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State/Territory Name: New York

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: NY-16-0022-CA

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) Approved SPA Pages

The complete title XXI state plan for New York consists of the most recent state plan posted on Medicaid.gov under CHIP and State Plan Amendments. The link is provided below. The following approved pages are in addition to, or replace sections of the state's posted current state plan. The attached approval letter(s) explain how these pages fit into that state plan.

Link to state title XXI state plans and amendments: <http://medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIP-Program-Information/By-Topics/Childrens-Health-Insurance-Program-CHIP/CHIP-State-Program-Information.html>



Children and Adults Health Programs Group

FEB 14 2017

Judith Arnold, Director
Division of Coverage & Enrollment
Office of Health Insurance Programs
State of New York Department of Health
Corning Tower
Empire State Plaza
Albany, NY 12237-0004

Dear Ms. Arnold:

Your title XXI Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) state plan amendment (SPA) NY-16-0022-C-A has been approved. New York's SPA, NY-16-0022-C-A, adds ostomy supplies as a state plan benefit and implements a CHIP Health Services Initiative (HSI) to support the activities of two regional poison control centers and an HSI to support sickle cell screening and transition services to prepare young adults to transition them from parental care to self-care for their sickle cell or other hemoglobinopathy conditions, as well as prepare children for the transition from pediatric to adult medicine in four contracted New York City hospitals. This SPA has an effective date of April 1, 2015 for the HSIs, and an effective date of May 1, 2015 for the ostomy supplies benefit.

New York's SPA, NY-16-0022-C-A, is a revision of NY-16-0022-CHIP that was submitted to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) on March 28, 2016. The original SPA submission, NY-16-0022-CHIP, also included a proposed HSI to support the Medical Indemnity Fund (MIF), an existing state program that covers qualifying medical care expenses for individual plaintiffs that suffered neurological injuries at birth who have agreed to accept coverage in lieu of receiving a malpractice settlement or award for future medical costs. New York provided additional information on January 12, 2017 and separated the proposed benefit addition and the other HSIs (now SPA NY-16-0022-C-A) from the MIF HSI (now SPA NY-16-0022-C-B). CMS requested additional information about NY-16-0022-C-B on February 9, 2017.

SPA NY-16-0022-C-A provides funding through the HSI option at section 2105(a)(1)(D)(ii) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR §457.10 to use available title XXI administrative funding to pay for activities that protect public health, protect the health of individuals, improve or promote a state's capacity to deliver public health services, or strengthen the human and material resources necessary to accomplish public health goals relating to improving the health of children, including targeted low-income children and other low-income children.

The state shall ensure that the remaining title XXI funding, within the state's 10 percent limit, is sufficient to continue the proper administration of the CHIP program. If such funds become less than sufficient, the state agrees to redirect title XXI funds from the support of these HSIs to the

Page 2- Ms. Judith Arnold

administration of the CHIP program. The state shall report annually to CMS the expenditures funded by the HSI for each federal fiscal year. CMS will work with the state to develop a simple and effective reporting process for these expenditures.

Your title XXI project officer is Ms. Kristin Edwards. She is available to answer questions concerning this amendment and other CHIP-related issues. Ms. Edwards' contact information is as follows:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services
Mail Stop S2-01-16
7500 Security Boulevard
Baltimore, MD 21244-1850
Telephone: (410) 786-5480
Facsimile: (410) 786-5882
E-mail: kristin.edwards@cms.hhs.gov

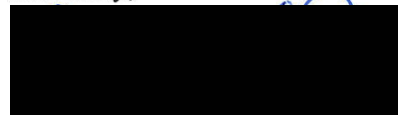
Official communications regarding program matters should be sent simultaneously to Ms. Edwards and to Mr. Michael Melendez, Associate Regional Administrator (ARA) in our New York Regional Office. Mr. Melendez's address is:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
Division of Medicaid and Children's Health Operations
Jacob K. Javits Federal Building
26 Federal Plaza, Room 3811
New York, NY 10278-0063

If you have additional questions, please contact Ms. Amy Lutzky, Acting Director, Division of State Coverage Programs at (410) 786-0721.

We look forward to continuing to work with you and your staff.

Sincerely,



Anne Marie Costello
Director

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Michael Melendez, Associate Regional Administrator, Region II

TEMPLATE FOR CHILD HEALTH PLAN UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

(Required under 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (New section 2101(b)))

State/Territory: New York State
(Name of State/Territory)

As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the Social Security Act, (42 CFR, 457.40(b))

/s/ Judith Arnold March 28, 2016
(Signature of Governor, or designee, of State/Territory, Date Signed)

submits the following Child Health Plan for the Children's Health Insurance Program and hereby agrees to administer the program in accordance with the provisions of the approved Child Health Plan, the requirements of Title XXI and XIX of the Act (as appropriate) and all applicable Federal regulations and other official issuances of the Department.

The following State officials are responsible for program administration and financial oversight (42 CFR 457.40(c)):

Name: Judith Arnold	Position/Title: CHIP Director Director, Division of Eligibility and Marketplace Integration
Name: Gabrielle Armenia	Position/Title: Director, Bureau of Child Health Plus Policy and Exchange Consumer Assistance
Name:	Position/Title:

***Disclosure. According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-0707. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 80 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, write to: CMS, 7500 Security Blvd., Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.**

Introduction: Section 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (BBA), public law 105-33 amended the Social Security Act (the Act) by adding a new title XXI, the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP). In February 2009, the Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act (CHIPRA) renewed the program. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 further modified the program.

This template outlines the information that must be included in the state plans and the state plan amendments (SPAs). It reflects the regulatory requirements at 42 CFR Part 457 as well as the previously approved SPA templates that accompanied guidance issued to States through State Health Official (SHO) letters. Where applicable, we indicate the SHO number and the date it was issued for your reference. The CHIP SPA template includes the following changes:

- o Combined the instruction document with the CHIP SPA template to have a single document. Any modifications to previous instructions are for clarification only and do not reflect new policy guidance.
- o Incorporated the previously issued guidance and templates (see the Key following the template for information on the newly added templates), including:
 - Prenatal care and associated health care services (SHO #02-004, issued November 12, 2002)
 - Coverage of pregnant women (CHIPRA #2, SHO # 09-006, issued May 11, 2009)
 - Tribal consultation requirements (ARRA #2, CHIPRA #3, issued May 28, 2009)
 - Dental and supplemental dental benefits (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012, issued October 7, 2009)
 - Premium assistance (CHIPRA # 13, SHO # 10-002, issued February 2, 2010)
 - Express lane eligibility (CHIPRA # 14, SHO # 10-003, issued February 4, 2010)
 - Lawfully Residing requirements (CHIPRA # 17, SHO # 10-006, issued July 1, 2010)
- o Moved sections 2.2 and 2.3 into section 5 to eliminate redundancies between sections 2 and 5.
- o Removed crowd-out language that had been added by the August 17 letter that later was repealed.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is developing regulations to implement the CHIPRA requirements. When final regulations are published in the Federal Register, this template will be modified to reflect those rules and States will be required to submit SPAs illustrating compliance with the new regulations. States are not required to resubmit their State plans based on the updated template. However, States must use the updated template when submitting a State Plan Amendment.

Federal Requirements for Submission and Review of a Proposed SPA. (42 CFR Part 457 Subpart A) In order to be eligible for payment under this statute, each State must submit a Title XXI plan for approval by the Secretary that details how the State intends to use the funds and fulfill other requirements under the law and regulations at 42 CFR Part 457. A SPA is approved in 90 days unless the Secretary notifies the State in writing that the plan is disapproved or that specified additional information is needed. Unlike Medicaid SPAs, there is only one 90 day review period, or clock for CHIP SPAs, that may be stopped by a request for additional information and restarted after a complete response is received. More information on the SPA review process is found at 42 CFR 457 Subpart A.

When submitting a State plan amendment, states should redline the changes that are being made to the existing State plan and provide a “clean” copy including changes that are being made to the existing state plan.

