.2: Add |
| | | | | Section 4.3: Add new subsection; |
| | | | | supersedes |
| | | <u>CS15</u> | MAGI-Based | information in |
| | | <u>CS13</u> | Income | section 4.1.3 on |
| | | | Methodologies | income counting |
| | | <u> </u> | wichiodologics | income counting |

| PA-14-0002 Effective/Implementation Date: July 1, 2014 PA-14-0003 Effective/Implementation Date: July 1, 2014 | XXI Medicaid Expansion Establish 2101(f) Group | <u>CS3</u> <u>CS14</u> | Eligibility for Medicaid Expansion Program Children Ineligible for Medicaid as a Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards | Supersedes the current Medicaid expansion section 4.0 Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.1 |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| PA-14-0005 Effective/Implementation Date: July 1, 2014 | Non- Financial Eligibility | <u>CS17</u> | Non-Financial Eligibility – Residency | Supersedes the current section 4.1.5 |
| | | <u>CS18</u> | Non-Financial – Citizenship | Supersedes the current sections 4.1.0; 4.1.1-LR; 4.1.1-LR |
| | | <u>CS19</u> | Non-Financial – Social Security Number | Supersedes the current section 4.1.9.1 |
| | | <u>CS20</u> | Substitution of Coverage | Supersedes the current section 4.4.4 |
| | | <u>CS21</u> | Non-Payment of Premiums | Supersedes the current section 8.7 |
| | | <u>CS27</u> | Continuous Eligibility | Supersedes the current section 4.1.8 |

Section 2. <u>General Background and Description of Approach to Children's Health Insurance</u> Coverage and Coordination

2.1. Describe the extent to which, and manner in which, children in the State (including targeted low-income children and other groups of children specified) identified, by income level and other relevant factors, such as race, ethnicity and geographic location, currently have creditable health coverage (as defined in 42 CFR 457.10). To the extent feasible, distinguish between creditable coverage under public health insurance programs and public-private partnerships (See Section 10 for annual report requirements). (Section 2102(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.80(a))

Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

The Children's Health Insurance Act, 62 P.S. §§ 5001.101 et seq., as amended by Act 68 of 1998, 40 P.S. §§ 991.2301 et seq. (the Children's Health Care Act), Act 136 of 2006, and Act 84 of 2015, was originally enacted in December 1992 and implemented in May of 1993 (see Appendix A for a copy of the Children's Health Care Act as amended [the "Act"]). The program provides free or subsidized insurance for children in low-income families who are not eligible for Medicaid or not otherwise insured through private or employer-based insurance. The program also allows those that do not meet the income guidelines to purchase the coverage at the state's negotiated rate. CHIP is administered by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services through individual contracts with eight health insurance companies (hereinafter referred to as Contractors). Under terms of the contract, Pennsylvania requires the Contractors to:

- Conduct outreach
- Utilize CAPS to determine eligibility
- Enroll and renew enrollment for eligible children
- Provide required in-plan services
- Contract with qualified providers to provide primary and preventative health care
- Provide parent health education
- Perform quality assurance tasks (including but not limited to monitoring of quality of care and health outcomes)

CHIP provides free coverage to children from birth through age 18 whose family income exceeds the Medicaid limit, but is no greater than 208% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). Subsidized coverage is provided to children from birth through age 18 in families whose income is greater than 208% but no greater than 314% of the FPL. The free and subsidized programs are funded by state and federal funds. Families whose income is greater than 314% FPL may purchase the CHIP benefit package at the rate negotiated by

the commonwealth. The buy-in program is not supported through state or federal funds. Additionally, utilization experience of the buy-in program is not included in rate setting for the free and subsidized programs.

The program is administered by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services (see Appendix A). In addition, the Act provides for a Children's Health Advisory Council. The Council consists of sixteen voting members, nine (9) of whom are appointed by the Human Services Secretary. The Council also includes the Secretary of Health, the Insurance Commissioner, the Human Services Secretary, or their respective designees (see Appendix A, the Act, Section 2311 (I)). Its primary functions are to review outreach activities; and to review and evaluate the accessibility and availability of services to children enrolled in the program.

Public Insurance Program

Pennsylvania has operated a categorically and medically needy Medicaid program for many years. However, major program expansions have occurred, including the expansion of Medicaid for individuals age 19 – 64 with income below 138% of FPL provisions.

In 1988, the state implemented federally-mandated coverage for pregnant women and qualified children. This coverage was designated as Healthy Beginnings. Healthy Beginnings provides medical coverage to pregnant women and infants up to age one (Income Standard: 215% FPL); children ages one to five (Income Standard: 157% FPL); and children ages six to under the age of 19. (Income Standard: 133% FPL). Early periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment provide comprehensive health services to all persons under age 19 who are receiving Medicaid. These services include check-ups and follow-up care. Pennsylvania has also elected to provide presumptive eligibility to pregnant women thereby encouraging early prenatal care and providing payment for outpatient primary care expenses incurred during pregnancy.

Private Health Insurance Programs for Low-Income Families

Special Care Program

Description: Special Care is a low-cost insurance plan offered statewide to low-income residents by Pennsylvania Blue Cross plans and Pennsylvania Blue Shield. Special Care provides basic preventive care services to children and adults ineligible for CHIP and Medicaid who cannot afford private health insurance. Special Care provides protection for families by covering the high cost of hospitalization, surgery, emergency medical care in addition to routine primary care.

2.2. Health Services Initiatives- Describe if the State will use the health services initiative option as allowed at 42 CFR 457.10. If so, describe what services or programs the State is proposing to cover with administrative funds, including the cost of each program, and how it is currently funded (if applicable), also update the budget accordingly. (Section 2105(a)(1)(D)(ii)); (42 CFR 457.10)

The commonwealth is committed to providing access to quality health care coverage and to improving the health status of its children. Of particular concern are children of low-income families; families with limited access to care; and families having children with special needs due to chronic or disabling conditions. (Special needs programs include spina bifida, diabetes, asthma, hepatitis B, etc.)

To achieve the goal of providing access to health care the office of CHIP meets regularly with the statewide advocacy community dedicated to increasing awareness and enrollment in both CHIP and Medicaid. Senior and management staffs of the Department of Human Services, Health and Education are consulted to complete strategic planning, to monitor progress, collaborate, share resources and to problem solve. The efforts of these meetings and relationships has increased awareness and enrollment with the following efforts which include but are not limited to:

- Establishing a single statewide toll-free number (1-800-986-KIDS) to provide access to helpline staff who inform, refer, and assist in applying for CHIP and Medicaid.
- Jointly funding a multi-year contract with a media consultant.
- Developing complementary media messages about the availability of healthcare coverage and the importance of preventative care.
- Improving access to enrollment by streamlining eligibility and application practices.
- Conducting studies regarding hard-to-reach populations to increase knowledge on how to achieve better results in- outreach to them.
- Measuring the effectiveness of our efforts by gathering and analyzing available data.

The Department's particular efforts to identify and enroll all uncovered children who may be eligible for CHIP include but are not limited to the following:

- Conducting a statewide outreach campaign for CHIP. The campaign includes but is not limited to: paid television, Internet and radio advertisements, posters, brochures, banners and the like.
- Monitoring, measuring and evaluating the effectiveness of the statewide outreach campaign as well as other outreach strategies initiated and

- implemented by the Department.
- Engaging in collaborative interagency outreach for the purpose of developing and implementing strategies to enroll children in both CHIP and Medicaid. Agencies include but are not limited to: the Department of Education (schooland library-based enrollment) and, the Department of Health
- Developing a strategic plan to maximize awareness of CHIP with organizations and associations with existing statewide networks.
- Implementing school-based outreach and/or enrollment.
- Approving and monitoring the outreach and enrollment strategies of CHIP insurance company contractors.
- Participating in outreach activities initiated by local community organizations.
- Conducting studies which improve the Department's understanding of issues relating to hard to reach populations and developing outreach strategies recommended by such studies.

As stated above, the commonwealth is committed to assuring that children receive the health care coverage for which they are eligible (either CHIP or Medicaid). If a parent or guardian applies for CHIP coverage on behalf of a child and it is determined that the child is ineligible (e.g. because the level of family income is within the Medicaid range), the application submitted by the parent or guardian is automatically forwarded to the local County Assistance Office (CAO) for the determination of Medicaid eligibility. Conversely, if an application for Medicaid is filed and the child is found ineligible, the application is forwarded to a CHIP contractor. This practice negates the need for the parent or guardian to file separate applications for the two programs and facilitates enrollment of the child. In 2008, this process was automated through the implementation of the "Health care Handshake". The health care handshake improves efficiencies by removing the need to print applications, to mail or fax applications between agencies, and to reenter data, and significantly reduces the time required for an eligibility decision by the receiving agency.

Additionally, the Department is making a concerted effort to have the CHIP contractors identify children who are potentially eligible for Medicaid due to a serious illness or disabling condition.

The Department has worked to expand access and simplify the application and renewal process for the CHIP and Medicaid programs through the development of an online application and renewal system called COMPASS (Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Access to Social Services). This web portal allows citizens to screen and apply for CHIP or Medicaid as well as many other social service programs across several Commonwealth agencies with one application. The Department provides administrative funding for toll-free helplines that can

answer citizens' questions about CHIP, Medicaid, and various other social service programs, as well as assist callers with completing applications over the phone, utilizing COMPASS.

In 2003, shortly after being sworn into office, Governor Edward G. Rendell created the Governor's Office of Health Care Reform (GOHCR) aimed at improving access, affordability and quality by rejuvenating the state government's approach to health care. In January 2004, Pennsylvania launched a statewide data collection effort to more accurately define the characteristics of the state's uninsured. This effort was repeated in 2008. In July 2004, the GOHCR was given the lead responsibility to apply for a State Planning Grant through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). The purpose of the grant was to develop a comprehensive plan to provide access to affordable, quality health care coverage for every Pennsylvanian.

In keeping with that goal, in early 2006, the Governor introduced the Cover All Kids expansion that makes CHIP benefits available to all eligible children in the commonwealth. Later that year, eligibility was expanded to cover all children in Pennsylvania through either Medicaid or CHIP. Following federal approval in February 2007, enrollment began in the expanded program in March 2007.

Pennsylvania has added a post application screening process to COMPASS. If a family applies for any of the social services accessed by COMPASS other than Medicaid or CHIP, at the end of the application, the family is made aware of the fact that it appears they are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and asks if they wish to apply. The information is then pulled from the current application into the application for access to health care. COMPASS then requests any additional information from the family, screens for eligibility and routes the application to the appropriate agency for an eligibility determination.

2.3-TC Tribal Consultation Requirements- (Sections 1902(a)(73) and 2107(e)(1)(C)); (ARRA #2, CHIPRA #3, issued May 28, 2009) Section 1902(a)(73) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires a State in which one or more Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations furnish health care services to establish a process for the State Medicaid agency to seek advice on a regular, ongoing basis from designees of Indian health programs, whether operated by the Indian Health Service (IHS), Tribes or Tribal organizations under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (ISDEAA), or Urban Indian Organizations under the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (IHCIA). Section 2107(e)(1)(C) of the Act was also amended to apply these requirements to the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Consultation is required concerning Medicaid and CHIP matters having a direct impact on Indian health programs and Urban Indian organizations.

Describe the process the State uses to seek advice on a regular, ongoing basis from federally-recognized tribes, Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations on matters related to Medicaid and CHIP programs and for consultation on State Plan Amendments, waiver proposals, waiver extensions, waiver amendments, waiver renewals and proposals for demonstration projects prior to submission to CMS. Include information about the frequency, inclusiveness and process for seeking such advice. Currently there are no recognized tribes, Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations in Pennsylvania.

Section 3. <u>Methods of Delivery and Utilization Controls</u>

Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 4 (Eligibility Standards and Methodology).

Guidance:

In Section 3.1, describe all delivery methods the State will use to provide services to enrollees, including: (1) contracts with managed care organizations (MCO), prepaid inpatient health plans (PIHP), prepaid ambulatory health plans (PAHP), primary care case management entities (PCCM entities), and primary care case managers (PCCM); (2) contracts with indemnity health insurance plans; (3) fee-for-service (FFS) paid by the State to health care providers; and (4) any other arrangements for health care delivery. The State should describe any variations based upon geography and by population (including the conception to birth population). States must submit the managed care contract(s) to CMS' Regional Office for review.

CHIP benefits are provided on a statewide basis using a managed care model with covered benefits delivered through insurers. The insurers are Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield entities, subsidiaries or affiliates of Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield entities, Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO), or risk-assuming gatekeeper Preferred Provider Organizations (PPO). All enrollees are provided the same Act 68 consumer protections. (Act 68 of 1998 is the state law that outlines requirements for managed care plans in Pennsylvania, many of those mirroring the requirements of Section 403 of CHIPRA.) Enrollees do have the option to terminate enrollment or voluntarily transfer from one contractor to another as required by Section 2103(f)(3) (incorporating section 1932(a)(4) (42 U.S.C. §1396u-2(a)(4)).

Effective with dates of service on or after October 1, 2009, Pennsylvania will ensure the Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) will receive a reimbursement equivalent in aggregate by federal fiscal year to the amounts of reimbursement each FQHC/RHC would have received under the Medicaid Prospective Payment System (PPS). This is the result of Section 503 of the CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA) which amended section 2107(e)(1) of the Social Security Act to make section 1902(bb) of the Social Security Act applicable to CHIP in the same manner as it applies to Medicaid.

Under this provision of CHIPRA, PA CHIP will ensure that payments to each FQHC and RHC for services provided on and after October 1, 2009 to PA CHIP covered children are at least equal in aggregate by federal fiscal year by date of service to the amount that would have been paid to that FQHC/RHC if PA CHIP reimbursement had been consistent with Medicaid prospective payment principles. Beginning December 1, 2013 CHIP Contractors assumed the responsibility of reimbursing FQHCs and RHCs at the Medicaid prospective payment rate. All internal claims systems have the ability to

process reimbursements.

On an annual basis, PPS rates are developed by PA DHS, and PA CHIP disseminates these rates to all PA CHIP contractors. Changes in rates during the year, are sent by DHS to the FQHCs via hard copy letter and the CHIP contractors are notified via email on the change in rates. For other policy changes, FOHCs are notified via MA Bulletin or the Public Notice process. PA CHIP has taken several steps to ensure that the FQHC/RHC's receive at least the full Medicaid PPS reimbursement rate. The first of which is a CHIP PPS Quarterly Report. Within this report, contractors must list a total count of all paid encounters within the reporting quarter. These encounters are broken down by categorymedical, dental, and vaccine. Within this report providers are required to summarize reportable FQHC/RHC encounters. CHIP Contractors provide reimbursement for the difference between the established Prospective Payment System (PPS) Rate and the amounts paid to FQHC/RHC's for encounters provided to CHIP recipients. In order to receive reimbursement, this Report of Managed Care encounters and receipts must be completed by the Provider for the end of each quarter and submitted to DHS. Data from the Quarterly CHIP Report, from our CHIP contractors, is used in comparison with the Quarterly DHS Report, from the FQHC's, to ensure correct payment is made to participating FQHC/RHC's. FQHC/RHC's have been instructed to contact the appropriate CHIP contractor to resolve any discrepancies. FQHC's and or PACHC (Pennsylvania Association of Community Health Centers) will notify PA CHIP of any discrepancies between PA CHIP contractors and FQHC's. PA CHIP will facilitate communications concerning discrepancies between PA CHIP contractors and FQHC's. Dialogue between CHIP contractor and FQHC/RHC is monitored to ensure amicable and timely resolution of discrepancies.

3.1. Delivery Systems (Section 2102(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.490; Part 457, Subpart L)

3.1.1 Choice of Delivery System

| 3.1.1.1 | Does the State use a managed care delivery system for its CHIP populations? Managed care entities include MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCM entities and PCCMs as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. Please check the box and answer the questions below that apply to your State. |
|---------|--|
| | No, the State does not use a managed care delivery system for any CHIP populations. |
| | Yes, the State uses a managed care delivery system for all CHIP populations. |
| | Yes, the State uses a managed care delivery system; however, only some of the CHIP population is included in the managed care |

delivery system and some of the CHIP population is included in a feefor-service system.

If the State uses a managed care delivery system for only some of its CHIP populations and a fee-for-service system for some of its CHIP populations, please describe which populations are, and which are not, included in the State's managed care delivery system for CHIP. States will be asked to specify which managed care entities are used by the State in its managed care delivery system below in Section 3.1.2.

Guidance:

Utilization control systems are those administrative mechanisms that are designed to ensure that enrollees receiving health care services under the State plan receive only appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the benefit package.

Examples of utilization control systems include, but are not limited to: requirements for referrals to specialty care; requirements that clinicians use clinical practice guidelines; or demand management systems (e.g., use of an 800 number for after-hours and urgent care). In addition, the State should describe its plans for review, coordination, and implementation of utilization controls, addressing both procedures and State developed standards for review, in order to assure that necessary care is delivered in a cost-effective and efficient manner. (42 CFR 457.490(b))

If the State <u>does not</u> use a managed care delivery system for any or some of its CHIP populations, describe the methods of delivery of the child health assistance using Title XXI funds to targeted low-income children. Include a description of:

- The methods for assuring delivery of the insurance products and delivery of health care services covered by such products to the enrollees, including any variations. (Section 2102(a)(4); 42 CFR 457.490(a))
- The utilization control systems designed to ensure that enrollees receiving health care services under the State plan receive only appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the benefit package described in the approved State plan. (Section 2102(a)(4); 42 CFR 457.490(b))

Guidance:

Only States that use a managed care delivery system for all or some CHIP populations need to answer the remaining questions under Section 3 (starting with 3.1.1.2). If the State uses a managed care delivery system for only some of its CHIP population, the State's responses to the following questions will only apply to those populations.

| 3.1.1.2 | Do any of your CHIP populations that receive services through a managed care delivery system receive any services outside of a managed care delivery system? ☐ No ☐ Yes |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| | If yes, please describe which services are carved out of your managed care delivery system and how the State provides these services to an enrollee, such as through fee-for-service. Examples of carved out services may include transportation and dental, among others. |
| 3.1.2 Use of a Man Populations | naged Care Delivery System for All or Some of the State's CHIP |
| 3.1.2.1 | Check each of the types of entities below that the State will contract with under its managed care delivery system, and select and/or explain the method(s) of payment that the State will use: |
| | ✓ Managed care organization (MCO) (42 CFR 457.10) ✓ Capitation payment Describe population served: Entire CHIP population. |
| | ☐ Prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP) (42 CFR 457.10) ☐ Capitation payment ☐ Other (please explain) ☐ Describe population served: |
| Guidance: | If the State uses prepaid ambulatory health plan(s) (PAHP) to exclusively provide non-emergency medical transportation (a NEMT PAHP), the State should not check the following box for that plan. Instead, complete section 3.1.3 for the NEMT PAHP. |
| | Prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP) (42 CFR 457.10) Capitation payment Other (please explain) Describe population served: |
| | Primary care case manager (PCCM) (individual practitioners) (42 CFR 457.10) Case management fee Other (please explain) |

| 3.1.3 | Nonemergen | cy Medical Transportation PAHPs |
|-------|------------|--|
| | | The current CHIP contract stipulates CHIP MCOs must comply with the Physician Incentive requirements under 42 CFR 438.3(i) incorporating 42 CFR 422.208 and 422.210. |
| | 3.1.2.2 | The State assures that if its contract with an MCO, PAHP, or PIHP allows the entity to use a physician incentive plan, the contract stipulates that the entity must comply with the requirements set forth in 42 CFR 422.208 and 422.210. (42 CFR 457.1201(h), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.3(i)). |
| | | Case management fee Shared savings, incentive payments, and/or other financial rewards for improved quality outcomes (see 42 CFR 457.1240(f)) Other (please explain) If PCCM entity is selected, please indicate which of the following function(s) the entity will provide (as described in 42 CFR 457.10), in addition to PCCM services: Provision of intensive telephonic case management Provision of face-to-face case management Operation of a nurse triage advice line Development of enrollee care plans Execution of contracts with fee-for-service (FFS) providers in the FFS program Oversight responsibilities for the activities of FFS providers in the FFS program Provision of payments to FFS providers on behalf of the State Provision of enrollee outreach and education activities Operation of a customer service call center Review of provider claims, utilization and/or practice patterns to conduct provider profiling and/or practice improvement Implementation of quality improvement activities including administering enrollee satisfaction surveys or collecting data necessary for performance measurement of providers Coordination with behavioral health systems/providers Other (please describe) |
| | | |

Only complete Section 3.1.3 if the State uses a PAHP to exclusively provide non-

emergency medical transportation (a NEMT PAHP). If a NEMT PAHP is the

Guidance:

only managed care entity for CHIP in the State, please continue to Section 4 after checking the assurance below. If the State uses a PAHP that does not exclusively provide NEMT and/or uses other managed care entities beyond a NEMT PAHP, the State will need to complete the remaining sections within Section 3.

- The State assures that it complies with all requirements applicable to NEMT PAHPs, and through its contracts with such entities, requires NEMT PAHPs to comply with all applicable requirements, including the following (from 42 CFR 457.1206(b)):
 - All contract provisions in 42 CFR 457.1201 except those set forth in 42 CFR 457.1201(h) (related to physician incentive plans) and 42 CFR 457.1201(l) (related to mental health parity).
 - The information requirements in 42 CFR 457.1207 (see Section 3.5 below for more details).
 - The provision against provider discrimination in 42 CFR 457.1208.
 - The State responsibility provisions in 42 CFR 457.1212 (about disenrollment),
 42 CFR 457.1214 (about conflict of interest safeguards), and 42 CFR 438.62(a), as cross-referenced in 42 CFR 457.1216 (about continued services to enrollees).
 - The provisions on enrollee rights and protections in 42 CFR 457.1220, 457.1222, 457.1224, and 457.1226.
 - The PAHP standards in 42 CFR 438.206(b)(1), as cross-referenced by 42 CFR 457.1230(a) (about availability of services), 42 CFR 457.1230(d) (about coverage and authorization of services), and 42 CFR 457.1233(a), (b) and (d) (about structure and operation standards).
 - An enrollee's right to a State review under subpart K of 42 CFR 457.
 - Prohibitions against affiliations with individuals debarred or excluded by Federal agencies in 42 CFR 438.610, as cross referenced by 42 CFR 457.1285.
 - Requirements relating to contracts involving Indians, Indian Health Care Providers, and Indian managed care entities in 42 CFR 457.1209.

3.2. General Managed Care Contract Provisions

The State assures that it provides for free and open competition, to the maximum extent practical, in the bidding of all procurement contracts for coverage or other services, including external quality review organizations, in accordance with the procurement requirements of 45 CFR part 75, as applicable. (42 CFR 457.940(b); 42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.356(e)).

- 3.2.2 ☐ The State assures that it will include provisions in all managed care contracts that define a sound and complete procurement contract, as required by 45 CFR part 75, as applicable. (42 CFR 457.940(c)).
- 3.2.3 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, and PCCM entity complies with any applicable Federal and State laws that pertain to enrollee rights, and ensures that its employees and contract providers observe and protect those rights (42 CFR 457.1220, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.100). These Federal and State laws include: Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (45 CFR part 80), Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (45 CFR part 91), Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.
- 3.2.4 ☐ The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity contracts. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3)).

3.3 Rate Development Standards and Medical Loss Ratio

- 3.3.1 The State assures that its payment rates are:

 ☐ Based on public or private payment rates for comparable services for comparable populations; and
 ☐ Consistent with actuarially sound principles as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. (42 CFR 457.1203(a)).
 Guidance: States that checked both boxes under 3.3.1 above do not need to make the next assurance. If the state is unable to check both boxes under 3.1.1 above, the state must check the next assurance.
 - If the State is unable to meet the requirements under 42 CFR 457.1203(a), the State attests that it must establish higher rates because such rates are necessary to ensure sufficient provider participation or provider access or to enroll providers who demonstrate exceptional efficiency or quality in the provision of services. (42 CFR 457.1203(b))
- The State assures that its rates are designed to reasonably achieve a medical loss ratio standard equal to at least 85 percent for the rate year and provide for reasonable administrative costs. (42 CFR 457.1203(c)).
- 3.3.3 The State assures that it will provide to CMS, if requested by CMS, a description of the manner in which rates were developed in accordance with the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1203(a) through (c). (42 CFR 457.1203(d)).

The State assures that it annually submits to CMS a summary description of the reports pertaining to the medical loss ratio received from the MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs. (42 CFR 457.1203(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.74(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1203. The CHIP Procedures Handbook, incorporated by reference in the current contract, provides specific reporting requirements, timeframes and templates pertaining to medical loss ratio.

| 3.3.5 | Does the State require an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to pay remittances through the |
|-------|---|
| | contract for not meeting the minimum MLR required by the State? (42 CFR |
| | 457.1203(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.74(b)(1)) |
| | No, the State does not require any MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to pay remittances. |
| | Yes, the State requires all MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to pay remittances. |
| | Yes, the State requires some, but not all, MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to pay |
| | remittances. |
| | |

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1203. The CHIP Procedures Handbook, incorporated by reference in the current contract, states that the MCO will owe a remittance to the Department if an MLR of at least 85 percent is not achieved for the MLR Reporting Year. The Department uses the MLR reporting template, published with the CHIP Procedures Handbook, to track MLR for each MCO.

If the State requests some, but not all, MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to pay remittances through the contract for not meeting the minimum MLR required by the State, please describe which types of managed care entities are and are not required to pay remittances. For example, if a state requires a medical MCO to pay a remittances but not a dental PAHP, please include this information.

If the answer to the assurance above is yes for any or all managed care entities, please answer the next assurance:

- The State assures that it if a remittance is owed by an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to the State, the State:
 - Reimburses CMS for an amount equal to the Federal share of the remittance, taking into account applicable differences in the Federal matching rate; and
 - Submits a separate report describing the methodology used to determine the State and Federal share of the remittance with the annual report provided to CMS that summarizes the reports received from the MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs. (42 CFR 457.1203(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR

438.74(b))

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP calculates and reports the medical loss ratio in accordance with 42 CFR 438.8. (42 CFR 457.1203(f)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1203. The CHIP Procedures Handbook, incorporated by reference in the current contract, provides specific reporting requirements, timeframes and templates pertaining to medical loss ratio.

3.4 Enrollment

- The State assures that its contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities provide that the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity:
 - Accepts individuals eligible for enrollment in the order in which they apply without restriction (unless authorized by CMS), up to the limits set under the contract (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.3(d)(1));
 - Will not, on the basis of health status or need for health care services, discriminate against individuals eligible to enroll (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.3(d)(3)); and
 - Will not discriminate against individuals eligible to enroll on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability and will not use any policy or practice that has the effect of discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability. (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 438.3(d)(4)).

3.4.1 Enrollment Process

3.4.1.1 ☐ The State assures that it provides informational notices to potential enrollees in an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity that includes the available managed care entities, explains how to select an entity, explains the implications of making or not making an active choice of an entity, explains the length of the enrollment period as well as the disenrollment policies, and complies with the information requirements in 42 CFR 457.1207 and accessibility standards established under 42 CFR 457.340. (42 CFR 457.1210(c)).

The Department publishes informational notices on its website that includes the available managed care entities, explains how to select and entity, the implications of making or not making an active choice of an entity, the length of the enrollment period as well as the disenrollment policies on its website at which complies with the

information requirements in 42 CFR 457.1207. The website is at www.chipcoverspakids.com. Furthermore, the CHIP standardized paper application includes the available managed care entities, explains how to select an entity, and explains the implications of making or not making an active choice of an entity. Both the website and paper application meet the accessibility standards established under 42 CFR 457.430.

| 3.4.1.2 | The State assures that its enrollment system gives beneficiaries already enrolled in an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity priority to continue that enrollment if the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity does not have the capacity to accept all those seeking enrollment under the program. (42 CFR 457.1210(b)). |
|---------|--|
| 3.4.1.3 | Does the State use a default enrollment process to assign beneficiaries to an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity? (42 CFR 457.1210(a)). ☐ Yes ☐ No |
| | If the State uses a default enrollment process, please make the following assurances: The State assigns beneficiaries only to qualified MCOs, PIHPs, |

PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities that are not subject to the intermediate sanction of having suspension of all new enrollment (including default enrollment) under 42 CFR 438.702 and have capacity to enroll beneficiaries. (42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(i)).

The State maximizes continuation of existing provider-beneficiary

The State maximizes continuation of existing provider-beneficiary relationships under 42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(ii) or if that is not possible, distributes the beneficiaries equitably and does not arbitrarily exclude any MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity from being considered. (42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(ii), 42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(iii)).

The Department has a default enrollment process if an applicant does not choose a CHIP MCO at application, or an application is submitted by referral from a County Assistance Office. The Department's electronic application processing system, COMPASS, automatically assigns an application without a designated provider using a "round robin" assignment system to ensure equitable distribution of applications to all eligible MCOs within a county. If a household is adding a new member, and already has existing coverage with CHIP, system rules are

designed so that the application will be routed to the CHIP MCO with the existing provider-beneficiary relationship.

3.4.2 Disenrollment

3.4.2.1
☐ The State assures that the State will notify enrollees of their right to disenroll consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 at least annually. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f)(2)) regarding and enrollee's right to disenroll. The Department does not restrict an enrollee's right to disenroll at any time. This right to disenroll is included in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. To ensure enrollees are receiving annual notice of this established policy, CHIP is updating its application and renewal notices to include the information. CHIP anticipates release of the revised application in July 2019 and revised renewal notices in September 2019.

The State assures that the effective date of an approved disenrollment, regardless of the procedure followed to request the disenrollment, will be no later than the first day of the second month following the month in which the enrollee requests disenrollment or the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity refers the request to the State. (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 438.56(e)(1)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1212. Furthermore, CHIP provides templated notices which MCOs use to systematically populate the disenrollment date in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1212.

3.4.2.3 If a beneficiary disenrolls from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, the State assures that the beneficiary is provided the option to enroll in another plan or receive benefits from an alternative delivery system. (Section 2103(f)(3) of the Social Security Act, incorporating section 1932(a)(4); 42 CFR 457.1212, cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.56; State Health Official Letter #09-008).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1212. Furthermore, CHIP provides templated notices which MCOs utilize to inform disenrolled individuals of the option to receive

benefits in another plan or alternate delivery system such as Medical Assistance. CHIP enrollees are offered Medical Assistance enrollment if they are disenrolled due to income. The Healthcare Handshake sends the enrollee's information and income directly to Medical Assistance for consideration. Income and citizenship are considered verified.

3.4.2.4 MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM Entity Requests for Disenrollment.

The State assures that contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs and PCCM entities describe the reasons for which an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity may request disenrollment of an enrollee, if any. (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1212. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook lists the reasons for disenrollment. The reasons are provided to the CHIP MCOs to include in the CHIP templated letters via an automated reason code. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated in the CHIP MCOs current contract by reference. Disenrollment reasons include the following:

- 1. The child moves out of state:
- 2. The child becomes 19 years of age (At age 19, the child is screened for potential MA eligibility and if potential MA eligibility exists, then the child is electronically referred to the appropriate CAO for final eligibility determination);
- 3. Private health insurance is obtained, or the child becomes eligible for or is enrolled in MA;
- 4. The child becomes an inmate of a juvenile delinquency facility or related public facility;
- 5. The child is a resident in a public hospital or similar facility for treating behavioral or mental health issues;
- 6. Notification is received that the child is deceased;
- 7. A voluntary request for termination is received;
- 8. Information was omitted, or misinformation was provided at the time of the application or renewal that would have resulted in a different eligibility determination had the correct information been provided;

- 9. A special needs child is referred to MA, but the family or physician does not provide required information for an eligibility determination;
- 10. The child is eligible for coverage through a state health benefit plan based on a family member's employment with a state/public agency; or
- 11. Nonpayment of the required monthly premium payment for Low-Cost and Full-Cost CHIP.

Guidance:

Reasons for disenrollment by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, and PCCM entity must be specified in the contract with the State. Reasons for disenrollment may not include an adverse change in the enrollee's health status, or because of the enrollee's utilization of medical services, diminished mental capacity, or uncooperative or disruptive behavior resulting from his or her special needs (except when his or her continued enrollment in the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity seriously impairs the entity's ability to furnish services to either this particular enrollee or other enrollees). (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(b)(2))

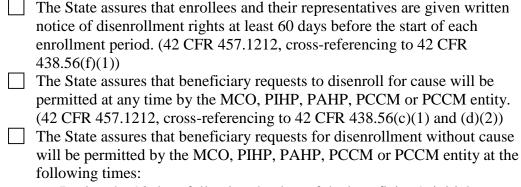
3.4.2.5 Enrollee Requests for Disenrollment.

Guidance:

The State may also choose to limit disenrollment from the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, except for either: 1) for cause, at any time; or 2) without cause during the latter of the 90 days after the beneficiary's initial enrollment or the State sends the beneficiary notice of that enrollment, at least once every 12 months, upon reenrollment if the temporary loss of CHIP eligibility caused the beneficiary to miss the annual disenrollment opportunity, or when the State imposes the intermediate sanction specified in 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4). (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)).

| Does the State limit disenrollment from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and |
|---|
| PCCM entity by an enrollee? (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR |
| 438.56(c)) |
| Yes |
| No No |
| |

If the State limits disenrollment by the enrollee from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity, please make the following assurances (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)):



- During the 90 days following the date of the beneficiary's initial enrollment into the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, or during the 90 days following the date the State sends the beneficiary notice of that enrollment, whichever is later;
- At least once every 12 months thereafter;
- If the State plan provides for automatic reenrollment for an individual who loses CHIP eligibility for a period of 2 months or less and the temporary loss of CHIP eligibility has caused the beneficiary to miss the annual disenrollment opportunity; and
- When the State imposes the intermediate sanction on the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity specified in 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4). (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)(2))
- 3.4.2.6
 ☐ The State assures that the State ensures timely access to a State review for any enrollee dissatisfied with a State agency determination that there is not good cause for disenrollment. (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(f)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1212.

3.5 Information Requirements for Enrollees and Potential Enrollees

The State assures that it provides, or ensures its contracted MCOs, PAHPs, PIHPs, PCCMs and PCCM entities provide, all enrollment notices, informational materials, and instructional materials related to enrollees and potential enrollees in accordance with the terms of 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. The CHIP Procedures Handbook includes templated letters which comply with 42 CFR

457.1207. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated into the MCO contract by reference.

3.5.2 ☐ The State assures that all required information provided to enrollees and potential enrollees are in a manner and format that may be easily understood and is readily accessible by such enrollees and potential enrollees. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(1)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. Furthermore, The Department reviews information sent to enrollees and potential enrollees through its programmatic change process and by providing templated notices. Both the programmatic change process and templated notices are part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides the content specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(g)-(i) either directly or by linking to individual MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity Web sites.

The CHIP Procedures Handbook and the CHIP Eligibility and Benefits Handbook are on-line at www.chipcoverspakids.com/Pages/default.aspx. Each CHIP MCO posts its provider directories and enrollee handbooks on their individual websites.

- **3.5.4** ☐ The State assures that it has developed and requires each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity to use:
 - Definitions for the terms specified under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4)(i), and
 - Model enrollee handbooks, and model enrollee notices. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4)).

Pennsylvania is working towards a Department-wide model enrollee handbook and uniform definitions for all MCOs to utilize which meets 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4)(i), and 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4)). The intent is to provide all MCOs with a single product that allows for a one-time, seamless transition rather than each program issuing separate model enrollee handbooks or definitions at separate times. The MCO CHIP enrollee handbooks currently utilized by the CHIP MCOs are reviewed and approved by PA CHIP through its programmatic change process to ensure information is accurate and consistent throughout the program. Any changes to an enrollee handbook including its definitions must be approved by the Department through PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The programmatic change process is

incorporated by reference to the Procedures Handbook in the CHIP MCOs current contract. The Department intends to release its model enrollee handbook and uniform definitions in January 2020.