The template includes the following sections:

1. **General Description and Purpose of the Children’s Health Insurance Plans and the Requirements-** This section should describe how the State has designed their program. It also is the place in the template that a State updates to insert a short description and the proposed effective date of the SPA, and the proposed implementation date(s) if different from the effective date. (Section 2101); (42 CFR, 457.70)
2. **General Background and Description of State Approach to Child Health Coverage and Coordination-** This section should provide general information related to the special characteristics of each state’s program. The information should include the extent and manner to which children in the State currently have creditable health coverage, current State efforts to provide or obtain creditable health coverage for uninsured children and how the plan is designed to be coordinated with current health insurance, public health efforts, or other enrollment initiatives. This information provides a health insurance baseline in terms of the status of the children in a given State and the State programs currently in place. (Section 2103); (42 CFR 457.410(A))
3. **Methods of Delivery and Utilization Controls-** This section requires a description that must include both proposed methods of delivery and proposed utilization control systems. This section should fully describe the delivery system of the Title XXI program including the proposed contracting standards, the proposed delivery systems and the plans for enrolling providers. (Section 2103); (42 CFR 457.410(A))
4. **Eligibility Standards and Methodology-** The plan must include a description of the standards used to determine the eligibility of targeted low-income children for child health assistance under the plan. This section includes a list of potential eligibility standards the State can check off and provide a short description of how those standards will be applied. All eligibility standards must be consistent with the provisions of Title XXI and may not discriminate on the basis of diagnosis. In addition, if the standards vary within the state, the State should describe how they will be applied and under what circumstances they will be applied. In addition, this section provides information on income eligibility for Medicaid expansion programs (which are exempt from Section 4 of the State plan template) if applicable. (Section 2102(b)); (42 CFR 457.305 and 457.320)
5. **Outreach-** This section is designed for the State to fully explain its outreach activities. Outreach is defined in law as outreach to families of children likely to be eligible for child health assistance under the plan or under other public or private health coverage programs. The purpose is to inform these families of the availability of, and to assist them in enrolling their children in, such a program. (Section 2102(c)(1)); (42CFR, 457.90)
6. **Coverage Requirements for Children’s Health Insurance-** Regarding the required scope of health insurance coverage in a State plan, the child health assistance provided must consist of any of the four types of coverage outlined in Section 2103(a) (specifically, benchmark coverage; benchmark-equivalent coverage; existing comprehensive state-based coverage; and/or Secretary-approved coverage). In this section States identify the scope of coverage and benefits offered under the plan including the categories under which that coverage is offered. The amount, scope, and duration of each offered service should be fully

explained, as well as any corresponding limitations or exclusions. (Section 2103); (42 CFR 457.410(A))

7. **Quality and Appropriateness of Care-** This section includes a description of the methods (including monitoring) to be used to assure the quality and appropriateness of care and to assure access to covered services. A variety of methods are available for State's use in monitoring and evaluating the quality and appropriateness of care in its child health assistance program. The section lists some of the methods which states may consider using. In addition to methods, there are a variety of tools available for State adaptation and use with this program. The section lists some of these tools. States also have the option to choose who will conduct these activities. As an alternative to using staff of the State agency administering the program, states have the option to contract out with other organizations for this quality of care function. (Section 2107); (42 CFR 457.495)
8. **Cost Sharing and Payment-** This section addresses the requirement of a State child health plan to include a description of its proposed cost sharing for enrollees. Cost sharing is the amount (if any) of premiums, deductibles, coinsurance and other cost sharing imposed. The cost-sharing requirements provide protection for lower income children, ban cost sharing for preventive services, address the limitations on premiums and cost-sharing and address the treatment of pre-existing medical conditions. (Section 2103(e)); (42 CFR 457, Subpart E)
9. **Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration-** The section addresses the strategic objectives, the performance goals, and the performance measures the State has established for providing child health assistance to targeted low income children under the plan for maximizing health benefits coverage for other low income children and children generally in the state. (Section 2107); (42 CFR 457.710)
10. **Annual Reports and Evaluations-** Section 2108(a) requires the State to assess the operation of the Children's Health Insurance Program plan and submit to the Secretary an annual report which includes the progress made in reducing the number of uninsured low income children. The report is due by January 1, following the end of the Federal fiscal year and should cover that Federal Fiscal Year. In this section, states are asked to assure that they will comply with these requirements, indicated by checking the box. (Section 2108); (42 CFR 457.750)
11. **Program Integrity-** In this section, the State assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner through free and open competition or through basing rates on other public and private rates that are actuarially sound. (Sections 2101(a) and 2107(e); (42 CFR 457, subpart I)
12. **Applicant and Enrollee Protections-** This section addresses the review process for eligibility and enrollment matters, health services matters (i.e., grievances), and for states that use premium assistance a description of how it will assure that applicants and enrollees are given the opportunity at initial enrollment and at each redetermination of eligibility to obtain health benefits coverage other than through that group health plan. (Section 2101(a)); (42 CFR 457.1120)

Program Options. As mentioned above, the law allows States to expand coverage for children through a separate child health insurance program, through a Medicaid expansion program, or through a combination of these programs. These options are described further below:

- o **Option to Create a Separate Program-** States may elect to establish a separate child health program that are in compliance with title XXI and applicable rules. These states

must establish enrollment systems that are coordinated with Medicaid and other sources of health coverage for children and also must screen children during the application process to determine if they are eligible for Medicaid and, if they are, enroll these children promptly in Medicaid.

- o **Option to Expand Medicaid-** States may elect to expand coverage through Medicaid. This option for states would be available for children who do not qualify for Medicaid under State rules in effect as of March 31, 1997. Under this option, current Medicaid rules would apply.

Medicaid Expansion- CHIP SPA Requirements

In order to expedite the SPA process, states choosing to expand coverage only through an expansion of Medicaid eligibility would be required to complete sections:

- 1 (General Description)
- 2 (General Background)

They will also be required to complete the appropriate program sections, including:

- 4 (Eligibility Standards and Methodology)
- 5 (Outreach)
- 9 (Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration including the budget)
- 10 (Annual Reports and Evaluations).

Medicaid Expansion- Medicaid SPA Requirements

States expanding through Medicaid-only will also be required to submit a Medicaid State Plan Amendment to modify their Title XIX State plans. These states may complete the first check-off and indicate that the description of the requirements for these sections are incorporated by reference through their State Medicaid plans for sections:

- 3 (Methods of Delivery and Utilization Controls)
- 4 (Eligibility Standards and Methodology)
- 6 (Coverage Requirements for Children's Health Insurance)
- 7 (Quality and Appropriateness of Care)
- 8 (Cost Sharing and Payment)
- 11 (Program Integrity)
- 12 (Applicant and Enrollee Protections)

- o **Combination of Options-** CHIP allows states to elect to use a combination of the Medicaid program and a separate child health program to increase health coverage for children. For example, a State may cover optional targeted-low income children in families with incomes of up to 133 percent of poverty through Medicaid and a targeted group of children above that level through a separate child health program. For the children the State chooses to cover under an expansion of Medicaid, the description provided under "Option to Expand Medicaid" would apply. Similarly, for children the State chooses to cover under a separate program, the provisions outlined above in "Option to Create a Separate Program" would apply. States wishing to use a combination of approaches will be required to complete the Title XXI State plan and the necessary State plan amendment under Title XXIXIX.

Proposed State plan amendments should be submitted electronically and one signed hard copy to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services at the following address:

Name of Project Officer
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
7500 Security Blvd
Baltimore, Maryland 21244
Attn: Children and Adults Health Programs Group
Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services
Mail Stop - S2-01-16

Section 1. General Description and Purpose of the Children’s Health Insurance Plans and the Requirements

1.1. The state will use funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box) (Section 2101)(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.70):

Guidance: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided primarily through the development of a separate program that meets the requirements of Section 2101, which details coverage requirements and the other applicable requirements of Title XXI.

1.1.1. Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a separate child health program (Sections 2101(a)(1) and 2103); OR

Guidance: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided primarily through providing expanded eligibility under the State’s Medicaid program (Title XIX). Note that if this is selected the State must also submit a corresponding Medicaid SPA to CMS for review and approval.

1.1.2. Providing expanded benefits under the State’s Medicaid plan (Title XIX) (Section 2101(a)(2)); OR

Guidance: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided through a combination of both 1.1.1. and 1.1.2. (Coverage that meets the requirements of Title XXI, in conjunction with an expansion in the State’s Medicaid program). Note that if this is selected the state must also submit a corresponding Medicaid state plan amendment to CMS for review and approval.

1.1.3. A combination of both of the above. (Section 2101(a)(2))

1.1-DS The State will provide dental-only supplemental coverage. Only States operating a separate CHIP program are eligible for this option. States choosing this option must also complete sections 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, 6.2-DS, 8.2-DS, and 9.10 of this SPA template. (Section 2110(b)(5))

1.2. Check to provide an assurance that expenditures for child health assistance will not be claimed prior to the time that the State has legislative authority to operate the State plan or plan amendment as approved by CMS. (42 CFR 457.40(d))

1.3. Check to provide an assurance that the State complies with all applicable civil rights requirements, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 28 CFR part 35. (42CFR 457.130)

Guidance: The effective date as specified below is defined as the date on which the State

begins to incur costs to implement its State plan or amendment. (42 CFR 457.65)
The implementation date is defined as the date the State begins to provide services;
or, the date on which the State puts into practice the new policy described in the
State plan or amendment. For example, in a State that has increased eligibility, this
is the date on which the State begins to provide coverage to enrollees (and not the
date the State begins outreach or accepting applications).

- 1.4.** Provide the effective (date costs begin to be incurred) and implementation (date services begin to be provided) dates for this SPA (42 CFR 457.65). A SPA may only have one effective date, but provisions within the SPA may have different implementation dates that must be after the effective date.