- 3.5.5 If the State, MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM entities provide the information required under 42 CFR 457.1207 electronically, check this box to confirm that the State assures that it meets the requirements under 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(6) for providing the material in an accessible manner. Including that:
 - The format is readily accessible;
 - The information is placed in a location on the State, MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, or PCCM's, or PCCM entity's Web site that is prominent and readily accessible;
 - The information is provided in an electronic form which can be electronically retained and printed;
 - The information is consistent with the content and language requirements in 42 CFR 438.10; and
 - The enrollee is informed that the information is available in paper form without charge upon request and is provided the information upon request within 5 business days.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. Furthermore, any changes to MCO communications to enrollees must be approved by the Department through PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The changes are reviewed through the programmatic change process. The programmatic change process is part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

- 3.5.6 The State assures that it meets the language and format requirements set forth in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(d), including but not limited to:
 - Establishing a methodology that identifies the prevalent non-English languages spoken by enrollees and potential enrollees throughout the State, and in each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity service area;
 - Making oral interpretation available in all languages and written translation available in each prevalent non-English language;
 - Requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity to make its written
 materials that are critical to obtaining services available in the prevalent nonEnglish languages in its particular service area;
 - Making interpretation services available to each potential enrollee and requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity to make those services

- available free of charge to each enrollee; and
- Notifying potential enrollees, and requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity to notify its enrollees:
 - o That oral interpretation is available for any language and written translation is available in prevalent languages;
 - That auxiliary aids and services are available upon request and at no cost for enrollees with disabilities; and
 - o How to access the services in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.10(d)(5)(i) and (ii).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. The Department's online COMPASS application has a choice of 67 languages, or an "other" option. If the applicant chooses a language which the CHIP Application Processing System (CAPS) automatically captures, the language populates into the applicant's record. If CAPS does not automatically capture the language, then CAPS lists the language as "other" and a case comment is noted as to the preferred language of the applicant. For a paper application, there is a question asking for the applicant's primary language. When an applicant chooses a language other than English, the language is entered into the applicant's record in CAPS when the paper application information is data entered.

Additionally, the Department contracts with Propio Language Services. When an applicant is in need of materials in a language other than English, or calls into PA CHIP's toll-free consumer helpline, and requires an interpreter, the Department utilizes Propio for interpretation and translation services. These translation and interpretation services are free of charge to applicants and enrollees. Furthermore, the Department reviews and approves MCO materials to ensure compliance through its programmatic change request process. When a material is translated into a foreign language, the Department requires the MCO to provide a certification of accurate translation for the material. The programmatic change process is outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated into the MCO contract by reference. Also, as stated previously, the current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457,1207, therefore, CHIP MCOs are required to provide interpretation and translation services as required by federal regulation.

3.5.7 The State assures that the State or its contracted representative provides the information specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 438.10(e)(2), and includes the information either in paper or electronic format, to all potential

enrollees at the time the potential enrollee becomes eligible to enroll in a voluntary managed care program or is first required to enroll in a mandatory managed care program and within a timeframe that enables the potential enrollee to use the information to choose among the available MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs and PCCM entities:

- Information about the potential enrollee's right to disenroll consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 and which explains clearly the process for exercising this disenrollment right, as well as the alternatives available to the potential enrollee based on their specific circumstance;
- The basic features of managed care;
- Which populations are excluded from enrollment in managed care, subject to mandatory enrollment, or free to enroll voluntarily in the program;
- The service area covered by each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity;
- Covered benefits including:
 - o Which benefits are provided by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP; and which, if any, benefits are provided directly by the State; and
 - For a counseling or referral service that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP does not cover because of moral or religious objections, where and how to obtain the service;
- The provider directory and formulary information required in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(h) and (i);
- Any cost-sharing for the enrollee that will be imposed by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity consistent with those set forth in the State plan;
- The requirements for each MCO, PIHP or PAHP to provide adequate access to covered services, including the network adequacy standards established in 42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68;
- The MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity's responsibilities for coordination of enrollee care; and
- To the extent available, quality and performance indicators for each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity, including enrollee satisfaction.

Enrollment and disenrollment information, network adequacy standards, cost-sharing information, coordination of care standards and benefit information are found in both the CHIP Eligibility and Benefits Handbook as well as the CHIP Procedures Handbook located on-line at https://www.chipcoverspakids.com/Pages/default.aspx.

3.5.8 The State assures that it will provide the information specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f) to all enrollees of MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs and PCCM entities, including that the State must notify all

enrollees of their right to disenroll consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 at least annually.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f) regarding an enrollee's right to disenroll and appropriate timeframes. The Department does not restrict an enrollee's right to disenroll at any time. Current disenrollment templates do specify and comply with the notice timeframes within the regulation. This right to disenroll is included in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated in the CHIP MCOs current contract by reference. Furthermore, to ensure enrollees are receiving annual notice of this established policy, CHIP is updating its application and renewal notices to include the information.

- 3.5.9 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will provide the information specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f) to all enrollees of MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs and PCCM entities, including that:
 - The MCO, PIHP, PAHP and, when appropriate, the PCCM entity, must make a good faith effort to give written notice of termination of a contracted provider within the timeframe specified in 42 CFR 438.10(f), and
 - The MCO, PIHP, PAHP and, when appropriate, the PCCM entity must make available, upon request, any physician incentive plans in place as set forth in 42 CFR 438.3(i).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 1207. Furthermore, PA CHIP provides templated notices for provider termination. The CHIP Procedures Handbook includes templated letters in compliance with 42 CFR 1207. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated into the MCO contract by reference.

- The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will provide enrollees of that MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity an enrollee handbook that meets the requirements as applicable to the MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity, specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(g)(1)-(2), within a reasonable time after receiving notice of the beneficiary's enrollment, by a method consistent with 42 CFR 438.10(g)(3), and including the following items:
 - Information that enables the enrollee to understand how to effectively use the managed care program, which, at a minimum, must include:
 Benefits provided by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity;

- o How and where to access any benefits provided by the State, including any cost sharing, and how transportation is provided; and
- o In the case of a counseling or referral service that the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity does not cover because of moral or religious objections, the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity must inform enrollees that the service is not covered by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity and how they can obtain information from the State about how to access these services;
- The amount, duration, and scope of benefits available under the contract in sufficient detail to ensure that enrollees understand the benefits to which they are entitled;
- Procedures for obtaining benefits, including any requirements for service authorizations and/or referrals for specialty care and for other benefits not furnished by the enrollee's primary care provider;
- The extent to which, and how, after-hours and emergency coverage are provided, including:
 - What constitutes an emergency medical condition and emergency services;
 - The fact that prior authorization is not required for emergency services; and
 - The fact that, subject to the provisions of this section, the enrollee has a right to use any hospital or other setting for emergency care;
- Any restrictions on the enrollee's freedom of choice among network providers;
- The extent to which, and how, enrollees may obtain benefits, including family planning services and supplies from out-of-network providers;
- Cost sharing, if any is imposed under the State plan;
- Enrollee rights and responsibilities, including the elements specified in 42 CFR §438.100;
- The process of selecting and changing the enrollee's primary care provider;
- Grievance, appeal, and review procedures and timeframes, consistent with 42 CFR 457.1260, in a State-developed or State-approved description, including:
 - o The right to file grievances and appeals;
 - o The requirements and timeframes for filing a grievance or appeal;
 - o The availability of assistance in the filing process; and
 - O The right to request a State review after the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has made a determination on an enrollee's appeal which is adverse to the enrollee;
- How to access auxiliary aids and services, including additional information in alternative formats or languages;

- The toll-free telephone number for member services, medical management, and any other unit providing services directly to enrollees; and
- Information on how to report suspected fraud or abuse.

Each CHIP MCO provides an enrollment packet and access to the CHIP MCO's enrollee handbook to all new enrollees as required by 42 CFR 457.1207 cross-referencing 438.10(g). Each CHIP MCO enrollee handbook is reviewed and approved by CHIP Quality Assurance staff to ensure all required information as outlined in the bulleted list above is included. CHIP MCOs provide paper copies of the enrollee handbook upon request to an enrollee. Any changes to the enrollee handbook are sent to the Department for review and approval through the programmatic change request process. Furthermore, the current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs must meet the requirements of 42 CFR 1207. All requirements listed under this assurance are also outlined within the CHIP Procedures Handbook as well as the programmatic change process. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated into the CHIP MCO contract by reference.

3.5.11
☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will give each enrollee notice of any change that the State defines as significant in the information specified in the enrollee handbook at least 30 days before the intended effective date of the change. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(g)(4)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. Furthermore, any significant changes to an enrollee handbook must be approved by PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The programmatic review process ensures that CHIP MCOs provide at least 30 days-notice to enrollees regarding significant changes to the enrollee handbook. The programmatic change process is incorporated by reference to the CHIP Procedures Handbook in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM entity, will make available a provider directory for the MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's or PCCM entity's network providers, including for physicians (including specialists), hospitals, pharmacies, and behavioral health providers, that includes information as specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(h)(1)-(2) and (4).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. This includes the provision of a provider directory.

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM entity, will update any information included in a paper provider directory at least monthly and in an electronic provider directories as specified in 42 CFR 438.10(h)(3). (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(h)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. This includes timely updates of paper and electronic provider directories.

- 3.5.14 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM entity, will make available the MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, or PCCM entity's formulary that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(i), including:
 - Which medications are covered (both generic and name brand); and
 - What tier each medication is on.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1207. This includes making the formulary available, and that the formulary meets the requirements of 42 CFR 438.10(i).

3.5.15 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity follows the requirements for marketing activities under 42 CFR 457.1224, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.104 (except 42 CFR 438.104(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1224. Furthermore, marketing activities must be approved by the Department prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the activity. The CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines acceptable marketing activities which comply with 42 CFR 457.1224 and provides reporting templates that CHIP MCOs must use. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

Guidance: Requirements for marketing activities include, but are not limited to, that the

MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity does not distribute any marketing
materials without first obtaining State approval; distributes the materials to its
entire service areas as indicated in the contract; does not seek to influence
enrollment in conjunction with the sale or offering of any private insurance; and

does not, directly or indirectly, engage in door-to-door, telephone, email, texting, or other cold-call marketing activities. (42 CFR 104(b))

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the remaining assurances in Section 3.5 (3.5.16 through 3.5.18).

3.5.16 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP and PAHP protects communications between providers and enrollees under 42 CFR 457.1222, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.102.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1222.

The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs have arrangements and procedures that prohibit the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP from conducting any unsolicited personal contact with a potential enrollee by an employee or agent of the MCO, PAHP, or PIHP for the purpose of influencing the individual to enroll with the entity. (42 CFR 457.1280(b)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1280. Furthermore, the Department reviews and approves potential and existing enrollee communications through its programmatic change process to ensure no prohibited unsolicited contact occurs. The programmatic change process is incorporated by reference to the Procedures Handbook in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

Guidance: States should also complete Section 3.9, which includes additional provisions about the notice procedures for grievances and appeals.

The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP comply with the notice requirements specified for grievances and appeals in accordance with the terms of 42 CFR 438, Subpart F, except that the terms of 42 CFR 438.420 do not apply and that references to reviews should be read to refer to reviews as described in 42 CFR 457, Subpart K. (42 CFR 457.1260).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions managing grievances and appeals as well as letter templates. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.6 Benefits and Services

Guidance: The State should also complete Section 3.10 (Program Integrity).

3.6.1 ☐ The State assures that MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM entity, and PCCM contracts involving Indians, Indian health care providers, and Indian managed care entities comply with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.14. (42 CFR 457.1209).

Currently there are no recognized tribes, Indian health providers, or Indian managed care entities in Programs in Pennsylvania. However, the current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department does stipulate that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1209.

The State assures that all services covered under the State plan are available and accessible to enrollees. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230. Furthermore, The Department provides a standardized PA CHIP enrollee eligibility and benefits handbook that outlines all services available and accessible to enrollees.

- 3.6.3 The State assures that it:
 - Publishes the State's network adequacy standards developed in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68(b)(1) on the Web site required by 42 CFR 438.10;
 - Makes available, upon request, the State's network adequacy standards at no cost to enrollees with disabilities in alternate formats or through the provision of auxiliary aids and services. (42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68(e)).

Pennsylvania has codified its network adequacy standards in 28 Pa. Code § 9.679 regarding access requirements in service areas. The network adequacy standards are available on-line at

www.pacode.com/secure/data/028/chapter9/s9.679.html. The Department provides copies to enrollees upon request at no cost and in alternate formats or through auxiliary aids and services.

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the remaining assurances in Section 3.6 (3.6.4 through 3.6.20.

The State assures that each MCO, PAHP and PIHP meet the State's network adequacy standards. (42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68; 42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206).

Pennsylvania has codified its network adequacy standards in 28 Pa. Code § 9.679 regarding access requirements in service areas. Before the Department contracts with a CHIP MCO, the CHIP MCO must provide certification from the Pennsylvania Department of Health (PA DOH) that it meets network adequacy standards. The PA DOH is responsible for certifying that Pennsylvania MCOs comply with Title 28 of the Pa Code. Furthermore, PA CHIP requires that each CHIP MCO has National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation. NCQA accreditation provides for further certification of network adequacy standards. CHIP MCOs are required to provide the Department with verification of NCQA certification at initial contract and every three years after (recredential).

- **3.6.5** The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP includes within its network of credentialed providers:
 - A sufficient number of providers to provide adequate access to all services covered under the contract for all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency or physical or mental disabilities;
 - Women's health specialists to provide direct access to covered care necessary to provide women's routine and preventative health care services for female enrollees; and
 - Family planning providers to ensure timely access to covered services. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206(b).

Pennsylvania has codified its network adequacy standards in 28 Pa. Code § 9.679 regarding access requirements in service areas. The standards include the composition requirements of a network. Before the Department contracts with a CHIP MCO, the CHIP MCO must provide certification from the Pennsylvania Department of Health (PA DOH) that it meets network adequacy standards. The PA DOH is responsible for certifying that Pennsylvania MCOs comply with Title 28 of the Pa Code. Furthermore, the Department requires that each CHIP MCO has National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation. NCQA accreditation provides for further certification of network adequacy standards including network composition. CHIP MCOs are required to provide the Department with verification of NCQA certification at initial contract and every three years after (recredential).

3.6.6 ☐ The State assures that each contract under 42 CFR 457.1201 permits an enrollee to choose his or her network provider. (42 CFR 457.1201(j), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.3(l)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1201(j).

3.6.7 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP provides for a second opinion from a network provider, or arranges for the enrollee to obtain one outside the network, at no cost. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206(b)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230. Furthermore, the PA CHIP Eligibility and Benefits handbook specifically states that each CHIP MCO must provide for a second opinion from a network provider or arrange for the enrollee to obtain a second opinion from outside the network, at no cost. During the MCO on-site review, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff verify that MCOs meet the requirements of both federal regulations and the PA CHIP Eligibility and Benefits handbook.

- 3.6.8 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP ensures that providers, in furnishing services to enrollees, provide timely access to care and services, including by:
 - Requiring the contract to adequately and timely cover out-of-network services if the provider network is unable to provide necessary services covered under the contract to a particular enrollee and at a cost to the enrollee that is no greater than if the services were furnished within the network;
 - Requiring the MCO, PIHP and PAHP meet and its network providers to meet State standards for timely access to care and services, taking into account the urgency of the need for services;
 - Ensuring that the hours of operation for a network provider are no less than the hours of operation offered to commercial enrollees or comparable to Medicaid or CHIP Fee-For-Service, if the provider serves only Medicaid or CHIP enrollees;
 - Ensuring that the MCO, PIHP and PAHP makes available services include in the contract on a 24-hours a day, 7 days a week basis when medically necessary;
 - Establishing mechanisms to ensure compliance by network providers;
 - Monitoring network providers regularly to determine compliance;
 - Taking corrective action if there is a failure to comply by a network provider. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206(b)(4) and (5) and (c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook stipulates CHIP MCOS must provide timely access to care and services which includes all of the bulleted items in this assurance. PA CHIP also reviews provider agreements between the

CHIP MCO and network providers to ensure network providers meet their obligations as stipulated in this assurance. The requirement for CHIP MCOs to provide provider agreements to PA CHIP is a process within the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures handbook is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract by reference. Additionally, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review network provider and service provision during its annual on-site review with CHIP MCOs starting in 2019.

3.6.9 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has the capacity to serve the expected enrollment in its service area in accordance with the State's standards for access to care. (42 CFR 457.1230(b), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.207).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230. Also, Pennsylvania has codified its network adequacy standards in 28 Pa. Code § 9.679 regarding access requirements in service areas. Before the Department contracts with a CHIP MCO, the CHIP MCO must provide certification from the Pennsylvania Department of Health (PA DOH) that it meets network adequacy standards which includes the state's standards for access to care. The PA DOH is responsible for certifying that Pennsylvania MCOs comply with Title 28 of the Pa Code. Furthermore, the Department requires that each CHIP MCO has National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation. NCQA accreditation provides for further certification of network adequacy standards which includes access to care standards. CHIP MCOs are required to provide the Department with verification of NCQA certification at initial contract and every three years after (recredential).

- 3.6.10 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP will be required to submit documentation to the State, at the time of entering into a contract with the State, on an annual basis, and at any time there has been a significant change to the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's operations that would affect the adequacy of capacity and services, to demonstrate that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP for the anticipated number of enrollees for the service area:
 - Offers an appropriate range of preventative, primary care and specialty services; and
 - Maintains a provider network that is sufficient in number, mix, and geographic distribution. (42 CFR 457.1230, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.207(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230.

- Except that 42 CFR 438.210(a)(5) does not apply to CHIP, the State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP comply with the coverage of services requirements under 42 CFR 438.210, including:
 - Identifying, defining, and specifying the amount, duration, and scope of each service that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP is required to offer; and
 - Permitting an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to place appropriate limits on a service. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.210(a) except that 438.210(a)(5) does not apply to CHIP contracts).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230.

- 3.6.12 Except that 438.210(b)(2)(iii) does not apply to CHIP, the State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP comply with the authorization of services requirements under 42 CFR 438.210, including that:
 - The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and its subcontractors have in place and follow written policies and procedures;
 - The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP have in place mechanisms to ensure consistent application of review criteria and consult with the requesting provider when appropriate; and
 - Any decision to deny a service authorization request or to authorize a service in an amount, duration, or scope that is less than requested be made by an individual with appropriate expertise in addressing the enrollee's medical, or behavioral health needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.210(b), except that 438.210(b)(2)(iii) does not apply to CHIP contracts).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230.

The State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP require each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to notify the requesting provider and given written notice to the enrollee of any adverse benefit determination to deny a service authorization request, or to authorize a service in an amount, duration, or scope that is less than requested. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.210(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230.

3.6.14 ☐ The State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP provide that compensation to individuals or entities that conduct utilization management

activities is not structured so as to provide incentives for the individual or entity to deny, limit, or discontinue medically necessary services to any enrollee. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.210(e)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230.

3.6.15 ☐ The State assures that it has a transition of care policy that meets the requirements of 438.62(b)(1) and requires that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP implements the policy. (42 CFR 457.1216, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.62).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1216. The CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines a transition of care policy that meets the requirements of 42 CFR 438.62(b). CHIP MCOs are required to implement the CHIP Procedures Handbook because the CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference into the CHIP MCO contract with the Department.

- 3.6.16 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has implemented procedures to deliver care to and coordinate services for all enrollees in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208, including:
 - Ensure that each enrollee has an ongoing source of care appropriate to his or her needs;
 - Ensure that each enrollee has a person or entity formally designated as primarily responsible for coordinating the services accessed by the enrollee:
 - Provide the enrollee with information on how to contract their designated person or entity responsible for the enrollee's coordination of services;
 - Coordinate the services the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP furnishes to the enrollee between settings of care; with services from any other MCO, PIHP, or PAHP; with fee-for-service services; and with the services the enrollee receives from community and social support providers;
 - Make a best effort to conduct an initial screening of each enrollees needs within 90 days of the effective date of enrollment for all new enrollees;
 - Share with the State or other MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs serving the enrollee the results of any identification and assessment of the enrollee's needs:
 - Ensure that each provider furnishing services to enrollees maintains and shares, as appropriate, an enrollee health record in accordance with professional standards; and

• Ensure that each enrollee's privacy is protected in the process of coordinating care is protected with the requirements of 45 CFR parts 160 and 164 subparts A and E. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230(c). PA CHIP also reviews information on coordination of care, screening requirements, service delivery, privacy protections, and designation of a primary care coordinator during quality on-site reviews. During the Quarterly Quality Review Meetings with each CHIP MCO, the Department discusses issues of coordination of care, service delivery, and privacy protections. Furthermore, PA CHIP reviews the CHIP MCO enrollee handbooks to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and policies such as those required in the PA CHIP Procedures Handbook. Any changes to an enrollee handbook must be approved by PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines the above bulleted requirements and the CHIP MCO's obligation to meet those requirements. The CHIP Procedures handbook is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract by reference.

Guidance:

For assurances 3.6.17 through 3.6.20, applicability to PIHPs and PAHPs is based a determination by the State in relation to the scope of the entity's services and on the way the State has organized its delivery of managed care services, whether a particular PIHP or PAHP is required to implement the mechanisms for identifying, assessing, and producing a treatment plan for an individual with special health care needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(a)(2))

3.6.17

The State assures that it has implemented mechanisms for identifying to MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs enrollees with special health care needs who are eligible for assessment and treatment services under 42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c) and included the mechanism in the State's quality strategy.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230(c). Furthermore, The Department has a special needs process in place to ensure enrollees are getting appropriate care. CHIP MCOs identify special needs enrollee by conducting a claims review. A packet regarding special needs information is sent to the Department's Office of Income Maintenance for review and determination of eligibility for Medical Assistance. The special needs process is outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures handbook is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract

by reference.

3.6.18 ☐ The State assures that each applicable MCO, PIHP, and PAHP implements the mechanisms to comprehensively assess each enrollee identified by the state as having special health care needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230(c). Furthermore, The Department has a special needs process in place to ensure enrollees are getting appropriate care. CHIP MCOs are required to review history from medical claims management information to identify children enrolled in CHIP who may potentially be eligible for MA based on the child's disability. The Department has a program for children under the age of 18 with special needs who meet the SSA definition of a disability. The SSA's definition of a disability for a child is:

- 1. A physical or mental condition or a combination of conditions, that results in "marked and severe functional limitations". This means that the condition(s) must very seriously limit the child's activities; and
- 2. The child's condition(s) must be permanent or have lasted or be expected to last at least 12 months; or must be expected to result in death.

A packet regarding special needs information is sent to the Department's Office of Income Maintenance for review and determination of eligibility for Medical Assistance. Quarterly Quality Review Meetings are held by the Department with each CHIP MCO to ensure that treatment and service plans are in place for enrollees identified as having special heath care needs. These assessments and service plans are also reviewed during on-site visits. The special needs process is outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures handbook is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract by reference.

- 3.6.19 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP will produce a treatment or service plan that meets the following requirements for enrollees identified with special health care needs:
 - Is in accordance with applicable State quality assurance and utilization review standards;
 - Reviewed and revised upon reassessment of functional need, at least every 12 months, or when the enrollee's circumstances or needs change significantly. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230(c). Furthermore, The Department conducts Quarterly Quality Review Meetings with each CHIP MCO to ensure that treatment and service plans are in place for enrollees identified as having special heath care needs. These assessments and service plans are also reviewed during annual on-site visits. The special needs process is outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures handbook outlines the states quality assurance and utilization review standards and is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract by reference. Additionally, the CHIP MCOs are required to have NCQA accreditation every three years. NCQA accreditation includes quality assurances and utilization review standards. Once the CHIP MCOs obtain the accreditation certificate they are required to send a copy to the Department.

3.6.20

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must have a mechanism in place to allow enrollees to directly access a specialist as appropriate for the enrollee's condition and identified needs for enrollees identified with special health care needs who need a course of treatment or regular care monitoring. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c)(4)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1230(c). Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook and the CHIP Eligibility and Benefits Handbook require CHIP MCOs to ensure that an enrollee has direct access to a specialist appropriate for the condition, so the enrollee receives appropriate course of treatment. The CHIP Procedures handbook is incorporated into the current CHIP MCO contract by reference. The CHIP Eligibility and Benefits Handbook outlines all services and benefits available to enrollees through CHIP regardless of their chosen MCO.

3.7 Operations

3.7.1

The State assures that it has established a uniform credentialing and recredentialing policy that addresses acute, primary, behavioral, and substance use disorders providers and requires each MCO, PIHP and PAHP to follow those policies. (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(b)(1)).

The Department requires that each MCO has National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation. NCQA accreditation provides for a uniform credentialing and recredentialing policy that addresses acute and primary providers. The NCQA credentialing/ recredentialling assures that

CHIP MCOs are following prescribed policies. Recredentialling occurs every three years. CHIP MCOs are required to provide a copy of their NCQA credentialing to the Department per the CHIP MCO contract. The CHIP MCOs are responsible for ensuring the credentialing for behavioral health and substance use disorder providers. The Department reviews the CHIP MCOs credentialing procedures during its on-site reviews to ensure CHIP MCOs are providing appropriate credentialing and recredentialing.

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the remaining assurances in Section 3.7 (3.7.2 through 3.7.9).

- 3.7.2 The State assures each contracted MCO, PIHP and PAHP will comply with the provider selection requirements in 42 CFR 457.1208 and 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.12 and 438.214, including that:
 - Each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP implements written policies and procedures for selection and retention of network providers (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(a));
 - MCO, PIHP, and PAHP network provider selection policies and procedures do not discriminate against particular providers that serve high-risk populations or specialize in conditions that require costly treatment (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(c));
 - MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not discriminate in the participation, reimbursement, or indemnification of any provider who is acting within the scope of his or her license or certification, solely on the basis of that license or certification (42 CFR 457.1208, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.12(a));
 - If an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP declines to include individual or groups of providers in the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's provider network, the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP gives the affected providers written notice of the reason for the decision (42 CFR 457.1208, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.12(a)); and
 - MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not employ or contract with providers excluded from participation in Federal health care programs under either section 1128 or section 1128A of the Act. (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(d)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1208 and 457.1233. Furthermore, the Department through PA CHIP conducts on-site monitoring with each MCO. During the monitoring, PA CHIP assures that an MCO's documents, policies and procedures comply with provisions listed above including network adequacy, MCO certification and provider credentialing, provider enrollment validation, and provider communications.

- 3.7.3 The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP complies with the subcontractual relationships and delegation requirements in 42 CFR 457.1233(b), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.230, including that:
 - The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP maintains ultimate responsibility for adhering to and otherwise fully complying with all terms and conditions of its contract with the State;
 - All contracts or written arrangements between the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and any subcontractor specify that all delegated activities or obligations, and related reporting responsibilities, are specified in the contract or written agreement, the subcontractor agrees to perform the delegated activities and reporting responsibilities specified in compliance with the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's contract obligations, and the contract or written arrangement must either provide for revocation of the delegation of activities or obligations, or specify other remedies in instances where the State or the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP determine that the subcontractor has not performed satisfactorily;
 - All contracts or written arrangements between the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and any subcontractor must specify that the subcontractor agrees to comply with all applicable CHIP laws, regulations, including applicable subregulatory guidance and contract provisions; and
 - \square The subcontractor agrees to the audit provisions in 438.230(c)(3).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1233. Furthermore, PA CHIP may review contracts between CHIP MCOs and their subcontractors to ensure the subcontractor meets the provisions of 42 CFR 457.1233. This review requirement is outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The review is at PA CHIP's discretion. In 2019, all contracts are reviewed. The Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the MCOs current contract.

3.7.4 The State assures that each contracted MCO and, when applicable, each PIHP and PAHP, adopts and disseminates practice guidelines that are based on valid and reliable clinical evidence or a consensus of providers in the particular field; consider the needs of the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's enrollees; are adopted in consultation with network providers; and are reviewed and updated periodically as appropriate. (42 CFR 457.1233(c), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.236(b) and (c)).

Each CHIP MCO has provider agreements that are reviewed during on-site visits by PA CHIP Quality Assurance (QA) staff. The review includes ensuring that covered services adhere to Bright Futures guidelines and case

management are a based on valid and reliable clinical evidence. Bright Futures is a national health promotion and prevention initiative, led by the American Academy of Pediatrics and supported, in part, by the US Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB). The Bright Futures Guidelines provide theory-based and evidence driven guidance for all preventative care screenings and well-child visits. The Department through PA CHIP ensures these guidelines are adopted in consultation with network providers. PA CHIP QA staff also ensure MCOs update and review their guidelines periodically as appropriate. Furthermore, all CHIP MCOs have National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation. NCQA accreditation also monitors provider quality every three years.

The State assures that each contracted MCO and, when applicable, each PIHP and PAHP makes decisions for utilization management, enrollee education, coverage of services, and other areas to which the guidelines apply are consistent with the practice guidelines. (42 CFR 457.1233(c), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.236(d)).

The Department holds Quarterly Quality Review Meetings with each CHIP MCO. During each meeting, the CHIP MCO provides the Department information regarding utilization management, enrollee education, and coverage of services. The Department through PA CHIP also reviews information on utilization management, enrollee education and coverage of services contained within the CHIP MCO enrollee handbook. Any changes to an enrollee handbook must be approved by the Department through PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The programmatic change process is incorporated by reference to the Procedures Handbook in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP maintains a health information system that collects, analyzes, integrates, and reports data consistent with 42 CFR 438.242. The systems must provide information on areas including, but not limited to, utilization, claims, grievances and appeals, and disenrollments for other than loss of CHIP eligibility. (42 CFR 457.1233(d), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.242).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1233. Each CHIP MCO maintains a health information system that collects, analyzes, integrates and reports data on utilization, claims, grievances and appeals as well as disenrollment. CHIP MCOs provide regular and ad hoc reports

related to utilization, claims, grievances and appeals and disenrollment as directed by the Department.

- The State assures that it reviews and validates the encounter data collected, maintained, and submitted to the State by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to ensure it is a complete and accurate representation of the services provided to the enrollees under the contract between the State and the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and meets the requirements 42 CFR 438.242 of this section. (42 CFR 457.1233(d), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.242).
- The State assures that it will submit to CMS all encounter data collected, maintained, submitted to the State by the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP once the State has reviewed and validated the data based on the requirements of 42 CFR 438.242. (CMS State Medicaid Director Letter #13-004).
- 3.7.9 The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP and PAHP complies with the privacy protections under 42 CFR 457.1110. (42 CFR 457.1233(e)).

The CHIP MCO contract has multiple provisions establishing privacy protections of enrollee health information which comply with 42 CFR 457.1110. Furthermore, the current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1233(e). The Department through PA CHIP issued a transmittal to MCOs that outlines how and when a provider must report a privacy breach to the HIPPA Privacy Coordinator. The transmittal was issued January 28, 2018. The Quality Assurance director receives non-compliance notifications and follows-up with the MCO to ensure remediation occurs.

3.8 Beneficiary Protections

3.8.1 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity has written policies regarding the enrollee rights specified in 42 CFR 438.100. (42 CFR 457.1220, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.100(a)(1)).

The CHIP MCOs enrollee handbooks contain the enrollees' rights. All CHIP MCO enrollee handbooks are vetted by PA CHIP through its programmatic change process to ensure information is accurate and consistent throughout the program. Any changes to an enrollee handbook including its enrollee rights must be approved by PA CHIP prior to the CHIP MCO implementing the change. The programmatic change process is incorporated by reference to the Procedures Handbook in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.8.2 The State assures that its contracts with an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity include a guarantee that the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity

will not avoid costs for services covered in its contract by referring enrollees to publicly supported health care resources. (42 CFR 457.1201(p)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1201(p).

- **3.8.3** The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not hold the enrollee liable for the following:
 - The MCO's, PIHP's or PAHP's debts, in the event of the entity's solvency. (42 CFR 457.1226, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.106(a))
 - Covered services provided to the enrollee for which the State does not pay the MCO, PIHP or PAHP or for which the State, MCO, PIHP, or PAHP does not pay the individual or the health care provider that furnished the services under a contractual, referral or other arrangement. (42 CFR 457.1226, crossreferencing to 42 CFR 438.106(b))
 - Payments for covered services furnished under a contract, referral or other arrangement that are in excess of the amount the enrollee would owe if the MCO, PIHP or PAHP covered the services directly. (42 CFR 457.1226, crossreferencing to 42 CFR 438.106(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1226.

3.9 Grievances and Appeals

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.9. States with PCCMs and/or PCCM entities should be adhering to the State's review process for benefits.

3.9.1 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has a grievance and appeal system in place that allows enrollees to file a grievance and request an appeal. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions managing grievances and appeals as well as letter templates. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the MCOs current contract.

3.9.2 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has only one level of appeal for enrollees. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore,

the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions managing grievances and appeals including the MCO level of appeal. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

The State assures that an enrollee may request a State review after receiving notice that the adverse benefit determination is upheld, or after an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP fails to adhere to the notice and timing requirements in 42 CFR 438.408. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 438.402(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions regarding the state review. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

| 3.9.4. | Does the state offer and arrange for an external medical review? |
|--------|--|
| | ∑ Yes |
| | \bigcap No |

Guidance: Only states that answered yes to assurance 3.9.4 need to complete the next assurance (3.9.5).

- **3.9.5** \boxtimes The State assures that the external medical review is:
 - At the enrollee's option and not required before or used as a deterrent to proceeding to the State review;
 - Independent of both the State and MCO, PIHP, or PAHP;
 - Offered without any cost to the enrollee; and
 - Not extending any of the timeframes specified in 42 CFR 438.408. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(1)(i)).

CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines the external medical review process that is conducted by the Department of Health. The process is at the enrollee's option and does not impede upon an enrollee's right for further review. There is no cost to the enrollee for the review. The MCOs are required to follow the external medical review process requirement as the CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference into the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, state statute (40 P.S. §§ 991.2301-A – 991.2309-A) requires CHIP to offer an external medical review and that review meets the requirements as outlined in 42 CFR 1260, cross referencing 438.408(f).

3.9.6 The State assures that an enrollee may file a grievance with the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP at any time. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(2)(i)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions on how and when and enrollee may file a grievance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.7 ☐ The State assures that an enrollee has 60 calendar days from the date on an adverse benefit determination notice to file a request for an appeal to the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(2)(ii)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including timeframes regarding appeals. The Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.8 ☐ The State assures that an enrollee may file a grievance and request an appeal either orally or in writing. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(3)(i)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including how an enrollee may request an appeal. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.9 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP gives enrollees timely and adequate notice of an adverse benefit determination in writing consistent with the requirements below in Section 3.9.10 and in 42 CFR 438.10.

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260 (referenced in Section 3.9.10 (below)). Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including timely and adequate notice. Templated notices are also provided through the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines the external medical review process that is conducted by the Department of Health. There is no cost to the enrollee for the review. The CHIP MCOs are required to follow the external medical review process requirement as the CHIP Procedures Handbook is

incorporated by reference into the CHIP MCOs current contract.