Original Plan

Effective Date:

Implementation Date:

SPA # _____, Purpose of SPA

Proposed effective date:

Proposed implementation date:

Original Submission

Submission date:	November 15, 1997
Effective date:	April 15, 2003
Implementation date:	April 15, 2003

SPA #1

Submission date:	March 26, 1998
Denial:	April 1, 1998
Reconsideration:	May 26, 1998(Withdrawn)

SPA #2

Submission date:	March 30, 1999
Effective date:	January 1, 1999
Implementation date	January 1, 1999

SPA #3

Submission date:	March 21, 2001
Effective date:	April 1, 2000
Implementation date:	April 1, 2000

SPA #4

Submission date:	March 27, 2002
Effective date:	April 1, 2001
Implementation date:	April 1, 2001

SPA #5 (compliance)	
Submission date:	March 31, 2003
SPA #6 (renewal process)	
Submission date:	March 22, 2004
Effective date:	April 1, 2003
Implementation date:	April 1, 2003
SPA #7	
Submission date:	March 17, 2005
Effective date:	April 1, 2004 (Updates to State
Plan)	April 1, 2005 (Phase-out of
Medicaid	Expansion Program)
Implementation date:	April 1, 2004 (Updates to State
Plan)	April 1, 2005 (Phase-out of
Medicaid	Expansion Program)
SPA #8	
Submission date:	March 28, 2006
Effective date:	April 1, 2005
Implementation date:	August 1, 2005
SPA #9	
Submission date:	March 28, 2007
Effective date:	April 1, 2006
Implementation date:	April 1, 2006
SPA # 10	
Submission date:	April 3, 2007
Effective date:	April 1, 2007
Implementation date:	April 1, 2007
-general information	
Implementation date (Proposed):	September 1, 2007
Implementation date (Actual):	September 1, 2008
-expansion, substitution strategies	
Denied:	September 7, 2007
Petition for Reconsideration:	October 31, 2007
Stayed	March 17, 2009
SPA # 11	
Submission date:	May 14, 2007

Effective date:	September 1, 2007
Implementation date:	September 1, 2007
SPA # 12	
Submission date:	March 18, 2009
Effective date:	September 1, 2008
Implementation date:	September 1, 2008
SPA # 13	
Submission date:	June 30, 2009
Effective date:	April 1, 2009
Implementation date:	April 1, 2009
SPA # 14	
Submission date:	July 6, 2009
Effective date:	July 1, 2009
Implementation date:	July 1, 2009
SPA # 15	
Submission date:	March 29, 2010
Effective date:	April 1, 2009
Implementation date:	April 1, 2009
SPA # 16	
Submission date:	March 21, 2011
Effective date:	April 1, 2010
Implementation date:	April 1, 2010
SPA # 17	
Submission date:	May 20, 2011
Effective date (Enrollment Center):	June 13, 2011
Effective date (Medical Homes Initiative):	October 1, 2011
Implementation date:	June 13, 2011
SPA # 18	
Submission date:	September 20, 2011
Effective date:	August 25, 2011
Implementation date:	August 25, 2011
SPA # 19	
Submission date:	March 22, 2012
Effective date (Medicaid Expansion):	November 11, 2011
Implementation date:	November 11, 2011

SPA # 20

Submission date:	March 31, 2014
Effective date (autism benefit):	April 1, 2013
Effective date (other ACA changes)	January 1, 2014
Implementation date:	April 1, 2013 and January 1, 2014

SPA #21

Submission date:	March 31, 2015
Effective date:	April 1, 2014
Implementation date:	April 1, 2014

SPA #NY-16-0022- C-A

Submission date:	March 28, 2016
Effective date: (HSI for Poison Control Centers and Sickle Cell Screening):	April 1, 2015
Effective date (Ostomy Supplies):	May 1, 2015
Implementation date:	April 1, 2015 and May 1, 2015

Superseding Pages of MAGI CHIP State Plan Material

State: New York

Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF #	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
NY-14-0001 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	MAGI Eligibility & Methods	CS7	Eligibility – Targeted Low Income Children	Supersedes the current sections Geographic Area 4.1.1; Age 4.1.2; and Income 4.1.3
		CS15	MAGI-Based Income Methodologies	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.3
NY-14-0002 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	XXI Medicaid Expansion	CS3	Eligibility for Medicaid Expansion Program	Supersedes the current Medicaid expansion section 4.0
NY-14-0003 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Establish 2101(f) Group	CS14	Children Ineligible for Medicaid as a Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.1
NY-13-0004 Effective/Implementation Date: October 1, 2013	Eligibility Processing	CS24	Eligibility Process	Supersedes the current sections 4.3 and 4.4
NY-14-0005 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Non-Financial Eligibility	CS17	Residency	Supersedes the current section 4.1.5
		CS18	Citizenship	Supersedes the current sections 4.1.0; 4.1.1-LR; 4.1.1-LR
		CS19	Social Security Number	Supersedes the current section 4.1.9.1
		CS20	Substitution of Coverage	Supersedes the current section 4.4.4
		CS21	Non-Payment of Premiums	Supersedes the current section 8.7
	General Eligibility	CS27	Continuous Eligibility	Supersedes the current section 4.1.8
		CS28	Presumptive Eligibility for Children	Supersedes the current section 4.3.2

1.4- TC

Tribal Consultation (Section 2107(e)(1)(C)) Describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment, when it occurred and who was involved.

TN No: Approval Date Effective Date _____

Section 2. General Background and Description of Approach to Children’s Health Insurance Coverage and Coordination

Guidance: The demographic information requested in 2.1 can be used for State planning and will be used strictly for informational purposes. **THESE NUMBERS WILL NOT BE USED AS A BASIS FOR THE ALLOTMENT.**

Factors that the State may consider in the provision of this information are age breakouts, income brackets, definitions of insurability, and geographic location, as well as race and ethnicity. The State should describe its information sources and the assumptions it uses for the development of its description.

- Population
- Number of uninsured
- Race demographics
- Age Demographics
- Info per region/Geographic information

2.1. Describe the extent to which, and manner in which, children in the State (including targeted low-income children and other groups of children specified) identified, by income level and other relevant factors, such as race, ethnicity and geographic location, currently have creditable health coverage (as defined in 42 CFR 457.10). To the extent feasible, distinguish between creditable coverage under public health insurance programs and public-private partnerships (See Section 10 for annual report requirements). (Section 2102(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.80(a))

Guidance: Section 2.2 allows states to request to use the funds available under the 10 percent limit on administrative expenditures in order to fund services not otherwise allowable. The health services initiatives must meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.10.

2.2. Health Services Initiatives- Describe if the State will use the health services initiative option as allowed at 42 CFR 457.10. If so, describe what services or programs the State is proposing to cover with administrative funds, including the cost of each program, and how it is currently funded (if applicable), also update the budget accordingly. (Section 2105(a)(1)(D)(ii)); (42 CFR 457.10)

New York proposes to cover the following programs under the Health Services Initiatives provision:

1. Poison Control Centers

Program Details

DOH funds two regional poison control centers. New York City Regional Poison Control Center serves the Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens, Staten Island and Manhattan as well as Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester counties. Upstate New York Poison Center serves the 54 remaining counties of the state. Within DOH, the Office of Health Insurance Program’s Division of Finance and Rate Setting administers the program.

The statutory authority for the program is contained in Sections 2500-d(7), 2807-j, and 2807-1(1)(c)(iv) of the Public Health (PHL), which authorizes the Commissioner to make distributions from the Health Care Initiatives (HCI) Pool to the Regional Poison Control Centers. This HCI Pool funding is intended to assist the centers with meeting the operational costs of providing expert poison call response and poison consultation services on a 24/7 basis to health care professionals and the public statewide.

New York City Poison Control Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and provides treatment advice about exposures to poisons or questions about medicine safety. Pharmacists and nurses certified in poison information are there to give advice, and all calls are free and confidential. Translator services are provided in more than 150 languages.

Upstate New York Poison Center is also available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and assists the medical community and general public with poison emergencies by providing state of the art management expertise. The center is involved in poison emergency telephone management, poison information resources, public education, professional education and research and data collection. Calls are answered by specialists in poison information, registered nurses and pharmacists trained in toxicology. Specialists provide the most efficient and up-to-date poison information available. Physicians and toxicologists are on-call 24 hours a day for consultation purposes. Other specialists are available for consultation.

Budget and HSI Claiming Details

Each center receives a share of the \$3 million annual grant. The grant is supported by a \$3 million appropriation, found on lines 21 through 25 of page 461 in the SFY 2015-16 Enacted Budget for Aid to Localities. The funding source is a HCRA Resources Fund, which is a State special revenue fund. In both SFY 2014-15 and 2015-16, New York City Regional Poison Control Center received \$1,851,130 and Upstate Poison Control Center received \$1,148,870.

The amount of funding related to services for children is determined by the percentage of calls that pertain to children (aged birth through 18), multiplied by the total amount of funding the center received. Upstate Poison Control Center received 55,778 calls in SFY 2014-15 and 28,351, or approximately 50.8%, were related to children (aged birth through 18).

Based on the call data, the amount of funds used for children-related activity in SFY 2015-16 can be calculated at approximately \$583,626 ($\$1,148,870 \times 50.8\%$). NYC Regional Poison Control Center received 91,824 calls in calendar year 2014 and 32,436, or approximately 35.3%, were related to children (aged birth through 18). Accordingly, the amount of funds used for children-related activity in SFY 2015-16 can be calculated at approximately \$653,449 ($\$1,851,130 \times 35.3\%$).

In total, approximately \$1,237,075 will fund children-related activity at the two poison control centers in SFY 2015-16 ($\$583,626 + \$653,449$). This annual amount ($\$1,237,075$) will be used prospectively to approximate the total funding for children-related activity.

DOH will perform periodic general ledger journal entries to transfer the qualified Poison Control Center expenditures to CHIP federal funding. These transactions will be performed in SFS and must be approved within DOH, and at OSC. Backup documentation will be included when processing these entries. There is a unique program code in SFS for the Poison Control Centers program and CHIP, as well as a program code within CHIP dedicated to the HSI.

Upon SPA approval, a general ledger journal entry or entries will be processed to charge CHIP for HSI-related expenditures made during SFY 2015-16. The federal matching rate of 65% will be used for expenditures made from April 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015, and the federal matching rate of 88% will be used for expenditures effective October 1, 2015. Prospectively, periodic journal entries will be processed to transfer HSI-related expenditures to CHIP federal funding.

2. Sickle-Cell Screening

Program Details

The Sickle Cell Screening program provides transition services for adolescents and young adults with sickle cell disease and other hemoglobinopathies. The goal is to ensure that adolescents and young adults with sickle cell disease and other hemoglobinopathies are able to transition from pediatric health care and parent-directed control of their health to adult care and self-directed control of their health. There are four New York City hospitals currently receiving awards: Bronx Lebanon Hospital Center, Brookdale University Hospital, NYC HHC – Harlem Hospital, and New York Methodist Hospital.

Contractors are required to include both a pediatric and adult hematologist in the program, paid by the contracting institution. They must also employ a transition navigator (who may be paid on the grant) who works with the adolescent and young adult patients, their families, their schools and/or employers and the clinic/hospital to successfully transition from parental care to self-care and from pediatric to adult oriented medicine.

Budget and HSI Claiming Details

The funding source for the sickle cell screening program is General Fund – Local Assistance. The General Fund is the State’s main operating fund. The appropriation is found on lines 30 and 31 of page 514 in the SFY 2015-16 Enacted Budget for Aid to Localities, and totals \$213,400.

The program handles individuals aged birth through 18 as well as some over age 18, but not over 21. The original applications for the program requested a breakdown of the numbers of patients of specific age groups. The applications indicated that 630 of the 828 individuals served, or approximately 76.1%, were aged birth through 18. Therefore, for the purpose of the SPA, it is projected that 76.1% of total spending is for services related to children. This percentage will be used prospectively and will be multiplied by the total expenditures for a period in order to calculate the level of expenditures for services related to children.

DOH will perform periodic general ledger journal entries to transfer eligible Sickle Cell costs to CHIP federal funding. These transactions will be performed in SFS and must be approved within DOH, and at OSC. Backup documentation will be included when processing these entries. There is a unique program code in SFS for the Sickle Cell program and CHIP, as well as a program code within CHIP dedicated to the HSI.

Upon SPA approval, a general ledger journal entry or entries will be processed to charge CHIP for HSI-related expenditures made during SFY 2015-16. The federal matching rate of 65% will be used for expenditures made from April 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015, and the federal matching rate of 88% will be used for expenditures effective October 1, 2015. Prospectively, periodic journal entries will be processed to transfer HSI-related expenditures to CHIP federal funding.

Assurances

New York assures that the two proposed HSI programs described above will not supplant or match CHIP federal funds with other federal funds, nor allow other federal funds to supplant or match CHIP federal funds.

New York also assures that all (100 percent) of the funds transferred (state and federal) are retained by the two Poison Control Centers and the Sickle-Cell Screening program.

2.3-TC

Tribal Consultation Requirements- (Sections 1902(a)(73) and 2107(e)(1)(C)); (ARRA #2, CHIPRA #3, issued May 28, 2009) Section 1902(a)(73) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires a State in which one or more Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations furnish health care services to establish a process for the State Medicaid agency to seek advice on a regular, ongoing basis from designees of Indian health programs, whether operated by the Indian Health Service (IHS), Tribes or Tribal organizations under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (ISDEAA), or Urban Indian Organizations under the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (IHCIA). Section 2107(e)(1)(C) of the Act was also amended to apply these requirements to the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Consultation is required concerning Medicaid and CHIP matters having a direct impact on Indian health programs and Urban Indian organizations.

Describe the process the State uses to seek advice on a regular, ongoing basis from federally-recognized tribes, Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations on matters related to Medicaid and CHIP programs and for consultation on State Plan Amendments, waiver proposals, waiver extensions, waiver amendments, waiver renewals and proposals for demonstration projects prior to submission to CMS. Include information about the frequency, inclusiveness and process for seeking such advice.

Section 6. Coverage Requirements for Children’s Health Insurance

Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the State’s Medicaid plan and proceed to Section 7 since children covered under a Medicaid expansion program will receive all Medicaid covered services including EPSDT.

6.1. The State elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply.) (Section 2103(c)); (42CFR 457.410(a))

Guidance: Benchmark coverage is substantially equal to the benefits coverage in a benchmark benefit package (FEHBP-equivalent coverage, State employee coverage, and/or the HMO coverage plan that has the largest insured commercial, non-Medicaid enrollment in the state). If box below is checked, either 6.1.1.1., 6.1.1.2., or 6.1.1.3. must also be checked. (Section 2103(a)(1))

6.1.1. Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.420)

Guidance: Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is the standard Blue Cross/Blue Shield preferred provider option service benefit plan, as described in and offered under Section 8903(1) of Title 5, United States Code. (Section 2103(b)(1) (42 CFR 457.420(b))

6.1.1.1. FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1) (42 CFR 457.420(a)) (If checked, attach copy of the plan.)

Guidance: Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is State employee coverage, meaning a coverage plan that is offered and generally available to State employees in the state. (Section 2103(b)(2))

6.1.1.2. State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)

Guidance: Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is offered by a health maintenance organization (as defined in Section 2791(b)(3) of the Public Health Services Act) and has the largest insured commercial, non-Medicaid enrollment of covered lives of such coverage plans offered by an HMO in the state. (Section 2103(b)(3) (42 CFR 457.420(c)))

6.1.1.3. HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)

Guidance: States choosing Benchmark-equivalent coverage must check the box below and ensure that the coverage meets the following requirements:

- The coverage includes benefits for items and services within each of the categories of basic services described in 42 CFR 457.430:
 - dental services
 - inpatient and outpatient hospital services,
 - physicians' services,
 - surgical and medical services,
 - laboratory and x-ray services,
 - well-baby and well-child care, including age-appropriate immunizations, and
 - emergency services;
- The coverage has an aggregate actuarial value that is at least actuarially equivalent to one of the benchmark benefit packages (FEHBP-equivalent coverage, State employee coverage, or coverage offered through an HMO coverage plan that has the largest insured commercial enrollment in the state); and
- The coverage has an actuarial value that is equal to at least 75 percent of the actuarial value of the additional categories in such package, if offered, as described in 42 CFR 457.430:
 - coverage of prescription drugs,
 - mental health services,
 - vision services and
 - hearing services.

If 6.1.2. is checked, a signed actuarial memorandum must be attached. The actuary who prepares the opinion must select and specify the standardized set and population to be used under paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of 42 CFR 457.431. The State must provide sufficient detail to explain the basis of the methodologies used to estimate the actuarial value or, if requested by CMS, to replicate the State results.

The actuarial report must be prepared by an individual who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries. This report must be prepared in accordance with the principles and standards of the American Academy of Actuaries. In preparing the report, the actuary must use generally accepted actuarial principles and methodologies, use a standardized set of utilization and price factors, use a standardized population that is representative of privately insured children of the age of children who are expected to be covered under the State child health plan, apply the same principles and factors in comparing the value of different coverage (or categories of services), without taking into account any differences in coverage based on the method of delivery or means of cost control or utilization used, and take into account the ability of a State to reduce benefits by taking into account the increase in actuarial value of benefits coverage offered under the State child health plan

that results from the limitations on cost sharing under such coverage. (Section 2103(a)(2))

- 6.1.2. Benchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(a)(2) and 42 CFR 457.430) Specify the coverage, including the amount, scope and duration of each service, as well as any exclusions or limitations. Attach a signed actuarial report that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.431.

Guidance: A State approved under the provision below, may modify its program from time to time so long as it continues to provide coverage at least equal to the lower of the actuarial value of the coverage under the program as of August 5, 1997, or one of the benchmark programs. If “existing comprehensive state-based coverage” is modified, an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of August 5, 1997, or one of the benchmark plans must be attached. Also, the fiscal year 1996 State expenditures for “existing comprehensive state-based coverage” must be described in the space provided for all states. (Section 2103(a)(3))

- 6.1.3. Existing Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3) and 42 CFR 457.440) This option is only applicable to New York, Florida, and Pennsylvania. Attach a description of the benefits package, administration, and date of enactment. If existing comprehensive State-based coverage is modified, provide an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of August 5, 1997 or one of the benchmark plans. Describe the fiscal year 1996 State expenditures for existing comprehensive state-based coverage.