- **3.9.10** \boxtimes The State assures that the notice of an adverse benefit determination explains:
 - The adverse benefit determination.
 - The reasons for the adverse benefit determination, including the right of the
 enrollee to be provided upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to
 and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the
 enrollee's adverse benefit determination. Such information includes medical
 necessity criteria, and any processes, strategies, or evidentiary standards used
 in setting coverage limits.
 - The enrollee's right to request an appeal of the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's adverse benefit determination, including information on exhausting the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's one level of appeal and the right to request a State review.
 - The procedures for exercising the rights specified above under this assurance.
 - The circumstances under which an appeal process can be expedited and how to request it. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.404(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including adverse benefit explanations. Templated notices are also provided through the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.11 ☐ The State assures that the notice of an adverse benefit determination is provided in a timely manner in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1260. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.404(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including adverse benefit explanation timeframes. Templated notices are also provided through the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.12 ☐ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs give enrollees reasonable assistance in completing forms and taking other procedural steps related to a grievance or appeal. This includes, but is not limited to, auxiliary aids and services upon request, such as providing interpreter services and toll-free numbers that have adequate TTY/TTD and interpreter capability. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.406(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific instructions including providing assistance to enrollees in completing forms and procedural steps related to grievances and appeals. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

| 3.9.13 | The state makes the following assurances related to MCO, PIHP, and |
|--------|---|
| | PAHP processes for handling enrollee grievances and appeals: |
| | ☐ Individuals who make decisions on grievances and appeals were neither |
| | involved in any previous level of review or decision-making nor a |
| | subordinate of any such individual. |
| | Individuals who make decisions on grievances and appeals, if deciding any |
| | of the following, are individuals who have the appropriate clinical expertise |
| | in treating the enrollee's condition or disease: |
| | An appeal of a denial that is based on lack of medical necessity. |
| | A grievance regarding denial of expedited resolution of an appeal. |
| | A grievance or appeal that involves clinical issues. |
| | All comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the |
| | enrollee or their representative will be taken into account, without regard to |
| | whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial adverse |
| | benefit determination. |
| | Enrollees have a reasonable opportunity, in person and in writing, to present |
| | evidence and testimony and make legal and factual arguments. |
| | Enrollees are provided the enrollee's case file, including medical records, |
| | other documents and records, and any new or additional evidence considered |
| | relied upon, or generated by the MCO, PIHP or PAHP (or at the direction of |
| | the MCO, PIHP or PAHP) in connection with the appeal of the adverse |
| | benefit determination. This information must be provided free of charge and |
| | sufficiently in advance of the resolution timeframe for appeals. |
| | The enrollee and his or her representative or the legal representative of a |
| | deceased enrollee's estate are included as parties to the appeal. (42 CFR |

457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.406(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals, and includes each element listed in this assurance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff

review MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of onsite reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.14 ☐ The State assures that standard grievances are resolved (including notice to the affected parties) within 90 calendar days from the day the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP receives the grievance. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including the requirement standard grievances are resolved within 90 calendar days. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.15 The State assures that standard appeals are resolved (including notice to the affected parties) within 30 calendar days from the day the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP receives the appeal. The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if the enrollee requests the extension or the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP shows that there is need for additional information and that the delay is in the enrollee's interest. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 42 CFR 438.408(b) and (c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides CHIP MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including the requirement standard appeals are resolved within 30 calendar days. The process outlined in the CHIP Procedures Handbook also allows for the 14-calendar day extension. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.16

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP establishes and maintains an expedited review process for appeals that is no longer than 72 hours after the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP receives the appeal. The expedited review process applies when the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP determines (for a request from the enrollee) or the provider indicates (in making the request on the enrollee's behalf or supporting the enrollee's request) that taking the time for a standard resolution could seriously jeopardize the enrollee's life, physical or mental health, or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(b) and (c), and 42 CFR 438.410(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides CHIP MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including expedited review process for appeals is no longer than 72 hours and when to apply the expedited review process as described in 42 CFR 457.1260. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.17

The State assures that if an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP denies a request for expedited resolution of an appeal, it transfers the appeal within the timeframe for standard resolution in accordance with 42 CFR 438.408(b)(2). (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.410(c)(1)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides CHIP MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals which is in accordance with timeframes established. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.18

The State assures that if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP extends the timeframes for an appeal not at the request of the enrollee or it denies a request for an expedited resolution of an appeal, it completes all of the following:

- Make reasonable efforts to give the enrollee prompt oral notice of the delay.
- Within 2 calendar days give the enrollee written notice of the reason for the decision to extend the timeframe and inform the enrollee of the right to file a grievance if he or she disagrees with that decision.
- Resolve the appeal as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires and no later than the date the extension expires. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(c) and 42 CFR 438.410(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides CHIP MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including the bullet items listed in this assurance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff reviews CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.19 ☐ The State assures that if an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP fails to adhere to the notice and timing requirements in this section, the enrollee is deemed to have exhausted the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's appeals process and the enrollee may initiate a State review. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(c)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. The stipulation includes that if a CHIP MCO fails to adhere to the notice and timing requirements of 42 CFR 1260, that the enrollee is deemed to have exhausted the CHIP MCO's appeals process and the enrollee may initiate a state review.

3.9.20 The State assures that has established a method that an MCO, PIHP, and PAHP will use to notify an enrollee of the resolution of a grievance and ensure that such methods meet, at a minimum, the standards described at 42 CFR 438.10. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(1)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides templated notices for notification of an enrollee of the resolution of a grievance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

- For all appeals, the State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP provides written notice of resolution in a format and language that, at a minimum, meet the standards described at 42 CFR 438.10. The notice of resolution includes at least the following items:
 - The results of the resolution process and the date it was completed; and
 - For appeals not resolved wholly in favor of the enrollees:
 - o The right to request a State review, and how to do so.
 - The right to request and receive benefits while the hearing is pending, and how to make the request.
 - o That the enrollee may, consistent with State policy, be held liable for the cost of those benefits if the hearing decision upholds the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's adverse benefit determination. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(2)(i) and (e)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides templated notices for notification of an enrollee of the resolution of a grievance including all bulleted elements listed in this assurance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Additionally, PA CHIP Quality Assurance reviews MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

For notice of an expedited resolution, the State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, or PAHP makes reasonable efforts to provide oral notice, in addition to the written notice of resolution. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(2)(ii)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including the requirement to provide oral notice. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance reviews CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

- 3.9.23 The State assures that if it offers an external medical review:
 - The review is at the enrollee's option and is not required before or used as a

deterrent to proceeding to the State review;

- The review is independent of both the State and MCO, PIHP, or PAHP; and
- The review is offered without any cost to the enrollee. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(f)).

CHIP Procedures Handbook outlines the external medical review process that is conducted by the Department of Health. The process is at the enrollee's option and does not impede upon an enrollee's right for further review. There is no cost to the enrollee for the review. The CHIP MCOs are required to follow the external medical review process requirement as the CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference into the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, state statute (40 P.S. §§ 991.2301-A – 991.2309-A) requires CHIP to offer an external medical review and that review meets the requirements as outlined in 42 CFR 1260, cross referencing 438.408(f).

3.9.24 The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not take punitive action against providers who request an expedited resolution or support an enrollee's appeal. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.410(b)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including the requirement not to take punitive action against a provider who requests an expedited resolution or supports an enrollee's appeal. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

- 3.9.25 ☐ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs must provide information specified in 42 CFR 438.10(g)(2)(xi) about the grievance and appeal system to all providers and subcontractors at the time they enter into a contract. This includes:
 - The right to file grievances and appeals;
 - The requirements and timeframes for filing a grievance or appeal;
 - The availability of assistance in the filing process;
 - The right to request a State review after the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has made a determination on an enrollee's appeal which is adverse to the enrollee; and
 - The fact that, when requested by the enrollee, benefits that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP seeks to reduce or terminate will continue if the enrollee files an appeal

or a request for State review within the timeframes specified for filing, and that the enrollee may, consistent with State policy, be required to pay the cost of services furnished while the appeal or State review is pending if the final decision is adverse to the enrollee. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.414).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides CHIP MCOs with specific information regarding the handling of grievances and appeals including each element listed in this assurance. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. Each CHIP MCO is required to provide grievance and appeals information to enrollees through the CHIP MCOs enrollee handbook, and to provide information on filing an appeal when adverse decisions are made. The Department provides templated notices regarding benefit decisions to CHIP MCOs to use which includes appeal and grievance information. Those notices are also part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is also available on-line at https://www.chipcoverspakids.com. Furthermore, PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff review CHIP MCOs' appeals and grievance procedures and files as part of on-site reviews, and through ad hoc reporting requests. The review and reports provide the state assurances that the CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260.

3.9.26

The State assures that it requires MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to maintain records of grievances and appeals and reviews the information as part of its ongoing monitoring procedures, as well as for updates and revisions to the State quality strategy. The record must be accurately maintained in a manner accessible to the state and available upon request to CMS. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.416).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides requirements for maintain grievance and appeal records. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.9.27

The State assures that if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP, or the State review officer reverses a decision to deny, limit, or delay services that were not furnished while the appeal was pending, the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must authorize or provide the disputed services promptly and as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires but no later than 72 hours from the date it receives notice reversing the determination. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.424(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1260. Furthermore, PA CHIP conducts on-site reviews at MCOs. During the on-site reviews, the Department through PA CHIP Quality Assurance staff reviews MCO decisions and follow-up actions to ensure that services were provided appropriately after an appeal decision and within prescribed timeframes. Additionally, the requirement the MCOs provide disputed services promptly and expeditiously but no later than 72 hours from the date of notice of the decision reversal is included in the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10 Program Integrity

Guidance: The State should complete Section 11 (Program Integrity) in addition to Section 3.10.

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the first seven assurances (3.10.1 through 3.10.7).

- 3.10.1 The State assures that any entity seeking to contract as an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP under a separate child health program has administrative and management arrangements or procedures designed to safeguard against fraud and abuse, including:
 - Enforcing MCO, PIHP, and PAHP compliance with all applicable Federal and State statutes, regulations, and standards;
 - Prohibiting MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs from conducting any unsolicited personal contact with a potential enrollee by an employee or agent of the MCO, PAHP, or PIHP for the purpose of influencing the individual to enroll with the entity; and
 - Including a mechanism for MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to report to the State, to CMS, or to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) as appropriate, information on violations of law by subcontractors, providers, or enrollees of an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and other individuals. (42 CFR 457.1280)

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1280. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides requirements and procedures designed to safeguard against fraud and abuse as stated in this assurance. PA CHIP also reviews and approves all enrollee communications are through the programmatic change process. The programmatic change process is part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

Additionally, PA CHIP conducts on-site reviews to ensure compliance with the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1280.

- The State assures that it has in effect safeguards against conflict of interest on the part of State and local officers and employees and agents of the State who have responsibilities relating to the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP contracts or enrollment processes described in 42 CFR 457.1210(a). (42 CFR 457.1214, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.58).
- 3.10.3 The State assures that it periodically, but no less frequently than once every 3 years, conducts, or contracts for the conduct of, an independent audit of the accuracy, truthfulness, and completeness of the encounter and financial data submitted by, or on behalf of, each MCO, PIHP or PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(e)).
- The State assures that it requires MCOs, PIHPs, PAHP, and or subcontractors (only to the extent that the subcontractor is delegated responsibility by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP for coverage of services and payment of claims) implement and maintain arrangements or procedures that are designed to detect and prevent fraud, waste, and abuse. The arrangements or procedures must include the following:
 - A compliance program that include all of the elements described in 42 CFR 438.608(a)(1);
 - Provision for prompt reporting of all overpayments identified or recovered, specifying the overpayments due to potential fraud, to the State;
 - Provision for prompt notification to the State when it receives information about changes in an enrollee's circumstances that may affect the enrollee's eligibility;
 - Provision for notification to the State when it receives information about a change in a network provider's circumstances that may affect the network provider's eligibility to participate in the managed care program, including the termination of the provider agreement with the MCO, PIHP or PAHP;
 - Provision for a method to verify, by sampling or other methods, whether services that have been represented to have been delivered by network providers were received by enrollees and the application of such verification processes on a regular basis;
 - In the case of MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs that make or receive annual payments under the contract of at least \$5,000,000, provision for written policies for all employees of the entity, and of any contractor or agent, that provide detailed information about the False Claims Act and other Federal and State laws described in section 1902(a)(68) of the Act, including information about rights of employees to be protected as whistleblowers;
 - Provision for the prompt referral of any potential fraud, waste, or abuse that

- the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP identifies to the State Medicaid/CHIP program integrity unit or any potential fraud directly to the State Medicaid Fraud Control Unit; and
- Provision for the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's suspension of payments to a network provider for which the State determines there is a credible allegation of fraud in accordance with 42 CFR 455.23. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides requirements for compliance programs, reporting overpayments, providing notifications and referrals, and ability for the CHIP MCO to suspend payments to providers as outlined in the above section. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP requires and has a mechanism for a network provider to report to the MCO, PIHP or PAHP when it has received an overpayment, to return the overpayment to the MCO, PIHP or PAHP within 60 calendar days after the date on which the overpayment was identified, and to notify the MCO, PIHP or PAHP in writing of the reason for the overpayment. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(d)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook requires MCOs have a mechanism to receive and return and overpayment within 60 calendar days of identification of the overpayment. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.6 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP reports annually to the State on their recoveries of overpayments. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(d)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook requires CHIP MCOs to have "prompt reporting" rather than annually so reporting may occur more frequently. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.7 The State assures that it screens and enrolls, and periodically revalidates, all network providers of MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs, in accordance with the

requirements of part 455, subparts B and E. This requirement also extends to PCCMs and PCCM entities to the extent that the primary care case manager is not otherwise enrolled with the State to provide services to fee-for-service beneficiaries. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(b)(1) and 438.608(b)).

The Department screens and enrolls CHIP providers as part of the Department's provider enrollment process. Revalidation of providers occurs every 5 years.

3.10.8 The State assures that it reviews the ownership and control disclosures submitted by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity, and any subcontractors. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the Department through PA CHIP reviews the ownership and control disclosures submitted by the CHIP MCO and subcontractors. These disclosures are submitted to the Department using the programmatic change process. The programmatic change process is part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.9 The State assures that it confirms the identity and determines the exclusion status of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity, any subcontractor, as well as any person with an ownership or control interest, or who is an agent or managing employee of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity through routine checks of Federal databases. If the State finds a party that is excluded, the State promptly notifies the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity and takes action consistent with 42 CFR 438.610(c). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(d)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the Department through PA CHIP reviews changes regarding key staff positions within the MCO and subcontractors. These changes are submitted to the Department using the programmatic change process. Organization charts must be included to further document owner and control. The Department through PA CHIP reviews specific website for provider exclusions. The programmatic change process is part of the CHIP Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.10 ☐ The State assures that it receives and investigates information from whistleblowers relating to the integrity of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, subcontractors, or network providers receiving Federal funds under this part. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(f)).

When PA CHIP receives information from a whistleblower relating to the integrity of an MCO or network provider, the CHIP Quality Assurance staff conduct an investigation based on established fraud, waste and abuse policies and procedures set forth in the CHIP Procedures Handbook.

3.10.11 The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, or PCCM entities with which the State contracts are not located outside of the United States and that no claims paid by an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to a network provider, out-of-network provider, subcontractor or financial institution located outside of the U.S. are considered in the development of actuarially sound capitation rates. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.602(i); Section 1902(a)(80) of the Social Security Act).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Specifically, the contract prohibits CHIP MCOs from making payments for claims to providers, sucontractors or financial institutions located outside of the United States. This requirement will be reviewed at the next annual MCO on-site monitoring. conducted by the Department. Furthermore, the eight MCOs contracting with the Department are all incorporated within the United States. Additionally, the Department is currently working with CHIP MCOs to provide certification that future claims data provided will not include claims paid from outside the United States.

- 3.10.12 The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities submit to the State the following data, documentation, and information:
 - Encounter data in the form and manner described in 42 CFR 438.818.

 Data on the basis of which the State determines the compliance of the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP with the medical loss ratio requirement described in 42 CFR 438.8.
 - Data on the basis of which the State determines that the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has made adequate provision against the risk of insolvency as required under 42 CFR 438.116.
 - Documentation described in 42 CFR 438.207(b) on which the State bases its certification that the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has complied with the State's requirements for availability and accessibility of services, including the adequacy of the provider network, as set forth in 42 CFR 438.206.

- Information on ownership and control described in 42 CFR 455.104 of this chapter from MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, PCCM entities, and subcontractors as governed by 42 CFR 438.230.
- The annual report of overpayment recoveries as required in 42 CFR 438.608(d)(3). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.604(a)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbooks provides additional information regarding submission of data, documentation and information as stated above. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.13 The State assures that:

- It requires that the data, documentation, or information submitted in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.604(a), is certified in a manner that the MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, PCCM's, or PCCM entity's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer is ultimately responsible for the certification. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.606(a));
- It requires that the certification includes an attestation that, based on best information, knowledge, and belief, the data, documentation, and information specified in 42 CFR 438.604 are accurate, complete, and truthful. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.606(b)); and
- It requires the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity to submit the certification concurrently with the submission of the data, documentation, or information required in 42 CFR 438.604(a) and (b). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.604(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285. Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbooks outlines the certification requirements when submitting information. Each MCO submits certifications to the Department for review in accordance with the Procedures Handbook. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

3.10.14 ☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, PCCM entity, and any subcontractors provides: written disclosure of any prohibited affiliation under 42 CFR 438.610, written disclosure of and information on ownership and control required under 42 CFR 455.104, and reports to the State within 60 calendar days when it has identified the capitation payments or other payments in excess of

amounts specified in the contract. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(c)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1285.

- 3.10.15 \boxtimes The State assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner. (Section 2101(a)).
- **3.10.16** The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides:
 - The documentation on which the State bases its certification that the MCO,
 PIHP or PAHP has complied with the State's requirements for availability and accessibility of services;
 - Information on ownership and control of MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, PCCM entities, and subcontractors; and
 - The results of any audits conducted under 42 CFR 438.602(e). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.602(g)).

Each CHIP MCOs must have National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) accreditation which verifies it complies with standards for availability and accessibility of services. NCQA certifications are found online at https://www.chipcoverspakids.com/chip-resources/Pages/AccreditationStatus.aspx. Ownership and control information is part of each contract. CHIP MCO contracts are found on-line at http://contracts.patreasury.gov/ and http://www.emarketplace.state.pa.us/. MCO audit information is posted by the Department at http://www.dhs.pa.gov/learnaboutdhs/dhsorganization/officeofadministration/bureauoffinancialoperations/index.htm and http://www.dhs.pa.gov/publications/finalperformanceauditreports/.

3.11 Sanctions

Guidance: Only States with MCOs need to answer the next three assurances (3.11.1 through 3.11.3).

Intermediate sanctions are defined at 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4) as: (1) Civil money penalties; (2) Appointment of temporary management (for an MCO); (3) Granting enrollees the right to terminate enrollment without cause; (4) Suspension of all new enrollment; and (5) Suspension of payment for beneficiaries.

3.11.1 The State assures that it has established intermediate sanctions that it may impose if it makes the determination that an MCO has acted or failed to act in a manner

438.700). The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates intermediate sanctions including liquidated damages and corrective action plans as requirements of 42 CFR 457.1270. 3.11.2 The State assures that it will impose temporary management if it finds that an MCO has repeatedly failed to meet substantive requirements of part 457 subpart L. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.706(b)). 3.11.3 The State assures that if it imposes temporary management on an MCO, the State allows enrollees the right to terminate enrollment without cause and notifies the affected enrollees of their right to terminate enrollment. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.706(b)). Guidance: Only states with PCCMs, or PCCM entities need to answer the next assurance (3.11.4).Does the State establish intermediate sanctions for PCCMs or PCCM entities? 3.11.4 Yes No Guidance: Only states with MCOs and states that answered yes to assurance 3.11.4 need to complete the next three assurances (3.11.5 through 3.11.7). 3.11.5 The State assures that before it imposes intermediate sanctions, it gives the affected entity timely written notice. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.710(a)). 3.11.6 The State assures that if it intends to terminate an MCO, PCCM, or PCCM entity, it provides a pre-termination hearing and written notice of the decision as specified in 42 CFR 438.710(b). If the decision to terminate is affirmed, the State assures that it gives enrollees of the MCO, PCCM or PCCM entity notice of the termination and information, consistent with 42 CFR 438.10, on their options for receiving CHIP services following the effective date of termination. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.710(b)). This requirement will be included in the next CHIP contract amendment on

specified in 438.700(b)-(d). (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR

The State assures that it will give CMS written notice that complies with 42 CFR 438.724 whenever it imposes or lifts a sanction for one of the violations listed in

42 CFR 438.700. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.724).

3/1/2020.

3.11.7

3.12 Quality Measurement and Improvement; External Quality Review

Guidance: The State should complete Sections 7 (Quality and Appropriateness of Care) and 9
(Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration) in addition to

Section 3.12.

Guidance: States with MCO(s), PIHP(s), PAHP(s), or certain PCCM entity/ies (PCCM entities

whose contract with the State provides for shared savings, incentive payments or other financial reward for improved quality outcomes - see 42 CFR 457.1240(f)) - should complete the applicable sub-sections for each entity type in this section, regarding 42

CFR 457.1240 and 1250.

3.12.1 Quality Strategy

Guidance: All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, or PCCM entities need to complete section 3.12.1.

- 3.12.1.1 The State assures that it will draft and implement a written quality strategy for assessing and improving the quality of health care and services furnished CHIP enrollees as described in 42 CFR 438.340(a). The quality strategy must include the following items:
 - The State-defined network adequacy and availability of services standards for MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs required by 42 CFR 438.68 and 438.206 and examples of evidence-based clinical practice guidelines the State requires in accordance with 42 CFR 438.236;
 - A description of:
 - The quality metrics and performance targets to be used in measuring the performance and improvement of each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP with which the State contracts, including but not limited to, the performance measures reported in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c); and
 - The performance improvement projects to be implemented in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(d), including a description of any interventions the State proposes to improve access, quality, or timeliness of care for beneficiaries enrolled in an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP;
 - Arrangements for annual, external independent reviews, in accordance with 42 CFR 438.350, of the quality outcomes and timeliness of, and access to, the services covered under each contract;
 - A description of the State's transition of care policy required under 42 CFR 438.62(b)(3);
 - The State's plan to identify, evaluate, and reduce, to the extent practicable, health disparities based on age, race, ethnicity, sex, and primary language;
 - For MCOs, appropriate use of intermediate sanctions that, at a minimum, meet the requirements of subpart I of 42 CFR Part 438;
 - A description of how the State will assess the performance and quality outcomes achieved by each PCCM entity;
 - The mechanisms implemented by the State to comply with 42 CFR 438.208(c)(1) (relating to the identification of persons with special health care needs);
 - Identification of the external quality review (EQR)-related activities for which the State has exercised the option under 42 CFR 438.360 (relating to nonduplication of EQR-related activities), and explain the rationale for the State's determination that the private accreditation

- activity is comparable to such EQR-related activities;
- Identification of which quality measures and performance outcomes the State will publish at least annually on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3); and
- The State's definition of a "significant change" for the purposes of updating the quality strategy under 42 CFR 438.340(c)(3)(ii). (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(b)).
- 3.12.1.2 ☐ The State assures that the goals and objectives for continuous quality improvement in the quality strategy are measurable and take into consideration the health status of all populations in the State served by the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(b)(2)).
- 3.12.1.3 ☐ The State assures that for purposes of the quality strategy, the State provides the demographic information for each CHIP enrollee to the MCO, PIHP or PAHP at the time of enrollment. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(b)(6)).
- 3.12.1.4 ☐ The State assures that it will review and update the quality strategy as needed, but no less than once every 3 years. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)).
- 3.12.1.5 ☐ The State assures that its review and updates to the quality strategy will include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the quality strategy conducted within the previous 3 years and the recommendations provided pursuant to 42 CFR 438.364(a)(4). (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)(i) and (iii).
- **3.12.1.6** \boxtimes The State assures that it will submit to CMS:
 - A copy of the initial quality strategy for CMS comment and feedback prior to adopting it in final; and
 - A copy of the revised strategy whenever significant changes are made to the document, or whenever significant changes occur within the State's CHIP program, including after the review and update required every 3 years. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(3)).
- **3.12.1.7** Before submitting the strategy to CMS for review, the State assures that when it drafts or revises the State's quality strategy it will:
 - Make the strategy available for public comment; and
 - If the State enrolls Indians in the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP, consult with Tribes in accordance with the State's Tribal consultation policy. (42

CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(1)).

3.12.1.8
☐ The State assures that it makes the results of the review of the quality strategy (including the effectiveness evaluation) and the final quality strategy available on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3). (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)(ii) and (d)).

3.12.2 Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program

3.12.2.1 Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program: Measures and Projects

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the next two assurances (3.12.2.1.1 and 3.12.2.1.2).

- 3.12.2.1.1
 ☐ The State assures that it requires that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP establish and implement an ongoing comprehensive quality assessment and performance improvement program for the services it furnishes to its enrollees as provided in 42 CFR 438.330, except that the terms of 42 CFR 438.330(d)(4) (related to dual eligibles) do not apply. The elements of the assessment and program include at least:
 - Standard performance measures specified by the State;
 - Any measures and programs required by CMS (42 CFR 438.330(a)(2);
 - Performance improvement projects that focus on clinical and non-clinical areas, as specified in 42 CFR 438.330(d);
 - Collection and submission of performance measurement data in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c):
 - Mechanisms to detect both underutilization and overutilization of services; and
 - Mechanisms to assess the quality and appropriateness of care furnished to enrollees with special health care needs, as defined by the State in the quality strategy under 42 CFR 457.1240(e) and Section 3.12.1 of this template). (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(b) and (c)(1)).

The CHIP Procedures Handbook requires MCOs to develop and implement a comprehensive quality improvement assessment and performance improvement program through its Quality Management/ Utilization Management (QM/UM) requirements. The MCOs must adhere to Pennsylvania Performance Measures and CMS performance measures as required. PA CHIP currently has Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs) that run from 2017-2021. IPRO provides performance measurement data annually to CHIP Quality Assurance staff for review. Further data is provided through the QM/UM reports including data on underutilization and overutilization. Furthermore. Quality Assurance staff reviews reports to assess the quality and appropriateness of care furnished to enrollees with special health care needs.

Guidance:

A State may request an exemption from including the performance measures or performance improvement programs established by CMS under 42 CFR 438.330(a)(2), by submitting a written request to CMS explaining the basis for such request.

- 3.12.2.1.2 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP's performance improvement projects are designed to achieve significant improvement, sustained over time, in health outcomes and enrollee satisfaction. The performance improvement projects include at least the following elements:
 - Measurement of performance using objective quality indicators;
 - Implementation of interventions to achieve improvement in the access to and quality of care;
 - Evaluation of the effectiveness of the interventions based on the performance measures specified in 42 CFR 438.330(d)(2)(i); and
 - Planning and initiation of activities for increasing or sustaining improvement. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(d)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1240(b). Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific requirements regarding performance improvement projects. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. A member of the CHIP Quality Assurance Staff reviews performance improvement projects to ensure compliance with the requirements outlined in the Procedures Handbook. The performance improvement projects are reviewed at each Quarterly Quality Review Meeting (QORMs). Quarterly Quality Review Meetings are

held by the Department with each CHIP MCO on a quarterly calendar schedule.

Guidance:

Only states with a PCCM entity whose contract with the State provides for shared savings, incentive payments or other financial reward for improved quality outcomes need to, complete the next assurance (3.12.2.1.3).

- 3.12.2.1.3
 - The State assures that it requires that each PCCM entity establishes and implements an ongoing comprehensive quality assessment and performance improvement program for the services it furnishes to its enrollees as provided in 42 CFR 438.330, except that the terms of 42 CFR 438.330(d)(4) (related to dual eligibles) do not apply. The assessment and program must include:
 - Standard performance measures specified by the State;
 - Mechanisms to detect both underutilization and overutilization of services; and
 - Collection and submission of performance measurement data in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c). (42 CFR 457.1240(a) and (b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(b)(3) and (c))

3.12.2.2 Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program: Reporting and Effectiveness

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.12.2.2.

3.12.2.2.1
☐ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP reports on the status and results of each performance improvement project conducted by the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP to the State as required by the State, but not less than once per year. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(d)(3)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1240(b). Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides reporting requirements and timeframes regarding performance improvement projects. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract. The performance improvement projects are reviewed at each Quarterly Quality Review Meeting (QQRMs). Quarterly Quality Review Meetings are held by the Department with each CHIP MCO on a quarterly calendar schedule.

- **3.12.2.2.2** The State assures that it annually requires each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP to:
 - 1) Measure and report to the State on its performance using the standard measures required by the State;
 - 2) Submit to the State data specified by the State to calculate the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's performance using the standard measures identified by the State; or
 - 3) Perform a combination of options (1) and (2) of this assurance. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(c)(2)).

The current contract between CHIP MCOs and the Department stipulates that CHIP MCOs meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1240(b). Furthermore, the CHIP Procedures Handbook provides specific requirements to measure, report and submit data specified by the state. The CHIP Procedures Handbook is incorporated by reference in the CHIP MCOs current contract.

- 3.12.2.2.3 The State assures that the State reviews, at least annually, the impact and effectiveness of the quality assessment and performance improvement program of each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity. The State's review must include:
 - The MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, and PCCM entity's performance on the measures on which it is required to report; and
 - The outcomes and trended results of each MCO's, PIHP's, and PAHP's performance improvement projects. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(e)(1)).

The CHIP Quality Assurance staff receive reports from IPRO, the EQR vendor, which analyze the impact and effectiveness of the quality assessment. The reports also document trends and outcomes. The CHIP Quality Assurance staff receive, review and analyze this information on an annual basis.

3.12.3 Accreditation

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.12.3.

3.12.3.1 The State assures that it requires each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP to inform the state whether it has been accredited by a private independent

accrediting entity, and, if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP has received accreditation by a private independent accrediting agency, that the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP authorizes the private independent accrediting entity to provide the State a copy of its recent accreditation review that includes the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP's accreditation status, survey type, and level (as applicable); accreditation results, including recommended actions or improvements, corrective action plans, and summaries of findings; and expiration date of the accreditation. (42 CFR 457.1240(c), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.332(a) and (b)).

PA CHIP receives a copy of each CHIP MCO's National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) certification.

3.12.3.2 ☐ The State assures that it will make the accreditation status for each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP available on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3), including whether each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has been accredited and, if applicable, the name of the accrediting entity, accreditation program, and accreditation level; and update this information at least annually. (42 CFR 457.1240(c), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.332(c)).

3.12.4 Quality Rating

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.12.4.

The State assures that it will implement and operate a quality rating system that issues an annual quality rating for each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP, which the State will prominently display on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3), in accordance with the requirements set forth in 42 CFR 438.334. (42 CFR 457.1240(d)).

Guidance: States will be required to comply with this assurance within 3 years after CMS, in consultation with States and other Stakeholders and after providing public notice and opportunity for comment, has identified performance measures and a methodology for a Medicaid and CHIP managed care quality rating system in the Federal Register.

3.12.5 Quality Review

Guidance: All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM entities need to complete Sections 3.12.5 and 3.12.5.1.

The State assures that each contract with a MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity requires that a qualified EQRO performs an annual external quality review (EQR) for each

contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity, except as provided in 42 CFR 438.362. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(a)).

PA CHIP and PA CHIP MCOs contract with Island Peer Review Organization (IPRO) which is a qualified EQR vendor. The CHIP Procedures Handbook requires a qualified EQRO perform an annual EQR with each contracting MCO.

3.12.5.1 External Quality Review Organization

- 3.12.5.1.1 ☐ The State assures that it contracts with at least one external quality review organization (EQRO) to conduct either EQR alone or EQR and other EQR-related activities. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.356(a)).
- 3.12.5.1.2 ☐ The State assures that any EQRO used by the State to comply with 42 CFR 457.1250 must meet the competence and independence requirements of 42 CFR 438.354 and, if the EQRO uses subcontractors, that the EQRO is accountable for and oversees all subcontractor functions. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.354 and 42 CFR 438.356(b) through (d)).

PA CHIP contracts with Island Peer Review Organization (IPRO) which is a qualified EQR vendor.

3.12.5.2 External Quality Review-Related Activities

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the next three assurances (3.12.5.2.1 through 3.12.5.2.3). Under 42 CFR 457.1250(a), the State, or its agent or EQRO, must conduct the EQR-related activity under 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(iv) regarding validation of the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's network adequacy during the preceding 12 months; however, the State may permit its contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHPs to use information from a private accreditation review in lieu of any or all the EQR-related activities under 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) through (iii) (relating to the validation of performance improvement projects, validation of performance measures, and compliance review).

3.12.5.2.1
☐ The State assures that the mandatory EQR-related activities described in 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) through (iv) (relating to the validation of performance improvement projects, validation of performance measures, compliance review, and validation of network adequacy) will be conducted on all MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)).

- 3.12.5.2.2 ☐ The State assures that if it elects to use nonduplication for any or all of the three mandatory EQR-related activities described at 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) − (iii), the State will document the use of nonduplication in the State's quality strategy. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing 438.360, 438.358(b)(1)(i) through (b)(1)(iii), and 438.340).
- 3.12.5.2.3
 ☐ The State assures that if the State elects to use nonduplication for any or all of the three mandatory EQR-related activities described at 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) − (iii), the State will ensure that all information from a Medicare or private accreditation review for an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP will be furnished to the EQRO for analysis and inclusion in the EQR technical report described in 42 CFR 438.364. ((42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.360(b)).
- Guidance: Only states with PCCM entities need to complete the next assurance (3.12.5.2.4).
- 3.12.5.2.4 The State assures that the mandatory EQR-related activities described in 42 CFR 438.358(b)(2) (cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(ii) and (b)(1)(iii)) will be conducted on all PCCM entities, which include:
 - Validation of PCCM entity performance measures required in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(b)(2) or PCCM entity performance measures calculated by the State during the preceding 12 months; and
 - A review, conducted within the previous 3-year period, to determine the PCCM entity's compliance with the standards set forth in subpart D of 42 CFR part 438 and the quality assessment and performance improvement requirements described in 42 CFR 438.330. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 438.358(b)(2))

3.12.5.3 External Quality Review Report

Guidance: All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM entities need to complete Sections 3.12.5.3.

3.12.5.3.1 ☑ The State assures that data obtained from the mandatory and optional, if applicable, EQR-related activities in 42 CFR 438.358 is used for the annual EQR to comply with 42 CFR 438.350 and must

include, at a minimum, the elements in §438.364(a)(2)(i) through (iv). (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.358(a)(2)).

- **3.12.5.3.2** The State assures that only a qualified EQRO will produce the EQR technical report (42 CFR 438.364(c)(1)).
- 3.12.5.3.3 The State assures that in order for the qualified EQRO to perform an annual EQR for each contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity under 42 CFR 438.350(a) that the following conditions are met:
 - The EQRO has sufficient information to use in performing the review;
 - The information used to carry out the review must be obtained from the EQR-related activities described in 42 CFR 438.358 and, if applicable, from a private accreditation review as described in 42 CFR 438.360;
 - For each EQR-related activity (mandatory or optional), the information gathered for use in the EQR must include the elements described in 42 CFR 438.364(a)(2)(i) through (iv); and
 - The information provided to the EQRO in accordance with 42 CFR 438.350(b) is obtained through methods consistent with the protocols established by the Secretary in accordance with 42 CFR 438.352. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(b) through (e)).

The Department has a competitive procurement process in place to ensure the EQRO is qualified and meets the above stated conditions.

- 3.12.5.3.4 ☐ The State assures that the results of the reviews performed by a qualified EQRO of each contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity are made available as specified in 42 CFR 438.364 in an annual detailed technical report that summarizes findings on access and quality of care. The report includes at least the following items:
 - A description of the manner in which the data from all activities conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358 were aggregated and analyzed, and conclusions were drawn as to the quality, timeliness, and access to the care furnished by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity (described in 42 CFR 438.310(c)(2));
 - For each EQR-related activity (mandatory or optional)

conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358:

- o Objectives;
- o Technical methods of data collection and analysis;
- Description of data obtained, including validated performance measurement data for each activity conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) and (ii); and
- o Conclusions drawn from the data;
- An assessment of each MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, or PCCM entity's strengths and weaknesses for the quality, timeliness, and access to health care services furnished to CHIP beneficiaries;
- Recommendations for improving the quality of health care services furnished by each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity, including how the State can target goals and objectives in the quality strategy, under 42 CFR 438.340, to better support improvement in the quality, timeliness, and access to health care services furnished to CHIP beneficiaries;
- Methodologically appropriate, comparative information about all MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, and PCCM entities, consistent with guidance included in the EQR protocols issued in accordance with 42 CFR 438.352(e); and
- An assessment of the degree to which each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity has addressed effectively the recommendations for quality improvement made by the EQRO during the previous year's EQR. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(f) and 438.364(a)).