Guidance: Secretary-approved coverage refers to any other health benefits coverage deemed appropriate and acceptable by the Secretary upon application by a state. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.250)

- 6.1.4. Secretary-approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.450)

6.1.4.1. Coverage the same as Medicaid State plan

6.1.4.2. Comprehensive coverage for children under a Medicaid Section 1115 demonstration waiver

6.1.4.3. Coverage that either includes the full EPSDT benefit or that the State has extended to the entire Medicaid population

Guidance: Check below if the coverage offered includes benchmark coverage, as specified in

457.420.

State must clearly demonstrate that the coverage it provides includes the same coverage as the benchmark package, and also describes the services that are being added to the benchmark package.

6.1.4.4. Coverage that includes benchmark coverage plus additional coverage

6.1.4.5. Coverage that is the same as defined by existing comprehensive state-

based coverage applicable only New York, Pennsylvania, or Florida (under 457.440)

Guidance: Check below if the State is purchasing coverage through a group health plan, and intends to demonstrate that the group health plan is substantially equivalent to or greater than to coverage under one of the benchmark plans specified in 457.420, through use of a benefit-by-benefit comparison of the coverage. Provide a sample of the comparison format that will be used. Under this option, if coverage for any benefit does not meet or exceed the coverage for that benefit under the benchmark, the State must provide an actuarial analysis as described in 457.431 to determine actuarial equivalence.

6.1.4.6. Coverage under a group health plan that is substantially equivalent to or greater than benchmark coverage through a benefit by benefit comparison (Provide a sample of how the comparison will be done)

Guidance: Check below if the State elects to provide a source of coverage that is not described above. Describe the coverage that will be offered, including any benefit limitations or exclusions.

6.1.4.7. Other (Describe)

Guidance: All forms of coverage that the State elects to provide to children in its plan must be checked. The State should also describe the scope, amount and duration of services covered under its plan, as well as any exclusions or limitations. States that choose to cover unborn children under the State plan should include a separate section 6.2 that specifies benefits for the unborn child population. (Section 2110(a)) (42CFR, 457.490)

If the state elects to cover the new option of targeted low income pregnant women, but chooses to provide a different benefit package for these pregnant women under the CHIP plan, the state must include a separate section 6.2 describing the benefit package for pregnant women. (Section 2112)

6.2. The State elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If an item is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the amount, duration and scope of services covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a)) (42CFR 457.490)

6.2.1. Inpatient services (Section 2110(a)(1))

- **Inpatient Hospital Medical or Surgical Care**

Scope of Coverage: Inpatient hospital medical or surgical care will be considered a covered benefit for a registered bed patient for treatment of an illness, injury or condition which cannot be treated on an

outpatient basis. The hospital must be a short-term, acute care facility and New York State licensed.

Level of Coverage: Includes 365 days per year coverage for inpatient hospital services and services provided by physicians and other professional personnel for covered inpatient services; bed and board, including special diet and nutritional therapy; general, special and critical care nursing service, but not private duty nursing services; facilities, services, supplies and equipment related to surgical operations, recovery facilities, anesthesia, and facilities for intensive or special care; oxygen and other inhalation therapeutic services and supplies; drugs and medications that are not experimental; sera, biologicals, vaccines, intravenous preparations, dressings, casts, and materials for diagnostic studies; blood products, except when participation in a volunteer blood replacement program is available to the insured or covered person, and services and equipment related to their administration; facilities, services, supplies and equipment related to physical medicine and occupational therapy and rehabilitation; facilities, services, supplies and equipment related to diagnostic studies and the monitoring of physiologic functions, including but not limited to laboratory, pathology, cardiographic, endoscopic, radiologic and electro-encephalographic studies and examinations; facilities, services, supplies and equipment related to radiation and nuclear therapy; facilities, services, supplies and equipment related to emergency medical care; chemotherapy; any additional medical, surgical, or related services, supplies and equipment that are customarily furnished by the hospital. No benefits will be provided for any out-of-hospital days, or if inpatient care was not necessary; no benefits are provided after discharge; benefits are paid in full for accommodations in a semi-private room.

6.2.2. ☒ Outpatient services (Section 2110(a)(2))

- **Professional Services for Diagnosis and Treatment of Illness and Injury**

Scope of Coverage: Provides services on ambulatory basis by a covered provider for medically necessary diagnosis and treatment of sickness and injury and other conditions including the screening, diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorders. An Autism spectrum disorder means any pervasive developmental disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, Rett's disorder, childhood disintegrative disorder or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified. All services related to outpatient visits are covered, including physician

services.

Level of Coverage: No limitations. Includes wound dressing and casts to immobilize fractures for the immediate treatment of the medical condition. Injections and medications provided at the time of the office visit or therapy will be covered. Includes audiometric testing where deemed medically necessary.

- **Outpatient Surgery**

Scope of Coverage: Procedures performed within the provider's office will be covered as well as "ambulatory surgery procedures" which may be performed in a hospital-based ambulatory surgery service or a freestanding ambulatory surgery center.

Level of Coverage: The utilization review process will ensure that the ambulatory surgery is appropriately provided.

- **Emergency Medical Services**

Scope of Coverage: For services to treat an emergency condition in hospital facilities. For the purpose of this provision, "emergency condition" means a medical or behavioral condition, the onset of which is sudden, that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in (A) placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy, or in the case of a behavioral condition placing the health of such person or others in serious jeopardy; (B) serious impairment to such person's bodily functions; (C) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person; or (D) serious disfigurement of such person.

Level of Coverage: No limitations.

6.2.3. ☒ Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))

- **Pediatric Health Promotion visits.**

Scope of Coverage: Well child care visits in accordance with a visitation schedule established by American Academy of Pediatrics and the Childhood Immunization Schedule of the United States will be followed for immunizations.

Level of Coverage: Includes all services related to visits. Includes immunizations, well child care, health education, tuberculin tests

(Mantoux), hearing tests, dental and developmental screening, clinical laboratory and radiological tests, eye screening, and lead screening.

- **Professional Services for Diagnosis and Treatment of Illness and Injury**

See Section 6.2.2.

- **Professional Services for Diagnosis and Treatment of Illness and Injury**

See Section 6.2.2.

6.2.4. ☒ Surgical services (Section 2110(a)(4))

- **Please refer to Section 6.2.1. Inpatient Services; Section 6.2.2. Outpatient Services; and Section 6.2.28 Maternity Services**
- **Pre-surgical testing**

Scope of Coverage: All tests, (laboratory, x-ray, etc) necessary prior to inpatient or outpatient surgery.

Level of Coverage: Benefits are available if a physician orders the tests; proper diagnosis and treatment require the tests; and the surgery takes place within 7 days after the testing. If surgery is cancelled because of pre-surgical test findings or as a result of a second opinion on surgery, the cost of the tests will be covered.

6.2.5. ☒ Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care services. (Section 2110(a)(5))

See Section 6.2.2 In accordance with section 503 of the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA), federally-qualified health centers and rural health clinics (further referred to as FQHCs) will be reimbursed using an alternative payment methodology for all services provided on or after October 1, 2009.

The Department will be calculating monthly supplemental payments utilizing the Medicaid prospective payment system (PPS) rates of payment to FQHCs and information provided by the FQHC. Supplemental payments to the FQHC will be made to the FQHC

through the participating CHPlus managed care organizations (MCO). Supplemental payments will be made for only claims paid and/or approved by the MCOs and/or their subcontracted Independent Practice Associations (IPAs).

In order to qualify for and receive supplemental payments for services provided to CHPlus enrollees, each FQHC must have approved PPS rates in effect for the time period and site where services were provided to a MCO enrollee; have an executed contract with the MCO, or an IPA that contracts with the MCO, for the time period; and must have received, in the aggregate, MCO payments for services rendered that are less than the FQHC would have received for those same services under the appropriate PPS Medicaid rates.

FQHCs are required to bill MCOs for all encounters for which a supplemental payment is being requested. MCOs will make payments on those claims based on their current contract or approve those claims in cases where a capitated arrangement exists between both parties. This information must be maintained and reported to the Department to ensure that the State is only making payment for an approved service that was properly billed.

Based on the information reported to the Department from the FQHC, the Department will calculate the supplemental payment that is due to each FQHC for each MCO. This “supplemental payment” is the aggregate difference between what that FQHC is paid through contracts with MCOs and its specific Medicaid PPS rate accumulated for each month.

The total supplemental payments due to FQHCs will be added to the appropriate MCO’s monthly voucher for their CHPlus enrollees. The MCO will pay the FQHC the supplemental payment no later than the end of the month they receive payment on their voucher.