The Department assures that the results of the reviews performed by a qualified EQRO of each contracting MCO entity are made available in an annual detailed technical report that summarizes findings on access and quality of care. The report includes all of the above listed item.

3.12.5.3.5 ☐ The State assures that it does not substantively revise the content of the final EQR technical report without evidence of error or omission. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(b)).

The Department does not substantively revise the content of the final EQR technical report. PA CHIP only reviews for errors.

- 3.12.5.3.6
 ☐ The State assures that it finalizes the annual EQR technical report by April 30th of each year. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(1)).
- 3.12.5.3.7
 ☐ The State assures that it posts the most recent copy of the annual EQR technical report on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3) by April 30th of each year. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(2)(i)).

The annual EQR technical report is posted at https://www.chipcoverspakids.com.

- 3.12.5.3.8
 ☐ The State assures that it provides printed or electronic copies of the information specified in 42 CFR 438.364(a) for the annual EQR technical report, upon request, to interested parties such as participating health care providers, enrollees and potential enrollees of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM, beneficiary advocacy groups, and members of the general public. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(2)(ii)).
- 3.12.5.3.9 ☐ The State assures that it makes the information specified in 42 CFR 438.364(a) for the annual EQR technical report available in alternative formats for persons with disabilities, when requested. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(3)).
- 3.12.5.3.10
 ☐ The State assures that information released under 42 CFR 438.364 for the annual EQR technical report does not disclose the identity or other protected health information of any patient. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(d)).

The annual EQR technical report does not include protected health information.

3.2. Describe the utilization controls under the child health assistance provided under the plan for targeted low-income children. Describe the systems designed to ensure that enrollees receiving health care services under the State plan receive only appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the benefit package described in the approved State plan. (Section 2102)(a)(4) (42 CFR 457.490(b))

CHIP services are provided through a managed care model, in which enrollees select a primary care physician who is responsible for providing basic primary care services and referrals to other specialty care. For those enrollees in counties with a Gatekeeper PPO, a

medical home is assigned in lieu of a primary care physician.

As a means of determining the level of utilization, managed care plans systematically track the utilization of health services to identify patterns of over and under utilization of health services. In addition, each CHIP Contractor is required to submit specific utilization data to the Department on a quarterly and annual basis. The data includes:

- The number of enrollee visits to primary care physicians, medical specialists, as well as visits for vision, hearing, dental, and mental health services.
- The number of prescriptions and the ten most utilized drugs; and
- The number of hospital admissions for medical, surgical, maternity, mental health and substance use disorder and average length of stay, by age group.

The data collected is analyzed by the Department to identify outliers and potential utilization issues. The Department then works with the plans to further evaluate the outliers and correct problems as necessary during its ongoing utilization review and quality improvement programs.

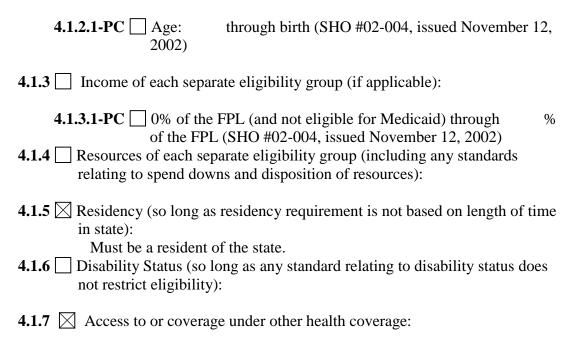
Section 4. **Eligibility Standards and Methodology** 4.0. **Medicaid Expansion** 4.0.1. Ages of each eligibility group and the income standard for that group: **4.1.** 🔀 **Separate Program** Check all standards that will apply to the State plan. (42 CFR 457.305(a) and 457.320(a)) **4.1.0** Describe how the State meets the citizenship verification requirements. Include whether or not State has opted to use SSA verification option. The verification of citizenship requirement includes verifying the identity of the applicant child claiming to be a U.S. citizen or lawfully residing. Citizenship and identity must only be verified once. An electronic match with the SSA will take place to match the child's name, date of birth, gender, and Social Security Number (SSN) in the CHIP Application

- **4.1.1** Geographic area served by the Plan if less than Statewide:
- **4.1.2** ✓ Ages of each eligibility group, including unborn children and pregnant women (if applicable) and the income standard for that group:

Processing System to the SSA database. If there is a match, citizenship

and identity will be considered verified.

CHIP provides coverage to children from birth through 18. CHIP provides free coverage to children in families with incomes too high for Medicaid and adjusted gross income at or under 208% of FPL. Subsidized CHIP is provided to children in families with adjusted gross income of greater than 208% of FPL, but not greater than 314% of FPL (i.e., up to and including 314% FPL).



Pennsylvania requires that children be totally uninsured or ineligible for Medicaid to be eligible for CHIP. Contractors have the capacity to compare enrollee families to their own company subscribers to verify whether the family has private or employer sponsored coverage. We currently match new applications against a Medicaid data base to ensure the applicants are not already enrolled in Medicaid. The Commonwealth also runs a match through a Third Party Liability contract to assist in the determination that the applicants qualifying for low cost CHIP do not currently have private insurance.

4.1.8 \(\sum \) Duration of eligibility, not to exceed 12 months:

Enrollment normally begins the first of the month following determination of eligibility and receipt of premium payments, when required. Children are enrolled for a period of 12-months with the following exceptions.

Exceptions to the 12-months of continuous coverage include:

- A child becomes 19 years of age
- A child is found to have other insurance or is eligible for or receiving Medicaid
- A child moves out of the household
- A child moves out of the state
- A child is deceased
- Non-payment of required premiums
- A voluntary termination of coverage is requested by the parent or guardian
- The child was conditionally enrolled pending resolution of inconsistencies with information provided to the SSA for verification of citizenship status. The child will be enrolled for a maximum of 120 days while we attempt to work through the inconsistencies.
- The child was enrolled in CHIP temporarily pending a Medicaid eligibility determination and Medicaid eligibility is confirmed
- Misinformation was provided at application or renewal that would have resulted in a determination of ineligibility had the correct information been provided. In this case a child will be retroterminated to the date of original enrollment. The rationale for this is the child was not eligible for the program and should not have been enrolled based on inaccurate information on the application (e.g. private insurance, not in the household, unreported income, and the like.)
- **4.1.9** Other Standards- Identify and describe other standards for or affecting eligibility, including those standards in 42 CFR 457.310 and 457.320 that are not addressed above. For instance:
 - A child must be a citizen of the United States, a U.S. national, or a qualified alien, consistent with SCHIP regulations defined at 42 CFR 457.320(b)(6). Citizenship of children declaring U.S. citizenship will be verified through a match with the Social Security Administration (SSA). Enrollment of otherwise eligible children will not be delayed pending verification of U.S. citizenship. Children will be conditionally enrolled in CHIP pending final verifications. If citizenship cannot be verified by the SSA, the state will work closely with the family to reconcile any

differences for up to 90 days. If the issue cannot be reconciled in the 90-day period, a termination notice will be issued and termination will be effective the first of the next month.

- Citizenship of other applicants may be verified through the Verification Information System – Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program. The commonwealth elects to provide coverage to children who are lawfully residing in the United States and are otherwise eligible for CHIP including optional targeted low-income children described in section 1905(u)(2)(B) without a five-year delay.
- Pennsylvania CHIP simplified the application process by the elimination of the requirement for proof of income in those instances where verification may be obtained through various data exchanges (e.g., Income and Eligibility Verification System IEVS). If the self-declared income on the application and the information available through IEVS is within tolerance, the income is considered verified. Within tolerance is defined as resulting in no change to the category of CHIP a child is to receive (Free, Subsidized level, or Full Cost). In this case, no further verification is required. If the income cannot be verified through IEVS or if the information in IEVS is out of tolerance, the application will be treated as incomplete and the appropriate notifications will be generated to request the information from the applicant. As with all eligibility determinations, the family retains the right to appeal any determination and provide additional information to show that the correct determination was not made.
- Pennsylvania state law requires the mother's insurance to cover the newborn from the time of birth through 30 or 31 days. If a child is born to a CHIP enrollee, because the mother is covered by CHIP, full CHIP coverage is extended to the child from the time of birth and CHIP would pay for any claims during this period. Based upon the new mother's eligibility status, we would naturally assume the newborn will be eligible for either Medicaid or CHIP.
- Plan are considered by Pennsylvania to be targeted low-income children on the date of the child's birth, to have applied and been determined otherwise eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, as appropriate, on the date of birth, and to remain eligible until attaining the age of 1 unless, after a reasonable opportunity period, the agency fails to obtain evidence to satisfy satisfactory documentation of citizenship under 42 CFR 435.407(c)(1) and (2) and identity under 42 CFR 435.407(e) and (f).

- To ensure no gap in access to health care between the coverage of the child by CHIP under the mother and the coverage of the child by either Medicaid or CHIP under the child's identification number, upon notification of the birth, the insurance contractor will temporarily enroll the newborn in CHIP with an effective date of the first of the month following birth. The child will be assigned its own identification number at that time. Simultaneously, the centralized eligibility system will screen the newborn for potential Medicaid eligibility using the appropriate information on income and family size contained on the mother's existing application.
 - o The appropriate information would be directly related to the newborn and the newborn's parent(s) and siblings and their associated income only. The new grandparents and the new mother's siblings and their incomes are not to be counted for the newborn's eligibility determination.
 - O In the vast majority of cases, the outcome will be that the newborn is potentially eligible for Medicaid. If potentially eligible for Medicaid, the newborn must be referred to the local county assistance office (CAO) for an eligibility determination.
 - O The newborn will remain enrolled in CHIP until an Medicaid eligibility determination is completed. If eligible for Medicaid, the newborn will be terminated from CHIP effective the first day of the following month in which Medicaid determined the newborn eligible. This will ensure no gap in access to health care.
 - o If not eligible for Medicaid, the newborn will be screened to determine in which category of CHIP the newborn is placed (Free, Low-cost, or Full-cost).
 - O The newborn is guaranteed 1 year of eligibility in CHIP or MA, with the exceptions listed in Section 4.1.8 of the State Plan. The normal renewal process will remain in effect for the new mother. After 1 year, the newborn's renewal due date will be synchronized with the new mother's renewal due date. At the next renewal due date, the normal renewal process will be followed.
- Children born to mothers who are not covered by Medicaid or CHIP and are otherwise eligible for CHIP may be enrolled in CHIP with an effective date of the first of the month following the month of birth, if an application is received during the month of birth or the month following.

This allows for a newborn to have continuous access to the health care system with no gap in coverage. If the retroactive enrollment causes duplication of coverage with the mother's insurance during the first 30 days of life, CHIP will be the payer of last resort.

- Pennsylvania CHIP chooses to provide coverage to children of employees of a public agency in the state who meet the hardship exception as defined in P.L. 111-148 Section 10203(d)(2)(D)
- **4.1.9.1** States should specify whether Social Security Numbers (SSN) are required.

All applicants for CHIP are required to provide Social Security Numbers.

4.1.9.2 ⊠ Continuous eligibility

Coverage is provided for 12 consecutive months from the date of enrollment/renewal. Coverage is terminated on the last day of the calendar month in which the child becomes 19 years old.

- **4.1-PW** Pregnant Women Option (section 2112)- The State includes eligibility for one or more populations of targeted low-income pregnant women under the plan. Describe the population of pregnant women that the State proposes to cover in this section. Include all eligibility criteria, such as those described in the above categories (for instance, income and resources) that will be applied to this population. Use the same reference number system for those criteria (for example, 4.1.1-P for a geographic restriction). Please remember to update sections 8.1.1-PW, 8.1.2-PW, and 9.10 when electing this option.
- **4.1- LR** \(\subseteq\) **Lawfully Residing Option** (Sections 2107(e)(1)(J) and 1903(v)(4)(A); (CHIPRA # 17, SHO # 10-006 issued July 1, 2010) Check if the State is electing the option under section 214 of the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA) regarding lawfully residing to provide coverage to the following otherwise eligible pregnant women and children as specified below who are lawfully residing in the United States including the following:

A child or pregnant woman shall be considered lawfully present if he or she is:

- (1) A qualified alien as defined in section 431 of PRWORA (8 U.S.C. §1641);
- (2) An alien in nonimmigrant status who has not violated the terms of the status under which he or she was admitted or to which he or she has changed after admission;
- (3) An alien who has been paroled into the United States pursuant to section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) (8 U.S.C.

- §1182(d)(5)) for less than 1 year, except for an alien paroled for prosecution, for deferred inspection or pending removal proceedings;
- (4) An alien who belongs to one of the following classes:
 - (i) Aliens currently in temporary resident status pursuant to section 210 or 245A of the INA (8 U.S.C. §§1160 or 1255a, respectively);
 - (ii) Aliens currently under Temporary Protected Status (TPS) pursuant to section 244 of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1254a), and pending applicants for TPS who have been granted employment authorization;
 - (iii) Aliens who have been granted employment authorization under 8 CFR 274a.12(c)(9), (10), (16), (18), (20), (22), or (24);
 - (iv) Family Unity beneficiaries pursuant to section 301 of Pub. L. 101-649, as amended;
 - (v) Aliens currently under Deferred Enforced Departure (DED) pursuant to a decision made by the President;
 - (vi) Aliens currently in deferred action status; or
 - (vii) Aliens whose visa petition has been approved and who have a pending application for adjustment of status;
- (5) A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least180 days;
- (6) An alien who has been granted withholding of removal under the Convention Against Torture;
- (7) A child who has a pending application for Special Immigrant Juvenile status as described in section 101(a)(27)(J) of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(27)(J));
- (8) An alien who is lawfully present in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands under 48 U.S.C. § 1806(e); or
- (9) An alien who is lawfully present in American Samoa under the immigration laws of American Samoa.

| Elected for pregnant women. |
|--------------------------------|
| Elected for children under age |

4.1.1-LR The State provides assurance that for an individual whom it enrolls in Medicaid under the CHIPRA Lawfully Residing option, it has verified, at the time of the individual's initial eligibility determination and at the time of the eligibility redetermination, that the individual continues to be lawfully residing in the United States. The State must first attempt to verify this status using information provided at the time of initial application. If the State cannot do so from the information readily available, it must require the individual to provide documentation or

further evidence to verify satisfactory immigration status in the same manner as it would for anyone else claiming satisfactory immigration status under section 1137(d) of the Act.

| 4.1-DS | Supplemental Dental (Section 2103(c)(5) - A child who is eligible to enroll in dental-only supplemental coverage, effective January 1, 2009. Eligibility is limited to only targeted low-income children who are otherwise eligible for CHIP but for the fact that they are enrolled in a group health plan or health insurance offered through an employer. The State's CHIP plan income eligibility level is at least the highest income eligibility standard under its approved State child health plan (or under a waiver) as of January 1, 2009. All who meet the eligibility standards and apply for dental-only supplemental coverage shall be provided benefits. States choosing this option must report these children separately in SEDS. Please update sections 1.1-DS, 4.2-DS, and 9.10 when electing this option. |
|--------|---|
| 4.2. | Assurances The State assures by checking the box below that it has made the following findings with respect to the eligibility standards in its plan: (Section 2102(b)(1)(B) and 42 CFR 457.320(b)) 4.2.1. ☐ These standards do not discriminate on the basis of diagnosis. 4.2.2. ☐ Within a defined group of covered targeted low-income children, these standards do not cover children of higher income families without covering children with a lower family income. This applies to pregnant women included in the State plan as well as targeted low-income children. 4.2.3. ☐ These standards do not deny eligibility based on a child having a pre-existing medical condition. This applies to pregnant women as well as targeted low-income children. |
| 4.2-DS | Supplemental Dental - Please update sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, and 9.10 when electing this option. For dental-only supplemental coverage, the State assures that it has made the following findings with standards in its plan: (Section 2102(b)(1)(B) and 42 CFR 457.320(b)) 4.2.1-DS |

4.3. Methodology. Describe the methods of establishing and continuing eligibility and enrollment. The description should address the procedures for applying the eligibility standards, the organization and infrastructure responsible for making and reviewing eligibility determinations, and the process for enrollment of individuals receiving covered services, and whether the State uses the same application form for Medicaid and/or other

public benefit programs. (Section 2102)(b)(2)) (42 CFR 457.350)

CHIP Contractors enter application data into the commonwealth's CHIP Processing System (CAPS). CAPS is the automated system developed by the Department for the purpose of determining eligibility for CHIP. Applications for enrollment and reenrollment are received via: the internet through the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's Access to Social Services (COMPASS); telephone through calls to the statewide customer service center; through electronic referrals from the Medicaid agency; or, a mail-in process. Data matches with other agencies, health insurance carriers, and employers are conducted after an application is entered into CAPS and prior to a final determination of eligibility.

Through our past SPA, the commonwealth initiated the verification of citizenship through a match with the Social Security Administration. Pennsylvania assures that it will follow the process outlined in Section 211 of CHIPRA.

To facilitate cross matches between information technology systems, Social Security numbers will be required on applications. If an applicant does not yet have a Social Security number or fails to include a Social Security number, the insurance contractor will conduct outreach to the applicant to obtain the number. An application will not be delayed nor denied due to the absence of the Social Security number. The demographic information from the application will be forwarded to the Social Security Administration to try to obtain any number that is not provided by using the enumeration process.

Contractors enroll children on a prospective basis on the first of each month. Contractors are provided with the CHIP Procedures Manual and other forms of instruction (i.e. CHIP Transmittals) which prescribe the method and procedures to be used in the determination of eligibility. Parts I and II of the manual prescribe:

Basic eligibility requirements relating to income, age, residency, citizenship, and the lawful status of non-citizens

Verification requirements (required for income if not verifiable through data exchange matches, U.S. citizenship and proof of qualified alien status only unless, in the judgment of the contractor, other verification is needed to clarify incomplete or inconsistent information provided on the application)

Application processing standards (a decision on eligibility or ineligibility must be made within fifteen calendar days from the receipt of a complete application)

Notification requirements for notices of eligibility, ineligibility, renewal and termination

4.3.1. Limitation on Enrollment Describe the processes, if any, that a State will use for instituting enrollment caps, establishing waiting lists, and deciding which children will be given priority for enrollment. If this section does not apply to your state, check the box below. (Section 2102(b)(2)) (42 CFR 457.305(b))

The commonwealth would closely monitor expenditures of CHIP funds. If necessary and feasible, we would cap the number of new enrollees in the expanded population (those above 208% of the FPL) and create a waiting list for that population to ensure we do not exceed our CHIP allotment for the year. Prior to implementing a cap and waiting list, the state will provide CMS with appropriate notifications. Other actions at time of decision include:

- Publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin 60 days prior as public notification
- Inclusion of waiting list information on CHIP and COMPASS web sites

New applications would still be accepted through the normal processes. Screen and enroll procedures for Medicaid would remain unchanged. Eligibility would be run on all applications. The applications of individuals that appear to be eligible for Medicaid would be forwarded for eligibility determination. Those applicants not eligible for Medicaid would be put on the waiting list with an effective date of the date when the Contractor received an complete enough application to enter into CAPS for an eligibility determination. On at least a monthly basis, the commonwealth would make an assessment of the number of enrollees against the appropriated funds for the program. As additional funds would become available (either through attrition of enrollees or more funding is identified) applicants on the waiting list would be notified of the availability of coverage through CHIP. A determination would be made as to the number of new enrollees that could be accommodated with the identified funds. Notifications would go out first to those applicants with the earliest completion date; thus a first come, first served process. To update eligibility, applicants would need to attest that there have not been any changes to their family circumstances (e.g. number in household, income, insurance status, and the like). If changes have occurred, the new information would be added into CAPS and eligibility would be re-determined. The signing of the attestation or the submission of additional information would be the basis for a new eligibility date and the 12 months of eligibility would begin with the enrollment. It is not expected that

| | enrollees would be affected by any caps or waiting lists that may be implemented. | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | ☐ Check here if this section does not apply to your State. | |
| 4.3.2. | Check if the State elects to provide presumptive eligibility for children that meets the requirements of section 1920A of the Act. (Section 2107(e)(1)(L)); (42 CFR 457.355) | |
| 4.3.3-EL Express Lane Eligibility | | |
| Che | when determining whether a child satisfies one or more components of CHIP eligibility. The state agrees to comply with the requirements of sections 2107(e)(1)(E) and 1902(e)(13) of the Act for this option. Please update sections 4.4-EL, 5.2-EL, 9.10, and | |

- 12.1 when electing this option. This authority may not apply to eligibility determinations made before February 4, 2009, or after September 30, 2013. (Section 2107(e)(1)(E))
 - **4.3.3.1-EL** Also indicate whether the Express Lane option is applied to (1) initial eligibility determination, (2) redetermination, or (3) both.
 - **4.3.3.2-EL** List the public agencies approved by the State as Express Lane agencies.
 - **4.3.3.3-EL** List the components/components of CHIP eligibility that are determined under the Express Lane. In this section, specify any differences in budget unit, deeming, income exclusions, income disregards, or other methodology between CHIP eligibility determinations for such children and the determination under the Express Lane option.
 - **4.3.3.3-EL** List the component/components of CHIP eligibility that are determined under the Express Lane.
 - **4.3.3.4-EL** Describe the option used to satisfy the screen and enrollment requirements before a child may be enrolled under title XXI.
- **4.4.** Eligibility screening and coordination with other health coverage programs
 States must describe how they will assure that:
 - **4.4.1.** ☑ only targeted low-income children who are ineligible for Medicaid or not covered under a group health plan or health insurance (including access to a State health benefits plan) are furnished child health assistance under the plan. (Sections 2102(b)(3)(A), 2110(b)(2)(B)) (42 CFR 457.310(b), 42 CFR 457.350(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.80(c)(3)) Confirm that the State does not apply a waiting period for pregnant women.

During the application process, if a child is found to have or be eligible for state employee health benefits, or other private insurance that meets Minimal Essential Coverage (MEC) requirements, the child is not enrolled in CHIP. CHIP does not enroll pregnant women over age 19 into its program.

There are no waiting periods in CHIP for any applicant.

4.4.2. ☑ children found through the screening process to be potentially eligible for medical assistance under the State Medicaid plan are enrolled for assistance under such plan; (Section 2102(b)(3)(B)) (42 CFR 457.350(a)(2)).

When a child is evaluated in the CHIP eligibility system, if they are below the 133% FPL, the application and all verified information is electronically transmitted to the Medicaid agency.

4.4.3. ☑ children found through the screening process to be ineligible for Medicaid are enrolled in CHIP. (Sections 2102(a)(1) and (2) and 2102(c)(2)) (42CFR 431.636(b)(4))

If a child applies to the Medicaid agency and the child's household income is found to be over the Medicaid limit, the application is electronically transferred to CHIP. CHIP will import the information sent from Medicaid into the CHIP eligibility system and will determine the correct program of CHIP (Free, Sub, At Cost) for the child based on the verified eligibility factors from the Medicaid agency. CHIP will not reverify information already verified by the Medicaid agency. CHIP does not temporally enroll children pending verification of eligibility factors.

When a child is screened for eligibility, the eligibility system looks at the tax household composition, countable income and allowable tax deductions. The system will calculate the net income and compare to the applicable FPL for age and family size. If a child is over the 133% FPL for CHIP, they are placed in the correct program in CHIP – Free, a low-cost premium program or the Full Cost program. If a child is found to be under the 133% FPL, the completed application is electronically transferred to the Medicaid agency. The Medicaid agency accepts verified application data to enroll the child in Medicaid. In the same respect, the Medicaid eligibility system looks at the same factors (tax household composition, countable income and allowable tax deductions). If the child is found ineligible for Medicaid, the MA system makes an electronic referral to the CHIP system.

During the application process, if a child is found to have or be eligible for state employee health benefits, or other private insurance that meets Minimal Essential Coverage (MEC) requirements, the child is not enrolled in CHIP.

4.4.4. ☑ the insurance provided under the State child health plan does not substitute for coverage under group health plans. (Section 2102(b)(3)(C)) (42 CFR, 457.805)

The state does not provide coverage under a premium assistance program.

4.4.4.1. (formerly 4.4.4.4) If the State provides coverage under a premium assistance program, describe: 1) the minimum period without coverage

under a group health plan. This should include any allowable exceptions to the waiting period; 2) the expected minimum level of contribution employers will make; and 3) how cost-effectiveness is determined. (42 CFR 457.810(a)-(c))

4.4.5. ☑ Child health assistance is provided to targeted low-income children in the State who are American Indian and Alaska Native. (Section 2102(b)(3)(D)) (42 CFR 457.125(a))

Pennsylvania provides coverage equally to all low-income children regardless of their status as American Indian or Alaska Native. Pennsylvania does not have any registered American Indian tribes within its borders.

| 4.4-EL | The State should designate the option it will be using to carry out screen and enroll requirements: | | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| | | The State will continue to use the screen and enroll procedures required under section 2102(b)(3)(A) and (B) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR 457.350(a) and 42 CFR 457.80(c). Describe this process. | |
| | | The State is establishing a screening threshold set as a percentage of the Federal poverty level (FPL) that exceeds the highest Medicaid income threshold applicable to a child by a minimum of 30 percentage points. (NOTE: The State may set this threshold higher than 30 percentage points to account for any differences between the income calculation methodologies used by the Express Lane agency and those used by the State for its Medicaid program. The State may set one screening threshold for all children, based on the highest Medicaid income threshold, or it may set more than one screening threshold, based on its existing, age-related Medicaid eligibility thresholds.) Include the screening threshold(s) expressed as a percentage of the FPL, and provide an explanation of how this was calculated. | |
| | | The State is temporarily enrolling children in CHIP, based on the income finding from the Express Lane agency, pending the completion of the screen and enroll process. | |

Section 5. <u>Outreach and Coordination</u>

- **5.1.** (formerly 2.2) Describe the current State efforts to provide or obtain creditable health coverage for uninsured children by addressing sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2. (Section 2102)(a)(2) (42 CFR 457.80(b))
 - **5.1.1.** (formerly 2.2.1.) The steps the State is currently takin4g to identify and enroll all uninsured children who are eligible to participate in public health insurance programs (i.e., Medicaid and state-only child health insurance):

The commonwealth is committed to providing access to quality health care coverage and to improving the health status of its children. Of particular concern are children of low-income families; families with limited access to care; and families having children with special needs due to chronic or disabling conditions. (Special needs programs include spina bifida, diabetes, asthma, hepatitis B, etc.)

To achieve the goal of providing access to health care the office of CHIP meets regularly with the statewide advocacy community dedicated to increasing awareness and enrollment in both CHIP and Medicaid. Senior and management staffs of the Department of Human Services, Health and Education are consulted to complete strategic planning, to monitor progress, collaborate, share resources and to problem solve. The efforts of these meetings and relationships has increased awareness and enrollment with the following efforts which include but are not limited to:

Establishing a single statewide toll-free number (1-800-986-KIDS) to provide access to helpline staff who inform, refer, and assist in applying for CHIP and Medicaid. Jointly funding a multi-year contract with a media consultant. Developing complementary media messages about the availability of healthcare coverage and the importance of preventative care.

Improving access to enrollment by streamlining eligibility and application practices. Conducting studies regarding hard-to-reach populations to increase knowledge on how to achieve better results in- outreach to them. Measuring the effectiveness of our efforts by gathering and analyzing available data.

The Department's particular efforts to identify and enroll all uncovered children who may be eligible for CHIP include but are not limited to the following:

Conducting a statewide outreach campaign for CHIP. The campaign includes but is not limited to: paid television, Internet and radio advertisements, posters, brochures, banners and the like.

Monitoring, measuring and evaluating the effectiveness of the statewide outreach

campaign as well as other outreach strategies initiated and implemented by the Department.

Engaging in collaborative interagency outreach for the purpose of developing and implementing strategies to enroll children in both CHIP and Medicaid. Agencies include but are not limited to: the Department of Education (school- and library-based enrollment) and, the Department of Health Developing a strategic plan to maximize awareness of CHIP with organizations and associations with existing statewide networks. Implementing school-based outreach and/or enrollment. Approving and monitoring the outreach and enrollment strategies of CHIP insurance company contractors. Participating in outreach activities initiated by local community organizations. Conducting studies which improve the Department's understanding of issues relating to hard to reach populations and developing outreach strategies recommended by such studies.

As stated above, the commonwealth is committed to assuring that children receive the health care coverage for which they are eligible (either CHIP or Medicaid). If a parent or guardian applies for CHIP coverage on behalf of a child and it is determined that the child is ineligible (e.g. because the level of family income is within the Medicaid range), the application submitted by the parent or guardian is automatically forwarded to the local County Assistance Office (CAO) for the determination of Medicaid eligibility. Conversely, if an application for Medicaid is filed and the child is found ineligible, the application is forwarded to a CHIP contractor. This practice negates the need for the parent or guardian to file separate applications for the two programs and facilitates enrollment of the child. In 2008, this process was automated through the implementation of the "Health care Handshake". The health care handshake improves efficiencies by removing the need to print applications, to mail or fax applications between agencies, and to reenter data, and significantly reduces the time required for an eligibility decision by the receiving agency.

Additionally, the Department is making a concerted effort to have the CHIP contractors identify children who are potentially eligible for Medicaid due to a serious illness or disabling condition.

The Department has worked to expand access and simplify the application and renewal process for the CHIP and Medicaid programs through the development of an online application and renewal system called COMPASS (Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Access to Social Services). This web portal allows citizens to screen and apply for CHIP or Medicaid as well as many other social service programs across several Commonwealth agencies with one application. The Department provides administrative funding for toll-free helplines that can answer citizens' questions about CHIP, Medicaid, and various other social service programs, as well as assist callers with completing applications over the

phone, utilizing COMPASS.

In 2003, shortly after being sworn into office, Governor Edward G. Rendell created the Governor's Office of Health Care Reform (GOHCR) aimed at improving access, affordability and quality by rejuvenating the state government's approach to health care. In January 2004, Pennsylvania launched a statewide data collection effort to more accurately define the characteristics of the state's uninsured. This effort was repeated in 2008. In July 2004, the GOHCR was given the lead responsibility to apply for a State Planning Grant through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). The purpose of the grant was to develop a comprehensive plan to provide access to affordable, quality health care coverage for every Pennsylvanian.

In keeping with that goal, in early 2006, the Governor introduced the Cover All Kids expansion that makes CHIP benefits available to all eligible children in the commonwealth. Later that year, eligibility was expanded to cover all children in Pennsylvania through either Medicaid or CHIP. Following federal approval in February 2007, enrollment began in the expanded program in March 2007.

Pennsylvania has added a post application screening process to COMPASS. If a family applies for any of the social services accessed by COMPASS other than Medicaid or CHIP, at the end of the application, the family is made aware of the fact that it appears they are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and asks if they wish to apply. The information is then pulled from the current application into the application for access to health care. COMPASS then requests any additional information from the family, screens for eligibility and routes the application to the appropriate agency for an eligibility determination.

Upon receipt of an application for benefits, the Medicaid or TANF agency processes the application and ensures that the application contains all information required to make an eligibility determination. If additional information is needed, the caseworker contacts the applicant to inform the applicant of the required information and explains what, if anything, is needed to verify the information.

The caseworker verifies information such as gross income, household composition, citizenship, identity, and third party insurance. After verifying all required information, the caseworker determines if the applicant is eligible for Medical Assistance. If not, the caseworker:

Prepares and distributes the determination of ineligibility and Electronically refers the

applicant's modified/verified application via the "healthcare handshake" to the appropriate CHIP insurance contractor. Upon receipt of a referral from the County Assistance Office, the CHIP contractor will enter all data into the centralized eligibility

system (CHIP Application Processing System – CAPS) and run eligibility. As stated above, all information is considered verified and no additional information is required from the applicant. Eligibility is determined to place the applicant into the category of CHIP for which the applicant is eligible.

The applicant has the opportunity to appeal any eligibility decision made by the contractor or to request a reassessment. If additional information is provided by the applicant that allows the contractor to determine the applicant is eligible for a lower cost or the free program (different household size, reduction in income since applying, and the like), eligibility is redetermined and the applicant is enrolled in the appropriate category of CHIP.

Other state agencies that have fiscal liability or legal responsibility for the accuracy of data used in eligibility determination findings may be included in the future (i.e. Child Support Enforcement, Child Care Subsidy, School Lunch Program and the like).

5.1.2. (formerly 2.2.2.) The steps the State is currently taking to identify and enroll all uninsured children who are eligible to participate in health insurance programs that involve a public-private partnership:

CHIP insurance company contractors are mandated by contract to conduct outreach activities.

Each CHIP contractor is required to provide the following outreach information:

- Identification of outreach objectives and activities for the contract period;
- Description of activities to locate potentially eligible children;
- Requirement that outreach materials be linguistically and culturally appropriate, and that outreach services include specific provisions for reaching special populations;
- Indication of whether the contractor will employ a dedicated marketing staff, and if not, submission of a program to assure special efforts are coordinated within overall outreach activities.

Operationally, outreach activities include canvassing local businesses, child care centers, school districts, CAOs, hospitals/providers, legislative offices, religious organizations and churches, social service agencies, unions and civic groups, and numerous other organizations and groups.

All contractors employ bilingual representatives who are capable of responding to CHIP inquiries in either English or Spanish. TDD lines allow for communication with the hearing impaired and access to multiple language translating services are also available.

- formerly 2.3) Describe how CHIP coordinates with other public and private health insurance programs, other sources of health benefits coverage for children, other relevant child health programs, (such as title V), that provide health care services for low-income children to increase the number of children with creditable health coverage. (Section 2102(a)(3), 2102(b)(3)(E) and 2102(c)(2)) (42 CFR 457.80(c)). This item requires a brief overview of how Title XXI efforts particularly new enrollment outreach efforts will be coordinated with and improve upon existing State efforts. See Section 5.1.1.
- **5.2-EL** The State should include a description of its election of the Express Lane eligibility option to provide a simplified eligibility determination process and expedited enrollment of eligible children into Medicaid or CHIP.
- **Strategies** Describe the procedures used by the State to accomplish outreach to families of children likely to be eligible for child health assistance or other public or private health coverage to inform them of the availability of the programs, and to assist them in enrolling their children in such a program. (Section 2102(c)(1)) (42 CFR 457.90)

The Commonwealth is committed to providing access to quality health care coverage and to improving access to coverage. The achieve this goal, the office of CHIP meets regularly with public advocates from the statewide advocacy community dedicated to increasing awareness and enrollment in both CHIP and Medicaid. Senior and management staffs of the Department of Human Services, Health, and Education are consulted to do strategic planning, to monitor progress, collaborate, share resources, and to problem solve.

The agenda for increasing awareness and enrollment includes but is not limited to:

- Broad based marketing strategies using television, Internet, social media and radio advertising to increase public awareness of the program and to encourage families to enroll their children.
- Targeted marketing to special populations to address cultural diversity and barriers to participation.
- Strong relationships with other public and private agencies to promote outreach and enrollment activities.
- Utilizing (e.g. on-line application) technology to create optional methodologies for enrollment in CHIP.
- Establishing a single statewide toll-free number (1-800-986-KIDS) to provide access to helpline staff who inform, refer, and assist in applying for CHIP and Medicaid.

- Increasing access to coverage by improving eligibility and enrollment practices.
- Conducting market research to improve targeted marketing and outreach.
- Measuring the effectiveness of all efforts by gathering and analyzing available data.

| Section 6. Coverage Requirements for Ch | aildren's Health Insurance |
|---|----------------------------|
|---|----------------------------|

| | Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan and proceed to Section 7 since children covered under a Medicaid expansion program will receive all Medicaid covered services including EPSDT. | | |
|------|--|---|--|
| 6.1. | The State elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply.) (Section 2103(c)); (42 CFR 457.410(a)) | | |
| | 6.1.1. Ber | nchmark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.420) | |
| | 6.1.1.1. | FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1) (42 CFR 457.420(a)) (If checked, attach copy of the plan.) | |
| | 6.1.1.2. | State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.) | |
| | 6.1.1.3. | HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.) | |
| | Spe as v | nchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(a)(2) and 42 CFR 457.430) ecify the coverage, including the amount, scope and duration of each service, well as any exclusions or limitations. Attach a signed actuarial report that ets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.431. | |
| | 457 Att ena an gre De | isting Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3) and 42 CFR 7.440) This option is only applicable to New York, Florida, and Pennsylvania. Each a description of the benefits package, administration, and date of actment. If existing comprehensive State-based coverage is modified, provide actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is eater than the value as of August 5, 1997 or one of the benchmark plans. Scribe the fiscal year 1996 State expenditures for existing comprehensive state-sed coverage. | |

A. Benefits Package: See Appendix B, Benefits Chart. Also, note Section 6.2. which denotes benefits provided by Contractors beyond the minimums required

by the Act.

- **B.** Administration: CHIP is administered by the Department of Human Services (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (G)(1)). The Department of Human Services is required by statute to:
 - (1) Review all bids and approve and execute all contracts for the purpose of expanding access to health care services for eligible children (See Appendix A, Section 2311 (G)(2)):
 - (2) Conduct monitoring and oversight of contracts entered into (See Appendix A, Section 2311 (G)(3)):
 - (3) Issue an annual report to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the public for each fiscal year outlining primary health services funded for the year, detailing the outreach and enrollment efforts, and reporting by county the number of children receiving health care services from the fund, and the projected number of eligible children (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (G)(4)):
 - (4) In consultation with other commonwealth agencies, monitor, review and evaluate the adequacy, accessibility and availability of services delivered to enrolled children (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (G)(6)):
 - (5) Promulgate regulations necessary for the administration of the program (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (H)):
 - (6) Establish the Children's Health Insurance Advisory Council (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (I)):
 - (7) Solicit bids and award contracts through a competitive procurement process (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (J)):
 - (8) In consultation with appropriate commonwealth agencies, review enrollment patterns for the program (see Appendix A, Section 2311 (N)): and
 - (9) In consultation with appropriate commonwealth agencies, coordinate the development of an outreach plan to inform potential contractors, providers and enrollees regarding eligibility and available benefits (see Appendix A, Section 2312).

| | C. Program Enactment and Effective Date: The Children's Health Insurance Act 62 P.S. §§ 5001.101, et seq., was enacted in December 1992 and implemented in May of 1993. The Act was amended on June 17, 1998 by Act 68 of 1998, 40 P.S §§ 991.2301 et seq., and on November 2, 2006 by Act 136 of 2006 (see Appendix A). | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | CHIP | cal year 1996 state expenditures for CHIP are as follows: expenditures in fiscal year 1996 totaled \$31,611,373, including an liture of \$30,685,814 for its Free Program, and \$915,559 for its Subsidized m. | | |
| 6.1.4. | Secreta | ary-approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.450) | | |
| 6.1.4.1 | l . 🗌 | Coverage of all benefits that are provided to children that is the same as the benefits provided under the Medicaid State plan, including Early Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment (EPSDT). | | |
| 6.1.4.2 | 2. 🗌 | Comprehensive coverage for children under a Medicaid Section 1115 demonstration waiver. | | |
| 6.1.4.3 | 3. \square | Coverage that the State has extended to the entire Medicaid population. | | |
| 6.1.4.4 | l. 🗌 | Coverage that includes benchmark coverage plus additional coverage. | | |
| 6.1.4.5 | 5. | Coverage that is the same as defined by existing comprehensive state-based coverage applicable only in New York, Pennsylvania or Florida. (under 42 CFR 457.440) | | |
| 6.1.4.6 | 6. [| Coverage under a group health plan that is substantially equivalent to or greater than benchmark coverage through a benefit by benefit comparison (Provide a sample of how the comparison will be done). | | |
| 6.1.4.7 | 7. 🗌 | Other. (Describe) | | |
| The State elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If an item is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the amount, duration and scope of services covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR 457.490) | | | | |
| 6.2.1. ⊠ | Inpatie | ent services (Section 2110(a)(1)) | | |

6.2.

Inpatient benefits for medical and mental health hospitalizations, medically related and mental health inpatient rehabilitation, and skilled nursing facilitywhere patients can receive skilled nursing services 24 hours a day are covered. Inpatient hospitalization includes pre-admission testing, semi-private room unless a private room is medically necessary, board, general nursing care, intensive or special care facilities, operating room and related facilities, anesthesia, oxygen, therapy services, and any other services normally provided with inpatient care. No day limits apply. Preauthorization is required for non-emergency services. Covered services include inpatient therapy up to 45 visits per calendar year for treatment of CVA (stroke), head injury, spinal cord injury, or as a result of a post-operative brain injury.

Inpatient rehabilitation stays are covered when a member requires skilled rehabilitation services on a daily basis. Requires a physician's prescription. No day limits apply.

6.2.2. \boxtimes Outpatient services (Section 2110(a)(2))

Outpatient Hospital Services include medical services, counseling or therapeutic treatment or supplies received from an approved health care facility while not an inpatient. Outpatient physical health services related to ambulatory surgery, outpatient hospitalization, specialist office visits, follow up visits or sick child visits with a PCP are included. The are no visit limits.

6.2.3. \bowtie Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))

Includes routine and preventive care, sick and urgent care visits, follow-up care after emergency services, blood lead level testing, immunizations and specialist visits. Primary and preventive care includes, but is not limited to, well-child care, health education, TB testing, physical examinations including X-rays as needed for any child exhibiting signs of possible abuse. Also including, but not limited to, injections and medications, wound dressing, casting to immobilize fractures. Physician office visits for the examination, diagnosis and treatment of an illness at the member's PCP office, during or after regular office hours, emergency visits, house-calls in the physician's service area, and telehealth services with a family practitioner, general practitioner, or pediatrician are covered. There are no limits.

Specialist services covers care in any accepted medical specialty or subspecialty. Covers office visits, diagnostic testing, and treatment if medically necessary and the member has an illness or condition outside the scope of practice of the member's PCP. PCP referral is not required. Some services provided by a

specialist may require preauthorization. Services must be within the scope of practice of the specialist.

Chiropractic services including spinal manipulations or of other body parts as treatment of diagnosed musculoskeletal conditions. Consultations and X-rays are included. Limited to 20 visits per year. Preauthorization may be required.

Immunizations: coverage is provided for pediatric immunizations, including immunizing agents, which conform to the standards of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). No copays apply. Immunizations required for employment or travel are not covered.

Injections and medications including all injections and medications provided at the time of the office visit or therapy and outpatient surgery performed in the office, a hospital, or freestanding ambulatory service center. Includes immunizations described above and anesthesia services when performed in conjunction with covered services, including emergency services. Must be medically necessary.

Gender transition services includes coverage related to gender affirming services that otherwise fall within the beneficiary's scope of covered services including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, surgical services, prescribed drugs, therapies, and behavioral health care. Medical necessity is to be determined utilizing the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) guidelines and any successor to WPATH guidelines.

Services provided for a sudden onset of a medical condition that is accompanied by rapidly progressing symptoms such that the member would suffer serious impairment or loss of function of a body part or organ, or whose life or life of an unborn child would be in in danger. No limits apply.

6.2.4. \boxtimes Surgical services (Section 2110(a)(4))

Surgical services include services provided for treatment of disease or injury. Surgery performed for the treatment of disease is covered on an inpatient or outpatient basis. Cosmetic surgery intended solely to improve appearance, but not to restore bodily function or to correct deformity resulting from disease, trauma, congenital or developmental anomalies or previous therapeutic processes (excluding surgery resulting from an accident) is not covered. Includes anesthesia administered by or under the supervision of a specialist other than the surgeon, presence of an assistant surgeon, or other attending specialist. Includes general anesthesia and hospitalization and other expenses normally incurred with administration of general anesthesia. Consultations for a second opinion to

determine the medical necessity of elective surgery or when an enrollee's family desires another opinion about medical treatment is covered. No referral is needed for consultation. Surgical services may require preauthorization.

Mastectomy and breast reconstruction benefits are provided for a mastectomy performed on an inpatient or outpatient basis. Benefits include all stages of reconstruction on the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed, surgery to reestablish symmetry or alleviate functional impairment, including, but not limited to, augmentation, mammoplasty, reduction mammoplasty, mastopexy, and surgery on the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance. Covers surgery for initial and subsequent insertion or removal prosthetic devices to replace a removed breast or portions of the breast, and treatment of physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedema. Coverage is also provided for one Home Health Care visit, as determined by the member's physician, received within forty-eight (48) hours after discharge.

Oral surgery may be performed at an inpatient or outpatient facility depending on the nature of the surgery and medical necessity. Examples of covered services include: removal of partially or fully impacted third molars (wisdom teeth), non-dental treatments of the mouth relating to medically diagnosed congenital defects, birth abnormalities, surgical removal of tumors, cysts and infections, surgical correction of dislocated or completely degenerated temporomandibular joints, incision and drainage of abscesses, and baby bottle syndrome. Preauthorization is required. Must be medically necessary.

Reconstructive surgery will only be covered when required to restore function following accidental injury, result of a birth defect, infection, or malignant disease or in relation to gender transition surgery deemed medically necessary in order to achieve reasonable physical or bodily function; in connection with congenital disease or anomaly through the

age of 18; or in connection with the treatment of malignant tumors or other destructive pathology which causes functional impairment; or breast reconstruction following a mastectomy. Preauthorization required. Must be medically necessary.

Organ transplants includes transplants that are medically necessary and not considered to be experimental or investigative. Also includes immunosuppressants. Preauthorization is required. Must be medically necessary.

6.2.5. Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care services. (Section 2110(a)(5))

Covers care at walk-in medical facilities for conditions that do not require emergency care but that need to be treated within 24 hours. Coverage includes medical care at a Retail Health Clinic staffed by a Certified Registered Nurse Practitioner (CRNP) supported by a local physician who is on-call during clinic hours, or at an Urgent Care Center. No visit limits apply.

6.2.6. Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6))

Includes any substance taken by mouth, injected into a muscle, the skin, a blood vessel, or a cavity of the body, or applied topically to treat or prevent a disease or condition, dispensed by order of a health care provider with applicable prescriptive authority. Contractors may use a closed or restrictive formulary provided it meets the minimum clinical needs of CHIP enrollees. A mail order or designated pharmacy process can be used for maintenance prescriptions. A generic drug will be automatically substituted for a brand-name drug whenever a generic formulation is available unless the physician indicates that the brand-name version of the drug is medically necessary.

Pharmacy services for preventive medications such as contraceptives, iron supplements, sodium fluoride, folic acid supplements, vitamins, aspirin, smoking deterrents, vitamin D supplements, tamoxifen, and raloxofene are considered preventive medications and are covered at no cost to the member when filled at a participating pharmacy with a valid prescription. Members need to call their insurance provider regarding questions on coverage.

6.2.7. \boxtimes Over-the-counter medications (Section 2110(a)(7))

Covered when the drug is a part of the formulary, the member has a prescription for the drug, and a documented medical condition that indicates the drug is medically necessary. Copays may apply.

6.2.8. \square Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))

Diagnostic services, laboratory and X-ray services, EKGs, EEGs, and other diagnostic services related to the diagnosis and treatment of illness or injury provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis. Requires an order by a PCP, specialist, or facility provider. Some services may require preauthorization.

6.2.9. Prenatal care and pre-pregnancy family services and supplies (Section 2110(a)(9))

Prenatal and pregnancy family services combined with 6.2.2, 6.2.3, 6.2.4, and 6.2.5 related services are covered. Includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills, injectables, transdermals (patches), and insertion and implantation of contraceptive devices approved by the FDA, voluntary sterilization, and

counseling. Abortifacient drugs are not covered. There are no copays when services are provided by a participating provider.

Women's health services covers those services described under the Women's Preventive Services provisions of the Affordable Care Act. Sex-specific services will not be denied or limited based on gender identity which does not align with the sex that generally receives that service. Covered services include, but are not limited to, the following services. There are no copays for preventive services. Routine gynecological exams including a pelvic exam, clinical breast exam, and routine Pap smear. Limited to one annual gynecological exam and one Pap smear per year. Includes counseling, education, and related services to prevent and address the consequences of at-risk behaviors related to sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) and pregnancy. Each Enrollee may utilize her PCP or she may directly choose any participating professional provider delivering gynecological services without referral.

Mammograms: Screening and diagnostic mammograms are covered when performed by a qualified mammography service provider who is certified by the appropriate state of federal agency in accordance with the Mammography Quality Assurance Act of 1992. There are no copays for this service.

Breast feeding: Comprehensive support and counseling from trained providers, access to breastfeeding supplies, including coverage for renting of hospital-grade breast pumps under DME and medical necessity review, and coverage of lactation. support and counseling provided during postpartum hospitalization, mother's options visits, and obstetrician or pediatrician visits for pregnant or nursing mothers with no cost sharing to the member. No copays. Must be medically necessary.

Obstetrical services include prenatal, intrapartum, and postpartum care, including care related to complications of pregnancy and childbirth. Services provided by a participating hospital or birthing center are covered. No copays apply.

Osteoporosis screening is covered for bone mineral density testing using a U.S. FDA approved method. Requires a prescription from a legally licensed provider.

Maternity home care visits are covered for at least one (1) visit provided at the Enrollee's home when the CHIP member is released prior to 48 hours of inpatient care following a vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a Cesarean delivery, or in the case of a newborn, in consultation with the mother or the newborn's representative.

Newborn care includes the provision of benefits for a newborn child of an

enrollee for a period of thirty-one (31) days following birth. Includes routine nursery care, prematurity services, preventive/ well-child health care services, newborn hearing screens, and coverage for injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and birth abnormalities. No limits apply.

6.2.10. ☐ Inpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.18., but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services (Section 2110(a)(10))

Covers medical care including psychiatrist visits and consultations, nursing care, group or individual counseling, and therapeutic services, and concurrent care and services normally provided relating to inpatient hospitalization. Members as young as fourteen may self-refer. No day limits apply. No copays apply.

6.2.11. Outpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.19, but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including community-based services (Section 2110(a)(11)

Outpatient mental health are not limited and include partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient mental health services, psychological testing; visits with outpatient mental health providers, individual, group, and family counseling targeted mental health case management and resource coordination; and prescription drugs. No limits on visits per benefit year apply. No copays apply.

6.2.12. Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental devices, and adaptive devices) (Section 2110(a)(12))

Durable medical equipment is covered when medically necessary. Some services may require prior authorization. Includes rental or purchase, delivery and installation of equipment designed to serve a medical purpose for a medical condition, is intended for repeated use, and is not disposable, and is appropriate for home or school use. Replacement or repair is covered for normal wear and tear when medically necessary due to the growth of the child Orthotic devices includes the purchase, fitting, necessary adjustment, repairs and replacement of rigid or semi-rigid device designed to support, align, or correct bone and muscle injuries or deformities. Replacements are covered when the replacement is deemed medically necessary and appropriate due to the growth of the child.

Prosthetic devices includes the purchase of prosthetic devices and supplies

required as a result of injury or illness to replace part of all of an absent body part or to restore function to a permanently malfunctioning body organs. Includes purchase, fitting, and necessary adjustment of prosthetic devices. Replacements are covered when deemed medically necessary due to the normal growth of the child.

The vision benefit covers one routine examination and refraction every calendar year, including dilation if professionally indicated. The vision benefit covers one frame in any 12-month period unless a second frame is medically necessary. Lenses are limited to once every six months and a prescription change must be documented for a second set of lenses to be covered within a 12 month period of time. Replacement of lost, stolen, or broken frames and lenses is covered once in a calendar year if medically necessary. One prescription for contact lenses is covered per calendar year. Contact lenses are covered in lieu of glasses when medically necessary for vision correction.

Prosthodontic dental devices are covered as a part of a member's dental benefit.

6.2.13. \boxtimes Disposable medical supplies (Section 2110(a)(13))

Includes ostomy supplies and urological supplies when medically necessary. No limits apply.

Diabetic treatment, equipment, and supplies includes blood glucose monitors, monitor supplies, insulin, injection aids, syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents for controlling blood sugar, and outpatient management training and education. Physician orders required.

Medical foods include medical foods and prescribed nutritional formulas used to treat PKU and related disorders given orally or by tube feeding. No limits apply.

6.2.14. Mome and community-based health care services (Section 2110(a)(14))

Covered for homebound patients, including nursing care, home health aide services, oxygen, medical and surgical supplies and home infusion therapy. Home infusion therapy does not include blood or blood products. Private duty nursing and custodial services are not covered. No copays apply. No visit limitations.

6.2.15. \boxtimes Nursing care services (Section 2110(a)(15))

Skilled nursing services: medically necessary skilled nursing and related services are covered on an inpatient basis in semi-private accommodations for patients requiring skilled nursing services, but not

requiring confinement in a hospital. No day limits apply

6.2.16. \boxtimes Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest (Section 2110(a)(16)

Rape or incest must have been reported to law enforcement authorities or child protective services, unless the treating physician certifies that in his or her professional judgment, the member is physically or psychologically unable to comply with the reporting requirement. Includes only abortions that satisfy the requirements of 18 PA C.S.\\$3204-3206 and 35 P.S. \\$\\$10101, 10103-10105. Covered abortions include those that meet the following criteria:

A physician has certified that the abortion is necessary to save the life of the mother or the abortion is performed to terminate a pregnancy resulting from an act of rape or incest reported within 72 hours from the date when the female first learned she was pregnant. Services rendered to treat illness of injury resulting from an elective abortion are covered. The contractor and its subcontractors will respect the conscience rights of individual providers and provider organizations and comply with Pennsylvania law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of the refusal or willingness to participate in certain abortion and sterilization activities as outlined in 43 P.S. §955.2 and 18 PA C.S.A. §3213(d). Elective abortions are not covered.

6.2.17. Dental services (Section 2110(a)(17)) States updating their dental benefits must complete 6.2-DC (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009)

Services include diagnostic, preventive, restorative, endodontic, periodontic, prosthodontic, oral and maxillary surgery, orthodontic, and adjunctive dental services necessary to prevent disease and promote oral health, restore oral structures to health and function, and treat emergency conditions as mandated by law. Cosmetic related services are not covered. Covered services are listed in the CHIP Dental Benefits Plan.

6.2.18. \boxtimes Vision screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24))

Includes the cost of exams, corrective lenses, frames, or contacts in lieu of glasses or when medically necessary. Limited to one exam every 12 months unless an additional exam is medically necessary. Includes dilation if professionally indicated. Covers one pair of prescription eyeglass lenses and one frame, unless a second frame is medically necessary, or contacts every calendar year. Eyeglass lenses may be plastic or glass, single vision, bifocal or trifocal, lenticular lens powers and/or oversize lenses, fashion and gradient tinting, oversized glass-grey #3 prescription sunglass lenses, or polycarbonate

prescription lenses with scratch resistant coating. There may be copayments for optional lens types and treatments.

Frames in network are provided at no cost to the member. There is an allowance of \$130 in a twelve-month period. Expenses in excess of \$130 allowance are payable by the member. A 20% discount applies to any amount over \$130.

The replacement of lost, damaged, or stolen corrective lenses, frames, and medically necessary contacts will occur once per year (one original and one replacement). A referral from a PCP is not required to see a vision provider. There is no copayment for routine eye examinations, covered standard eyeglass lenses or contact lenses. If any vision service is provided under the medical benefit for a diagnosis of cataracts, keratoconus, or aphakia, a copayment may apply.

Coverage includes one comprehensive low vision evaluation every five (5) years, with a maximum charge of \$300; maximum low vision aid allowance of \$600 with a lifetime maximum of \$1,200 for item such as high-power spectacles, magnifiers and telescopes, and follow up care - four visits in any five-year period, with a maximum charge of \$100 per visit. Providers will obtain the necessary preauthorization for these services.

6.2.19. \boxtimes Hearing screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24))

Hearing aids and devices and the fitting and adjustment of such devices are covered when determined to be medically necessary. Payment limited to one routine hearing examination and one audiometric examination per calendar year.

Includes the cost of examinations and one hearing aid or device per ear every two calendar years.

6.2.20. ■ Inpatient substance abuse treatment services and residential substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(18))

Services provided in a hospital or an inpatient non-hospital facility that meets the requirements established by the Department of Health and is licensed as an alcohol/drug addiction treatment program by the of Department of Drug and Alcohol Program. Covers detoxification stays, services of physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, counselors, trained staff, laboratory and

psychological/psychiatric testing, individual and family therapy and interventions and medication management and services normally provided to inpatients. No day limits apply. No copays apply.

6.2.21. Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19))

Non-hospital residential treatment and outpatient treatment for substance use disorder is covered without limits on number of visits. This includes partial hospitalization patient programs and intensive outpatient programs. Services provided in a facility licensed as an addiction treatment program by the of Department of Drug and Alcohol Program. Covers services of physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, counselors, trained staff, laboratory and psychological or psychiatric testing, individual and family therapy. No copays apply.

6.2.22. \boxtimes Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))

Services may be coordinated through MCO Special Needs Units or Case Management units. Case management provides support to members experiencing complex medical conditions or chronic illnesses through ongoing assessment, care planning, and monitoring.

The primary purpose of Case Management is to ensure that each CHIP member receives access to appropriate primary care, access to specialists trained and skilled in the needs of the member, information about the access to a specialist as PCP if appropriate, information about and access to all covered services appropriate to the member's condition or circumstance, including pharmaceuticals and DME, and access to needed community services.

Services are available to all CHIP members enrolled with the MCO. There are no requirements for a case management referral. Members are not required to participate in the case management program but may opt out. There is no limit to the member's access to case management.

6.2.23. \boxtimes Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))

The deliberate organization of patient care activities between two or more participants (including the patient) involved in a patient's care to facilitate the appropriate delivery of health care services. Organizing care involves the marshalling of personnel and other resources needed to carry out all required patient care activities, and is often managed by the exchange of information among participants responsible for different aspects of care.

6.2.24. Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders (Section 2110(a)(22))

Speech, occupational, and physical therapy are limited to 60 outpatient visits per year per type of therapy. Members must have a documented diagnosis that indicates the prescribed therapy is medically necessary.

Outpatient habilitation services are health care services that help a person keep, learn, or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Services include physical, occupational, and speech therapy services for people with disabilities in a variety of outpatient settings. Limited to 60 visits per year per each type of therapy for a combined visit limit of 180 days per calendar year.

6.2.25. Mospice care (Section 2110(a)(23))

Care for a member who is suffering from a terminal illness. Respite care is also included. Requires a certification by a physician stating that the member has a terminal illness. There are no day limits. Members receiving hospice care may still receive care for other illnesses and conditions.

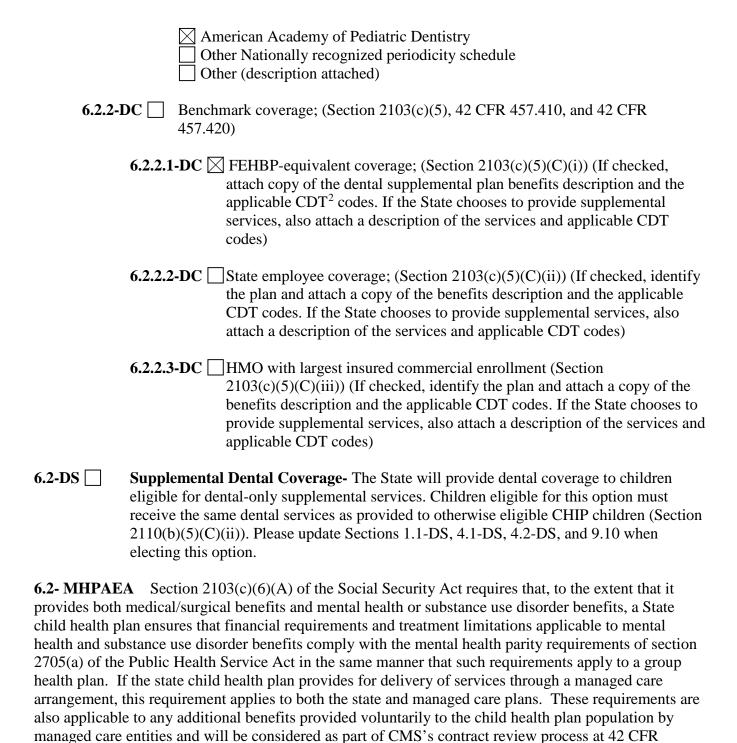
- **6.2.26**. EPSDT consistent with requirements of sections 1905(r) and 1902(a)(43) of the Act
- Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (Section 2110(a)(24))

Outpatient medical therapy services (chemotherapy, radiation therapy, dialysis, and respiratory therapy) are unlimited. Requires a documented diagnosis that necessitates the prescribed service.

In accordance with the Pennsylvania Autism Insurance Act (Act 62), prescription drug coverage and over the counter drug coverage, services of a psychiatrist and/or psychologist, and rehabilitative and therapeutic care including applied behavioral analysis, speech/language, occupational, and physical therapy for the purposes of treating a confirmed diagnosis of autism Covers evaluations and tests performed to diagnose autism disorder are covered without limits. no limits apply. Members are eligible to use the expedited appeals process defined in Act 62 for Autism related complaints and grievances.

Qualifying clinical trials conducted in relations to prevention, detection and treatment of cancer or other life-threatening disease or condition. Covers items

| | | | and services consistent with what the plan normally covers. Requires notification of participation in the trial before enrolling in that trial. |
|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---|
| | 6.2.28. | . 🗌 | Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25)) |
| | 6.2.29. | | Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26)) |
| | | | Transportation services by land, air, or water ambulance are covered only in response to an emergency or when determined to be medically necessary. |
| | 6.2.30. | | Enabling services (such as transportation, translation, and outreach services) (Section 2110(a)(27)) |
| | 6.2.31. | | Any other health care services or items specified by the Secretary and not included under this Section (Section 2110(a)(28)) |
| 6.2-DC | C | provide 9.10 an for dent | Coverage (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) The State will edental coverage to children through one of the following. Please update Sections d 10.3-DC when electing this option. Dental services provided to children eligible tal-only supplemental services must receive the same dental services as provided twise eligible CHIP children (Section 2103(a)(5)): |
| | 6.2.1-I | _ | State Specific Dental Benefit Package. The State assures dental services represented by the following categories of common dental terminology (CDT ¹) codes are included in the dental benefits: |
| | | agnostic nedule) | (i.e., clinical exams, x-rays) (CDT codes: D0100-D0999) (must follow periodicity |
| | 2. Pre | eventive | (i.e., dental prophylaxis, topical fluoride treatments, sealants) (CDT codes: 999) (must follow periodicity schedule) |
| | | | e (i.e., fillings, crowns) (CDT codes: D2000-D2999) |
| | | | c (i.e., root canals) (CDT codes: D3000-D3999) es (treatment of gum disease) (CDT codes: D4000-D4999) |
| | | | atic (dentures) (CDT codes: D5000-D5899, D5900-D5999, and D6200-D6999) |
| | 7. Ora | al and M | Iaxillofacial Surgery (i.e., extractions of teeth and other oral surgical procedures) s: D7000-D7999) |
| | • | | cs (i.e., braces) (CDT codes: D8000-D8999) |
| | 9. Em | nergency | Dental Services |
| | | 6.2.1.1- | •DC Periodicity Schedule. The State has adopted the following periodicity schedule: State-developed Medicaid-specific |
| | | | |
| | | | |



Current Dental Terminology, © 2010 American Dental Association. All rights reserved.

457.1201(1).

| 6.2.1- MHPAEA Before completing a parity analysis, the State must determine whether each covered benefit is a medical/surgical, mental health, or substance use disorder benefit based on a standard that is consistent with state and federal law and generally recognized independent standards of medical practice. (42 CFR 457.496(f)(1)(i)) |
|--|
| 6.2.1.1- MHPAEA Please choose the standard(s) the state uses to determine whether a covered benefit is a medical/surgical benefit, mental health benefit, or substance use disorder benefit. The most current version of the standard elected must be used. If different standards are used for different benefit types, please specify the benefit type(s) to which each standard is applied. If "Other" is selected, please provide a description of that standard. |
| ☐ International Classification of Disease (ICD) See Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act cover letter, section MH/SUD AND M/S CONDITIONS |
| ☐ Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) |
| State guidelines (Describe:) |
| Other (Describe:) |
| 6.2.1.2- MHPAEA Does the State provide mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits? |
| ⊠ Yes |
| □ No |
| 6.2.2- MHPAEA Section 2103(c)(6)(B) of the Social Security Act (the Act) provides that to the exten a State child health plan includes coverage of early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment services (EPSDT) defined in section 1905(r) of the Act and provided in accordance with section 1902(a)(43) of the Act, the plan shall be deemed to satisfy the parity requirements of section 2103(c)(6)(A) of the Act. |
| 6.2.2.1- MHPAEA Does the State child health plan provide coverage of EPSDT? The State must provide for coverage of EPSDT benefits, consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements, as indicated in section 6.2.26 of the State child health plan in order to answer "yes." |
| Yes |
| $igstyle \operatorname{No}$ |
| 6.2.2.2- MHPAEA EPSDT benefits are provided to the following: |

| | All children covered under the State child health plan. |
|---------------------|---|
| | A subset of children covered under the State child health plan. |
| | Please describe the different populations (if applicable) covered under the State child health plan that are provided EPSDT benefits consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements. |
| must pro 457.496 | MHPAEA To be deemed compliant with the MHPAEA parity requirements, States evide EPSDT in accordance with sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act (42 CFR (b)). The State assures each of the following for children eligible for EPSDT under the State child health plan: |
| d | All screening services, including screenings for mental health and substance use lisorder conditions, are provided at intervals that align with a periodicity schedule that neets reasonable standards of medical or dental practice as well as when medically necessary to determine the existence of suspected illness or conditions. (Section 1905(r)) |
| c V | All diagnostic services described in 1905(a) of the Act are provided as needed to liagnose suspected conditions or illnesses discovered through screening services, whether or not those services are covered under the Medicaid state plan. (Section 1905(r)) |
| d | All items and services described in section 1905(a) of the Act are provided when needed to correct or ameliorate a defect or any physical or mental illnesses and conditions discovered by the screening services, whether or not such services are covered under the Medicaid State plan. (Section 1905(r)(5)) |
| n | Treatment limitations applied to services provided under the EPSDT benefit are not imited based on a monetary cap or budgetary constraints and may be exceeded as nedically necessary to correct or ameliorate a medical or physical condition or illness. Section 1905(r)(5)) |
| [| Non-quantitative treatment limitations, such as definitions of medical necessity or criteria for medical necessity, are applied in an individualized manner that does not |

| preclude coverage of any items or services necessary to correct or ameliorate any medical or physical condition or illness. (Section 1905(r)(5)) |
|---|
| \square EPSDT benefits are not excluded on the basis of any condition, disorder, or diagnosis. (Section 1905(r)(5)) |
| ☐ The provision of all requested EPSDT screening services, as well as any corrective treatments needed based on those screening services, are provided or arranged for as necessary. (Section 1902(a)(43)) |
| All families with children eligible for the EPSDT benefit under the separate State child health plan are provided information and informed about the full range of services available to them. (Section 1902(a)(43)(A)) |

6.2.3- MHPAEA In order to conduct the parity analysis, the State must place all medical/surgical and mental health and substance use disorder benefits covered under the State child health plan into one of four classifications: Inpatient, outpatient, emergency care, and prescription drugs. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(ii); 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(B))

6.2.3.1 MHPAEA Please describe below the standard(s) used to place covered benefits into one of the four classifications.

The office of CHIP has defined the four benefit classifications to align with definitions in Pennsylvania's Code:

Inpatient: All covered services or items provided to a beneficiary who has been admitted to a 24-hour facility.

Outpatient: All covered services or items that are provided to a beneficiary that do not otherwise meet the definition of inpatient, prescription drug or emergency care

Emergency Care: All emergency services or items that meet the Commonwealth's definition of emergency services delivered in an Emergency Department setting. Emergency services are those services needed to treat or evaluate an emergency medical condition which is an injury or illness that due to the severity, a reasonable person with no medical training would feel that there is an immediate risk to a person's life or long-term health.

Prescription Drugs: Covered medications, drugs and associated supplies requiring a prescription. Includes drugs claimed using the NCPDP claim forms and adjudicated through a pharmacy benefit manager.