The Department will compare information received from the FQHCs to the encounter data submitted by the MCOs, reconcile any material differences and adjust the supplemental payments accordingly.

The Department plans to implement an initiative to incentivize the development of patient-centered medical homes for the CHPlus program. The medical home initiative is based upon the standards developed by the National Committee for Quality Assurance’s (NCQA) for the Physician Practice Connections – Patient-Centered Medical Home Program (PPC-PCMH). The PPC-PCMH is a model of care that seeks to strengthen the physician-patient relationship by promoting improved access, coordinated care, and enhanced patient/family engagement. Office-based practitioners (physicians and

registered nurse practitioners) and Article 28 clinics that are approved as a medical homes and recognized by the NCQA as meeting the requirements of the PPC-PCMH program, will receive an additional payment for primary care services provided to CHPlus enrollees. Additionally, a subset of providers classified as medical homes came together to establish the Adirondack Medical Home Multipayer Demonstration Program. This Program was established to improve health care outcomes and efficiency through patient continuity and coordination of services. They will receive an additional payment for providing primary care services that differs from the medical home initiative describe above. The additional payment will be included in the per-member per-month all-inclusive premium paid to each MCO. The MCO is responsible for reimbursing the medical home. This initiative is expected to begin on October 1, 2011.

6.2.6. ☒ Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6))

Scope of Coverage: Prescription medications must be authorized by a professional licensed to write prescriptions.

Level of Coverage: Prescriptions must be medically necessary. May be limited to generic medications where medically acceptable. Includes family planning or contraceptive medications or devices. All medications used for preventive and therapeutic purposes will be covered, including prescription drugs needed to treat an autism spectrum disorder. Vitamin coverage need not be mandated except when necessary to treat a diagnosed illness or condition.

6.2.7. ☒ Over-the-counter medications (Section 2110(a)(7))

Scope of Coverage: Non-prescription medications authorized by a professional licensed to write prescriptions.

Level of Coverage: All medications used for preventive and therapeutic purposes authorized by a professional licensed to write prescriptions will be covered.

6.2.8. ☒ Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))

● **Diagnostic and Laboratory Tests**

Scope of Coverage: Prescribed ambulatory clinical laboratory tests and diagnostic x-rays.

Level of Coverage: No limitations.

6.2.9. ☒ Prenatal care and pre-pregnancy family services and supplies (Section 2110(a)(9))

- **Family Planning or Contraceptive Medications or Devices**

Scope of Coverage: Prescription medications must be authorized by a professional licensed to write prescriptions.

Level of Coverage: Prescriptions must be medically necessary. May be limited to generic medications where medically acceptable.

- **Prenatal Care**

See Section 6.2.28.

6.2.10. ☒ Inpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.18., but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services (Section 2110(a)(10))

Scope of coverage: Services provided in a facility operated by the Office of Mental Health under Section 7.17 of the Mental Hygiene Law, or a facility issued an operating certificate pursuant to Article 23 or Article 31 of the Mental Hygiene Law or a general hospital as defined in Article 28 of the Public Health Law.

Level of coverage: No limitations.

6.2.11. ☒ Outpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.19, but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including community-based services (Section 2110(a)(11))

- **Outpatient visits for mental health**

Scope of Coverage: Services must be provided by certified and/or licensed professionals.

Level of Coverage: No limitations, includes psychiatric and psychological care for treatment of an autism spectrum disorder.

6.2.12. ☒ Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental devices, and adaptive devices) (Section 2110(a)(12))

- **Durable Medical Equipment (DME)**

Scope of Coverage: All DME must be medically necessary and ordered by a plan physician.

Level of Coverage: DME not limited except there is no coverage for cranial prostheses (i.e. wigs) and dental prostheses, except those made necessary due to accidental injury to sound, natural teeth and provided within twelve months of the accident, and except for dental prostheses needed in treatment of a congenital abnormality or as part of reconstructive surgery. 2110(a)(13))

Includes coverage of assistive communication devices for children with autism spectrum disorder, who are unable to communicate through normal means such as speech or in writing, for coverage of dedicated communication devices such as communication boards and speech-generating devices which are purchased or rented. Health plans are not responsible for covering items such as laptops, desktops, or tablet computers but are responsible for covering software and/or applications that enable a laptop, desktop, or tablet computer to function as a speech-generating device.

6.2.13. ☒

Disposable medical supplies (Section 2110(a)(13))

Guidance:

Home and community based services may include supportive services such as home health nursing services, home health aide services, personal care, assistance with activities of daily living, chore services, day care services, respite care services, training for family members, and minor modifications to the home.

- **Diabetic Supplies and equipment 2110(a)(13))**

Scope of Coverage: Insulin, blood glucose monitors, blood glucose monitors for legally blind, data management systems, test strips for monitors and visual reading, urine test strips, insulin injection aids, cartridges for legally blind, syringes, insulin pumps and appurtenances thereto, insulin infusion devices, oral agents.

Level of Coverage: As prescribed by a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under Title 8 of the Education Law.

- **Ostomy Supplies and equipment**

Scope of Coverage: Supplies and equipment used to contain diverted urine or fecal contents outside the body from a surgically created opening (stoma).

Level of Coverage: As prescribed by a health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under Title 8 of the Education Law.

6.2.14. ☒ Home and community-based health care services (Section 2110(a)(14))
Guidance: Nursing services may include nurse practitioner services, nurse midwife services, advanced practice nurse services, private duty nursing care, pediatric nurse services, and respiratory care services in a home, school or other setting.

- **Home Health Care Services**

Scope of Coverage: The care and treatment of a covered person who is under the care of a physician but only if hospitalization or confinement in a skilled nursing facility would have been otherwise required if home care was not provided, the service is approved in writing by such physician, and the plan covering the home health service is established by the Department.

Level of Coverage: Home care shall be provided by a certified home health agency possessing a valid certificate of approval issued pursuant to Article 36 of the Public Health Law. Home care shall consist of one or more of the following: part-time or intermittent home nursing care by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse (R.N.); part-time or intermittent home health aide services which consist primarily of caring for the patient; physical, occupational or speech therapy if provided by the home health agency; medical supplies, drugs and medications prescribed by a physician; and laboratory services by or on behalf of a certified home health agency to the extent such items would have been covered or provided if the covered person had been hospitalized or confined in a skilled nursing facility. A minimum of forty such visits must be provided in any calendar year.

- **Diabetic Education and Home Visits**

Scope of Coverage: Diabetes self-management education (including diet); reeducation or refresher. Home visits for diabetic monitoring and/or education.

Level of Coverage: Limited to medically necessary visits where a physician diagnoses a significant change in the patient's symptoms or conditions which necessitate changes in a patient's self-management or where reeducation is necessary. May be provided by a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under Title 8 of the Education Law, or their staff, as part of an office visit for diabetes diagnosis or treatment, or by a certified diabetes nurse educator, certified nutritionist, certified dietitian or registered

dietitian upon the referral of a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under Title 8 of the Education Law and shall be limited to group settings wherever practicable.

6.2.15. Nursing care services (Section 2110(a)(15))

6.2.16. Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest (Section 2110(a)(16))

Scope of Coverage: The federally funded portion of the CHPlus program will not be used to cover abortions except in the case of rape, incest or to save the life of the mother.

Level of Coverage: No limitations.

6.2.17. Dental services (Section 2110(a)(17)) States updating their dental benefits must complete 6.2-DC (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009)
Scope of Coverage: Emergency, preventive and routine dental services.

Level of Coverage: No limitations.

6.2.18. Inpatient substance abuse treatment services and residential substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(18))

Scope of coverage: Services provided in a facility operated by the Office of Mental Health under Section 7.17 of the Mental Hygiene Law, or a facility issued an operating certificate pursuant to Article 23 or Article 31 of the Mental Hygiene Law or a general hospital as defined in Article 28 of the Public Health Law.

Level of coverage: No limitations.

6.2.19. Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19))

Scope of coverage: Services must be provided by certified and/or licensed professionals.

Level of coverage: No limitations.

6.2.20. Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))

6.2.21. Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))

6.2.22. ☒ Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders (Section 2110(a)(22))

- **Speech Therapy**

Scope of coverage: Speech therapies performed by an audiologist, language pathologist, a speech therapist and/or otolaryngologist.

Level of coverage: Those required for a condition amenable to significant clinical improvement within a two-month period, beginning with the first day of therapy. Covered speech therapy services for a child diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder shall also be provided if deemed habilitative or non-restorative.

- **Hearing**

Scope of coverage: Hearing examinations to determine the need for corrective action.

Level of coverage: One hearing examination per calendar year is covered. If an auditory deficiency requires additional hearing exams and follow-up exams, these exams will be covered. Hearing aids, including batteries and repairs, are covered. If medically necessary, more than one hearing aid will be covered.

- **Physical and Occupational Therapy**

Scope of coverage: Short-term physical and occupational therapies.

Level of coverage: These therapies must be medically necessary and under the supervision or referral of a licensed physician. Short-term physical and occupational therapies will be covered when ordered by a physician. Physical and occupational therapies for a child diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder are also covered when such treatment is deemed habilitative or nonrestorative.

6.2.23. ☒ Hospice care (Section 2110(a)(23))

Guidance: Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic or rehabilitative service may be provided, whether in a facility, home, school, or other setting, if recognized by State law and only if the service is: 1) prescribed by or furnished by a physician or other licensed or registered practitioner within the scope of practice as prescribed by State law; 2) performed under the general supervision or at the direction of a physician;

or 3) furnished by a health care facility that is operated by a State or local government or is licensed under State law and operating within the scope of the license.

- **Hospice**

Scope of Coverage: Coordinated hospice program of home and inpatient services which provide non-curative medical and support services for persons certified by a physician to be terminally ill with a life expectancy of six months or less.

Level of Coverage: Hospice services include palliative and supportive care provided to a patient to meet the special needs arising out of physical, psychological, spiritual, social and economic stress which are experienced during the final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement. In accordance with Section 2302 of the Affordable Care Act, children are allowed to receive hospice services without forgoing any medically necessary curative services included in the Child Health Plus benefit package. Hospice organizations must be certified under Article 40 of the NYS Public Health Law. All services must be provided by qualified employees and volunteers of the hospice or by qualified staff through contractual arrangements to the extent permitted by federal and state requirements. All services must be provided according to a written plan of care which reflects the changing needs of the patient/family. Family members are eligible for up to five visits for bereavement counseling (bereavement counseling not funded through program).

6.2.24. ☒ Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (Section 2110(a)(24))

- **Therapeutic Services**

Scope of Coverage: Ambulatory radiation therapy and chemotherapy. Injections and medications provided at time of therapy (i.e., chemotherapy) will also be covered. Hemodialysis will be a covered service. Short term physical and occupational therapies will be covered when ordered by a physician. Infusion of blood clotting factor and other services in connection with the treatment of blood clotting protein deficiencies.

Level of Coverage: No limitations. These therapies must be medically necessary and under the supervision or referral of a licensed physician. No experimental procedures or services will be reimbursed. Determination of the need for hemodialysis services and whether

home based or facility based treatment is appropriate will be made by a licensed physician. Coverage for blood clotting factor, supplies and other services needed for home infusion of blood clotting factor for the treatment of a blood clotting protein deficiency. Infusion may be performed in an outpatient setting or in the home by a home health care agency, a properly trained parent of legal guardian of a child or a properly trained child that is physically and developmentally capable of self-administering such products.

6.2.25. Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25))

6.2.26. Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26))

Guidance: Enabling services, such as transportation, translation, and outreach services, may be offered only if designed to increase the accessibility of primary and preventive health care services for eligible low-income individuals.

- **Non-Air-Borne, pre-hospital emergency medical services provided by an ambulance service.**

Scope of Coverage: Pre-hospital emergency medical services, including prompt evaluation and treatment of an emergency condition and/or non-airborne transportation to a hospital.

Level of Coverage: Services must be provided by an ambulance service issued a certificate to operate pursuant to section 3005 of the Public Health Law. Evaluation and treatment services must be for an emergency condition defined as a medical or behavioral condition, the onset of which is sudden, that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in (i) placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy; (ii) serious impairment to such person's bodily functions; (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person; or (iv) serious disfigurement of such person.

6.2.27. Enabling services (such as transportation, translation, and outreach services) (Section 2110(a)(27))

6.2.28. Any other health care services or items specified by the Secretary and not included under this Section (Section 2110(a)(28))

- **Maternity Care**

Scope of Coverage: Inpatient hospital coverage for at least 48 hours after childbirth for any delivery other than a Caesarean section (C-Section) and at least 96 hours following a C-Section. Also coverage of parent education, assistance and training in breast or bottle feeding, and any necessary maternal and newborn clinical assessments. The mother shall have the option to be discharged earlier than the 48/96 hours, provided that at least one home care visit is covered post-discharge. Prenatal, labor and delivery care is covered, including surgical services rendered as part of a C-section.

Level of Coverage: No limitations; (However children potentially eligible for Medicaid requiring maternity care services will be referred to Medicaid. Pregnant women up to 200% net FPL are eligible for Medicaid's PCAP program. This is a program expressly designed for pregnant women. This program allows for presumptive eligibility determined at the provider's care site. Enrollees are required to report any change of circumstances that affect eligibility. This information will be reviewed by the health plan and the enrollee is referred to PCAP if she appears eligible.).

6.2-DC Dental Coverage (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) The State will provide dental coverage to children through one of the following. Please update Sections 9.10 and 10.3-DC when electing this option. Dental services provided to children eligible for dental-only supplemental services must receive the same dental services as provided to otherwise eligible CHIP children (Section 2103(a)(5)):

6.2.1-DC **State Specific Dental Benefit Package.** The State assures dental services represented by the following categories of common dental terminology (CDT¹) codes are included in the dental benefits:

1. Diagnostic (i.e., clinical exams, x-rays) (CDT codes: D0100-D0999) (must follow periodicity schedule)
2. Preventive (i.e., dental prophylaxis, topical fluoride treatments, sealants) (CDT codes: D1000-D1999) (must follow periodicity schedule)
3. Restorative (i.e., fillings, crowns) (CDT codes: D2000-D2999)
4. Endodontic (i.e., root canals) (CDT codes: D3000-D3999)
5. Periodontic (treatment of gum disease) (CDT codes: D4000-D4999)
6. Prosthodontic (dentures) (CDT codes: D5000-D5899, D5900-D5999, and D6200-D6999)
7. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery (i.e., extractions of teeth and other oral surgical procedures) (CDT codes: D7000-D7999)
8. Orthodontics (i.e., braces) (CDT codes: D8000-D8999)
9. Emergency Dental Services

6.2.1.1-DC Periodicity Schedule. The State has adopted the following periodicity schedule:

- State-developed Medicaid-specific
- American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry
- Other Nationally recognized periodicity schedule
- Other (description attached)

6.2.2-DC Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5), 42 CFR 457.410, and 42 CFR 457.420)

6.2.2.1-DC FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(i)) (If checked, attach copy of the dental supplemental plan benefits description and the applicable CDT² codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, also attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)

6.2.2.2-DC State employee coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(ii)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description and the applicable CDT codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, also attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)

6.2.2.3-DC HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(iii)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description and the applicable CDT codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, also attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)

6.2-DS **Supplemental Dental Coverage-** The State will provide dental coverage to children eligible for dental-only supplemental services. Children eligible for this option must receive the same dental services as provided to otherwise eligible CHIP children (Section 2110(b)(5)(C)(ii)). Please update Sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, and 9.10 when electing this option.

Guidance: Under Title XXI, pre-existing condition exclusions are not allowed, with the only exception being in relation to another law in existence (HIPAA/ERISA). Indicate that the plan adheres to this requirement by checking the applicable description. In the event that the State provides benefits through a group health plan or group health coverage, or provides family coverage through a group health plan under a waiver (see Section 6.4.2.), pre-existing condition limits are allowed to the extent permitted by HIPAA/ERISA. If the State is contracting with a group health plan or provides benefits through group health coverage, describe briefly any limitations on pre-existing conditions. (Formerly 8.6.)

6.3. The State assures that, with respect to pre-existing medical conditions, one of the following two statements applies to its plan: (42CFR 457.480)

6.3.1. The State shall not permit the imposition of any pre-existing medical condition exclusion for covered services (Section 2102(b)(1)(B)(ii)); OR

6.3.2. The State contracts with a group health plan or group health insurance coverage, or contracts with a group health plan to provide family coverage under a waiver (see Section 6.6.2. (formerly 6.4.2) of the template). Pre-existing medical conditions are permitted to the extent allowed by HIPAA/ERISA. (Formerly 8.6.) (Section 2103(f)) Describe:

Guidance: States may request two additional purchase options in Title XXI: cost effective coverage through a community-based health delivery system and for the purchase of family coverage. (Section 2105(c)(2) and (3)) (457.1005 and 457.1010)

6.4. **Additional Purchase Options-** If the State wishes to provide services under the plan through cost effective alternatives or the purchase of family coverage, it must request the appropriate option. To be approved, the State must address the following: (Section 2105(c)(2) and (3)) (42 CFR 457.1005 and 457.1010)

6.4.1. **Cost Effective Coverage-** Payment may be made to a State in excess of the 10 percent limitation on use of funds for payments for: 1) other child health assistance for targeted low-income children; 2) expenditures for health services initiatives under the plan for improving the health of children (including targeted low-income children and other low-income children); 3) expenditures for outreach activities as provided in Section 2102(c)(1) under the plan; and 4) other reasonable costs incurred by the State to administer the plan, if it demonstrates the following (42CFR 457.1005(a)):

6.4.1.1. Coverage provided to targeted low-income children through such expenditures must meet the coverage requirements above; Describe the coverage provided by the alternative delivery system. The State may cross reference Section 6.2.1 - 6.2.28. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(i)) (42CFR 457.1005(b))

6.4.1.2. The cost of such coverage must not be greater, on an average per child basis, than the cost of coverage that would otherwise be provided for the coverage described above; Describe the cost of such coverage on an average per child basis. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(ii)) (42CFR 457.1005(b))

Guidance: Check below if the State is requesting to provide cost-effective coverage through a community-based health delivery system. This allows the State to waive the 10 percent limitation on expenditures not used for Medicaid or health insurance assistance if coverage provided to targeted low-income children through such expenditures meets the

requirements of Section 2103; the cost of such coverage is not greater, on an average per child basis, than the cost of coverage that would otherwise be provided under Section 2103; and such coverage is provided through the use of a community-based health delivery system, such as through contracts with health centers receiving funds under Section 330 of the Public Health Services Act or with hospitals such as those that receive disproportionate share payment adjustments under Section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923.