Annual and Aggregate Lifetime Dollar Limits

- **6.2.4- MHPAEA** A State that provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits must comply with parity requirements related to annual and aggregate lifetime dollar limits for benefits covered under the State child health plan. (42 CFR 457.496(c))
 - **6.2.4.1- MHPAEA** Please indicate whether the State applies an aggregate lifetime dollar limit and/or an annual dollar limit on any mental health or substance abuse disorder benefits covered

| under the State child health plan. |
|--|
| Aggregate lifetime dollar limit is applied |
| Aggregate annual dollar limit is applied |
| No dollar limit is applied |
| 6.2.4.2- MHPAEA Are there any medical/surgical benefits covered under the State child health plan that have either an aggregate lifetime dollar limit or an annual dollar limit? If yes, please specify what type of limits apply. |
| Yes (Type(s) of limit:) |
| □ No |
| 6.2.4.3 – MHPAEA. States applying an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on medical/surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits must determine whether the portion of the medical/surgical benefits to which the limit applies is less than one-third, at least one-third but less than two-thirds, or at least two-thirds of all medical/surgical benefits covered under the State plan (42 CFR 457.496(c)). The portion of medical/surgical benefits subject to the limit is based on the dollar amount expected to be paid for all medical/surgical benefits under the State plan for the State plan year or portion of the plan year after a change in benefits that affects the applicability of the aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limits. (42 CFR 457.496(c)(3)) The State assures that it has developed a reasonable methodology to calculate the portion of covered medical/surgical benefits which are subject to the aggregate lifetime and/or annual dollar limit, as applicable. |
| 6.2.4.3.1- MHPAEA Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and surgical benefits covered under the State plan which are subject to a lifetime dollar limit: |
| Less than 1/3 |
| ☐ At least 1/3 and less than 2/3 |
| At least 2/3 |

6.2.4.3.2- MHPAEA Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and

| surgical benefits cove | ered under the State plan which are subject to an annual dollar limit: | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Less than 1 | 1/3 | | |
| At least 1/2 | 3 and less than 2/3 | | |
| At least 2/2 | 3 | | |
| at least 1/3 and less th | A If the State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit to than 2/3 of all medical/surgical benefits, the State assures the 57.496(c)(4)(i)(B)); (42 CFR 457.496(c)(4)(ii)): The State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on mental health or substance use disorder benefits that is no more restrictive than an average limit calculated for medical/surgical benefits. | | |
| annual or lifetime lim | 6.2.4.3.2.2- MHPAEA If at least 2/3 of all medical/surgical benefits are subject to an annual or lifetime limit, the State assures either of the following (42 CFR 457.496(c)(2)(i)); (42 CFR 457.496(c)(2)(ii)): | | |
| | ☐ The aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit is applied to both medical/surgical benefits and mental health and substance use disorder benefits in a manner that does not distinguish between medical/surgical benefits and mental health and substance use disorder benefits; or | | |
| | ☐ The aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit placed on mental health and substance use disorder benefits is no more restrictive than the aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on medical/surgical benefits. | | |
| Quantitative Treatment Limitation | ns | | |
| or substance use disorder benefits in | pply quantitative treatment limitations (QTLs) on any mental health any classification of benefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of ne or more QTLs on any mental health or substance use disorder | | |
| Yes (Specify:) | | | |
| | | | |

| ⊠ No |
|--|
| 6.2.5.1- MHPAEA Does the State apply any type of QTL on any medical/surgical benefits? |
| Yes |
| □ No |
| 6.2.5.2- MHPAEA Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of QTL on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the portion of medical and surgical benefits in the classification which are subject to the limitation. More specifically, the State must determine the ratio of (a) the dollar amount of all payments expected to be paid under the State plan for medical and surgical benefits within a classification which are subject to the type of quantitative treatment limitation for the plan year (or portion of the plan year after a mid-year change affecting the applicability of a type of quantitative treatment limitation to any medical/surgical benefits in the class) to (b) the dollar amount expected to be paid for all medical and surgical benefits within the classification for the plan year. For purposes of this paragraph, all payments expected to be paid under the State plan includes payments expected to be made directly by the State and payments which are expected to be made by MCEs contracting with the State. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(C)) |
| The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar amounts used in the ratio described above for each classification within which the State applies QTLs to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E)) |
| 6.2.5.3- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of QTL to "substantially all" (defined as at least two-thirds) of the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A)) |
| ☐ Yes |
| □ No |
| |

6.2.5.3.1- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the predominant level of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. The "predominant level" of a type of QTL in a classification is the level (or least restrictive of a combination of levels)

that applies to more than one-half of the medical/surgical benefits in that classification, as described in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B). The portion of medical/surgical benefits in a classification to which a given level of a QTL type is applied is based on the dollar amount of payments expected to be paid for medical/surgical benefits subject to that level as compared to all medical/surgical benefits in the classification, as described in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(C). For each type of quantitative treatment limitation applied to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State assures:

| The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts |
|--|
| used to determine whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a |
| classification are subject to a type of quantitative treatment limitation also is |
| applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant |
| evel of a type of quantitative treatment limitation applied to medical/surgical |
| penefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E)) |
| The level of each type of quantitative treatment limitation applied by the State to mental health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is no more restrictive than the predominant level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(i)) |
| |

Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations

6.2.6- MHPAEA The State may utilize non-quantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) for mental health or substance use disorder benefits, but the State must ensure that those NQTLs comply with all the mental health parity requirements. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(4)); (42 CFR 457.496(d)(5))

6.2.6.1 – **MHPAEA** If the State imposes any NQTLs, complete this subsection. If the State does not impose NQTLs, please go to Section 6.2.7-MHPAEA.

The State assures that the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factors used in the application of any NQTL to mental health or substance use disorder benefits are no more stringent than the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factors used in the application of NQTLs to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification.

Please refer to the OCHIP MHPAEA Cover Letter and attached MCO submissions. Each MCO conducted a compliance review and submitted a documentation package based on templates developed by OCHIP.

While the organization of each MCO submission was customized at the discretion of the MCO, generally each submission contains the following pertaining to NQTLs:

- Section 4 details the methodology used by the MCO to identify relevant NQTLs and conduct the analyses
- Appendix B contains an inventory of NQTLs applicable to MH/SUD benefits managed by the MCO
- Appendix D contains the MCO's side by side analyses of the MH/SUD and M/S NQTLs along with a final compliance determination.
- **6.2.6.2 MHPAEA** The State or MCE contracting with the State must comply with parity if they provide coverage of medical or surgical benefits furnished by out-of-network providers.

| 6.2.6.2.1- MHPAEA Does the State or MCE contracting with the State provide coverage of medical or surgical benefits provided by out-of-network providers? |
|---|
| Yes |
| ⊠ No |
| 6.2.6.2.2- MHPAEA If yes, the State must provide access to out-of-network providers for mental health or substance use disorder benefits. Please assure the following: |
| ☐ The State attests that when determining access to out-of-network providers within a benefit classification, the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, or other factors used to determine access to those providers for mental health/substance use disorder benefits are comparable to and applied no more stringently than the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factors used to determine access for out- of-network providers for medical/surgical benefits. |
| Availability of Plan Information 6.2.7- MHPAEA The State must provide beneficiaries, potential enrollees, and providers with information related to medical necessity criteria and denials of payment or reimbursement for mental health or substance use disorder services (42 CFR 457.496(e)) in addition to existing notice requirements at 42 CFR 457.1180. |
| 6.2.7.1- MHPAEA Medical necessity criteria determinations must be made available to any current or potential enrollee or contracting provider, upon request. The state attests that the following entities provide this information: |
| State |
| Managed Care entities |
| Both |
| |

| | Other |
|------|---|
| | Guidance: If other is selected, please specify the entity. |
| | 6.2.7.2- MHPAEA Reason for any denial for reimbursement or payment for mental health or substance use disorder benefits must be made available to the enrollee by the health plan or the State. The state attests that the following entities provide denial information: |
| | ☐ State |
| | Managed Care entities |
| | Both |
| | Other |
| | Guidance: If other is selected, please specify the entity. |
| 5.3. | The State assures that, with respect to pre-existing medical conditions, one of the following two statements applies to its plan: (42 CFR 457.480) |
| | 6.3.1. The State shall not permit the imposition of any pre-existing medical condition exclusion for covered services (Section 2102(b)(1)(B)(ii)); OR |
| | 6.3.2. The State contracts with a group health plan or group health insurance coverage, or contracts with a group health plan to provide family coverage under a waiver (see Section 6.6.2. (formerly 6.4.2) of the template). Preexisting medical conditions are permitted to the extent allowed by HIPAA/ERISA. (Formerly 8.6.) (Section 2103(f)) Describe: |
| 5.4. | Additional Purchase Options- If the State wishes to provide services under the plan through cost effective alternatives or the purchase of family coverage, it must request the appropriate option. To be approved, the State must address the following: (Section 2105(c)(2) and (3)) (42 CFR 457.1005 and 457.1010) |
| | Cost Effective Coverage - Payment may be made to a State in excess of the 10 percent limitation on use of funds for payments for: 1) other child health assistance for targeted low-income children; 2) expenditures for health services initiatives under the plan for improving the health of children (including targeted low-income children and other low-income children); 3) expenditures for |

outreach activities as provided in Section 2102(c)(1) under the plan; and 4) other reasonable costs incurred by the State to administer the plan, if it demonstrates the following (42CFR 457.1005(a)):

- 6.4.1.1. Coverage provided to targeted low-income children through such expenditures must meet the coverage requirements above; Describe the coverage provided by the alternative delivery system. The State may cross reference Section 6.2.1 6.2.28. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(i)) (42 CFR 457.1005(b))
- 6.4.1.2. The cost of such coverage must not be greater, on an average per child basis, than the cost of coverage that would otherwise be provided for the coverage described above; Describe the cost of such coverage on an average per child basis. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(ii)) (42 CFR 457.1005(b))
- 6.4.1.3. The coverage must be provided through the use of a community based health delivery system, such as through contracts with health centers receiving funds under Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act or with hospitals such as those that receive disproportionate share payment adjustments under Section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923 of the Social Security Act. Describe the community-based delivery system. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(iii)) (42 CFR 457.1005(a))
- **Purchase of Family Coverage** Describe the plan to purchase family coverage. Payment may be made to a State for the purpose of family coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage that includes coverage of targeted low-income children, if it demonstrates the following: (Section 2105(c)(3)) (42 CFR 457.1010)
 - 6.4.2.1. Purchase of family coverage is cost-effective. The State's cost of purchasing family coverage, including administrative expenditures, that includes coverage for the targeted low-income children involved or the family involved (as applicable) under premium assistance programs must not be greater than the cost of obtaining coverage under the State plan for all eligible targeted low-income children or families involved; and (2) The State may base its demonstration of cost effectiveness on an assessment of the cost of coverage, including administrative costs, for children or families under premium assistance programs to the cost of other CHIP coverage for these children or families, done on a case-by-case basis, or on the cost of premium assisted coverage in the aggregate.

- 6.4.2.2. The State assures that the family coverage would not otherwise substitute for health insurance coverage that would be provided to such children but for the purchase of family coverage. (Section 2105(c)(3)(B)) (42 CFR 457.1010(b))
- 6.4.2.3. The State assures that the coverage for the family otherwise meets title XXI requirements. (42 CFR 457.1010(c))
- **6.4.3-PA:** Additional State Options for Providing Premium Assistance (CHIPRA # 13, SHO # 10-002 issued February, 2, 2010) A State may elect to offer a premium assistance subsidy for qualified employer-sponsored coverage, as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(B), to all targeted low-income children who are eligible for child health assistance under the plan and have access to such coverage. No subsidy shall be provided to a targeted low-income child (or the child's parent) unless the child voluntarily elects to receive such a subsidy. (Section 2105(c)(10)(A)). Please remember to update section 9.10 when electing this option. Does the State provide this option to targeted low-income children?

☐ Yes No

- **6.4.3.1-PA** Qualified Employer-Sponsored Coverage and Premium Assistance Subsidy
 - **6.4.3.1.1-PA** Provide an assurance that the qualified employer-sponsored insurance meets the definition of qualified employer-sponsored coverage as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(B), and that the premium assistance subsidy meets the definition of premium assistance subsidy as defined in 2105(c)(10)(C).
 - **6.4.3.1.2-PA** Describe whether the State is providing the premium assistance subsidy as reimbursement to an employee or for out-of-pocket expenditures or directly to the employee's employer.
- **6.4.3.2-PA:** Supplemental Coverage for Benefits and Cost Sharing Protections Provided under the Child Health Plan.
 - **6.4.3.2.1-PA** If the State is providing premium assistance for qualified employer-sponsored coverage, as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(E)(i), provide an assurance that the State is providing for each targeted low-income child enrolled in such coverage, supplemental coverage consisting of all items or services that are not covered or are only partially covered, under the qualified employer-sponsored coverage consistent with 2103(a) and cost sharing protections consistent with Section 2103(e).

- **6.4.3.2.2-PA** Describe whether these benefits are being provided through the employer or by the State providing wraparound benefits.
- **6.4.3.2.3-PA** If the State is providing premium assistance for benchmark or benchmark-equivalent coverage, the State ensures that such group health plans or health insurance coverage offered through an employer will be certified by an actuary as coverage that is equivalent to a benchmark benefit package described in Section 2103(b) or benchmark equivalent coverage that meets the requirements of Section 2103(a)(2).
- **6.4.3.3-PA:** Application of Waiting Period Imposed Under State Plan: States are required to apply the same waiting period to premium assistance as is applied to direct coverage for children under their CHIP State plan, as specified in Section 2105(c)(10)(F).
 - **6.4.3.3.1-PA** Provide an assurance that the waiting period for children in premium assistance is the same as for those children in direct coverage (if State has a waiting period in place for children in direct CHIP coverage).
- **6.4.3.4-PA:** Opt-Out and Outreach, Education, and Enrollment Assistance
 - **6.4.3.4.1-PA** Describe the State's process for ensuring parents are permitted to disenroll their child from qualified employer-sponsored coverage and to enroll in CHIP effective on the first day of any month for which the child is eligible for such assistance and in a manner that ensures continuity of coverage for the child (Section 2105(c)(10)(G)).
 - **6.4.3.4.2-PA** Describe the State's outreach, education, and enrollment efforts related to premium assistance programs, as required under Section 2102(c)(3). How does the State inform families of the availability of premium assistance, and assist them in obtaining such subsidies? What are the specific significant resources the State intends to apply to educate employers about the availability of premium assistance subsidies under the State child health plan? (Section 2102(c))
- **Purchasing Pool** A State may establish an employer-family premium assistance purchasing pool and may provide a premium assistance subsidy for enrollment in coverage made available through this pool (Section 2105(c)(10)(I)). Does the State provide this option?

 Yes
 No
 - **6.6.3.5.1-PA** Describe the plan to establish an employer-family premium assistance purchasing pool.

6.6.3.5.2-PA Provide an assurance that employers who are eligible to participate: 1) have less than 250 employees; 2) have at least one employee who is a pregnant woman eligible for CHIP or a member of a family that has at least one child eligible under the State's CHIP plan.

6.6.3.5.3-PA Provide an assurance that the State will not claim for any administrative expenditures attributable to the establishment or operation of such a pool except to the extent such payment would otherwise be permitted under this title.

6.4.3.6-PA Notice of Availability of Premium Assistance- Describe the procedures that assure that if a State provides premium assistance subsidies under this Section, it must: 1) provide as part of the application and enrollment process, information describing the availability of premium assistance and how to elect to obtain a subsidy; and 2) establish other procedures to ensure that parents are fully informed of the choices for child health assistance or through the receipt of premium assistance subsidies (Section 2105(c)(10)(K)).

6.4.3.6.1-PA Provide an assurance that the State includes information about premium assistance on the CHIP application or enrollment form.

Section 7. Quality and Appropriateness of Care

Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 8.

7.1. Describe the methods (including external and internal monitoring) used to assure the quality and appropriateness of care, particularly with respect to well-baby care, well-child care, and immunizations provided under the plan. (Section 2102(a)(7)(A)) (42 CFR 457.495(a)) Will the State utilize any of the following tools to assure quality? (Check all that apply and describe the activities for any categories utilized.)

CHIP provides services to enrolled children through a managed care model. By state law and regulation, all of the CHIP Contractor delivery systems are state licensed managed care organizations (predominantly HMOs, though one of them uses gatekeeper PPO delivery systems in limited counties) which, as a condition of licensure, must undergo periodic external reviews of their quality assurance systems and the quality of care provided to their members. These reviews are required within one year of licensure and again at three-year intervals or for cause. The reviews are performed by the National Committee for Quality Assurance ("NCQA") with Health Department participation. The

scope of review includes a detailed examination of the plan's quality assurance/improvement program including access, availability, continuity of care, and preventive and health maintenance services to members, including CHIP-enrolled children. NCQA staff also independently assess managed care compliance with current state regulations on a periodic basis. The Department independently identifies opportunities for improvement for the CHIP program and institutes quality improvement performance measures via its contracted external quality review organization, as appropriate.

CHIP enrollees also have access to a complaint and grievance resolution process through their managed care plans. This process is mandated by state law (Act 1998-68) for all managed care organizations and requires members to go through a two-step process at the HMO level, with the second level including one-third member representation in the decision-making process. If the member is still dissatisfied, he or she has the right to appeal the plan's decision to the Department of Health (grievances) or the Department of Human Services (complaints). The Contractor is required to have a data system in place capable of tracking and trending all complaints and grievances. In addition to assuring that appropriate care is accessible to members, this process also enables the Department to track and identify patterns of inappropriate care or service.

7.1.1. \boxtimes Quality standards

The Department has established Quality Management and Utilization Management requirements to which the insurer is contractually bound. See **Appendix E** (Provided in the original State Plan) which contains requirements as specified in the Department's Request for Procurement.

7.1.2. Performance measurement

In addition to evaluating contractors based on their overall NCQA accreditation ratings, the program also conducts Healthcare Effectiveness Data Information Set (HEDIS) reviews which compare the CHIP population with the commercial subscribers of the insurer. In addition, the program has been completing direct comparisons of its HEDIS data with Medicaid programs regionally and nationally. The results from HEDIS reviews are used to investigate potential problem areas and institute quality improvement activities, as appropriate.

During FY 2000 the PA CHIP, for the first time, began collecting HEDIS data and continues to do so annually.

Since these initial efforts, CHIP has joined with the Department of Human Services in its contract with IPRO to develop standardized, clinically relevant, and evidence-based performance measures to facilitate evaluation of care provided by the health plans.

| 7.1.2 (a) | CHIPRA Quality Core Set |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 7.1.2 (b) | Other |

7.1.3. \square Information strategies

All CHIP enrollees receive membership handbooks (see **Appendix F** (**provided with the original State Plan submission**), sample handbook which describes the benefits provided to enrollees under the Program). These materials also describe members' rights and responsibilities and the specific steps to appeal any medical or service issue to the plan and to the Department of Health. All service denials or reduction in benefits must also contain information about how to appeal the decision through the member grievance process. Contractors have developed a multitude of member educational materials and informational items that encourage CHIP enrollees to obtain age-appropriate health services and preventive care. These are distributed widely by the plans.

CHIP collects information from all CHIP Contractors on a quarterly and annual basis. This reporting provides information on CHIP enrollment, demographic, and ethnic characteristics, outreach efforts, use of medical and dental services, member grievance information, and data on financial expenditures. Information is used by program managers to document performance and promote adequate program accountability. The data elements are updated on specific needs as identified.

7.1.4. Quality improvement strategies

Several key initiatives mentioned herein are the basis for individual and collective quality improvement activities.

- Based on the clinical standards adopted and the data obtained from external reviews, each of the nine contractors have been required to identify appropriate mechanisms for improving the provision of preventative and health maintenance services for children enrolled in CHIP.
- The Department and the Contractors work together to implement interventions that will raise the rates of preventative services to conform with established CHIP goals. Such intervention includes:
 - patient information on the availability and necessity of services:
 - parent education;

- a system of patient reminders;
- member satisfaction surveys to detect barriers to accessing care;
- community-based education;
- physician education;
- immunization registries which follow children across providers and insurance programs.
- **7.2.** Describe the methods used, including monitoring, to assure: (Section 2102(a)(7)(B)) (42 CFR 457.495)

State-licensed HMOs are the principal contractor health service provider entities for CHIP enrollees. Under Pennsylvania statute, these entities are subject to oversight and regulation by the Department of Health and the Insurance Department, which also have joint licensing authority of these entities (see 40 P.S. 1551, et seq. and 31 Pa. Code, Chapters 301-303) The Insurance Department is primarily responsible for monitoring initial capitalization and financial solvency. The Department of Health is charged with monitoring quality of care and assuring the availability of and accessibility to health services.

To obtain licensure, certain requirements regarding availability and access must be satisfied by an HMO. These requirements are:

- coverage for basic health services, including emergency services;
- provisions for access to a primary care physician for each subscriber;
- evidence of arrangements for the ten most commonly used specialties;
- policies on obtaining referrals for specialty care;
- professional staff standards (for example, there must be at least one full-time primary care physician per 1600 members);
- physician and provider network capacities.

Many of these requirements are evaluated initially upon licensure; upon request for service area expansion; and periodically through complaint and grievance monitoring, on-site visits by Department of Health staff, external reviews by NCQA, and various quarterly and annual reports addressing the provider delivery systems of the CHIP Contractors.

As part of the annual re-contracting process, Contractor health service delivery system information is assessed to assure an adequate number and distribution of providers and facilities of all types

7.2.1. Access to well-baby care, well-child care, well-adolescent care and childhood and

adolescent immunizations. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42 CFR 457.495(a))

Primary care, including well-child care is provided in accordance with the schedule established by the American Academy of Pediatrics. Services related to those visits, include, but are not limited to, immunizations, health education, tuberculosis testing, and developmental screening in accordance with routine schedule of well-child visits. Care must also include a comprehensive physical examination, including X-rays if necessary, for any child exhibiting symptoms of possible child neglect or abuse.

7.2.2. Access to covered services, including emergency services as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. (Section 2102(a)(7)) 42 CFR 457.495(b))

Contractors must establish and maintain adequate provider networks as determined by the Department of Health to serve all eligible children who are or may be enrolled, to include, but not be limited to: hospitals, children's tertiary care hospitals, specialty clinics, trauma centers, pediatricians, specialists, physicians, pharmacies, dentists, substance abuse treatment facilities, emergency transportation services, rehab facilities, home health agencies and DME suppliers in sufficient numbers and geographic dispersions to make available all services in a timely manner. Covered services must be provided out-of-network if such services are not available in a timely and accessible manner through in-network providers. In accordance with Article XXI Section 2111, of Act 1998-68, and 28 Pa. Code Sections 9.679(D) and 9.679(E), the contractor must have adequate health care available in a timely and accessible manner through its network providers.

Contractors cannot discriminate against CHIP enrollees by offering them access to physician services which differ from the access offered commercial enrollees. For example, a plan may not specifically close a practice to CHIP enrollees if the practice is open to commercial enrollees 7.2.3. Appropriate and timely procedures to monitor and treat enrollees with chronic, complex, or serious medical conditions, including access to an adequate number of visits to specialists experienced in treating the specific medical condition and access to out-of-network providers when the network is not adequate for the enrollee's medical condition. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42 CFR 457.495(c))

7.2.4. Decisions related to the prior authorization of health services are completed in accordance with State law or, in accordance with the medical needs of the patient, within 14 days after the receipt of a request for services. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42 CFR 457.495(d)) Exigent medical circumstances may require more rapid response according to the medical needs of the patient.

Decisions related to the prior authorization of health services are made in accordance with state law (Act 1998-68). Contractors must establish and maintain written policies and procedures relating to prior authorization of health services that must be submitted

for review and comment by the Department. Contractors must individually identify service(s), medical item(s), and/or therapeutic categories of drugs to be prior authorized. In addition, the list and scope of services to be prior authorized must be approved by the Department.

The policies and procedures must include an expedited review process to address situations when an item or service must be provided in an urgent basis.

Contractors must demonstrate how written policies and procedures for requests for prior authorization comply and are integrated with the enrollee notification requirements and enrollee grievance and appeal procedures.

| Sectio | n 8. <u>Cost-</u> | <u>Sharing</u> | g and Payment | |
|--------|--|----------------|---|--|
| | | | te elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded State's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 9. | |
| 8.1. | Is cost-sharing imposed on any of the children covered under the plan? (42 CFR 457.505) Indicate if this also applies for pregnant women. (CHIPRA #2, SHO # 09-006, issued May 11, 2009) | | | |
| | 8.1.1. 8.1.2. | | Yes No, skip to question 8.8. | |
| | 8.1.1-PW 8.1.2-PW | | Yes No, skip to question 8.8. | |

8.2. Describe the amount of cost-sharing, any sliding scale based on income, the group or groups of enrollees that may be subject to the charge by age and income (if applicable) and the service for which the charge is imposed or time period for the charge, as appropriate. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b) and (c), 457.515(a) and (c))

Children with a family net income of 208% of FPL or less are not subject to any cost sharing requirements.

8.2.1. Premiums:

If the family net income is determined to be above 208% FPL, the family will be required to share in the cost of the coverage. The negotiated rate for calendar year 2019 is expected to average approximately \$258.00 statewide. The per child monthly premiums are:

| Rates Effe | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| | Listed in | Actual Weighted | |
| | SPA | Average | Variance |
| Full Cost | \$ 258.00 | \$ 205.00 | -21% |
| Low 1 | \$ 55.00 | \$ 51.00 | -7% |
| Low 2 | \$ 77.00 | \$ 72.00 | -6% |
| Low 3 | \$ 88.00 | \$ 82.00 | -7% |

Full cost of coverage as negotiated by the Commonwealth with each of the contractors.

This (>314% coverage) is a full payment program and is not included in any Title XXI funding.

Premiums are due to the contractors on an established date prior to the first of the month for which premiums are paid.

8.2.2. Deductibles:

8.2.3. \boxtimes Coinsurance or copayments:

Coinsurance is not applicable

Copayments: For children in families with net income greater than 208% FPL, but less than 314% FPL, the commonwealth has established reasonable copayments for services other than the following: well-baby; well-child; immunizations; pregnancy related services; or emergency care that results in admissions.

Copayments are as follows:

Primary Care visits \$5 Specialists \$10

Emergency Care \$25 (waived if admitted)

Prescriptions \$6 for generic and \$9 for brand names

Copayments for office visits are limited to physical health and do not include routine preventive and diagnostic dental services or vision services. Emergency care visits for mental health or substance use disorder services may be subject to the \$25 emergency care copayment. Copayments will be due at the point of service.

| 8.2.4. | Other: |
|---------|---|
| 8.2-DS | Supplemental Dental (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) For children enrolled in the dental-only supplemental coverage, describe the amount of cost-sharing, specifying any sliding scale based on income. Also describe how the State will track that the cost sharing does not exceed 5 percent of gross family income. The 5 percent of income calculation shall include all cost-sharing for health insurance and dental insurance. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b), and (c), 457.515(a) and (c), and 457.560(a)) Please update Sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, 6.2-DS, and 9.10 when electing this option. |
| 8.2.1-Г | OS Premiums: |
| 8.2.2-Г | Deductibles: |
| 8.2.3-Г | OS Coinsurance or copayments: |
| 8.2.4-П | OS Other: |
| | |

8.3. Describe how the public will be notified, including the public schedule, of this cost sharing (including the cumulative maximum) and changes to these amounts and any differences based on income. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(b))

Notice of the initial premiums and the cost sharing requirements were published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin prior to the requested effective date of the state plan amendment. Premiums, copayments, and the benefit plan were all included in statewide public hearings regarding the Cover All Kids initiative to expand Pennsylvania's CHIP. Adequate time was allotted for anyone to provide comment on any aspect of the expansion. This information was also shared at the following meetings in October 2006:

- Medical Assistance Advisory Committee (MAAC) Presentation The commonwealth presented the plan and program design at a MAAC meeting, which is a monthly meeting conducted by DHS for the purpose of presenting and gaining input from stakeholders on issues of policy development and program administration. MAAC is open to the public and is composed of commonwealth citizens who have experience, knowledge, and interest in the delivery of health care services to low-income citizens and medically vulnerable groups. Members include physicians and other providers, representatives of managed care organizations under contract with the Department, representatives of consumer and provider organizations, current Medicaid recipients and parents of minor child recipients. The commonwealth provides copies of the SPA it submits to CMS to committee members upon request.
- Consumer Subcommittee of MAAC The commonwealth presented the plan and program design at a Consumer Subcommittee meeting, which is a monthly

subcommittee meeting conducted by DHS for the purpose of reviewing and advising the MAAC on policy development and program administration of publicly funded medical assistance (MA) programs. The Consumer Subcommittee's mission is to be a resource to the MAAC, enabling the committee to advise the Department of Human Services on issues regarding access to service and quality of service. A majority of the members of the Consumer Subcommittee are current MA recipients and may also include representatives of: low-income groups whose membership is primarily medical assistance recipients; advisory groups advocating on health care issues for low-income Pennsylvanians; aging or elderly consumer groups advocating on health care issues for low-income Pennsylvanians; disease or health care condition specific groups; Hispanic or other ethnic groups advocating on health care issues for low-income Pennsylvanians; former recipients (within past year); parents of minor child recipients; families of recipients; and others knowledgeable and interested in matters that come before the Subcommittee. At least one, but no more than two, members of the Consumer Subcommittee may serve on other subcommittees.

- Income Maintenance Advisory Committee (IMAC) The commonwealth presented the proposed waiver and program design at an IMAC meeting, which is a bi-monthly meeting conducted by DHS for the purpose of advising the Department on the development and implementation of policies and procedures relating to cash assistance, SNAP, the Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and eligibility for Medicaid. The IMAC is composed of 17 members: 12 Medicaid recipients, four advocates and an Executive Director of a County Assistance Office. The Committee Members meet every other month with Department staff in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. The Commonwealth will provide copies of the SPA to Committee Members upon request.
- CHIP Advisory Committee Presentation The commonwealth presented the plan and general program design at the CHIP Advisory Council meeting. The purpose of the CHIP Advisory Council is to advise the Commonwealth on CHIP outreach activities and to review and evaluate the accessibility and availability of services delivered to children enrolled in CHIP. This meeting is open to the public.

All of Pennsylvania's CHIP outreach and enrollment materials display the eligibility requirements, coverage types, and cost sharing requirements. The CHIP Contractors include cost sharing requirements in the member handbooks and in letters sent to the applicant that provide notification of eligibility for CHIP. Eligibility letters also clearly indicate the cumulative maximum cost sharing (5% of gross income) expected of the family. Information about cost sharing is also available through 1-800-986-KIDS. Any changes to costs will be included in correspondence to enrollees a minimum of 30 days in advance of the changes.

8.4. The State assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost sharing in its plan: (Section 2103(e))

| 8.4.1. | Cost-sharing does not favor children from higher income families over lower income families. (Section 2103(e)(1)(B)) (42 CFR 457.530) |
|--------------------------|--|
| 8.4.2. | No cost-sharing applies to well-baby and well-child care, including age- |
| 0.4.2 | appropriate immunizations. (Section 2103(e)(2)) (42 CFR 457.520) |
| 8.4.3 \boxtimes | No additional cost-sharing applies to the costs of emergency medical services |
| | delivered outside the network. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.515(f)) |
| 8.4.1- MHPA | EA There is no separate accumulation of cumulative financial requirements, |
| as defined in | 42 CFR 457.496(a), for mental health and substance abuse disorder benefits |
| compared to r | medical/surgical benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(iii)) |
| 8 4 2 MHPA | EA If applicable, any different levels of financial requirements that are |
| | ferent tiers of prescription drugs are determined based on reasonable factors, |
| | whether a drug is generally prescribed for medical/surgical benefits or mental |
| health/substar | nce use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(A)) |
| 0.4.2 MIIDA | EA M. Contaboline and links have fits a social day do the fits of the slith also |
| | EA Cost sharing applied to benefits provided under the State child health plan apped at five percent of the beneficiary's income as required by 42 CFR 457.560 |
| | 496(d)(3)(i)(D)). |
| ` | |
| | EA Does the State apply financial requirements to any mental health or substance |
| | penefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of benefits in which the State applies |
| financial requ | irements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits. |
| ⊠ Ye | es (Specify: prescription drugs, emergency room care. For a detailed listing of the |
| | ial requirements by MCO, see the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act |
| | letter, Table 2) |
| | |
| | |
| 8.4.5- MHPA | EA Does the State apply any type of financial requirements on any |
| medical/surgi | cal benefits? |
| ⊠ Ye | |
| | |
| ☐ No | |
| | |

8.4.6- MHPAEA Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of financial requirement on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the portion of medical and surgical benefits in the class which are subject to the limitation.

| ☑ The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar amounts used in the ratio described above (Section 6.2.5.2-MHPAEA) for each classification or within which the State applies financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E)) |
|---|
| Please refer to the OCHIP MHPAEA Cover Letter and attached MCO submissions. Each MCO conducted a compliance review and submitted a documentation package based on templates developed by OCHIP. |
| While the organization of each MCO submission was customized at the discretion of the MCO, generally each submission contains the following pertaining to FRs: |
| - Section 3 details the methodology used to conduct the FR analyses as well as any results |
| - Appendix B contains an inventory of applicable FRs |
| 8.4.7- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of financial requirement to at least two-thirds ("substantially all") of all the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A)) |
| Yes (Please refer to the OCHIP MHPAEA Cover Letter and separate MCO submissions as described in 8.4.6, above) |
| □ No |
| 8.4.8- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State must determine the predominant level (as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)) of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State assures: |
| ☑ The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used in determining whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of financial requirement also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of financial requirement applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E)) |
| The level of each type of financial requirement applied by the State to mental health |

or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is no more restrictive than the

predominant level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(i))

8.5. Describe how the State will ensure that the annual aggregate cost-sharing for a family does not exceed 5 percent of such family's income for the length of the child's eligibility period in the State. Include a description of the procedures that do not primarily rely on a refund given by the State for overpayment by an enrollee: (Section 2103(e)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.560(b) and 457.505(e))

The cost sharing requirement was designed to only include modest premiums and copayments. Only rare circumstances of low-income families combined with very high utilization of non-preventive services by multiple family members would result in families potentially exceeding the 5 percent of family income ceiling. The cost-sharing limit will be calculated annually starting with the date of initial enrollment of any children in the family or the annual re-enrollment date. Premium payments will be required monthly, but the need to continue premium payment for the entire 12-month eligibility period will be taken into account in determining if/when the cost-sharing cap has been exceeded.

The initial letter announcing enrollment in a subsidized program includes notification of the requirements for the cost sharing, the family limitation on cost sharing based upon the reported gross income, the requirement for the family to keep track of the cost sharing amounts paid, and instructions on what to do when the family's cost sharing limits have been exceeded. Families are instructed to contact the state when the cap is met and then to submit copies of the receipts for calculation. Pennsylvania's claims processing is decentralized to each of the nine insurance contractors. Therefore, there is no simple way for the state to track the copayments made. Additionally, all children are enrolled in our eligibility and enrollment system as separate cases and it would be difficult to provide a linkage to get to family output.

Once the limits have been exceeded, a family can apply to the state for a rebate of any cost sharing already paid in excess of the limit. Upon verification that the family exceeded the 5% cost sharing limit, the state will issue a letter to each child in the family to present to the provider that explains that cost sharing is exempt until a specified date (redetermination date) that will be included on the letter. The appropriate contractors will also receive the letter and will then know that premiums will not be required from the enrollees until the next eligibility period begins.

8.6. Describe the procedures the State will use to ensure American Indian (as defined by the Indian Health Care Improvement Act of 1976) and Alaska Native children will be excluded from cost-sharing. (Section 2103(b)(3)(D)) (42 CFR 457.535)

Pennsylvania ensures that American Indian and Alaska Native children will be excluded

from cost sharing by collecting information on the application and at the time of redetermination of eligibility regarding a child's status as an American Indian or Alaska Native. The applicant/enrollee will be asked to indicate their tribal membership by stating this on the application. If they are found to be in the American Indian or Alaska Native category, the family will be notified of the exemption and an identification card will be issued with an appropriate group number that excludes cost sharing. All providers are required to verify eligibility by checking the enrollment card which contains a notation regarding copayments, as does the telephone eligibility verification system used by providers.

- **8.7.** Provide a description of the consequences for an enrollee or applicant who does not pay a charge. (42 CFR 457.570 and 457.505(c))
 - **8.7.1.** Provide an assurance that the following disenrollment protections are being applied:
 - 8.7.1.1. State has established a process that gives enrollees reasonable notice of and an opportunity to pay past due premiums, copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or similar fees prior to disenrollment. (42 CFR 457.570(a))
 - 8.7.1.2. The disenrollment process affords the enrollee an opportunity to show that the enrollee's family income has declined prior to disenrollment for non-payment of cost-sharing charges. (42 CFR 457.570(b))
 - 8.7.1.3. In the instance mentioned above, that the State will facilitate enrolling the child in Medicaid or adjust the child's cost-sharing category as appropriate. (42 CFR 457.570(b))
 - 8.7.1.4 The State provides the enrollee with an opportunity for an impartial review to address disenrollment from the program. (42 CFR 457.570(c))
- **8.8.** The State assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the payment aspects of its plan: (Section 2103(e))
 - **8.8.1.** No Federal funds will be used toward State matching requirements. (Section 2105(c)(4)) (42 CFR 457.220)
 - 8.8.2. No cost-sharing (including premiums, deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and all other types) will be used toward State matching requirements. (Section 2105(c)(5) (42 CFR 457.224) (Previously 8.4.5)
 - 8.8.3. No funds under this title will be used for coverage if a private insurer would have been obligated to provide such assistance except for a provision limiting this obligation because the child is eligible under the this title. (Section 2105(c)(6)(A))

(42 CFR 457.626(a)(1))

- **8.8.4.** ☑ Income and resource standards and methodologies for determining Medicaid eligibility are not more restrictive than those applied as of June 1, 1997. (Section 2105(d)(1)) (42 CFR 457.622(b)(5))
- 8.8.5. No funds provided under this title or coverage funded by this title will include coverage of abortion except if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest. (Section 2105)(c)(7)(B)) (42 CFR 457.475)
- 8.8.6. No funds provided under this title will be used to pay for any abortion or to assist in the purchase, in whole or in part, for coverage that includes abortion (except as described above). (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A)) (42 CFR 457.475)

Section 9. <u>Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration</u>

- **9.1.** Describe strategic objectives for increasing the extent of creditable health coverage among targeted low-income children and other low-income children: (Section 2107(a)(2)) (42 CFR 457.710(b))
 - Increase public awareness of CHIP and other state programs aimed at providing health care assistance.
 - Increase overall access to coverage relative to estimated number of uninsured children in Pennsylvania.
 - Increase access to coverage for racial, ethnic, minority, and special needs children eligible for CHIP.
 - Increase access to coverage for children in rural areas, specifically central and northeast Pennsylvania.
 - Increase the percentage of children receiving age-appropriate well child care, immunizations, and preventive health services.
- **9.2.** Specify one or more performance goals for each strategic objective identified: (Section 2107(a)(3)) (42 CFR 457.710(c))
 - Continue to increase access to coverage (increased use of FQHCs, insurance contractors include Certified Registered Nurse Practitioners and Physician Assistants in provider networks, increase number of practices with after-hours appointments, and the like).
 - Increase enrollment in rural counties by at least 5% each of the next three years.
 - Reduce the unnecessary overutilization of Ambulatory Care, Emergency Department visits by 2.2% each of the next three years.
 - Increase frequency of adolescent well-care visits by 3% per year for the next 3 years.

- Increase the percentage of eligible children receiving all vaccinations in HEDIS combination 2 by 0.7% per year for the next 3 years.
- Continue to increase the number of children who are tested for blood lead levels as specified in the Performance Improvement Project (PIP)
- 9.3. Describe how performance under the plan will be measured through objective, independently verifiable means and compared against performance goals in order to determine the State's performance, taking into account suggested performance indicators as specified below or other indicators the State develops: (Section 2107(a)(4)(A),(B)) (42 CFR 457.710(d))

Check the applicable suggested performance measurements listed below that the State plans to use: (Section 2107(a)(4))

- 9.3.1.
 ☐ The increase in the percentage of Medicaid-eligible children enrolled in Medicaid.9.3.2. ☐ The reduction in the percentage of uninsured children.
- **9.3.3.** \boxtimes The increase in the percentage of children with a usual source of care.
- **9.3.4.** The extent to which outcome measures show progress on one or more of the health problems identified by the state.
- **9.3.5.** HEDIS Measurement Set relevant to children and adolescents younger than 19.
- **9.3.6.** Other child appropriate measurement set. List or describe the set used.
- 9.3.7. If not utilizing the entire HEDIS Measurement Set, specify which measures will be collected, such as:
 - **9.3.7.1.** \boxtimes Immunizations
 - **9.3.7.2.** Well childcare
 - **9.3.7.3.** Adolescent well visits
 - **9.3.7.4.** $\overline{\boxtimes}$ Satisfaction with care
 - **9.3.7.5.** Mental health
 - **9.3.7.6.** $\overline{\boxtimes}$ Dental care
 - **9.3.7.7.** Other, list:

Lead testing, body mass index, and asthma.

- **9.3.8.** Performance measures for special targeted populations.
- 9.4. The State assures it will collect all data, maintain records and furnish reports to the Secretary at the times and in the standardized format that the Secretary requires. (Section 2107(b)(1)) (42 CFR 457.720)
- 9.5. ☐ The State assures it will comply with the annual assessment and evaluation required under Section 10. Briefly describe the State's plan for these annual assessments and reports. (Section 2107(b)(2)) (42 CFR 457.750)

CHIP requires the submission of annual reports containing information on enrollments,

demographics, utilization of services, etc.

CHIP requires monitoring and evaluation of quality and access to health care services. The Department of Health contracts with an external review organization to conduct this evaluation.

- 9.6.
 ☐ The State assures it will provide the Secretary with access to any records or information relating to the plan for purposes of review or audit. (Section 2107(b)(3)) (42 CFR 457.720)
- 9.7. The State assures that, in developing performance measures, it will modify those measures to meet national requirements when such requirements are developed. (42 CFR 457.710(e))
- **9.8.** The State assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a State under Title XIX: (Section 2107(e)) (42 CFR 457.135)
 - **9.8.1.** \square Section 1902(a)(4)(C) (relating to conflict of interest standards)
 - **9.8.2.** Paragraphs (2), (16) and (17) of Section 1903(i) (relating to limitations on payment)
 - 9.8.3. Section 1903(w) (relating to limitations on provider donations and taxes)
 - **9.8.4.** \boxtimes Section 1132 (relating to periods within which claims must be filed)
- **9.9.** Describe the process used by the State to accomplish involvement of the public in the design and implementation of the plan and the method for ensuring ongoing public involvement. (Section 2107(c)) (42 CFR 457.120(a) and (b))

PA CHIP has sought input from the public through a variety of methods. One such way is the Children's Health Advisory Council which was created by state statute. The Children's Advisory Council is now under jurisdiction of the Department of Human Services as a result of amendments to the CHIP law (see **Appendix A**, Act 84 of 2015). The Children's Advisory Council is chaired by the Secretary of Human Services and consists of three ex-officio members from the Insurance Department, the Department of Health, and the Department of Human Services, respectively and 16 voting members ranging from legislators to a parent with a child enrolled in CHIP.

9.9.1. Describe the process used by the State to ensure interaction with Indian Tribes and organizations in the State on the development and implementation of the procedures required in 42 CFR 457.125. States should provide notice and consultation with Tribes on proposed pregnant women expansions. (Section 2107(c)) (42 CFR 457.120(c))

Pennsylvania does not have any American Indian Tribes recognized by the federal or

state government. Any Pennsylvania resident, including those who are American Indians or Alaska Natives, may participate, through the process described in Section 9.9, in the design and implementation of the program, including those policies that would ensure the provisions of child health assistance to American Indian and Alaska Native children.

9.9.2. For an amendment relating to eligibility or benefits (including cost sharing and enrollment procedures), describe how and when prior public notice was provided as required in 42 CFR 457.65(b) through (d).

Pennsylvania Bulletin Notice – The Pennsylvania Bulletin is the commonwealth's official method of communicating information and rulemaking. The Commonwealth posted a notice on June 23, 2016 announcing the upcoming Advisory Council meeting

- **9.9.3.** Describe the State's interaction, consultation, and coordination with any Indian tribes and organizations in the State regarding implementation of the Express Lane eligibility option.
- **9.10.** Provide a 1-year projected budget. A suggested financial form for the budget is below. The budget must describe: (Section 2107(d)) (42 CFR 457.140)
 - Planned use of funds, including:
 - Projected amount to be spent on health services;
 - Projected amount to be spent on administrative costs, such as outreach, child health initiatives, and evaluation; and
 - Assumptions on which the budget is based, including cost per child and expected enrollment.
 - Projected expenditures for the separate child health plan, including but not limited to expenditures for targeted low income children, the optional coverage of the unborn, lawfully residing eligibles, dental services, etc.
 - All cost sharing, benefit, payment, eligibility need to be reflected in the budget.
 - Projected sources of non-Federal plan expenditures, including any requirements for cost-sharing by enrollees.
 - Include a separate budget line to indicate the cost of providing coverage to pregnant women.
 - States must include a separate budget line item to indicate the cost of providing coverage to premium assistance children.
 - Include a separate budget line to indicate the cost of providing dentalonly supplemental coverage.

- Include a separate budget line to indicate the cost of implementing Express Lane Eligibility.
- Provide a 1-year projected budget for all targeted low-income children covered under the state plan using the attached form. Additionally, provide the following:
 - Total 1-year cost of adding prenatal coverage
 - Estimate of unborn children covered in year 1

CHIP Budget

| STATE: PA | FFY Budget |
|--|-------------|
| Federal Fiscal Year | 2018 |
| State's enhanced FMAP rate | 89.27 |
| | |
| Benefit Costs | |
| Supplemental PPS Payments (see note 1) | 0 |
| Managed care | 469,477,665 |
| per member/per month rate | 204.00 |
| Fee for Service | 0 |
| Total Benefit Costs | 469,477,665 |
| (Offsetting beneficiary cost sharing | |
| payments) | -17,448,332 |
| Net Benefit Costs | 452,029,333 |
| Cost of Proposed SPA Changes – Benefit | 0 |
| | |
| Administration Costs | |
| Personnel | 1,890,959 |
| General administration | 3,997,041 |
| Contractors/Brokers | 0 |
| Claims Processing | 0 |
| Outreach/marketing costs | 3,155,000 |
| Health Services Initiatives | 0 |
| Other | 0 |
| Total Administration Costs | 9,043,000 |
| 10% Administrative Cap | 50,225,481 |
| | |
| Federal Share (see note 2) | 411,599,272 |
| State Share | 49,473,061 |
| Total Costs of Approved SCHIP Plan | 461,072,333 |

NOTE: Include the costs associated with the current SPA.

1. We do not anticipate any additional cost related to the proposed SPA changes in the current FFY. Any additional administrative work can be absorbed within the current administrative budget and capitation rates have already been set for the current FFY. The Office of CHIP could see a small increase in capitation rates in

the future but since administrative expenses are capped within the rate setting process we feel this impact would be minimal.

The Source of State Share Funds: State appropriation and Tobacco settlement.

| Section 10. | Annual Reports and Evaluations |
|-------------|---|
| 10.1. | Annual Reports. The State assures that it will assess the operation of the State plan under this Title in each fiscal year, including: (Section 2108(a)(1),(2)) (42 CFR 457.750) |
| 10.1.1. | The progress made in reducing the number of uninsured low-income children and report to the Secretary by January 1 following the end of the fiscal year on the result of the assessment, and |
| 10.2. | The State assures it will comply with future reporting requirements as they are developed. (42 CFR 457.710(e)) |
| 10.3. | The State assures that it will comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations, including but not limited to Federal grant requirements and Federal reporting requirements. |
| 10.3-DC ⊠ | The State agrees to submit yearly the approved dental benefit package and to submit quarterly current and accurate information on enrolled dental providers in the State to the Health Resources and Services Administration for posting on the Insure Kids Now! Website. Please update Sections 6.2-DC and 9.10 when electing this option. |
| Section 11. | Program Integrity (Section 2101(a)) |
| | here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide led eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan, and continue to Section 12. |
| 11.1. 🗌 | The State assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner through free and open competition or through basing rates on other public and private rates that are actuarially sound. (Section 2101(a)) (42 CFR 457.940(b)) |
| 11.2. | The State assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a State under Title XIX: (Section 2107(e)) (42 CFR 457.935(b)) (The items below were moved from section 9.8. Previously 9.8.6 9.8.9.) |
| 11.2.1. | 42 CFR Part 455 Subpart B (relating to disclosure of information by |

providers and fiscal agents)

information)

Section 1124 (relating to disclosure of ownership and related

11.2.2.

| 11.2.3. | Section 1126 (relating to disclosure of information about certain |
|----------------|--|
| | convicted individuals) |
| 11.2.4. | Section 1128A (relating to civil monetary penalties) |
| 11.2.5. | Section 1128B (relating to criminal penalties for certain additional |
| | charges) |
| 11.2.6. | Section 1128E (relating to the National health care fraud and abuse |
| | data collection program) |
| | |

Section 12. <u>Applicant and Enrollee Protections (Sections 2101(a))</u>

| Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide |
|--|
| expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan. |

Eligibility and Enrollment Matters- Describe the review process for eligibility and enrollment matters that complies with 42 CFR 457.1120. Describe any special processes and procedures that are unique to the applicant's rights when the State is using the Express Lane option when determining eligibility.

Pennsylvania implemented an Eligibility Review Process on July 1, 2001. An eligibility review may be requested when:

- an applicant is denied coverage
- an enrollee's coverage is to be terminated
- an enrollee's coverage is to change from Free Health Care Insurance to Subsidized Health Care Insurance
- an enrollee's coverage is to move from a lower premium rate to a higher premium rate within the subsidized program or coverage is moved to the at cost program
- an enrollee's coverage is to move from a higher premium rate to a lower premium rate, but the enrollee disagrees with the determination (mistake in calculating income or family size) or states that they should be in the free program or Medicaid
- there is a failure to make a timely determination of eligibility

The parent or guardian of an applicant or an enrollee may request a review within 30 days of the date of the notice of ineligibility, termination or change in coverage. A request for a review is sent to the appropriate insurance contractor.

Notices to the parent or guardian must include information concerning the impartial eligibility review process. Whenever possible, disputes related to eligibility are resolved prior to the conduct of the review by the Department.

When a request for an impartial review is received, the Contractor:

• Logs in the request for a review

- Determines the need for expedited review (i.e. the parent or guardian has indicated that the child has an immediate need for medical attention)
- Informs the Department's Review Officer that a request for review has been received
- Continues coverage or reinstates coverage of an enrollee until the review process has been concluded
- Offers coverage for an applicant if a decision is made in favor of the applicant. Coverage begins after the review process is concluded
- When the need for an expedited review is identified, an interview is scheduled consistent with 42 CFR 457.1160(a)
- Conducts a management review of the decision of ineligibility within two working days of the receipt of the appeal request.
 - The purpose of the management review is to assure that the decision made regarding ineligibility was appropriate.
 - A written record of the management review is prepared.
 - The Contractor informs the Department's Review Officer of the results of the management review.
- If the management review results in a determination that the eligibility decision was not appropriate, the Contractor:
 - Informs the parent or guardian and review officer in writing that an error occurred and the child is eligible
 - Enrolls the applicant child retroactively to the date that the child should have been enrolled
 - Re-enrolls an enrollee who has been terminated retroactively to the date the child was terminated
- If the management review results in a determination that the decision was appropriate, the Department's Review Officer conducts an interview with the appellant and the Contractor's representative.
 - The review is an informal process and is not an administrative hearing.
 - The Review Officer:
 - Informs the parent or guardian in writing of the:
 - Date, time and location of the interview
 - Right to review records maintained by the contractor regarding the eligibility determination
 - Right to receive a copy of the relevant portions of the CHIP Procedures Manual and State or Federal law upon which the decision of ineligibility was based
 - Right to have a representative during the interview
 - Right to have appropriate interpretative service available during the interview if needed
 - Opportunity for continuation of coverage for an enrolled child (with the payment of premium, if required)
 - Provides the parent or guardian with a copy of the application and verification received from the Contractor

- Informs the Contractor that the interview has been scheduled
- Reviews the application document and verification and the letter
 of request prior to the conference call in order to become
 familiar with the case circumstances. Additional documents that
 may have an impact on the outcome may be submitted by the
 parent or guardian or their representative.
- Conducts the review interview
 - The primary objectives of the review are, where possible, to facilitate resolution of the matter at issue and to enroll the child, when appropriate.
 - The Review Officer may ask either or both parties for additional documentation, as needed.
- Issues a written decision within a reasonable time consistent with 42 CFR 457. 1180. A written decision in the form of letter is prepared and sent to the parent or guardian, the representative (if appropriate) and to the Contractor. The Contractor implements the decision of the review officer upon receipt of the letter.
- If anytime during the process, the appellant sends confirmation that a request for a review has been withdrawn, a written confirmation of the request and the resulting action(s) is explained. (Withdrawal of a request may occur if the contractor, applicant or enrollee informs the Department that the request for review has been withdrawn for any reason. Example: contractor has resolved the matter at issue prior to the date of the scheduled review interview.)

A parent or guardian or representative may request reconsideration of the decision of the review officer if they are dissatisfied with the outcome of the review. A parent or guardian must file a written request for reconsideration with the Secretary of Human Services within 15 calendar days from the date of the Review Officer's decision. The request for reconsideration must describe the reason(s) upon which the request is made. Requests for reconsideration will stay the action proposed in the decision of the Review Officer (e.g. that coverage should be terminated).

The Secretary may affirm, amend, or reverse the decision of the review officer. After a review of the factors considered by the review officer and the request for reconsideration, the Secretary of Human Services issues a written reconsideration decision. A copy of the reconsideration decision will be sent to the parent or guardian, the representative (if appropriate) and to the Contractor.

A parent or guardian or representative may appeal the decision of the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services to the Commonwealth Court within 30 days from the date that the Secretary responds to the request for reconsideration.

- **12.2. Health Services Matters-** Describe the review process for health services matters that complies with 42 CFR 457.1120.
- **Premium Assistance Programs-** If providing coverage through a group health plan that does not meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1120, describe how the State will assure that applicants and enrollees have the option to obtain health benefits coverage other than through the group health plan at initial enrollment and at each redetermination of eligibility.

Appendix B CHIP BENEFITS PACKAGE SUMMARY

| Service | Description | Limitations |
|---|--|---|
| Primary and Preventive Care | Well-child care, including but not limited to immunizations, health education, TB testing, developmental screening. Physical examinations including x-rays as need for any child exhibiting signs of possible abuse. Also including, but not limited to, injections and medications, wound dressing, casting to immobilize fractures | None |
| Specialist Care | Covers care in any accepted medical specialty or subspecialty | PCP referral is not required. Some services provided by a specialist may require preauthorization |
| Case management services | Services may be coordinated through MCO Special Needs Units or Care Management units. Case management provides support to members experiencing complex medical issues or chronic illnesses through ongoing assessment, care planning, and monitoring. | None |
| Chiropractic Care | or other body parts as | Limited to 20 visits per year. Preauthorization may be required |
| Dental Benefits | See CHIP Dental Benefits Plan | See CHIP Dental Benefits Plan |
| Diabetic treatment, equipment, and supplies | Includes blood glucose monitors, monitor supplies, insulin, injection aids, | Physician orders required |

| | syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents for controlling blood sugar, orthotics, and outpatient management training and education | |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Diagnostic services | and other diagnostic services related to the diagnosis and | Requires an order by a PCP, specialist, or facility provider. Some services may require preauthorization |
| Disposable medical equipment | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Must be medically necessary No limits apply |
| Durable Medical Equipment | | May require prior authorization. |
| | repeated use, and is not disposable, and is appropriate for home or school use. | |
| Emergency Services | Services provided for a sudden onset of a medical condition that is accompanied by rapidly progressing symptoms such that the member would suffer serious impairment or loss of function of a body part or organ, or whose life or life of an unborn child would be in in danger | None |
| Emergency Transportation | response to an emergency | Must be medically necessary |
| Hearing Care Services | | One routine hearing and audiometric examination per year. One hearing aid or device per ear every two years |
| Hospice | | No day limits apply. Requires physician |

| | I | certification of terminal illness and preauthorization |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Home Health Services | , | <u> </u> |
| Immunizations | | No copays Immunizations required for travel or employment are not |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Immunizations (continued) | of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) | covered |
| Injections | Includes all injections and medications provided at the time of the office visit or therapy and outpatient surgery performed in the office, a hospital, or freestanding | Must be medically necessary |
| Injections (continued) | ambulatory service center. Includes immunizations as described in this benefits package and anesthesia services when performed in conjunction with covered services, including emergency services. | |
| Inpatient Hospital Stays | 1 | No day limits apply. Preauthorization required for non-emergency services |

| | other services normally provided with inpatient care. Covered services include inpatient therapy up to 45 visits per calendar year for treatment of CVA, head injury, spinal cord injury, or as a result of a post-operative brain surgery | |
|---|---|---|
| Inpatient Rehabilitation Stays | requires skilled rehabilitation services on a daily basis | Require a physician's prescription. No day limits apply |
| Medical Foods | Includes medical foods and prescribed nutritional formulas used to treat PKU and related disorders given orally or by tube feeding | None |
| Mental Health Services Autism Related Services | Covers evaluations and tests performed to diagnose autism disorder, services of a psychiatrist/psychologist, rehabilitative care including | None |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Autism related services (continued) | applied behavioral analysis, speech/language, occupational, and physical therapy, prescription and over-the-counter drug coverage. Members are eligible to use the expedited appeals process defined in Act 62 for autism related complaints and grievances | |
| Inpatient mental health services | Includes services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital, residential facility, or other 24-hour therapeutically structured services. Covers medical care including psychiatric visits and consultations, nursing care, group and individual counseling, and therapeutic services, and | No day limits apply |

| Inpatient substance abuse services (continued) Outpatient substance abuse services | and interventions and medication management and services normally provided to inpatients Services provided in a facility | No limit on number of visits Treatment for tobacco use cessation is not covered |
|---|--|---|
| Inpatient substance abuse services | Services provided in a hospital or an inpatient non- hospital facility that meets the requirements established by the Department of Health and is licensed as an alcohol/drug addiction treatment program. Covers detoxification stays, services of physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, counselors, trained staff, laboratory and psychological/psychiatric testing, individual and family therapy | No day limits apply Treatment for tobacco use cessation is not included |
| Outpatient mental health services | concurrent care and services normally provided relating to inpatient hospitalization. Members may self-refer. Includes partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient mental health services, psychological testing, visits with outpatient mental health providers, individual, group, and family counseling, targeted mental health case management and medication management | No day limits apply |

| | testing, individual and family therapy | |
|--|--|---|
| Oral Surgery | " 1 | Preauthorization required Must be medically necessary |
| Organ Transplants | medically necessary and not | Preauthorization required Must be medically necessary |
| Orthotic devices | necessary adjustment, repairs, and replacement of rigid or semi-rigid device designed to | Replacements are covered when the replacement is deemed medically necessary and appropriate du to the normal growth of the child. |
| Outpatient Hospital Services | Included medical services, nursing, counseling or therapeutic treatment or supplies received from an approved health care facility while not an inpatient. Outpatient physical health | No visit limits |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Outpatient hospital services (continued) | services related to ambulatory surgery, outpatient hospitalization, specialist office visits, follow up visits or sick child visits with as PCP are included | |

| Surgical services (continued) | improve appearance, but not to restore bodily function or | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Service | • | Limitations |
| Surgical Services | Surgery performed for the treatment of disease or injury is | Services may require preauthorization |
| Skilled nursing services | Medically necessary skilled nursing and related services are covered on an inpatient basis in semi=private accommodations for patients requiring skilled nursing services, but not requiring confinement in a hospital | |
| Prosthetic Devices | prosthetic devices and supplies required as a result of injury or illness to replace part or all of | necessary and appropriate due to the normal growth of the child |
| Outpatient Habilitation Services | Health care services that help a person keep, learn, or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Services include Physical, Occupational, and Speech Therapy services for people with disabilities in a variety of outpatient settings. | |
| Outpatient Rehabilitation Services | Physical, Occupational, and Speech Therapy | 60 visits per year per each type of therapy |
| Outpatient Medical Services | | No visit limits Requires a documented diagnosis that necessitates the prescribed service |

to correct deformity resulting from disease, trauma, congenital or developmental anomalies or previous therapeutic processes (excluding surgery resulting from an accident) is not covered. Includes anesthesia administered by or under the supervision of a specialist other than the surgeon, assistant surgeon, or other attending specialist. Includes general anesthesia and hospitalization and other expenses normally incurred with administration of general anesthesia. Consultations for a second opinion consultations to determine the medical necessity of elective surgery or when an enrollee's family desires another opinion about medical treatment. No referral is needed. Benefits are provided for a Surgical services mastectomy performed on an Mastectomy and breast inpatient of outpatient basis. Preauthorization required reconstruction Benefits include all stages of Must be medically necessary reconstruction on the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed, surgery to reestablish symmetry or alleviate functional impairment, including, but not limited to, augmentation, mammoplasty, reduction mammoplasty, mastopexy, and surgery on the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance. Covers surgery for initial and

| Service | subsequent insertion or removal of prosthetic devices to replace a removed breasts or portions of Description the breast, and treatment of | Limitations |
|--|---|--|
| Surgical services Mastectomy and breast reconstruction (continued) | physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedema. Coverage is also provided for one Home Health Care visit, as determined by the member's physician, received within forty-eight (48) hours after discharge. | |
| Surgical services Reconstructive surgery | Reconstructive surgery will only be covered when required to restore function following accidental injury, result of a birth defect, infection, or malignant disease or in relation to gender reassignment surgery deemed medically necessary in order to achieve reasonable physical or bodily function; in connection with congenital disease or anomaly through the age of 18; or in connection with the treatment of malignant tumors or other destructive pathology which causes functional impairment; or breast reconstruction following a mastectomy. | |
| Telehealth Visit | Visit with family practitioner, general practitioner, or pediatrician | None |
| Transgender Services | Coverage related to gender affirming services that otherwise fall within the | Medical necessity is to be determined utilizing the World Professional |

| Outlifying Olivinal Trials | services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, surgical services, prescribed drugs, therapies and behavioral health care. | Health (WPATH) Standard of Care guidelines and any successor WPATH guidelines. |
|--|--|---|
| Qualifying Clinical Trials | Clinical trial conducted in relation to prevention, detection and treatment of cancer of other lifethreatening disease or condition. Covers items and | Notification of participation in the trial must be giving before enrolling in the trial |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Qualifying clinical trials (continued) | services consistent with what the plan normally covers | |
| Urgent Care Services | Covers care at walk-in medical facilities for conditions that do not require emergency care but that needs to be treated within 24 hours | None |
| Vision Care | Covers eye exams and refractive services, eyeglass lenses and frames, contact lenses, and low vision services | One eye exam per year, one pair of lenses and frames plus one replacement per year. One prescription for contacts per year. Limits apply to low vision evaluations, follow up and equipment |
| Women's Health Services | Women's Health Services covers those services described under the Women's Preventive Services provisions of the Affordable Care Act. Sexspecific services will not be denied or limited based on gender identity which does not align with the sex that generally receives that service. Covered services include but are not limited to | 1 |

| | the following services. | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Routine gynecological services | Gynecological exam including a pelvic exam, clinical breast exam and routine Pap-smear. Counseling, education and related services to prevent and address the consequences of atrisk behaviors related to STD and pregnancy. Each enrollee may utilize her PCP or she may directly choose any participating professional provider delivering gynecological services without referral. | exam and one Pap-smear per year |
| Mammograms | Screening and diagnostic mammograms are covered when performed by a qualified | None |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Mammograms (continued) | mammography service certified by the appropriate State or Federal agency in accordance with the Mammography Quality Assurance Act of 1992. There are no copays for this service. | |
| Breastfeeding | Comprehensive support and counseling from trained providers, access to | No co-pay Must be medically necessary |

| | obstetrician or pediatrician | |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | visits for pregnant or nursing | |
| | mothers with no cost sharing to | |
| | the member. | |
| | Includes prenatal, intrapartum, | NI |
| Obstetrical services | and postpartum care, including | ± • |
| | care related to complications of | |
| | pregnancy and childbirth. Services provided by a | |
| | participating hospital or | |
| | birthing center are covered. | |
| | onthing center are covered. | |
| | Coverage is provided for bone | Requires a prescription from |
| Osteoporosis screening | mineral density testing using a | a legally licensed provider |
| | U.S. FDA approved method. | |
| | | |
| | | Abortifacient drugs are not |
| Family Planning | 1 / 3 / | covered |
| | transdermals (patches) and | |
| | insertion and implantation of contraceptive devices approved | |
| | by the FDA, voluntary | |
| | sterilization and counseling. | |
| | sterment and counseling. | |
| | Included at least one (1) visit | |
| Maternity home care visit | <u> </u> | at least one (1) visit |
| | the CHIP member is released | provided |
| | prior to 48 hours of inpatient | |
| | care following a vaginal | |
| | delivery or 96 hours following a Cesarean delivery, or in the | |
| | case of a | |
| | | |
| Service | Description | Limitations |
| Maternity homecare visit | newborn, in consultation with | |
| (continued) | the mother or the newborn's | |
| | representative. | |
| NI a seeda a suu | Includes the provision of | N T |
| Newborn care | benefits for a newborn child of | none |
| | an enrollee for a period of thirty-one (31) days following | |
| | birth. Includes routine nursery | |
| | care, prematurity services, | |
| | preventive/ well-child health | |
| | care services, newborn | |
| | | |
| | • | |

| Service | Description | Limitations |
|---|---|------------------|
| Pharmacy Services for Over-the –Counter Medications | Covered when the drug is a part of the formulary, the member has a prescription for the drug, and a documented medical condition that indicates the drug is medically necessary | Copays may apply |
| Pharmacy Services for Prescription Drugs | tor injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and birth abnormalities. Includes any substance taken by mouth, injected into a muscle, the skin, a blood vessel, or a cavity of the body, or applied topically to treat or prevent a disease or condition, dispensed by order of a health care provider with applicable prescriptive authority. Contractors may use a closed or restrictive formulary provided it meets the minimum clinical needs of CHIP enrollees. A mail order or designated pharmacy process can be used for maintenance prescriptions. Generic drugs will be automatically substituted for a brand-name drug whenever a generic formulation is available unless the physician indicated the brand-name version is medically necessary. | Copays may apply |
| | hearing screens, and coverage for injury or sickness including the necessary care and | |

| | Select medications such as | Members need to call their |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Pharmacy Services for | contraceptives, iron | insurance provider regarding |
| Preventive Medications | <u>*</u> | insurance provider regarding questions on coverage. |
| | | |

Appendix C

Revised PA CHIP Dental Benefit Package – Effective 1/1/2012

The PA CHIP's core dental benefits will cover all the dental procedure codes covered by the Federal Employees Dental and Vision Insurance Program (FEDVIP) dental plan. However, all deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance for PA CHIP covered dental benefits are waived. The "least expensive alternative treatment" policy remains in effect as well as the medical necessity restrictions, including the appropriate use of prior authorization. Please refer to the Orthodontic Services section for more information on limits related to comprehensive orthodontic services.

Least Expensive Alternative Treatment

Pennsylvania CHIP provides a benefit package to children covered by the CHIP program. In addition, a CHIP insurance contractor may elect to provide benefits in addition to the Pennsylvania CHIP benefit package, so long as the CHIP program is not directly or indirectly required to pay for the additional benefits. Consequently, this Pennsylvania CHIP benefit package is broad but it is not all inclusive. If a child's family wishes to have the child receive a service that is not covered by the CHIP benefit package, the family and a health care or dental health provider are free to make appropriate arrangements between themselves, as explained below.

Specifically, the Pennsylvania CHIP program pays for the "least expensive alternative treatment" ("LEAT") for a CHIP covered service that, based on clinical practice standards, will adequately treat a child's

condition. However, a dentist may elect to provide a clinically appropriate service that is more costly than the least expensive alternative treatment if that dentist is willing to accept the reimbursement that would otherwise be paid for providing the least expensive alternative treatment

service. Likewise, a CHIP insurance contractor may decide to pay the dentist more than the normal reimbursement for the least expensive alternative treatment when that dentist provides a treatment that is reimbursed at a higher rate than the least expensive alternative treatment; however, such higher reimbursement should not be included in the CHIP cost experience for future CHIP rates. In both cases, the actual services provided to a child should be reported to the CHIP program.

Another situation that may arise is that a family may wish to obtain a clinically appropriate service for a child that is more costly than the least expensive alternative treatment required for that child, but neither the dentist nor the insurer is willing to absorb the difference in cost between the least expensive alternative treatment required and the treatment desired by the family. In this situation, the incremental cost is not a

Pennsylvania CHIP covered service.

A family should be free to obtain services that are not services or benefits covered by the Pennsylvania CHIP program, as long as the family understands in advance the amount that the dentist will bill the family of the difference between the charge of the actual service rendered and the amount received from the CHIP insurer or subcontractor for the least expensive alternative treatment service. For example, a child may need a cap on a tooth. If the least expensive alternative treatment service that is appropriate is a porcelain cap but the family would prefer a gold cap, the family could make an informed decision and agree to pay the dentist some or all of the difference between the charge for the gold cap and the amount the CHIP program will pay for a porcelain cap.

Contractors are expected to develop internal guidelines including, but not limited to prior authorization policies, that will be used to facilitate the administration of the PA CHIP dental benefit package and to assist in determining medical necessity for certain services. In addition to non-emergent oral and maxillofacial surgical services, prior authorization policies should apply, at a minimum, to any services that are categorized as being endodontic, prosthodontic, or orthodontic in nature using the most recently published version of the American Dental Association's Current Dental Terminology classification system. Members who are denied services will have the right to appeal the denial using the appeals and grievances process as defined by Act 68.

The following is a list of services and their corresponding limits that are payable under the FEDVIP Dental Plan. Cost-sharing is waived for CHIP enrollees, but the periodicity schedule remains. The list includes those services most commonly provided to covered individuals, but other services may be covered for an individual member if it is determined that the requested service is medically necessary and one of the services identified below is insufficient to meet their dental needs.

- Members must have a fully erupted set of permanent teeth to be eligible for comprehensive orthodontic services.
- All orthodontic services require prior approval, a written plan of care, and must be rendered by a participating provider.
- Orthodontic treatment must be considered medically necessary and be the only method considered capable of:
 - Preventing irreversible damage to the member's teeth or their supporting structures.
 - o Restoring the member's oral structure to health and function.
- A medically necessary orthodontic service is an orthodontic procedure that occurs as a part of an approved orthodontic treatment plan that is intended to treat a severe dentofacial abnormality or serious handicapping

malocclusion. Orthodontic services for cosmetic purposes are not covered.

- Orthodontia procedures will only be approved for dentofacial abnormalities that severely compromise the member's physical health or for serious handicapping malocclusions. Presence of a serious handicapping malocclusion is determined by the magnitude of the following variables: degree of malalignment, missing teeth, angle classification, overjet and overbite, open bite, and crossbite.
 - O Dentofacial abnormalities that severely compromise the member's physical health may be manifested by:
 - Markedly protruding upper jaw and teeth, protruding lower jaw and teeth, or the protrusion of upper and lower teeth so that the lips cannot be brought together.
 - Under-developed lower jaw and receding chin.
 - Marked asymmetry of the lower face.
 - A "handicapping" malocclusion is a condition that constitutes a hazard to the maintenance of oral health and interferes with the well-being of the recipient by causing:
 - Obvious difficulty in eating <u>because of the malocclusion</u>, so as to require a liquid or semisoft diet, cause pain in jaw joints during eating, or extreme grimacing or excessive motions of the orofacial muscles during eating because of necessary compensation for anatomic deviations.
 - Obvious severe breathing difficulties <u>related to the malocclusion</u>, such as unusually long lower face with downward rotation of the mandible in which lips cannot be brought together, or chronic mouth breathing and postural abnormalities relating to breathing difficulties.
 - Lisping or other speech articulation errors that are <u>directly related to orofacial abnormalities</u> and cannot be corrected by means other than orthodontic intervention.
- o Members who score 25 or higher on the Salzmann Evaluation Index upon examination and evaluation by an orthodontist are considered to meet the criteria required to substantiate the medical necessity for orthodontic treatment of a serious handicapping malocclusion.

CHIP DENTAL BENEFITS PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION

All benefits are subject to the definitions, limitations, and exclusions given below and are payable only when the service is necessary for the prevention, diagnosis, care, or treatment of a covered condition and meet generally accepted dental protocols.

The following is a list of services most commonly provided to covered individuals. It is not an all-inclusive list. Benefits for ADA codes not listed below will be provided, subject to exclusions and limitations shown in this plan.

Some services may be subject to dental review. The dentist should submit a predetermination/pre-certification request prior to start of service.

There is no deductible if you use an in-network provider. There is no annual limit for dental services or medically necessary orthodontic dental services. There are no deductibles, copayments or coinsurance for PA CHIP covered dental benefits.

All exams, oral evaluations and treatments, such as fluorides and some images are combined under one limitation under the plan. Periodic oral exam (D0120) oral evaluations (D0145), and comprehensive oral exam (D0150, D0180) are combined and limited to one exam every 6 months from the date services were last rendered. There must be a 6 month separation between services, even if the separation of services enters a new benefit year.

All services requiring more than one visit are payable once all visits are completed.

All major prosthodontic services are combined under one replacement limitation under the plan. Benefits for prosthodontic services are combined and limited to one every 60 months. For example, if benefits for a partial denture are paid, this includes benefits to replace all missing teeth in the arch.