If the cost-effective alternative waiver is requested, the State must demonstrate that payments in excess of the 10 percent limitation will be used for other child health assistance for targeted low-income children; expenditures for health services initiatives under the plan for improving the health of children (including targeted low-income children and other low-income children); expenditures for outreach activities as provided in Section 2102(c)(1) under the plan; and other reasonable costs incurred by the State to administer the plan. (42CFR, 457.1005(a))

6.4.1.3. The coverage must be provided through the use of a community based health delivery system, such as through contracts with health centers receiving funds under Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act or with hospitals such as those that receive disproportionate share payment adjustments under Section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923 of the Social Security Act. Describe the community-based delivery system. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(iii)) (42CFR 457.1005(a))

6.4.2. **Purchase of Family Coverage-** Describe the plan to purchase family coverage. Payment may be made to a State for the purpose of family coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage that includes coverage of targeted low-income children, if it demonstrates the following: (Section 2105(c)(3)) (42CFR 457.1010)

Guidance: Check 6.4.2.if the State is requesting to purchase family coverage. Any State requesting to purchase such coverage will need to include information that establishes to the Secretary’s satisfaction that: 1) when compared to the amount of money that would have been paid to cover only the children involved with a comparable package, the purchase of family coverage is cost effective; and 2) the purchase of family coverage is not a substitution for coverage already being provided to the child. (Section 2105(c)(3)) (42CFR 457.1010)

6.4.2.1. Purchase of family coverage is cost-effective. The State’s cost of purchasing family coverage, including administrative expenditures, that includes coverage for the targeted low-income children involved or the family involved (as applicable) under premium assistance programs must not be greater than the cost of obtaining coverage

under the State plan for all eligible targeted low-income children or families involved; and (2) The State may base its demonstration of cost effectiveness on an assessment of the cost of coverage, including administrative costs, for children or families under premium assistance programs to the cost of other CHIP coverage for these children or families, done on a case-by-case basis, or on the cost of premium assisted coverage in the aggregate.

6.4.2.2. The State assures that the family coverage would not otherwise substitute for health insurance coverage that would be provided to such children but for the purchase of family coverage. (Section 2105(c)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.1010(b))

6.4.2.3. The State assures that the coverage for the family otherwise meets title XXI requirements. (42CFR 457.1010(c))

6.4.3-PA: Additional State Options for Providing Premium Assistance (CHIPRA # 13, SHO # 10-002 issued February, 2, 2010) A State may elect to offer a premium assistance subsidy for qualified employer-sponsored coverage, as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(B), to all targeted low-income children who are eligible for child health assistance under the plan and have access to such coverage. No subsidy shall be provided to a targeted low-income child (or the child's parent) unless the child voluntarily elects to receive such a subsidy. (Section 2105(c)(10)(A)). Please remember to update section 9.10 when electing this option. Does the State provide this option to targeted low-income children?

Yes
 No

6.4.3.1-PA Qualified Employer-Sponsored Coverage and Premium Assistance Subsidy

6.4.3.1.1-PA Provide an assurance that the qualified employer-sponsored insurance meets the definition of qualified employer-sponsored coverage as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(B), and that the premium assistance subsidy meets the definition of premium assistance subsidy as defined in 2105(c)(10)(C).

6.4.3.1.2-PA Describe whether the State is providing the premium assistance subsidy as reimbursement to an employee or for out-of-pocket expenditures or directly to the employee's employer.

6.4.3.2-PA: Supplemental Coverage for Benefits and Cost Sharing Protections Provided under the Child Health Plan.

6.4.3.2.1-PA If the State is providing premium assistance for qualified employer-sponsored coverage, as defined in Section 2105(c)(10)(E)(i),

provide an assurance that the State is providing for each targeted low-income child enrolled in such coverage, supplemental coverage consisting of all items or services that are not covered or are only partially covered, under the qualified employer-sponsored coverage consistent with 2103(a) and cost sharing protections consistent with Section 2103(e).

6.4.3.2.2-PA Describe whether these benefits are being provided through the employer or by the State providing wraparound benefits.

6.4.3.2.3-PA If the State is providing premium assistance for benchmark or benchmark-equivalent coverage, the State ensures that such group health plans or health insurance coverage offered through an employer will be certified by an actuary as coverage that is equivalent to a benchmark benefit package described in Section 2103(b) or benchmark equivalent coverage that meets the requirements of Section 2103(a)(2).

6.4.3.3-PA: Application of Waiting Period Imposed Under State Plan: States are required to apply the same waiting period to premium assistance as is applied to direct coverage for children under their CHIP State plan, as specified in Section 2105(c)(10)(F).

6.4.3.3.1-PA Provide an assurance that the waiting period for children in premium assistance is the same as for those children in direct coverage (if State has a waiting period in place for children in direct CHIP coverage).

6.4.3.4-PA: Opt-Out and Outreach, Education, and Enrollment Assistance

6.4.3.4.1-PA Describe the State's process for ensuring parents are permitted to disenroll their child from qualified employer-sponsored coverage and to enroll in CHIP effective on the first day of any month for which the child is eligible for such assistance and in a manner that ensures continuity of coverage for the child (Section 2105(c)(10)(G)).

6.4.3.4.2-PA Describe the State's outreach, education, and enrollment efforts related to premium assistance programs, as required under Section 2102(c)(3). How does the State inform families of the availability of premium assistance, and assist them in obtaining such subsidies? What are the specific significant resources the State intends to apply to educate employers about the availability of premium assistance subsidies under the State child health plan? (Section 2102(c))

6.4.3.5-PA **Purchasing Pool-** A State may establish an employer-family premium assistance purchasing pool and may provide a premium assistance subsidy for enrollment in coverage made available through this pool (Section 2105(c)(10)(I)). Does the State provide this option?

Yes
 No

6.6.3.5.1-PA Describe the plan to establish an employer-family premium assistance purchasing pool.

6.6.3.5.2-PA Provide an assurance that employers who are eligible to participate: 1) have less than 250 employees; 2) have at least one employee who is a pregnant woman eligible for CHIP or a member of a family that has at least one child eligible under the State's CHIP plan.

6.6.3.5.3-PA Provide an assurance that the State will not claim for any administrative expenditures attributable to the establishment or operation of such a pool except to the extent such payment would otherwise be permitted under this title.

6.4.3.6-PA **Notice of Availability of Premium Assistance-** Describe the procedures that assure that if a State provides premium assistance subsidies under this Section, it must: 1) provide as part of the application and enrollment process, information describing the availability of premium assistance and how to elect to obtain a subsidy; and 2) establish other procedures to ensure that parents are fully informed of the choices for child health assistance or through the receipt of premium assistance subsidies (Section 2105(c)(10)(K)).

6.4.3.6.1-PA Provide an assurance that the State includes information about premium assistance on the CHIP application or enrollment form.

Budget

STATE: New York	FFY Budget 2014-15 Actuals	FFY Budget 2015-16 Projected	FFY Budget 2016-17 Projected
State's enhanced FMAP rate	65%	88%	88%
Benefit Costs			
Insurance payments	\$581,943,190	\$562,400,000	\$562,400,000
Managed care	\$443,882,000	\$590,000,000	\$590,000,000
per member/per month rate			
Fee for Service			
Total Benefit Costs	1,025,825,190	\$1,152,400,000	\$1,152,400,000
(Offsetting beneficiary cost sharing payments)	\$49,393,000	\$50,000,000	\$50,000,000
Net Benefit Costs	\$976,432,190	\$1,102,400,000	\$1,102,400,000
Cost of Proposed SPA Changes – Benefit			
Administration Costs			
General administration	\$13,115,000	\$13,115,000	\$13,115,000
Contractors/Brokers	\$0	\$0	\$0
Claims Processing	\$0	\$0	\$0
Outreach/marketing costs	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
Health Services Initiatives Part A (Poison Control and Sickle Cell)	\$0	\$1,250,000	\$1,250,000
Other			
Total Administration Costs	\$13,215,000	\$14,465,000	\$14,465,000
Federal Share	\$643,270,674	\$982,841,200	\$982,841,200
State Share	\$346,376,517	\$134,023,800	\$134,023,800
Total Costs of Approved CHIP Plan	\$989,647,190	\$1,116,865,000	\$1,116,865,000