The periodicity scheduled used for the CHIP dental package is the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry and the American Academy of Pediatrics.

| BASIC SERVI | CES | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Diagnostic Ser | vices | |
| Code | Service | Limits |
| D0120 | Oral Evaluation | One every six months |
| D0140 | Limited Evaluation – problem focused | As medically necessary w/review |
| D0145 | Oral Evaluation | One oral evaluation for a patient under three years of age and counseling with primary caregiver every six months. |
| D0150 | Oral Evaluation | One oral evaluation is eligible during a six-month period. |
| D0160 | Oral Evaluation | One oral evaluation is eligible during a six-month period. Detailed and Extensive oral |

| | | evaluations problem focused are only eligible by report when not related to non-covered medical, dental or adjunctive dental services including Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction. |
|-------|---|--|
| D0170 | Re-evaluation | One re-evaluation is eligible during a 30-day period. |
| D0180 | Comprehensive periodontal Evaluations | One every six months |
| D0210 | Full Mouth Radiographic Series | One Full Mouth Radiographic Series (D0210) or Panoramic Radiograph (D0330) is eligible in a 60 month period |
| D0220 | Periapical film (first) | One per visit, Ten in any 12- month period unless additional film is medically necessary |
| D0230 | Periapical film (each additional film) | Ten in any 12-month period |
| D0240 | Occlusal radiographic image | By report as medically necessary |
| D0270 | Bitewing Radiographs – single image | One radiograph every 6 months |
| D0272 | Bitewing radiographs – two images | One set every 6 months |
| D0274 | Bitewing radiographs – four images | One set every 6 months |
| D0277 | Vertical bitewings 7-8 images | One set every 6 months |
| D0290 | Skull X-Ray | Once in a 12-month period |
| D0330 | Panoramic Radiograph | One Full Mouth Radiographic Series (D0210) or Panoramic Radiograph (D0330) is eligible in a 60 month period. |
| D0340 | Cephalometric radiographic image | By report demonstrating medical necessity |
| D0350 | 2D Oral Facial Photographic Images obtained intraorally or extraorally | limit removed |
| D0351 | 3D photographic image | By report demonstrating medical necessity |
| D0391 | Interpretation of diagnostic image by a practitioner not associated with capture of the image | Interpretation of diagnostic image and report only |

| D0415 | Collection of microorganism for culture and sensitivity | As medically necessary as a program exception |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| D0422 | Collect and prep genetic sample | One per lifetime |
| D0423 | Genetic test specimen analysis | One per lifetime |
| D0460 | Pulp vitality test | One per 30 day period |
| D0470 | Diagnostic models | Substantiation of medical necessity |
| Services Not Covered | | |
| D0320 | TMJ Arthrogram | |
| D0321 | Temporomandibular Joint films | |
| D0322 | Tomographic survey | |
| D0360 D0362 D0363 | Cone Beam | |
| D0415 | Collection of microorganism for culture and sensitivity | Program exception |
| D0416 | Viral Culture | |
| D0417 | Collection and preparation of saliva for laboratory diagnostic testing | |
| D0418 | Analysis Of Saliva Sample – Chemical Or Biological Analysis Of Saliva Sample For Diagnostic Purposes | |
| D0421 | Genetic Test For Susceptibility To Oral Diseases | |
| D0425 | Caries Susceptibility Tests | |
| D0431 | Adjunctive Pre-Diagnostic Test | |
| D0472 D0473, D0474 | Accession Of Tissue | By report with substantiation of medical necessity. May be covered as a medical benefit |
| D0475 | Decalcification Procedure | |
| D0476 | Special stains for microorganisms | |
| D0477 | Special stains, not for microorganisms | |
| D0478 | Immunohistochemical Stains | |
| D0479 | Tissue In-Situ Hybridization, Including Interpretation | |
| D0480 | Accession Of Exfoliative Cytologic Smears | |

| D0481 | Electron Microscopy – Diagnostic | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| D0482 D0483 | Immunofluorescence | |
| D0484 | Consultation on slides prepared elsewhere | |
| D0485 | Consultation including preparation of slides | |
| D0486 | Laboratory Accession Of Transepithelial Cytologic Sample | |
| D0502 | Oral Pathology Procedure | |
| D9950 | Occlusion Analysis | |
| D0210, D0220, | Diagnostic Dental X-Rays | |
| D0230, D0240, | Performed In Conjunction | |
| D0250, D0260, | With Temporomandibular | |
| D0270, D0272, | Joint | |
| D0273, D0274, | Dysfunction Are Not Covered | |
| D0277, D0290, | Systemetron The Type Covered | |
| D0330 | | |
| 20000 | | |
| Preventive Services | | |
| D1110, D1120 | Routine cleaning | One every 6 months |
| D1206 | Topical application of fluoride varnish | Two every 12 months |
| D1208 | Topical application of fluoride (excluding prophylaxis) | Two every 12 months |
| D1351 | Sealants | one sealant per tooth every 36 months |
| D1352 | Preventive resin restorations on a moderate to high caries risk patient – permanent teeth | One preventive resin per tooth every 36 months |
| D1353 | Sealant repair – permanent tooth | One per tooth every 36 months |
| D1354 | Interim caries medicament – permanent teeth | I per tooth every 36 months, molars/bicuspids, excluding wisdom teeth. Per arch two times per calendar year. |
| D1510, D1515, | Space maintainers that | Limited to children under age |
| D1520, D1525 | replace prematurely lost teeth – fixed or removable space maintainers | 19 |
| D1550 | Re-cementation or re-bond of space maintainers | Limited to children under age 19 |
| D1555 | Removal of fixed space | Only eligible for children under |

| | maintainers | age 19 |
|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| D9110 | Palliative treatment of dental pain – minor procedure | By report. As medically necessary. |
| Services Not Covered | | |
| D1310 | Nutritional counseling | |
| D1320 | Tobacco Counseling | |
| D1330 | Oral Hygiene Instruction | |
| D5986 | Fluoride Gel Carrier | |
| D5991 | Topical Medicament Carrier | |

| INTERMEDIATE SERVICES Minor Restorative Services: Eligible amalgam and composite fillings are limited to once in a 24 month period. | | |
|--|---|--|
| | | |
| D2140 | Amalgam, one surface- primary or permanent | |
| D2150 | Amalgam – two surfaces, primary or permanent | |
| D2160 | Amalgam – three surfaces, primary or permanent | |
| D2161 | Amalgam – four surfaces, primary or permanent | |
| D2330 | Resin-based composite – one surface, anterior | |
| D2331 | Resin-based composite – two surfaces, anterior | |
| D2332 | Resin-based composite – three surfaces, anterior | |
| D2335 | Resin-based composite – four or more surfaces or involving incisal angle (anterior) | |
| D2910 | Re-cement inlay or re-bond inlay, onlay veneer or partial coverage restoration | |
| D2915 | Re-cement or re-bond indirectly fabricated or prefabricated post and core | |
| D2920 | Re-cement or re-bond crown | |
| D2929 | Prefabricated porcelain crown Under age 15 where no permanent successor exists | |
| D2930 | Prefabricated stainless steel Under age 15 – limited to 1 per | |

| | crown – primary tooth | tooth every 60 months |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| D2931 | Prefabricated stainless steel | Under age 15 – limited to 1 per tooth |
| | crown- permanent tooth | every 60 months |
| D2940 | Protective Restoration | |
| D2951 | Pin retention | Per tooth – in addition to restoration |
| Endodontic Services | | |
| D3220 | Therapeutic pulpotomy (excluding final restoration) | If a root canal is within 45 days of the pulpotomy, the pulpotomy is not a covered service since it is considered a part of the root canal procedure and benefits are not payable separately |
| D3222 | Partial pulpotomy for apexogenesis – permanent tooth with incomplete root development | If a root canal is within 45 days of the pulpotomy, the pulpotomy is not a covered service since it is considered a part of the root canal procedure and benefits are not payable separately |
| D3230 | Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) – anterior, primary tooth (excluding final restoration) | limited to primary incisor teeth for members up to age 6 and for primary molars and cuspids up to age 11 and is limited to one tooth per lifetime |
| D3240 | Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) – posterior, primary tooth (excluding final restoration) | Incomplete endodontic treatment when you discontinue treatment. limited to primary incisor teeth for members up to age 6 and for primary molars and cuspids up to age 11 and is limited to one tooth per lifetime |
| Periodontal Services | | |
| D4341 | Periodontal scaling and root planning – four or more teeth per quadrant | limited to 1 per quadrant every 24 months |
| D4342 | Periodontal scaling and planning – one to three teeth per quadrant | limited to 1 every 24 months |
| D7921 | Collect – apply autologous product | limited to 1 in 36 months |
| Prosthodontic Service | es | |
| D5410, D5411 | Adjust complete denture | Limit removed |
| D5421, D5422 | Adjust partial denture | Limit removed |
| D5510 | Repair broken complete denture base | Limit removed |
| D5520 | Replace missing or broken | Limit removed |

| | teeth – complete denture (each | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | tooth) | |
| D5610 | Repair resin denture base | Limit removed |
| D5620 | Repair cast framework | Limit removed |
| D5630 | Repair or replace broken clasp | Limit removed |
| D5640 | Repair or replace broken tooth – per tooth | Limit removed |
| D5650 | Add tooth to existing partial denture | Limit removed |
| D5660 | Add clasp to existing partial denture | Limit removed |
| D5710, D5711 | Rebase complete denture | limited to 1 in 36 month period 6 months after initial installation |
| D5720, D5721 | Rebase partial denture | limited to 1 in 36 month period 6 months after initial installation |
| D5730, D5731 | Reline complete denture | limited to 1 in 36 month period 6 months after initial installation |
| D5740, D5741 | Reline partial denture | limited to 1 in 36 month period 6 months after initial installation |
| D5750, D5751 | Reline complete denture (laboratory) | limited to 1 in 36 month period 6 months after initial installation |
| D5760, D5761 | Reline partial denture (laboratory) | |
| D5850, D5851 | Tissue conditioning | Limit removed |
| D6930 | Re-cement fixed partial dentures | None |
| D6980 | Fixed partial denture repairs | By report |
| Oral Surgery | | |
| D7140 | Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal) | Medical necessity |
| D7210 | Removal of erupted tooth requiring elevation of mucoperiosteal flap and removal of bone and/or section of tooth | Medical necessity |
| D7220 | Removal of impacted tooth – soft tissue | Medical necessity |
| D7230, D7240, D7241 | Removal of impacted tooth | Medical necessity |
| D7250 | Removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure) | Medical necessity |
| D7251 | Coronectomy – intentional partial tooth removal | Medical necessity |
| D7270 | Tooth reimplantation and/or | does not need to be a bundled |

| | stabilization of accidentally | service |
|--------------------|--|--|
| | evulsed or displaced tooth | |
| D7280 | Surgical access of an unerupted tooth | Medical necessity |
| D7310, D7311 | Alveoloplasty in conjunction with extractions | One per tooth per lifetime |
| D7320, D7321 | | One per tooth per lifetime |
| D7471 | Removal of exostosis | Limited to once per lifetime |
| D7510 | Incision and drainage of abscess – intraoral soft tissue | Does not need to be a bundled service |
| D7910 | Suture of recent small wounds up to 5 cm | Medical necessity |
| D7953 | Bone replacement graft for ridge preservation – per site | Medical necessity. May be covered as a medical benefit |
| D7971 | Excision of pericoronal gingiva | Medical necessity |
| Services Not Cover | ed | |
| D7292 | Surgical replacement of screw retained plate | |
| D7293 | Surgical replacement with surgical flap | |
| D7294 | Surgical replacement without surgical flap | |
| D7880 | TMJ appliance | |
| D7881 | Occlusal orthotic device adjustment | |
| D7899 | TMJ therapy | |
| D7951 | Sinus augmentation – lateral | |
| D7952 | Sinus augmentation of vertical | |
| D7997 | Appliance removal | |
| D7998 | Intraoral placement of a fixation device | |

Major Services

Restorative Services

Note: When dental services that are subject to a frequency limitation were performed prior to your effective date of coverage the date of the prior service may be counted toward the time, frequency limitations and/or replacement limitations under this dental insurance. (For example, even if a crown, partial bridge, etc. was not placed while covered by a CHIP plan, or paid by a CHIP plan, the frequency limitations may apply.) inlays, onlays, and crowns require preauthorization.

| Code Service Limits |
|---------------------|
|---------------------|

| D0160 | Detailed and extensive oral evaluation – problem focused | By report |
|---------------------|--|---|
| D2510, D2520, D2530 | Inlay – metallic | an alternate benefit will be provided |
| D2542, D2543, D2544 | Onlay – metallic | 1 per tooth every 60 months |
| D2740 | Crown – porcelain/ceramic substrate | limited to 1 per tooth every 60 months |
| D2750 | Crown – porcelain fused to high noble metal | limited to 1 per tooth every 60 months |
| D2751 | Crown- porcelain fused to predominantly base metal | limited to 1 per tooth every 60 months |
| D2752 | Crown – porcelain fused to noble metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2780 | Crown ¾ cast high noble metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2781 | Crown -3/4 cast predominantly base metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2783 | Crown – ¾ porcelain/ceramic | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2790 | Crown – full cast high noble metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2791 | Crown – full cast predominantly base metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2792 | Crown – full cast noble metal | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2794 | Crown – titanium | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2950 | Core buildup, including any pins | limited to 1per tooth every 60 months |
| D2954 | Prefabricated post and core, in addition to crown | Limited to once per tooth per lifetime |
| D2980 | Crown repair | By report one per tooth per 12 month period |
| D2981 | Inlay repair | |
| D2983 | Veneer repair | By report |
| D2990 | Resin infiltration/smooth surface | limited to 1 tooth every 36months |
| Endodontic Services | | |
| | endodontic therapy | Excluding final restoration |
| D3346, D3347, D3348 | Retreatment of previous endodontic therapy | |
| D3351, D3352, D3353 | Apexification/recalcification | |

| D3354 | Pulpal regeneration | Does not include final restoration |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| D3410, D3421, D3425, D3426 | Apicoectomy/periadicular surgery | |
| D3450 | Root amputation – per root | |
| D3920 | Hemisection (including any root removal) not including root canal therapy | |
| Periodontal Service | es | |
| D4210, D4211 | Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty | Limited to 1 every 36 months Per quadrant |
| D4212 | Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty | With restorative procedures, per tooth, limited to 1 every 36 months |
| D4240 | Gingival flap procedure, 4 or more teeth | Limited to 1 every 36 months Per quadrant |
| D4241 | Gingival flap procedure, including root planning – one to three contiguous teeth or bounded teeth spaces per quadrant | Limited to 1 every 36 months Per quadrant or site |
| D4249 | Clinical crown lengthening - hard tissue | Per tooth per lifetime |
| D4260, D4261 | Osseous surgery (including flap entry and closure | Limited to 1 every 36 months Per quadrant |
| D4263 | Bone replacement graft – first site in quadrant | Limited to 1 every 36 months Per quadrant |
| D4270 | Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure | Limited to 1 every 36 months per quadrant |
| D4273 | Autogenous connective tissue graft procedures (including donor site surgery) | Limited to 1 every 36 months per quadrant |
| D4275 | | Limited to 1 every 36 months per quadrant |
| D4277, D4278 | Free soft tissue graft | |
| D4283 | Subepithelial tissue graft/each additional contiguous tooth, implant, or edentulous tooth position in same graft site | |
| D4285 | Non-autogenous connective tissue graft procedure (including recipient surgical | Limited to 1 every 36 months |

| | site and donor material) – each | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| | additional contiguous tooth, | |
| | implant, or edentulous tooth | |
| | position in the same graft site | |
| | | |
| D4355 | Full mouth debridement | Limited to 1 per lifetime |
| Prosthodontic Servi | ces | • |
| D5110, D5120 | Complete denture | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D5130, D5140 | Immediate denture | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D5211, D5212 | Partial denture – resin base | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , | (including any conventional | j |
| | clasps, rests, and teeth) | |
| D5213, D5214 | Partial denture –resin base | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , | (including any conventional | j |
| | clasps, rests, and teeth) | |
| D5221, D5222 | Immediate partial denture - resin | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , - | base (including any conventional | |
| | clasps, rests, and teeth) | |
| | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| D5223, D5224 | Immediate partial denture – cast | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , | metal framework with resin | , |
| | denture base (including any | |
| | conventional clasps, rests and | |
| | teeth) | |
| D5281 | Removable unilateral partial | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | denture – one piece cast metal | , |
| | (including clasps and teeth) | |
| | | |
| Note: an implant is | a covered procedure of the plan only | if determined to be a dental necessity. |
| If the dental consult | tants determine an arch can be restore | ed with a standard prosthesis or |
| restoration, no bene | fits will be allowed for the individual | l implant or implant procedures. Only |
| the second phase of | treatment (the prosthesis phase-placi | ing of the implant crown, bridge |
| denture or partial de | enture) may be subject to the alternate | e benefit provision of the plan. |
| | | |
| D6010 | Endosteal implant | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6012 | Surgical placement of interim | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | implant body | |
| D6040 | Eposteal implant | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6050 | Transosteal implant including | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | hardware | |
| D6055 | Connecting bar – implant or | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | abutment supported | |
| D6056 | Prefabricated abutment | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6057 | Custom abutment | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6058 | Abutment supported porcelain | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | ceramic crown | |

ceramic crown

| D6059 | Abutment supported porcelain fused to high noble metal Limited to 1 every 60 months |
|-------|---|
| D6060 | Abutment supported porcelain Limited to 1 every 60 months fused to predominantly base metal crown |
| D6061 | Abutment supported porcelain fused to noble metal crown Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6062 | Abutment supported cast high Limited to 1 every 60 months noble metal crown |
| D6063 | Abutment supported cast predominantly base metal crown Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6064 | Abutment supported cast noble Limited to 1 every 60 months metal crown |
| D6065 | Implant supported Limited to 1 every 60 months porcelain/ceramic crown |
| D6066 | Implant supported porcelain fused Limited to 1 every 60 months to high metal crown |
| D6067 | Implant supported metal crown Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6068 | Abutment supported retainer for porcelain/ceramic fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6069 | Abutment supported retainer for porcelain fused to high noble metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6070 | Abutment supported retainer for porcelain fused to predominantly base metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6071 | Abutment supported retainer for porcelain fused to noble metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6072 | Abutment supported retainer for cast high noble metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6073 | Abutment supported retainer for cast noble metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6074 | Abutment supported retainer for cast noble metal fixed partial denture Limited to 1 every 60 months |

| D6075 | Implant supported retainer for ceramic fixed partial denture | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
|--------------|--|--|
| D6076 | Implant supported retainer for porcelain fused to high noble metal fixed partial denture | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6077 | Implant supported retainer for cast metal fixed partial denture | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6080 | Implant maintenance | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6090 | Repair implant prosthesis | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6091 | Replacement of semi- precision or precision attachment | |
| D6095 | Repair implant abutment | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6100 | Implant removal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6101 | Debridement periimplant defect | Limited to 1 every 60 months Covered if implants are covered |
| D6102 | Debridement and osseous peiimplant defect | Limited to 1 every 60 months Covered if implants are covered |
| D6103 | Bone graft periimplant defect | Covered if implants are covered |
| D6104 | Bone graft implant replacement | Covered if implants are covered |
| D6110, D6111 | Implant/abutment supported removable denture for edentulous arch | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6112, D6113 | Implant/abutment supported removable partial denture for partially edentulous arch | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6114, D6115 | Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for edentulous arch | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6116, D6117 | Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for partially edentulous arch | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6190 | Implant index | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6210 | Pontic –cast high noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6211 | Pontic – cast predominantly base metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6212 | Pontic – cast noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6214 | Pontic – titanium | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6240 | Pontic – porcelain fused to high noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6241 | Pontic – porcelain fused to | Limited to 1 every 60 months |

| | predominantly base metal | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| D6242 | Pontic – porcelain fused to noble | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D0212 | metal | Elimited to 1 every of months |
| D6245 | Pontic – porcelain/ceramic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6519 | Inlay/onlay – porcelain/ceramic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D0319 | imay/omay – porceram/ceramic | Elimited to 1 every 00 months |
| D6520, D6530 | Inlay – metallic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6543, D6544 | Onlay – metallic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6545 | Retainer – cast metal for resin | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | bonded fixed prosthesis | |
| D6548 | Retainer – porcelain/ceramic for | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D 05 10 | resin bonded fixed prosthesis | Elimica to 1 every of months |
| | resin bonded fixed prosinesis | |
| D6549 | Retainer –for resin bonded fixed | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D0347 | prosthesis | Elimited to 1 every 00 months |
| D6740 | Crown – porcelain/ceramic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6750 | Crown – porcelain fused to high | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D0750 | noble metal | Elimited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6751 | Crown – porcelain fused to | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | predominantly base metal | |
| D6752 | Crown – porcelain fused to noble | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | metal | |
| D6780 | Crown – ¾ cast high noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6781 | Crown – 3/4 cast predominantly | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | base metal | January State Stat |
| D6781 | Crown – ¾ cast noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6783 | Crown – ¾ porcelain/ceramic | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D6790 | Crown – full cast high noble | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| 20,70 | metal | I will be a series of months |
| D6791 | Crown – full cast predominantly | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| | base metal | |
| D6792 | Crown – full cast noble metal | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| D9932, D9933 | Cleaning and inspection of | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , | removable complete denture | January State Stat |
| D9934, D9935 | Cleaning and inspection of | Limited to 1 every 60 months |
| , | removable partial denture | |
| D9940 | Occlusal guard, by report | I in 12 months for patients 13 and older |
| D9943 | Occlusal guard | In every 24 months |
| | | |
| Services Not Covered | 1 | |
| D0171 | Reevaluation-post-operative | |
| | office visit | |

| D2410, D2420, D2 | 430 Gold foil | |
|------------------|--|---|
| D2799 | Provisional crown | |
| D2955 | Post removal | |
| D2975 | Coping | |
| D3460 | Endodontic implant | |
| D3470 | Intentional reimplantation | |
| D3910 | Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth | |
| D3950 | Canal preparation | |
| D4230, D4231 | Anatomical crown exposure | |
| D4320 | Splinting intracoronal | |
| D4321 | Splinting extracoronal | |
| D5810, D5811 | Complete denture – interim | |
| D5820, D5821 | Partial denture - interim | |
| D5862 | Precision attachment | |
| D5867 | Replacement precision attachment | |
| D5986 | Fluoride gel carrier | |
| D6051 | Interim abutment | |
| D6199 | Unspecified implant procedure, | |
| | by report | |
| D6253 | Provisional pontic | |
| D6793 | Provisional retainer crown | |
| D6920 | Connector bar | |
| D6940 | Stress breaker | - |
| D6950 | Precision attachment | |
| D9219 | Evaluation for deep sedation or general anesthesia | |
| D9986 | Missed appointment | |
| D9987 | Cancelled appointment | |

| Orthodontia | | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Prior authoriza | tion required for orthodontic services | |
| D8010 | Limited orthodontic treatment of the primary dentition | |
| D8020 | Limited orthodontic treatment of the transitional dentition | |
| D8030 | Limited orthodontic treatment of the adolescent dentition | |
| D8040 | Limited orthodontic treatment of the adult dentition | |
| D8050 | Interceptive orthodontic | |

| | treatment of the primary dentition |
|-----------------|---|
| | deadness of the primary desiduon |
| D8060 | Interceptive orthodontic treatment |
| 20000 | of the transitional dentition |
| | of the transitional dentition |
| D8070 | Comprehensive orthodontic |
| | treatment of the transitional |
| | dentition |
| D8080 | Comprehensive orthodontic |
| | treatment of the adolescent |
| | dentition |
| D8090 | Comprehensive orthodontic |
| | treatment of the adult dentition |
| | |
| D8210 | Removable appliance therapy |
| 2000 | |
| D8220 | Fixed appliance therapy |
| D8660 | Pre-orthodontic treatment |
| | examination to monitor growth |
| | and development |
| D8670 | Periodic orthodontic treatment |
| | visit (as part of contract) |
| D8680 | Orthodontic retention (removal of |
| D 0000 | appliances, construction and |
| | placement of retainer(s)) |
| | placement of returner(s)) |
| Services Not Co | vered |
| Repair of damag | ged orthodontic appliances |
| Removable orth | odontic retainer adjustment |
| Replacement of | lost or missing appliance |
| | vertical dimension and/or restore or maintain the occlusion. Such procedures |
| | and limited to a confilhentian maniadantal collection full manth rehabilitation and |

Services to alter vertical dimension and/or restore or maintain the occlusion. Such procedures include, but are not limited to, equilibration, periodontal splinting, full mouth rehabilitation, and restoration for misalignment of teeth.

| General Service | es | |
|-----------------|--|--------|
| Anesthesia | | |
| D9230 | Nitrous oxide No age limit for CHIP enro | ollees |
| D9223 | Deep sedation/general anesthesia Each 15 minute increment | |
| D9241 | Intravenous moderate (conscious) First 30 minutes sedation/analgesia | |
| D9243 | Intravenous moderate (conscious) Each 15 minute increment sedation/analgesia | |

| D9248 | Non-intravenous conscious sedation | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| D9310 | Consultation (diagnostic service provided by dentist or physician other than the practitioner providing treatment | |
| D9610 | Therapeutic drug injection | By report |
| D9930 | Treatment of complications (post- surgical) – unusual circumstances | , v I |
| Services Not Covered | | |
| D0310 | Sialography | |
| D9210 | Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures | |
| D9211 | Regional block anesthesia | |
| D9212 | Trigeminal division block anesthesia | |
| D9215 | Local anesthesia | |
| D9248 | Non-intravenous conscious sedation | |
| D9410 | House/extended care facility call | |
| D9420 | Hospital call | |
| D9450 | Case presentation | |
| D9630 | other drugs and medicaments | |
| D9920 | Behavior management | |
| D9941 | Fabrication of athletic mouthguard | |
| D9950 | Occlusion analysis – mounted case | |
| D9951, D9952 | Occlusal adjustment | |
| D9970 | Enamel microabrasion | |
| D9971 | Odontoplasty 1-2 teeth | |
| D9972, D9973 | External bleaching | |
| D9974 | Internal bleaching | |
| D0472, D0473, D0474, D0480, D0502 | Oral pathology lab | |
| The following services | may be covered under medical ben | nefits. Preauthorization required |
| D5911, D5912 | Facial moulage | |
| D5913 | Nasal prosthesis | |

| D5914 | Auricular prosthagis | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Auricular prosthesis | |
| D5915 | Orbital prosthesis | |
| D5915 | Ocular prosthesis | |
| D5919 | Facial prosthesis | |
| D5922 | Nasal septal prosthesis | |
| D5923 | Ocular prosthesis (interim) | |
| D5924 | Cranial prosthesis | |
| D5925 | Facial augmentation implant | |
| D5926 | Nasal prosthesis (replacement) | |
| D5927 | Auricular prosthesis | |
| | (replacement) | |
| D5928 | Orbital prosthesis (replacement) | |
| D5929 | Facial prosthesis (replacement) | |
| D5931, D5932, D5933 | Obturator prosthesis | |
| D5934 | Mandibular resection prosthesis | |
| | w/guide flange | |
| D5935 | Mandibular resection prosthesis | |
| | w/o guide flange | |
| D5936 | Obturator prosthesis (interim) | |
| D5937 | Trismus appliance | |
| D5951 | Feeding aid | |
| D5952, D5953 | Speed aid prosthesis | |
| D5954 | Palatal augmentation prosthesis | |
| D5955 | Palatal lift prosthesis (definitive) | |
| D5958 | Palatal lift prosthesis (interim) | |
| D5959 | Palatal lift prosthesis | |
| D5060 | (modification) | |
| D5960 | Speech aid prosthesis | |
| D.5002 | (modification) | |
| D5982 | Surgical stent | |
| D5983 | Radiation carrier | |
| D5984 | Radiation shield | |
| D5985 | Radiation cone locator | |
| D5987 | Commissure splint | |
| D5988 | Surgical splint | |
| D5992 | Adjust maxillofacial prosthetic appliance, by | |
| | appirance, by | |

| | report | 1 |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| D7285 | Biopsy oral tissue (hard) | |
| D7286 | Biopsy oral tissue (soft) | |
| D7295 | Harvest bone for autogenous | |
| D1273 | grafting procedure | |
| D7410, D7411 | Surgical excision lesion (benign) | |
| 27110, 27111 | soft tissue | |
| D7412 | Surgical excision Complicated | |
| | lesion (benign) | |
| D7413, D7414 | Surgical excision Lesion | |
| , | (malignant) soft tissue | |
| D7415 | Surgical excision Complicated | |
| | lesion (malignant) | |
| D7440, D7441 | Surgical excision Lesion | |
| , - | (malignant) intra-osseous | |
| D7460, D7461 | Surgical excision Removal of | |
| , | benign lesion (nonodontogenic) | |
| | | |
| D7465 | Destruction of lesion (by report) | |
| D7490 | Radical resection of maxilla or | |
| D7 190 | mandible | 1 |
| D7530 | Removal of foreign body | |
| D7540 | Removal of reaction producing | |
| | foreign body | |
| D7550 | Partial ostectomy | |
| D7560 | Maxillary sinusotomy | |
| D7610 | Upper open reduction | |
| D7620 | Upper closed reduction | |
| D7630 | Lower open reduction (simple) | |
| D7640 | Lower closed reduction (simple) | |
| D7650 | Open reduction (simple) | |
| D7660 | Closed reduction (simple) | |
| D7670 | Alveolus closed reduction | |
| | (simple) | |
| D7671 | Alveolus open reduction (simple) | |
| D7680 | Facial bones (simple) | |
| D7710 | Upper open reduction | |
| | (compound) | |
| D7720 | Upper closed reduction | |
| | (compound) | |

| D7730 | Lawer open reduction | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| D7730 | Lower open reduction (compound) | |
| D7740 | Lower closed reduction | |
| D7740 | | |
| D7750 | (compound) | |
| שווטט | Malar and/or zygomatic arch open | |
| D7760 | reduction (compound) | |
| D7760 | Malar and/or zygomatic arch | |
| D7770 | closed reduction (compound) | |
| D7770 | Alveolus open reduction | |
| | (compound - stabilization of | |
| D7771 | teeth) | |
| D7771 | Alveolus closed reduction | |
| | (compound – stabilization of | |
| 5.7700 | teeth) | |
| D7780 | Facial bones (compound) | |
| D7810 | TMJ open reduction | |
| D7820 | TMJ closed reduction | |
| D7830 | TMJ manipulation | |
| D7840 | Condylectomy | |
| D7850 | Surgical discectomy | |
| D7852 | Disc repair | |
| D7854 | Synovectomy | |
| D7856 | Myotomy | |
| D7858 | Joint reconstruction | |
| D7860 | Arthrotomy | |
| D7865 | Arthroplasty | |
| D7870 | Arthrocentesis | |
| D7871 | Non-arthroscopic lysis and lavage | |
| D7872 | Arthroscopy with or without a | |
| | biopsy | |
| D7873 | Arthroscopy surgical adhesions | |
| D7874 | Arthroscopy disc repositioning | |
| | and stabilization | |
| D7875 | Arthroscopy synovectomy | |
| D7876 | Arthroscopy surgical discectomy | |
| D7877 | Arthroscopy surgical debridement | |
| D7911, 7912 | Complicated sutures | |
| D7920 | Skin graft | |
| D7940 | Osteoplasty for orthognatic | |
| | deformities | |

| D7941 | Osteotomy lower rami | |
|-------|---|--|
| D7943 | Osteotomy – lower rami with | |
| | bone graft | |
| D7944 | Osteotomy – segmented | |
| D7945 | Osteotomy – body of mandible | |
| D7946 | Lefort I upper total | |
| D7947 | Lefort I upper segmented | |
| D7948 | Lefort II or Lefort III without bone graft | |
| D7949 | Lefort II or Lefort III with bone graft | |
| D7950 | Bone graft – mandible or face | |
| D7955 | Repair of maxillofacial soft or hard tissue | |
| D7980 | Sialolithotomy | |
| D7981 | Excision of a salivary gland | |
| D7982 | sialodochoplasty | |
| D7983 | Closure of a salivary fistula | |
| D7990 | Emergency tracheotomy | |
| D7991 | Coronoidectomy | |
| D7995 | Synthetic graft | |
| D7996 | Implant lower for augmentation purposes | |
| D9975 | External bleaching per arch | |

General Exclusions

Services and treatment not prescribed by or under the direct supervision of a dentist, except where a dental hygienist is permitted to practice without supervision by a dentist.

Services or treatment which are experimental or investigational

Services and treatment which are for any illness or bodily injury which occurs in the course of employment if a benefit or compensation is available, in whole or in part, under provision of any law or regulation or any government unit. This exclusion applies whether or not you claim the benefits or compensation.

Services and treatment received from a dental or medical department maintained by on behalf of an employer, mutual benefit association, labor union, trust, VA hospital or similar person or group.

Services and treatment performed prior to your effective date of coverage.

Services and treatment incurred after termination date of your coverage unless

otherwise indicated.

Services and treatment which are not dentally necessary of which do not meet generally accepted standards of dental practice.

Services and treatment resulting from your failure to comply with professionally prescribed treatment.

Telephone consultations.

Any charge for failure to keep a scheduled appointment.

Any services that are considered strictly cosmetic in nature including, but not limited to, charges for personalization or characterization of prosthetic appliances.

Services related to the diagnosis and treatment of Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction (TMJ).

Services or treatment provided as a result of intentionally self-inflicted injury or illness.

Services or treatment provided as a result of injuries suffered while committing or attempting to commit a felony, engaging is an illegal occupation, or participating in a riot, rebellion, or insurrection.

Office infection control charges.

Charges for copies of your records, charts, or x-rays, or any costs associated with forwarding/mailing copies of your records, charts or x-rays.

State or territorial taxes on dental services performed.

Those submitted by a dentist, which is for the same services performed on the same date for the same member by another dentist.

Those provided free of charge by any governmental unit, except where this exclusion is prohibited by law.

Those for which the member would have no obligation to pay in the absence of this or any similar coverage.

Those which are for specialized procedures and techniques.

Those performed by a dentist who is compensated by a facility for similar covered services performed for members.

Duplicate, provisional and temporary devices, appliances, and services.

Plaque control programs, oral hygiene instruction, and dietary instructions.

Services to alter vertical dimensions and/or restore or maintain the occlusion. Such procedures include, but are not limited to, equilibration, periodontal splinting, full mouth rehabilitation, and restoration from misalignment of teeth.

Gold foil restorations.

Treatment or services for injuries resulting from the maintenance or use of a motor vehicle if such treatment or service is paid or payable under a plan or policy of motor vehicle insurance, including a certified self-insurance plan.

Treatment or services for injuries resulting from war or an act of war, whether declared or undeclared, for from police or military service for any country or organization.

Hospital costs or any additional fees that the dentist or hospital charges for treatment as the hospital (inpatient of outpatient).

Charges by the provider for completing dental forms.

Adjustment of a denture or bridgework which is made within 6 months after

installation by the same dentist who installed it.

Use of material or home health aids to prevent decay, such as toothpaste, fluoride gels, dental floss, and teeth whiteners.

Cone beam imaging and cone beam MRI procedures.

Precision attachments, personalization, precious metal bases and other specialized techniques.

Repair of damaged orthodontic appliances.

Replacement of lost or missing appliances.

Fabrication of athletic mouthguard.

Internal and external bleaching.

Oral sedation.

Topical medicament center.

Bone grafts when done in connection with extractions, apicoectomies, or non-covered/non-eligible implants

When two or more services are submitted and the services are considered part of the same service to one another, the plan will pay the most comprehensive service (the service that includes the other non-benefitted service) as determined by the plan.

When two or more services are submitted on the same day and the services are considered mutually exclusive (when one service contradicts the need for the other service) the plan will pay for the service that represents the final treatment

All out of network services covered are subject to the usual and customary maximum allowable fee charges as defined by the CHIP plan. The member is responsible for all remaining charges that exceed the allowable amount.